

User manual IMB3-3V

Direct current / direct voltage signals 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-10 VDC





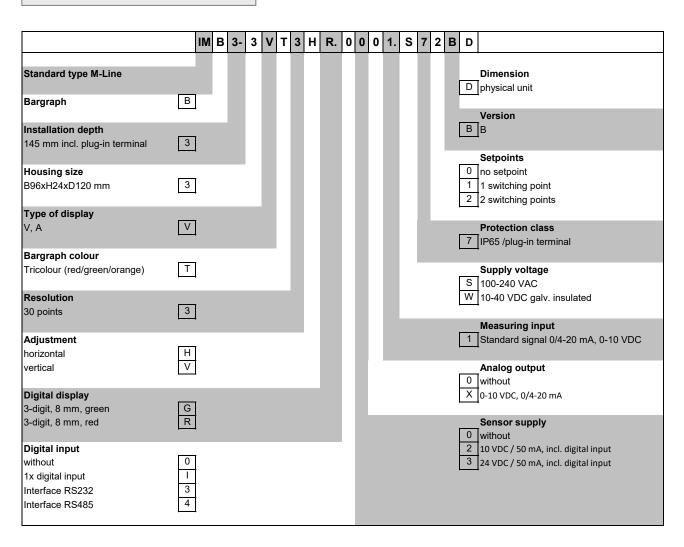
Technical features:

- 3-digit red display of -199...999 digits (optional green)
- 20 points bargraph tricolour (red/orange/green)
- adjustable bar or dot operation or operation with permanent display of center point
- min/max memory
- · 30 additional adjustable setpoints
- · display flashing at threshold value exceedance/undercut
- · zero-key for triggering of Hold, Tara
- permanent min/max-value recording
- volume metering (totalisator)
- mathematical functions like reciprocal value, square root, squaring or rounding
- · sliding averaging
- · programming interlock via access code
- protection class IP65 at the front
- plug-in screw terminal
- optional: 1 or 2 relay outputs (changer)
- · optional: sensor supply
- · optional: galv. isolated digital input for triggering of Tara, Hold, display change
- optional: 1 independently scalable analog output
- optional: interface RS232 or RS485
- accessories: PC-based configuration kit PM-TOOL with CD and USB-adaptor for devices without keypad and for a simple adjustment of standard devices

Identification

STANDARD-TYPES	ORDER NUMBERS
Direct current / direct voltage	IMB3-3VT3xR.0001.S70xD
Housing size: 96x24 mm	IMB3-3VT3xR.0001.W70xD

Options - break-down ordering code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g. %.

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1. Brief description 2. Assembly

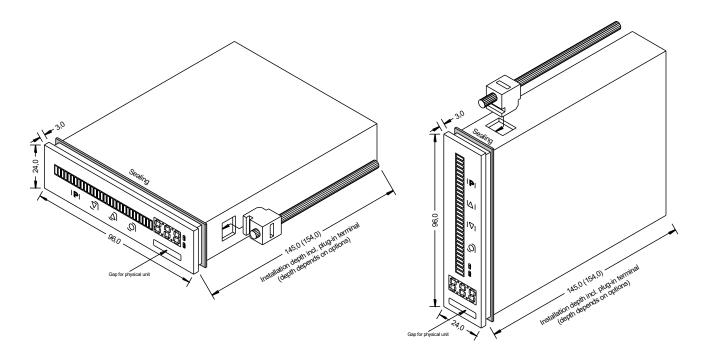
1. Brief description

The panel meter instrument **IMB3-3V** is a 3-digit digital display with a 30 points bargraph display and optional two galvanic isolated setpoints; designed for direct current/direct voltage signals. The configuration happens via 4 keys at the front. The integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of parameters and can be unlocked again with an individual code. Optional the following functions are available: a supply for the sensor, a digital input for triggering of Hold (Tara), two analog outputs and interfaces for further evaluating in the unit. The electrical connection is done via plug-in terminals on the back side.

Selectable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, an averaging of the measuring signals, a direct threshold value regulation during operation mode and further measuring setpoints for linearisation, complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 33 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

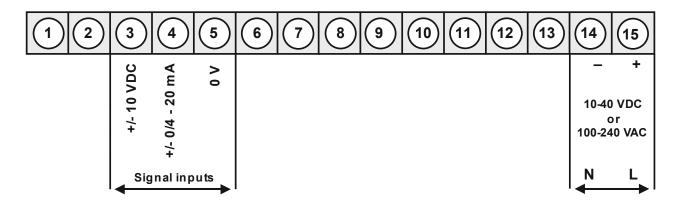
The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

(This is only true for the horizontal design. For the vertical design, this needs to be quoted with the order!)

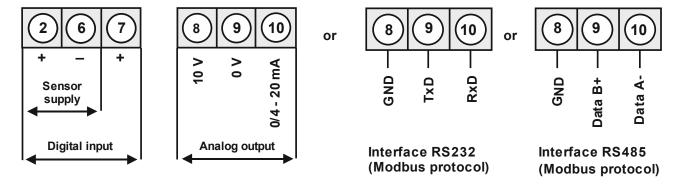
3. Electrical connection

Type IMB3-3VT3HR.0001.S70xD supply of 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz, DC $\pm 10\%$ horizontally Type IMB3-3VT3VR.0001.S70xD supply of 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz, DC $\pm 10\%$ vertically

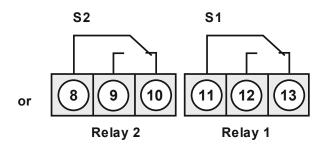
Type IMB3-3VT3HR.0001.W70xD supply of 10-30 VDC, galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz horizontally Type IMB3-3VT3VR.0001.W70xD supply of 10-30 VDC, galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz vertically



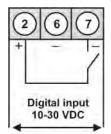
Options:



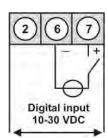
Alternative to analog output



IMB3 with digital input in combination with a 24 VDC sensor supply



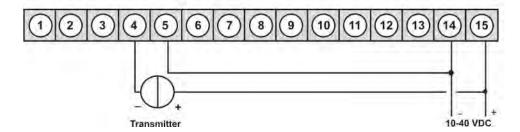
IMB3 with digital input and external voltage source



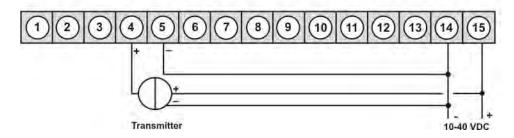
Connection examples

Below please find some connection examples that show practical applications. For devices with current inputs / voltage inputs, without sensor supply.

