



# DPI 610E DPI 610E-IS

# **Portable Pressure Calibrator**

# **Instruction Manual**





DPI 610E-PC



DPI 610E-SPC



DPI 610E-HC

DPI 610E-SHC

#### Druck.com



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# 1. Overview

The DPI 610E series instrument comprises a portable pressure calibrator with an in-built pressure generation manual pump, with pressure measurement and simulation capability. It is to be used to calibrate pressure sensors and transmitters. It has a smart and simple user interface allowing it to be operated by any technician, service or maintenance engineer.

The DPI 610E series combines a practical and robust design with reliable and accurate measurements. It is battery-powered and features highly reliable pneumatic and hydraulic assemblies for continuous and reliable performance for field calibration, even in harsh environmental conditions.

A flexible hose is supplied with the instrument to enable connection to other equipment.

This calibrator is enhanced with data logging functionality with internal memory for secure file storage.

The analysis feature includes field error calculations with PASS/FAIL status with the ability to create or download procedures which can be run on multiple devices, providing calibration certification for asset management and maintenance purposes.

The DPI 610E supports the HART (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) communication protocol and allows basic HART operation and configuration on HART supported devices.

#### 1.1 DPI 610E Series

#### 1.1.1 Firmware Versions

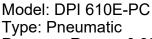
This manual is based on the use of application firmware DK0492 version 02.00.03 and 02.00.04. For further details see End User Software Release Note document **169M2231** available at **Druck.com/DPI610E**.

Table 1-1: DPI 610E Series

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>Case Color</b>	Pressure Range	Calibrator Type
DPI 610E-PC	Blue	0.35 bar - 35 bar (5 - 500 psi) (0.035 MPa - 3.5 MPa)	Pneumatic
DPI 610E-SPC	Yellow	0.35 bar - 35 bar (5 - 500 psi) (0.035 MPa - 3.5 MPa	Pneumatic - Intrinsically Safe
DPI 610E-HC	Blue	70 bar - 1000 bar (1000 psi - 15000 psi) (7 MPa - 100 MPa)	Hydraulic
DPI 610E-SHC	Yellow	70 bar - 1000 bar (1000 psi - 15000 psi) (7 MPa - 100 MPa)	Hydraulic- Intrinsically Safe

Photographs of these Calibrator types are on the next page.





Pressure Range: 0.35 - 35 bar, 5 - 500 psi, 0.035 - 3.5 MPa



Model: DPI 610E-SPC

Type: Pneumatic - Intrinsically Safe Pressure Range: 0.35 - 35 bar, 5 - 500 psi, 0.035 - 3.5 MPa



Model: DPI 610E-HC Type: Hydraulic

Pressure Range: 70 - 1000 bar, 1000 - 15000 psi, 7 - 1000 MPa



Model: DPI 610E-SHC

Type: Hydraulic - Intrinsically Safe Pressure Range: 70 - 1000 bar, 1000 - 15000 psi, 7 - 1000 MPa

# 1.2 Equipment in the Box

The following items are supplied with the instruments in the DPI 610E series. When unpacking the instrument, make sure that there are no missing items.

**Note:** When the hydraulic instrument is delivered there is a protective cap in the reservoir socket. Keep this cap for future use: this is for sealing the socket when no reservoir is attached.

#### 1.2.1 Pneumatic Units

- 1. DC Power Supply (IO610E-PSU)
- 2. BSP Swivel Adapter (184-203)
- 3. NPT Swivel Adapter (184-226)
- 4. Blanking Plug (111M7272-1)
- (IDT) Instrument Dirt Trap (IO620-IDT621-NEW) packed separately, OR
   (IDT) Instrument Dirt Trap (IO620-IDT621-IS) packed separately
- 6. Hose sets: 1m (IO620-HOSE-P1) or Intrinsically Safe (IO620-HOSE-P1-IS)
- 7. Electrical Test Lead Set (I06X-LEAD)
- 8. 2m USB Cable (IO610E-USB-CABLE)
- 9. DPI 610E Quick Start and Safety Manual (165M0437)
- 10. Certificates Document Pack (IS product only)
- 11. Factory Calibration Certificate.