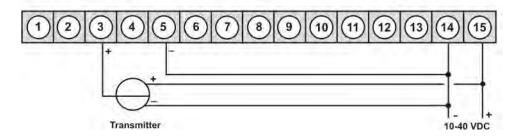
MB3 in combination with a 2-wire-sensor 4-20 mA



MB3 in combination with a 3-wire-sensor 0/4-20 mA



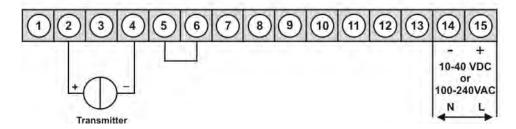
MB3 in combination with a 3-wire-sensor 0-10 V



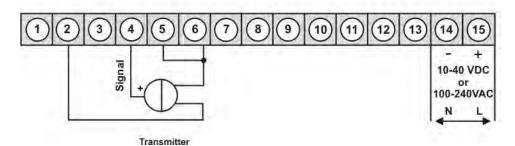
IMB3 devices

With current respectively voltage input in combination with a 24 VDC sensor supply.

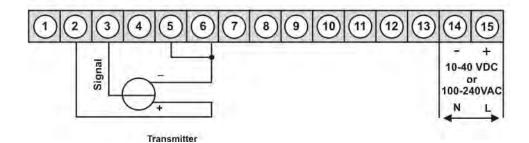
2-wire-sensor 4-20 mA



3-wire-sensor 0-20 mA



3-wire-sensor 0-10 V



4. Description of function and operation

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

This level was designed for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise *PRF* under menu item *RUN*.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

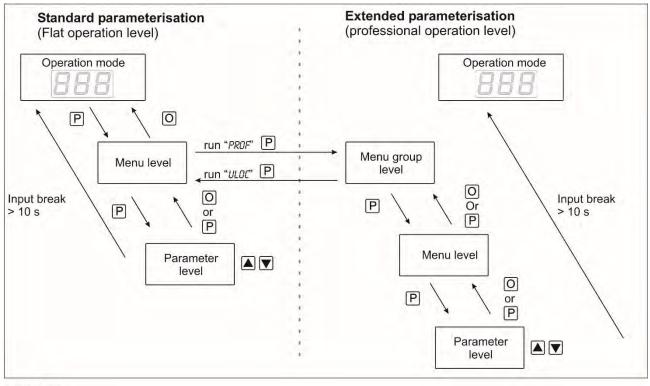
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, supporting point treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise **ULC** under menu item **RUN**.

Parameterisation level:

Parameter deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. Pressing the **[O]-key** leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description	
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.	
Menu-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.	
	0	Change into operation mode.	
	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterisation level.	
Parameterisation- level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.	
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.	
	Р	Change to menu level.	
Menu group level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.	
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.	

Function chart:



Underline:

P Takeover

O Stop

▲ Value selection (+)

▼ Value selection (-)

4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and the USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

CAUTION!

During parameterisation with connected measuring signal, make sure that the measuring signal has no mass supply to the programming plug. The programming adapter is galvanic not isolated and directly connected with the PC. Via polarity of the input signal, a current can discharge via the adapter and destroy the device as well as other connected components!

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching on

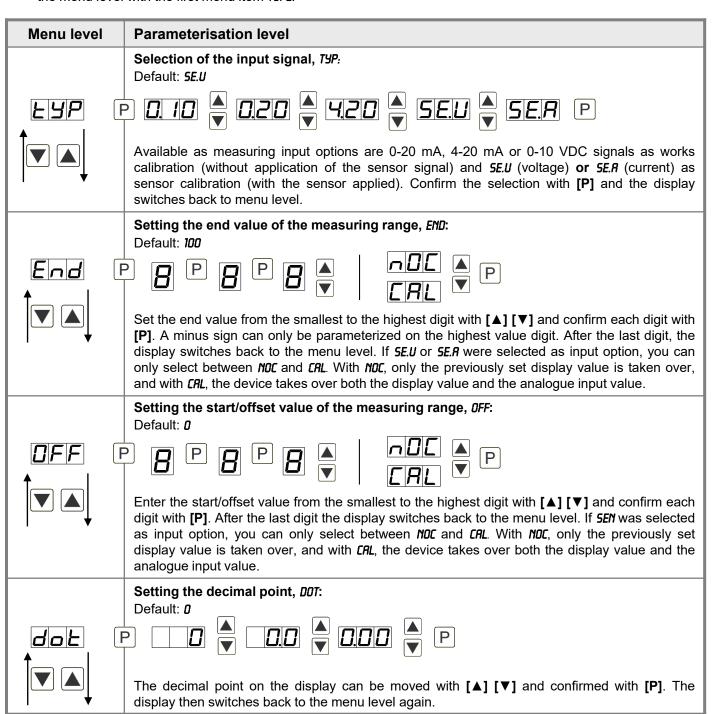
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

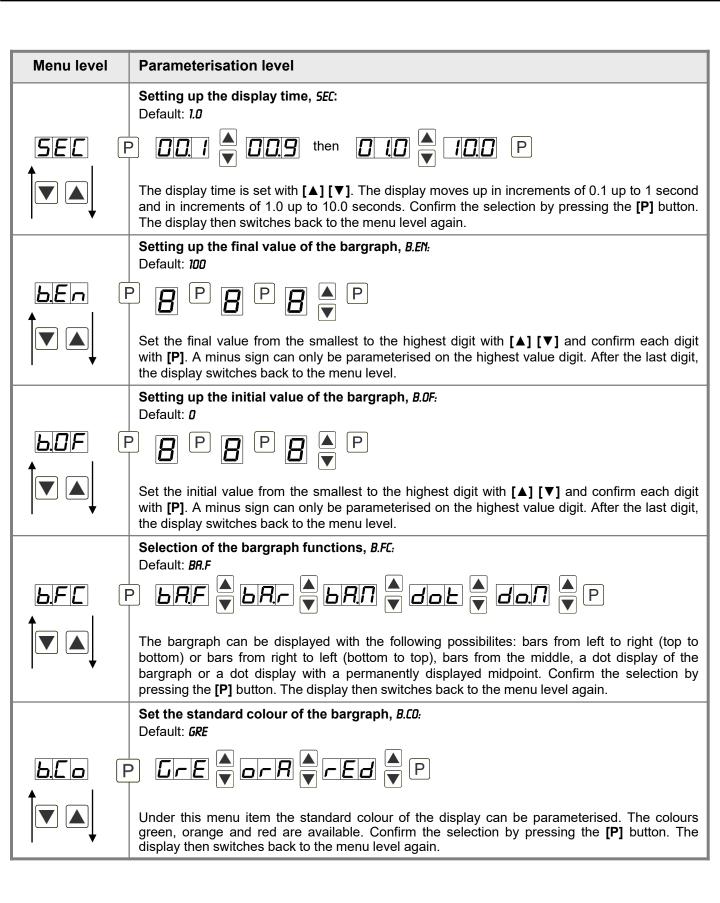
Starting sequence

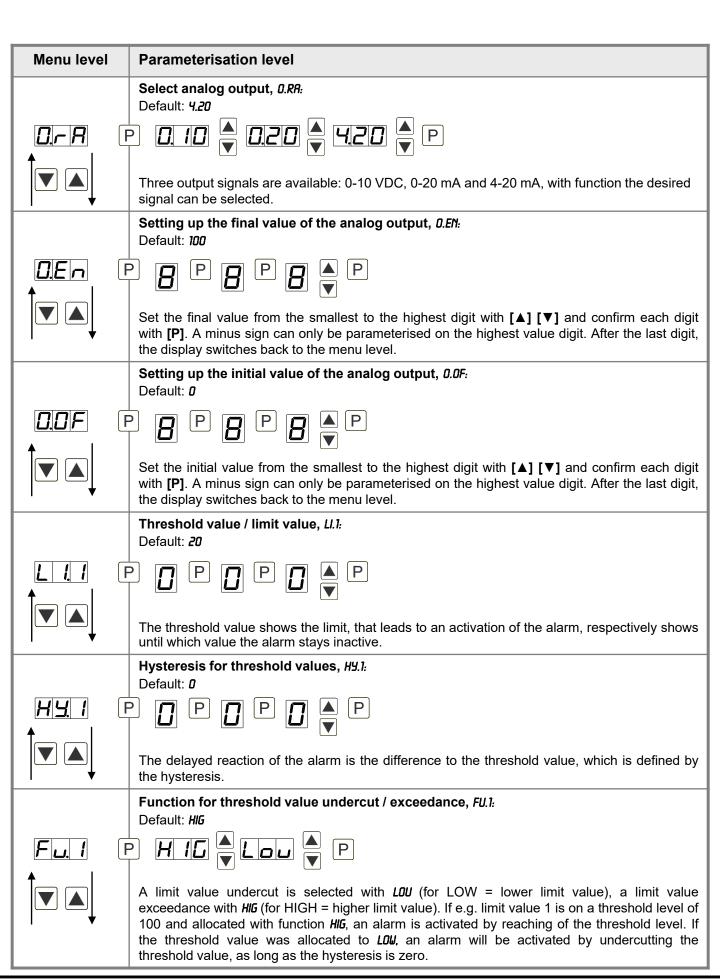
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (**8** 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

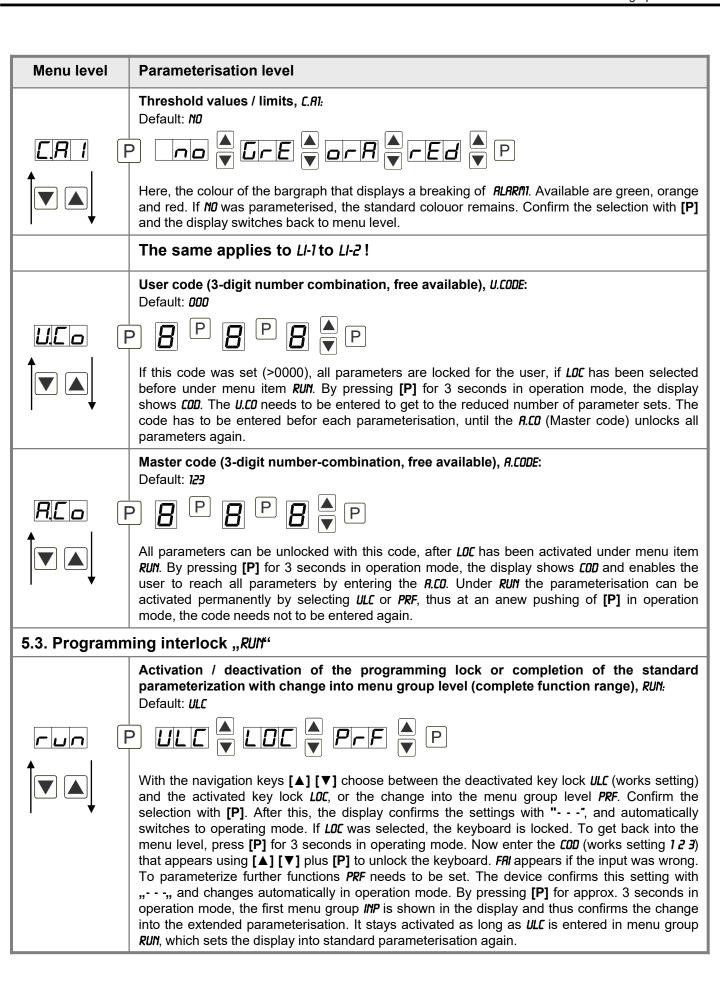
5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]**-key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item **TYPE**.