#### 1.2.2 Hydraulic Units

- 1. DC Power Supply (I0610E-PSU)
- 2. BSP Swivel Adapter (184-203)
- 3. NPT Swivel Adapter (184-226)
- 4. Blanking Plug (111M7272-1)
- 5. Hose sets: 1m long (IO620-HOSE-H1) or Intrinsically Safe (IO620-HOSE-H1-IS)
- 6. Reservoir (PV411-115 or Intrinsically Safe PV411-115-IS) packed separately
- 7. 250 mL Reservoir Filler Bottle (1S-11-0085)
- 8. Electrical Test Lead Set (I06X-LEAD)
- 9. 2m USB Cable (IO610E-USB-CABLE)
- 10. DPI 610E Quick Start and Safety Manual (165M0437)
- 11. Certificates Document Pack (IS product only)
- 12. Factory Calibration Certificate.

# 1.3 Specifications for DPI 610E

Refer to <a href="https://www.druck.com/dpi610e">www.druck.com/dpi610e</a> for the Datasheet that gives the technical specifications for the DPI 610E.

#### 1.4 Accessories

Table 1-2 shows common accessories for the DPI 610E series. See Datasheet (BHCS39207) for a full list of accessories.

Table 1-2: Common accessories

Part Code	Description
RTD-INTERFACE-485	RTD Interface only (non-IS area)
RTD-INTERFACE-IS	RTD IS Interface (IS area)
RTD-PROBE-485	RTD Interface with PT100 Probe (non-IS area)
RTD-PROBE-IS	RTD Interface with PT100 Probe (IS area)
IO-RTD-M12CON	M12 Field Wireable Connector to fit RTD Interface (IS and non-IS area)
IO-RTD-M12EXT	RTD M12 male to female extension lead 2 m (6.5 ft) 4-wire
IO-RTD-PRB150	150 mm length 6 mm diameter PT100 steel RTD probe, Class A
PM700E	Remote Pressure Sensor (non-IS area)
PM700E-IS	Remote Pressure Sensor (IS area)
PM700E-CABLE	Remote Sensor Extension Cable 2.9 m (9.5 ft)
IO620-IDT621-NEW	Bar Dirt and Moisture Trap (non-IS area)
IO620-IDT621-IS	Bar Dirt and Moisture (IS area)
IO610E-CASE	Carrying Case (suitable for IS and non-IS use)

#### 1.5 Observance of Manual



**INFORMATION** This manual contains operating procedures and safety information for the DPI 610E series. It is the responsibility of the customer to make sure that all personnel operating and maintaining the equipment are correctly trained and qualified.

**Note:** Before operating or using the equipment, read and obey all warnings and cautions given in the Quick Start and Safety Manual.

# 1.6 Safety



**INFORMATION** The manufacturer has designed this equipment to be safe when used as detailed in this manual. Operators should read and obey all local Health and Safety regulations and Safe Working Procedures or Practices.

When performing a procedure or task:

- 1. Do not use this instrument for any other purpose than stated in this manual. Incorrect use may reduce safety.
- 2. Follow all operating and safety instructions in the Quick Start and Safety Manual.
- 3. Use suitably qualified Technicians and good engineering practice for all procedures in this documentation

#### 1.6.1 General Safety Precautions

- Use only the approved tools, consumable materials and spares to operate and maintain the equipment.
- Make sure all work areas are clean and clear of unwanted tools, equipment and materials.
- Make sure all unwanted consumable materials are discarded in accordance with local health and safety and environmental regulations.