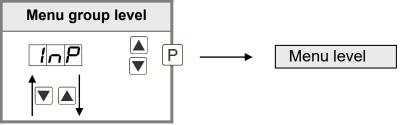


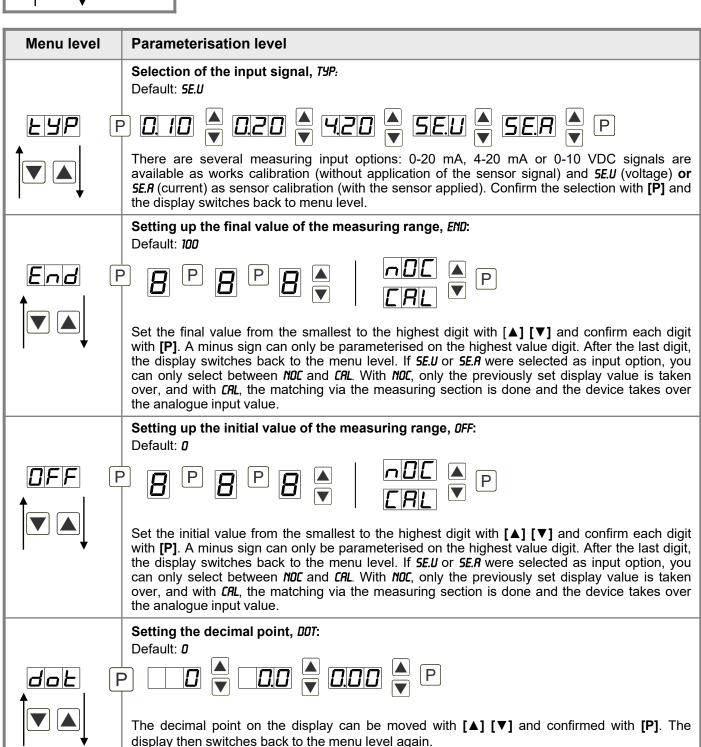


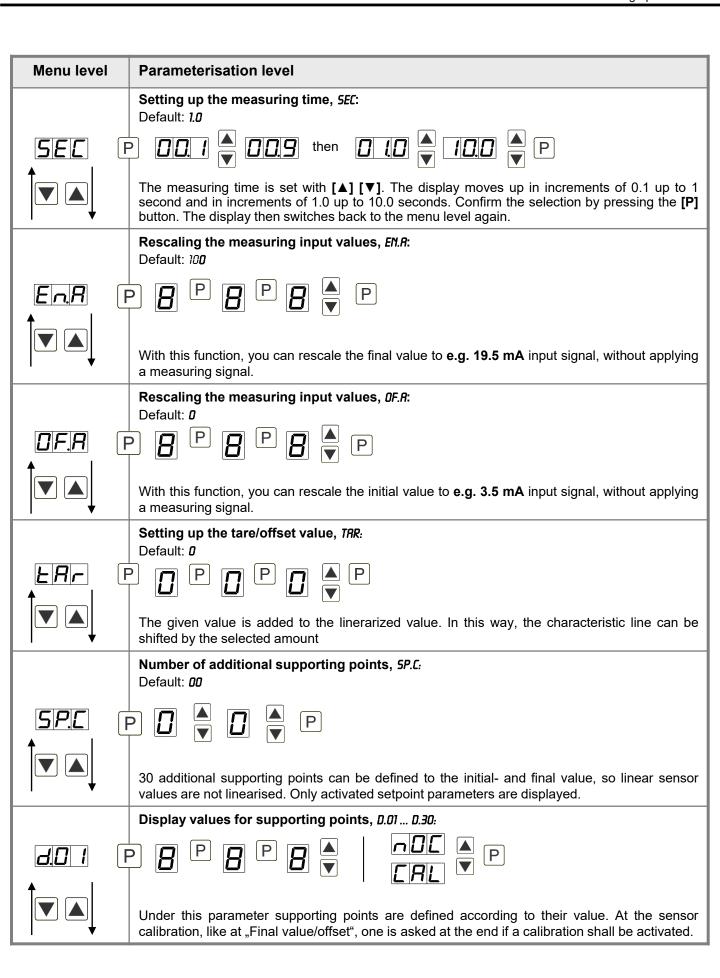


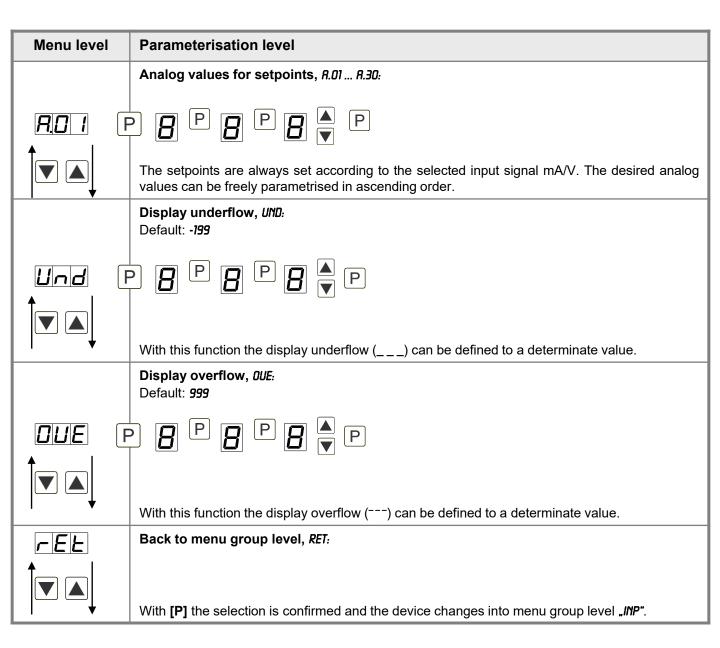
5.4. Extended parameterisation (professional operation level)

5.4.1. Signal input parameters

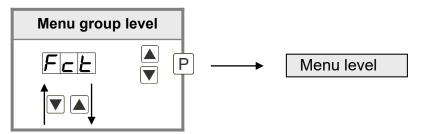


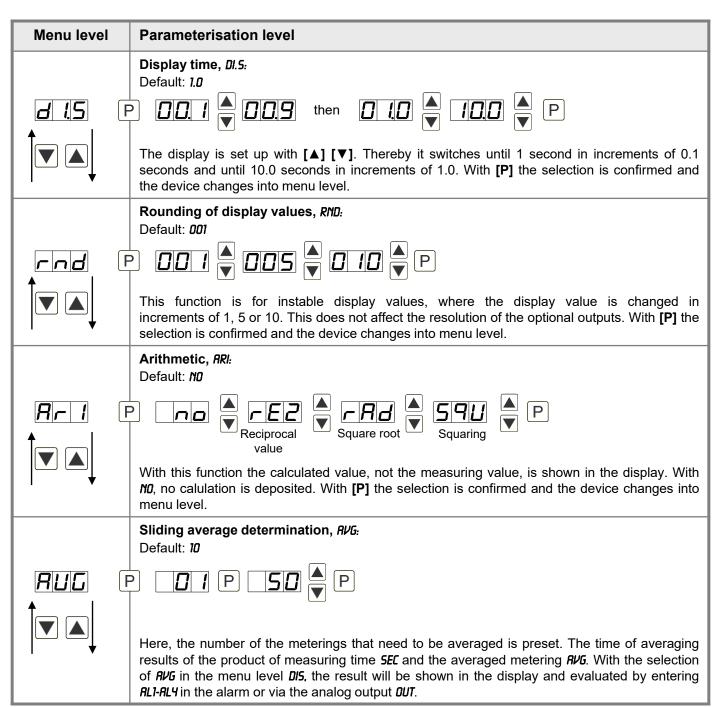


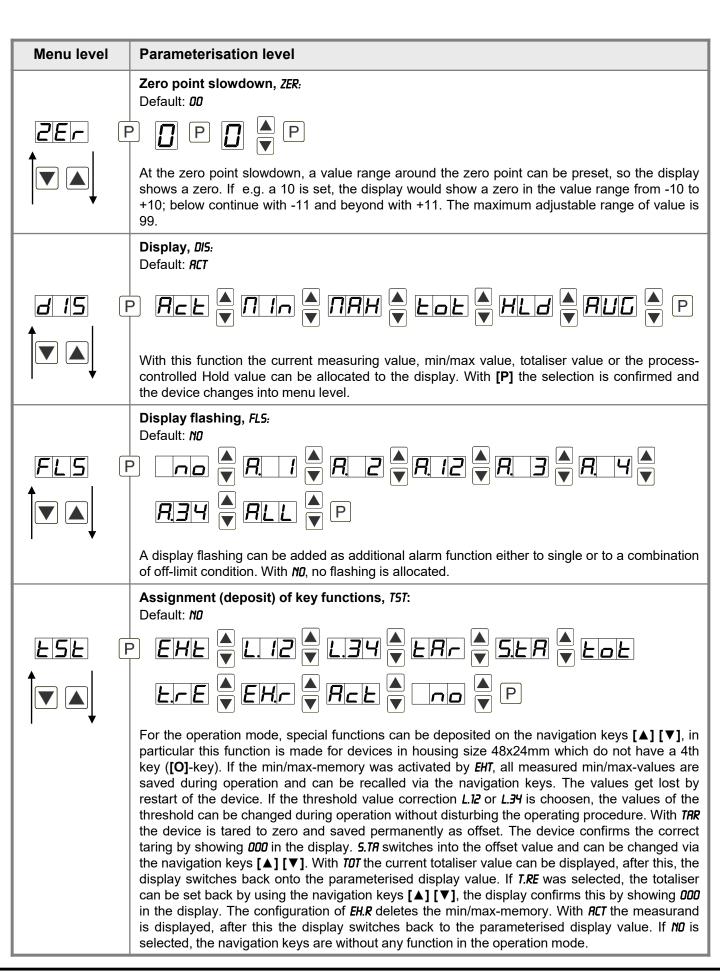


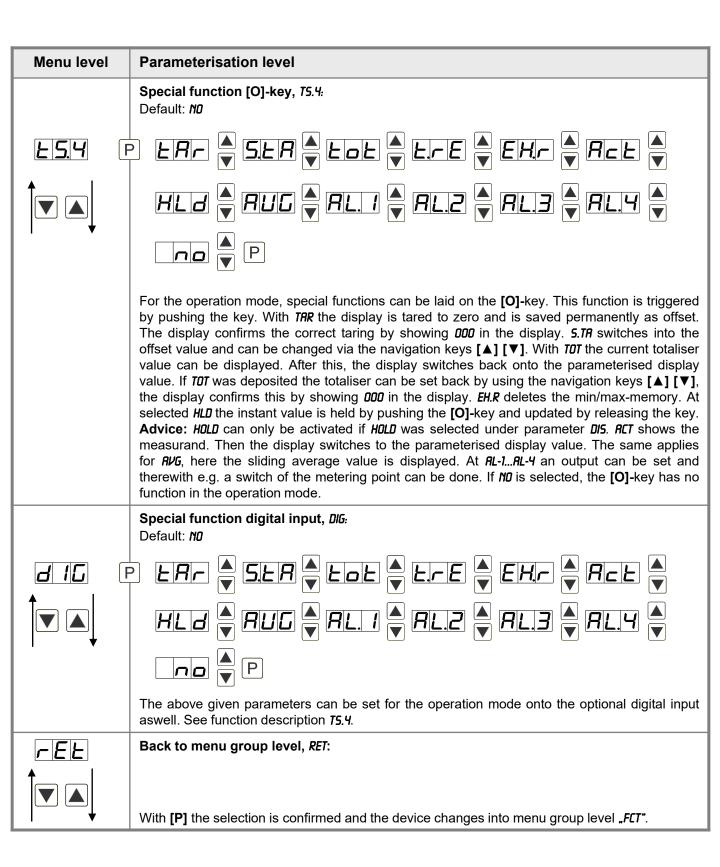


5.4.2. General device parameters

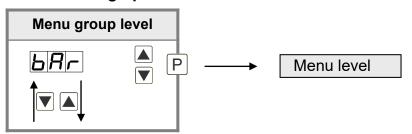


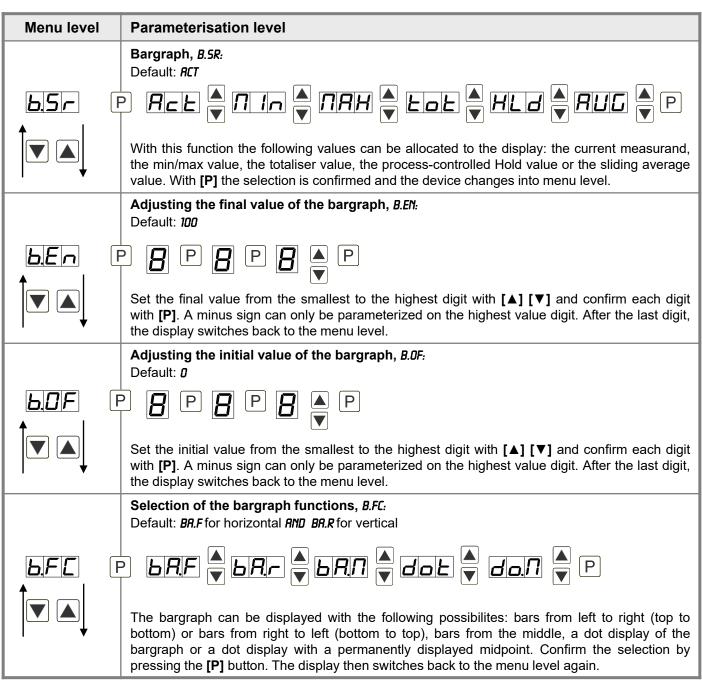


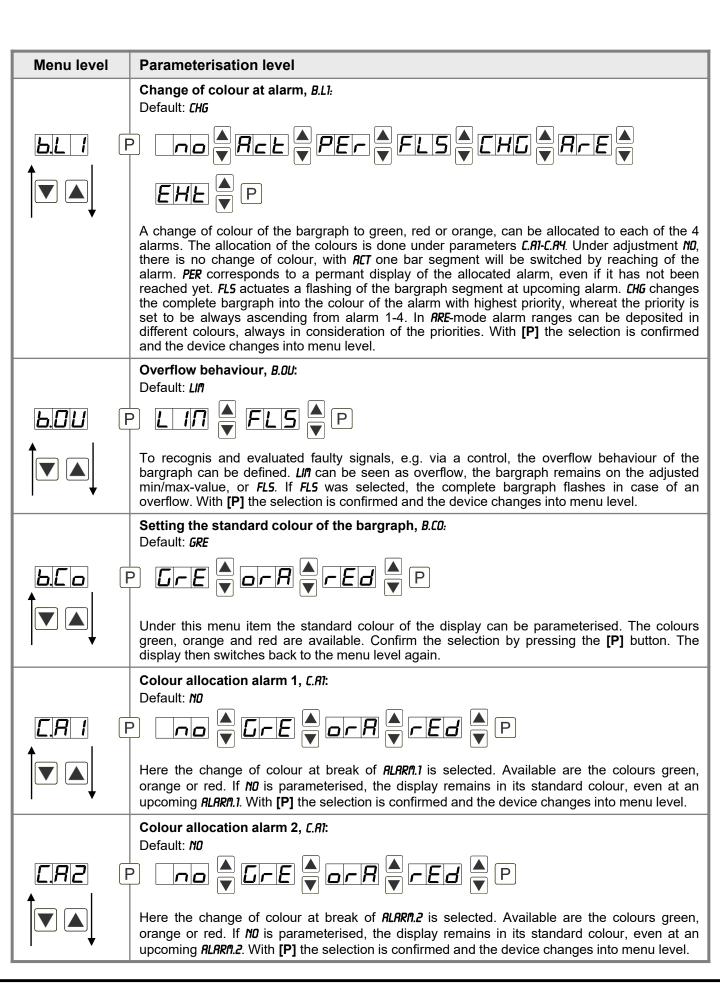


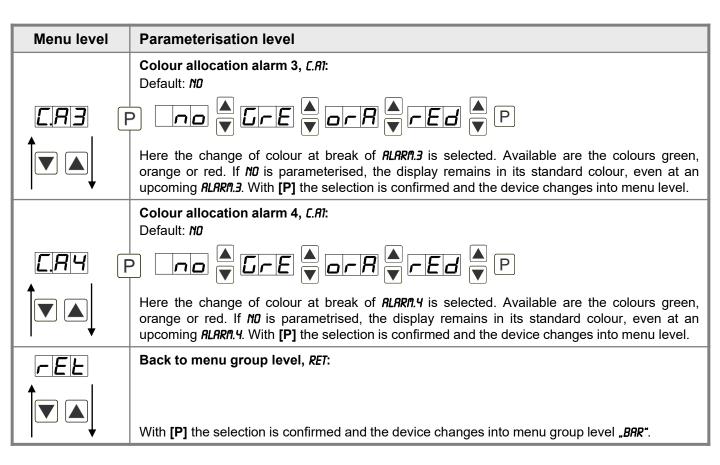


5.4.3. Bargraph functions

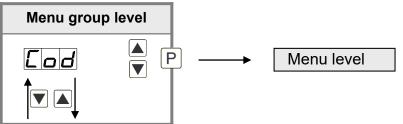


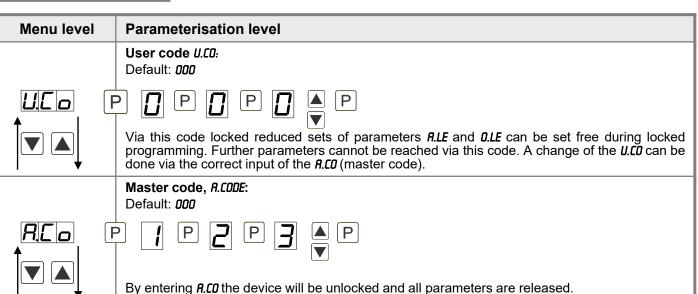