#### 1.6.2 Operation in a Hazardous Environment



**WARNING** Do not use the DPI 610E-HC or DPI 610E-PC in locations where explosive gas, vapor or dust are present. There is a risk of an explosion.

Refer to the Quick Start and Safety Manual provided with the instrument.

#### 1.6.3 General Warnings



Make sure that the instrument is safe to use with the proposed media. Some liquid and gas mixtures are dangerous. This includes mixtures that result from contamination.

Do not use in an enriched oxygen environment or with other strong oxidizers - this can cause an explosion.

Do not use tools on the instrument that might cause incendive sparks - this can cause an explosion.

It is dangerous to ignore the specified limits (refer to data sheet) for the DPI 610E series or to use the instrument when it is not in its normal condition. Use the applicable protection and obey all safety precautions.

# 1.6.4 Electrical Warning



RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK To prevent electrical shocks or damage to the instrument, do not connect more than 30 V CAT I between the terminals, or between the terminals and the ground (earth). Any connection must be compliant with the terminal input/output parameters.

External circuits should have appropriate insulation to the mains.



WARNING This instrument uses a Lithium-lon (Li-lon) battery pack. To prevent an explosion or fire, do not short circuit and do not disassemble. Keep the battery safe from damage.



**WARNING** To prevent an explosion or fire, only use the Druck specified battery (150M8295-1) and power supply (149M4334-1) rated for this instrument.

To prevent battery leakage/damage or excess heat generation, only use the mains power supply in the ambient temperature range 0 to  $40^{\circ}$ C (32 to  $104^{\circ}$ F). The power supply input range is 90-264 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz, 300 mA, installation category CAT II.

**Note:** Position the power supply without obstructing the supply disconnecting device.

**Note:** The instrument is suitable for short-term and long-term temporary overvoltage that may occur between the line conductor and earth in electrical installations.

**Note:** Keep all leads free from contaminants.

#### 1.6.5 Pressure Warnings



**INFORMATION** The instrument contains an internal over-pressure vent mechanism to protect the internal pressure sensor and pump mechanism from damage.

**Note:** Maximum Operating Pressure (MWP) is stated on the label on the underside of the instrument. Over pressure should be limited to 1.5 × MWP (MWP is based on unit pressure range).



**WARNING** Always wear appropriate eye protection when working with pressure.

To prevent a dangerous release of pressure, make sure that all the related pipes, hoses and other accessories have the correct pressure rating, are safe to use and are correctly attached. Isolate and bleed the system before you disconnect a pressure connection.

It is dangerous to attach an external source of pressure to the instrument. Use only the internal mechanisms to set and control pressure in the pressure station.

#### 1.6.6 Overvoltage Categories

The following summary of installation and measurement overvoltage categories is derived from IEC610101. The overvoltage categories indicate the severity of overvoltage transients.

CAT I

CAT I

Description

This is the least severe overvoltage transient. CAT I equipment cannot be directly connected to the mains power. E.g a process loop powered device.

This is for single phase electrical installation. E.g appliances and portable tools.

**Table 1-3: Overvoltage Categories** 

#### 1.7 Maintenance

Maintain the instrument using the procedures outlined in this User Manual. For information relating to maintenance issues please contact: www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support

Table 1-4 summarizes manufacturer recommended maintenance tasks for the DPI 610E series.

Task Period

Visual Inspection Before Use

Cleaning Determined by usage

Calibration 12 months (recommended)

**Table 1-4: Maintenance Tasks** 

#### 1.7.1 Visual Inspection

Inspect the instrument before use, checking for signs of damage (e.g case cracking, pressure connector damage or pressure leakage), to ensure continued safe working.

#### 1.7.2 Cleaning

Clean the surface of the instrument should using a damp cloth with water and mild detergent. Do not submerge the instrument in water.

#### 1.7.3 Calibration

To calibrate the instrument, please contact <u>www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support</u>

# 1.8 Service and Repair



WARNING Servicing or repairing the equipment may result in damage to property and serious personal injury (including death). It is important that service and repair are only done by a Druck authorized service provider.

Repair activities undertaken by unauthorized personnel may invalidate the equipment warranty. Druck cannot be held liable for any damage (including damage to the equipment), monetary fine or personal injury (including death) that may occur during or as a result of service maintenance or repair work undertaken by an unauthorized service provider.

Internal components, such as the Lithium battery pack, may be under pressure or create other hazards if abused.

For more details, please see <a href="https://www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support">www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support</a>

# 1.9 Spares

For advice or technical support relating to spare parts, please contact: <a href="mailto:drucktechsupport@BakerHughes.com">drucktechsupport@BakerHughes.com</a>

#### 1.10 Instrument Return

#### 1.10.1 Returned Goods Procedure

If the unit requires calibration or is unserviceable, please return it to the nearest Druck Service Centre listed at: <a href="https://www.bakerhughes.com/druck">https://www.bakerhughes.com/druck</a>

Contact the Service Centre to obtain a Return Goods Authorization (RGA). If you are in the USA, obtain a Return Material Authorization (RMA).

Provide the following information on either a RGA or RMA:

- Product code
- Serial number
- Details of defect/work to be undertaken
- Error code(s) if applicable
- Operating conditions.

#### 1.10.2 Instrument Disposal

Do not dispose of this product as household waste. Use a Recycling Passport for the product. This can be downloaded from the product web page: <a href="https://www.Druck.com/expert">https://www.Druck.com/expert</a>. Use an approved organization that collects and/or recycles redundant electrical and electronic equipment.

For more information contact either our Customer Service Department (<a href="https://www.bakerhughes.com/druck">https://www.bakerhughes.com/druck</a>) or your local government office.

# 1.11 Packaging For Storage or Transportation

### 1.11.1 Environment

The equipment must be maintained in the conditions shown in Table 1-5. This applies for both shipping and storage.

Table 1-5: Conditions for Storage and Transportation

Condition	DPI 610-E	Mains Plug 149M43341
Outdoor use	Not for permanent installation outdoors	For indoor use only
IP rating	IP54	IP20
Operating temperature	-10 to 50°C	-10 to 50°C
Storage and shipping temperature	-20 to 70°C	-20 to 70°C
Altitude	-300 to 2000m	-300 to 2000m
Operating humidity	0 to 95% relative humidity (RH) non-condensing	0 to 95% relative humidity (RH) non-condensing
Pollution degree	1	1

# 1.12 Preparing the Instrument



**INFORMATION** When you receive the instrument, check the that the box contains the items listed in Section 1.2, "Equipment in the Box," on page 11. It is recommended that you retain the box and packaging for future use.

#### 1.12.1 Initial Checks

- Visual check (for cracks/defects)
- Do not use any equipment that you know is damaged or faulty
- Ensure the battery is charged (see Section 1.13).

# 1.13 Battery and Charging

The instrument contains a rechargeable Li-ion battery. To charge the battery, plug the power supply into the DC charging port located under the protection flap, in the head of the instrument.

The instrument can also be charged from any vehicle with a standard 12 V accessory socket with an IO610E-CAR CHARGER (optional accessory).

The instrument can be charged while switched on and also when powered off. Battery charge time is approximately two hours from empty to fully charged.

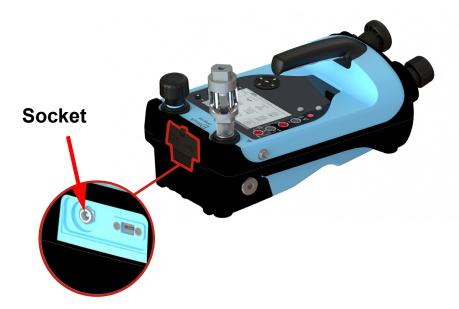


Figure 1-1: Battery Charging Socket

#### 1.13.1 Battery Status Indicator



The battery status indicator (located at the right hand side of instrument) provides a visual indication of the battery level, even when the instrument is off. Press the circular button on the right of the display to temporarily show the charge: the display will automatically close down. Each LED represents approximately 25% battery capacity.