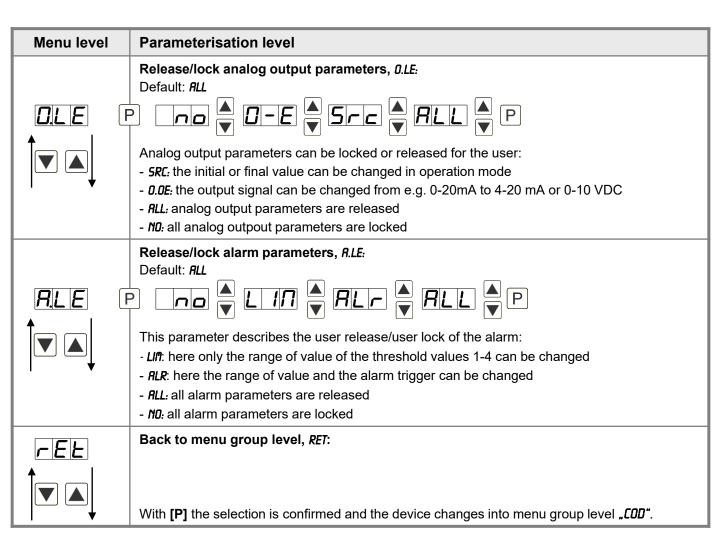




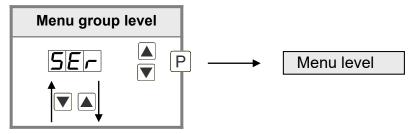
5.4.4. Safety parameters



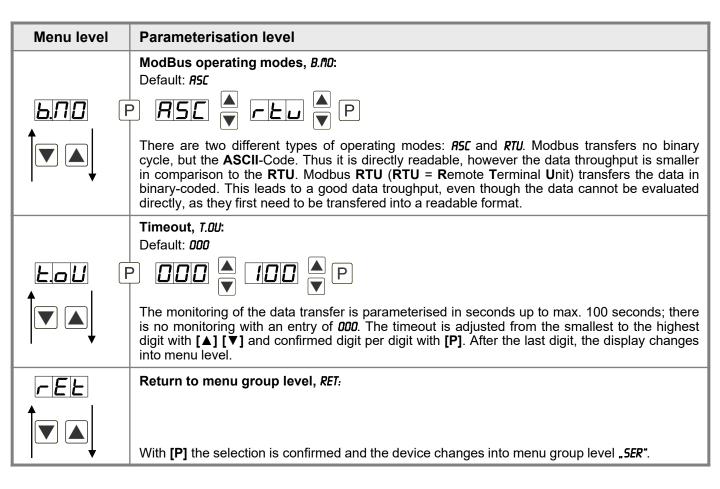




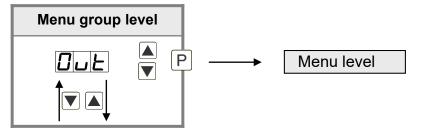
5.4.5. Serial parameters



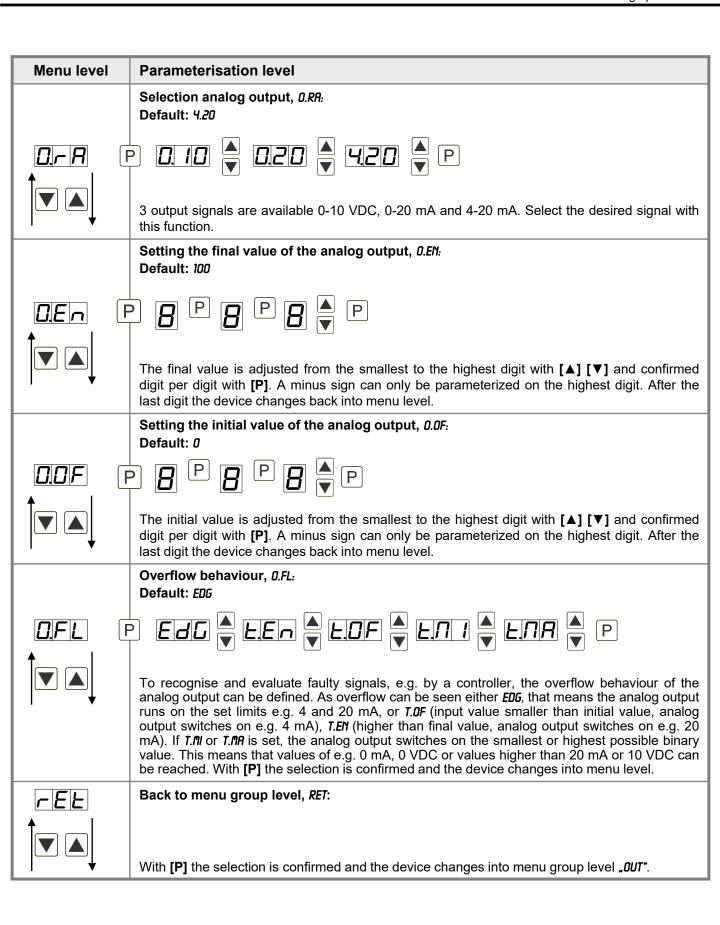
Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Device address, ADD:
	Default: 001
Rdd F	
	The device address can be adjusted from the smallest to the highest digit with the navigation keys [▲] [▼] and confirmed digit per digit with [P]. A device address up to max. 250 is available.