#### 1.14 Power ON/OFF

#### 1.14.1 Power ON

To switch the instrument ON, hold down the power button for about 2 seconds, until the Druck Logo splash screen appears.

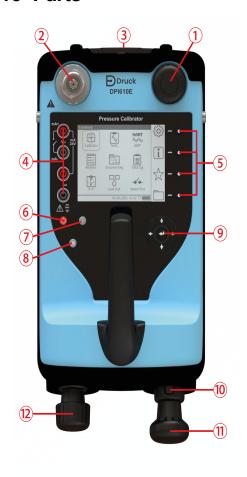
#### 1.14.2 Power OFF

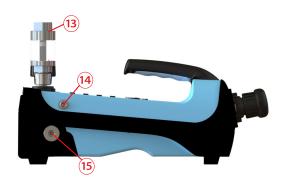
To switch the instrument OFF, hold down the power button of for about 4 seconds until the closing screen appears.

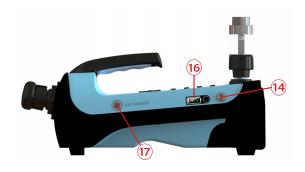
#### 1.14.3 Auto Power Down

The instrument has an Auto Power Down feature that can be enabled/deactivated as required. See General Settings Section 4 on page 45: (on the instrument it can be found under the **General Settings** Section on the Dashboard).

# **1.15 Parts**







# Pneumatic version

Number	Item	Number	Item
1	Pressure Release Valve	10	Pressure/Vacuum Selector
2	Test Port (including Swivel Connector)	11	Pressure/Vacuum Hand Pump
3	Auxiliary Ports (DC power supply port Battery Charging, USB micro port.	12	Volume Adjuster (Fine control of pressure)
4	Electrical 4mm sockets	13	Instrument Dirt (& Fluid) Trap (IDT)
5	Screen Selection softkeys	14	Clip Fastener for Carrying Strap
6	Power ON/OFF button	15	Barometer Port
7	Help Button	16	Battery Level Indicator (One bar equals 25% charge)
8	Home Button	17	External Sensor Port
9	Navigation Pad		



Hydraulic version

Number	Item	Number	Item
1	Hydraulic Reservoir	9	Navigation pad
2	Test Port (including swivel connector)	10	Pressure Hand Pump
3	Auxiliary Ports (DC power supply port Battery Charging, USB micro port.	11	Volume Adjuster Wheel (Fine control of pressure)
4	Electrical 4mm Sockets	12	Clip Fastener for Carrying Strap
5	Screen Selection softkeys	13	Pressure Release Valve
6	Power ON/OFF button	14	Battery Level Indicator (One bar equals 25% charge)
7	Help button	15	External Sensor Port
8	Home button		

#### 1.15.1 Test Port

The Test Port is at the top left corner of the instrument. Pressure can be generated and supplied to pressure devices that are connected either directly or by the use of compatible hose fittings.

#### 1.15.2 Reservoir (Hydraulic Version)

Make sure the Reservoir is filled with the correct hydraulic fluid before use. Recommended fluid ISO viscosity grade ≤ 22, such as demineralized water or mineral oil.

#### 1.15.3 Pressure Release Valve

The Pressure Release valve is on the top right of the instrument for the Pneumatic version and on the left side for the Hydraulic version. To release all pressure within the instrument, slowly open the pressure release valve by turning it counter-clockwise. Make sure the system is sealed before pressure generation by completely closing the pressure release valve in the clockwise direction.

#### 1.15.4 Electrical Connections

Four electrical 4mm sockets are on the left side of the instrument glass face. These are labeled for different electrical measurement or source functions.