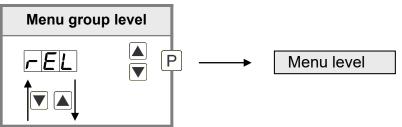
5.4.6. Analog output parameters

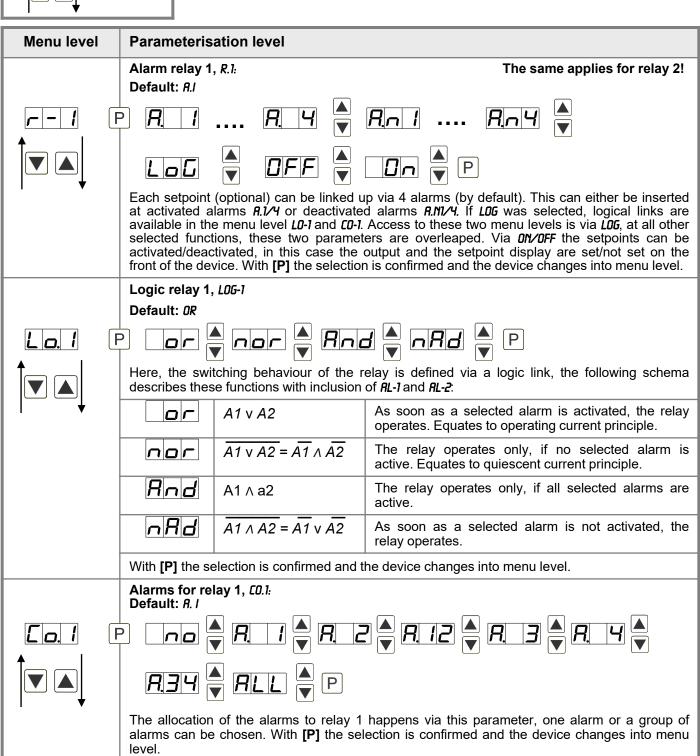


Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Selection reference of analog output, <code>0.5R:</code> Default: <code>RCT</code>
	P RCE A MIN A MAH A EOE A HLO A RUG A P
	The analog output signal can refer to different functions, in detail these are the current measurand, the min-value, the max-value or the totaliser function/sum function. If HLD was selected, the the signal of the analog output will be kept. It can be continued processing after a deactivation of HLD. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.



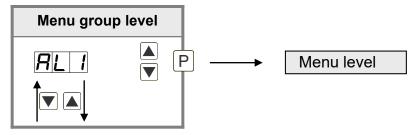
5.4.7. Relay functions

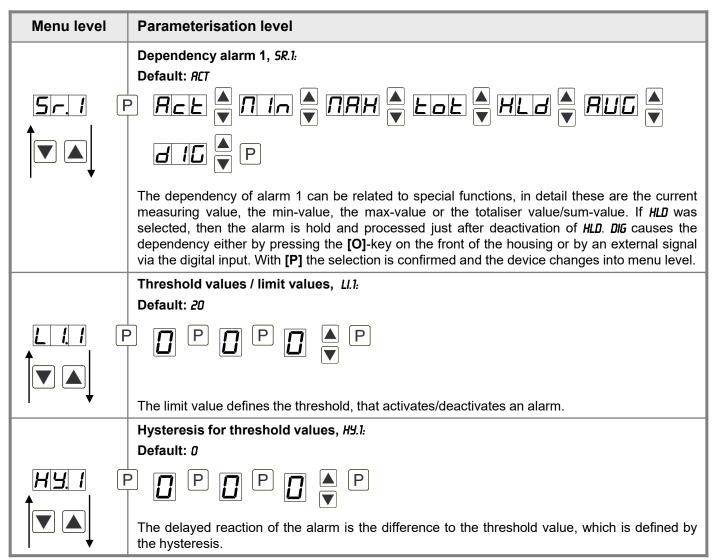


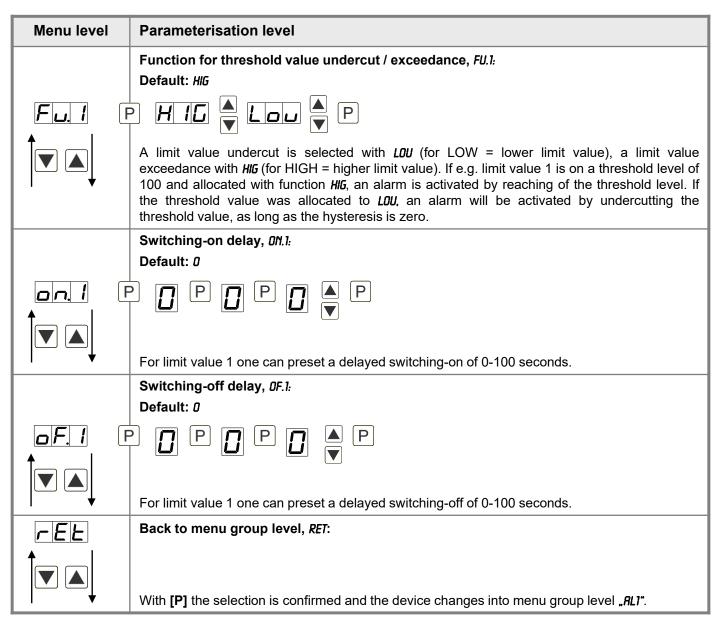


Menu level	Parameterisation level
FEL	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level " <i>REL</i> ".

5.4.8. Alarm parameters

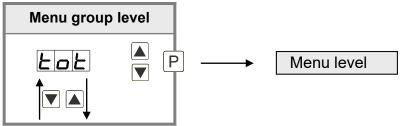




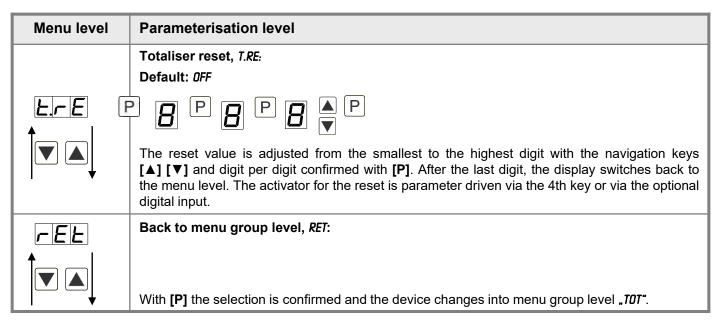


The same applies for RL2 to RL4.

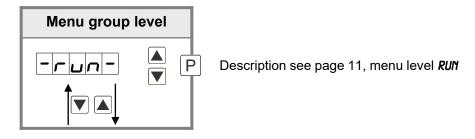
5.4.9. Totaliser (Volume metering)



Menu level	Parameterisation level			
	Totaliser state, T.FC:			
	Default: 0FF			
	POFF & SEA VERT P			
	The totaliser makes measurements on a time base of e.g. I/h possible, at this the scaled input signal is integrated by a time and steadily (select 570) or temporarily (select 7E17) saved. If 0FF is selected, the function is deactivated. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.			
	Time base, T.BR:			
	Default: SEC			
LBR C	P SEC A MIN TOU P			
	Under this parameter the time base of the measurement can be preset in seconds, minutes or hours.			
Totaliser factor, FRC:				
Default: IEO				
FAC P IED IES P				
	At this the factor (100106) respectively the divisor for the internal calculation of the measuring value is assigned.			
	Setting up the decimal point for the totaliser, TOT.DT:			
	Default: 0			
	The decimal point of the device can be adjusted with the navigation keys [▲] [▼]. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.			



Programming interlock, RUM:



6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- Press button [P]
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "----" is shown in the display.

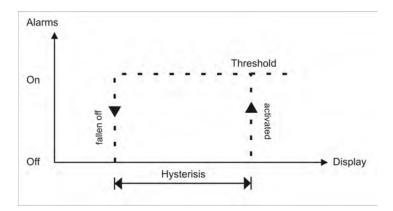
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This puts the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

7. Alarms / Relays

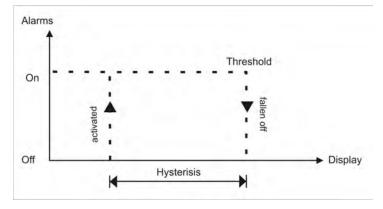
This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. hold value or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays		
Alarm / Relay x Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold-value, totalis value, sliding average value or an activation via the digital input		
Switching threshold Threshold / limit value of the change-over		
Hysteresis Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds		
Working principle Operating current / Quiescent current		



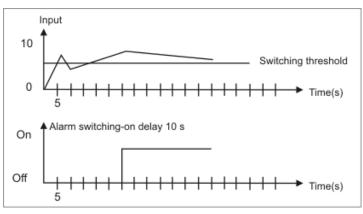
Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



Quiescent current

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.



Switching-on delay

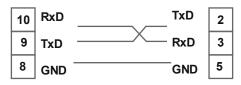
The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.

8. Interfaces

Connection RS232

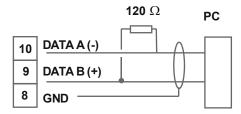
Digital meter M3

PC - 9-pole Sub-D-plug



Connection RS485

Digital meter M3



The interface **RS485** is connected via a screened data line with twisted wires (Twisted-Pair). On each end of the bus segment a termination of the bus lines needs to be connected. This is neccessary to ensure a secure data transfer to the bus. For this a resistance (120 Ohm) is interposed between the lines Data B (+) and Data A (-).

9. Technical data

Housing	Housing			
Dimensions	96x24x120 mm (BxHxD)			
	96x24x145 mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal			
Panel cut-out	92.0 ^{+0.8} x 22.0 ^{+0.3} mn	n		
Wall thickness	to 15 mm			
Fixing	screw elements			
Material	PC Polycarbonate, b	lack, UL94V-0		
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, bla	ack		
Protection class	standard IP65 (front)	, IP00 (back)		
Weight	approx. 200 g			
Connection	plug-in terminal; wire	cross section	up to 2.5 mm ²	
Display				
Digit height	8 mm	8 mm		
Segment colour - display	red (optional green)			
Range of display	-199 to 999			
Bargraph display	30 digit, tricolour			
Setpoints	one LED per setpoint			
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top			
Underflow	horizontal bars at the bottom			
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds			
Input	Measuring range	Ri	Measuring error	Digit
min -22max 24 mA	0/4-20 mA	~100 Ω	0.1 % of measuring range	±1
min -12max 12 VDC	010 VDC	~ 200 kΩ	0.1 % of measuring range	±1
Digital input	< 2.4 V OFF, >10 V ON, max. 30 VDC $R_I \sim 5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Accuracy				
Temperature drift	100 ppm / K			
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds			
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion			
Resolution approx. 18 bit at 1 seconds measuring time				

Output			
Sensor supply	24 VDC / 50 mA; 10 VDC / 50 mA		
Analog output	0/4-20 mA / burden ≤500 Ω or 0-10 VDC / ≥10 kΩ 16 bit		
Switching outputs			
Relay with change-over contact Switching cycles	250 VAC / 2 AAC; 30 VDC / 2 ADC 30 x 10 ³ with 2 AAC, 2 ADC ohm resistive burden 10 x 10 ⁶ mechanically Division according to DIN EN50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN60255		
Interface			
Protocol	Modbus with ASCII or RTU-protocol		
RS232	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 databit, 1 stopbit, wire length max. 3 m		
RS485	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 databit, 1 stopbit, wire length max 1000 m		
Power supply 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, DC ± 10% (max. 10 VA) 10-40 VDC galvanically isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz (max.			
Memory	EEPROM		
Data life ≥ 100 years at 25°C			
Ambient conditions			
Working temperature	0°C50°C for panel meters, -20°C60°C for build-up devices		
Storing temperature	-20°C80°C		
Climativ density	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew		
Height	up to 2000 m over sea level		
EMV	EN 61326		
CE-sign	Conformity to directive 2004/108/EG		
Safety standard According to low voltage directive 2006/95/EG EN 61010; EN 60664-1			

10. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The **IMB3-31-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The **MB3-31-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install **inductive consumers** (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and **suppress** any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the screening on one side on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

11. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	 The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated supporting points are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	 The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated supporting points are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
3.	The word <i>HELP</i> lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated. Enter correct code.
5.	ERR1 lights up in the 7-segment display	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure if the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6.</i> and set it back to its delivery state.

Tel.: 03303 / 504066

Fax: 03303 / 504068