#### 1.15.5 Handle and Shoulder Strap

The DPI 610E has a carry handle to allow for a steady grip on the instrument, while the shoulder strap can be used for more comfortable use.

#### 1.15.6 Pump (Pneumatic Version)

When the pump selector is in the (+) orientation the hand pump generates pressure by a forward-backward stroke action. When the pump selector is in the (-) orientation the pump creates a vacuum by a backward-forward stroke action. To prevent damage to the device the system must be fully vented before switching between vacuum and pressure.

#### 1.15.7 Priming Pump (Hydraulic Version)

The priming pump is used to draw hydraulic fluid from the reservoir and force air, gas or vapor present, out of the system.

#### 1.15.8 Volume Adjuster (Pneumatic Version)

The volume adjuster is used to control the pressure for fine adjustments.

#### 1.15.9 Volume Adjuster Wheel (Hydraulic Version)

The volume adjuster wheel is used to adjust the pressure in the range of 20 - 1000 bar. To increase the pressure, turn the wheel clockwise. To decrease the pressure, turn the wheel counter-clockwise.

#### 1.15.10 Pressure/ Vacuum Selector (Pneumatic Version)

The pressure/vacuum selector can be set to generate a pressure or a vacuum. To prevent damage to the unit the system must be fully vented before switching between vacuum and pressure.

#### 1.15.11 Auxiliary Ports

The auxiliary ports are at the top of the instrument and enclosed within the rubberized flap. It accommodates a DC power supply port and a Micro USB port.

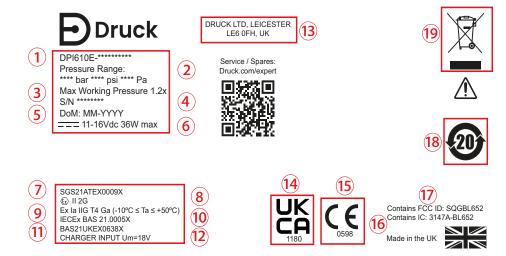
#### 1.15.12 External Sensor Port

On the right side of the instrument is the RS485 communications port to enable connection of external remote sensors such as the PM700E pressure sensor and the RTD-Interface.

# 1.15.13 Barometric Port (Pneumatic Version only)

The left side has a Barometer port that provides a static pressure inlet for the internal barometric pressure sensor.

# 1.16 Label on Instrument Base.



Note: Certification markings might be different on instrument, depending on model purchased.

Number	Item
1	Full code Identification of instrument.
2	Pressure range of instrument.
3	Maximum Working Pressure is 1.2 x value of top value of pressure range
4	Serial number of the instrument
5	Date of Manufacture: Month, Year
6	Current and Voltage rating for the instrument
7	ATEX Certificate Number
8	EU Directive 2014/34/EU Marking
9	EU Hazardous Area Marking
10	IECEx Certificate Number
11	UKEX Certificate Number
12	Current output of Charger
13	Full address of manufacturer of instrument
14	This mark indicates that this product complies with the Great Britain standard for the safety of products
15	This mark indicates that this product complies with the European standard for the safety of products.
16	Canada ISED Radio Approval ID (Bluetooth)
17	US FCC Radio Approval ID (Bluetooth)
18	China RoHS
19	WEEE (Recycling) Marking. Do not dispose of as normal refuse - take to an authorized disposal facility.

#### 1.17 User Interface



Figure 1-2: Instrument User interface

The user interface (Figure 1-2) can be operated using the touchscreen, buttons or softkeys.

#### 1.17.1 Buttons and softkeys

#### **1.17.1.1 Power Button**

The power button bis used to switch the instrument on and off. See Section 1.14, "Power ON/OFF," on page 18.

#### 1.17.1.2 Help Button

The Help button provides relevant information on how to use the instrument. It is context-sensitive which means the information provided when the help button is pressed will be related to the specific screen or task in use at that moment in time. The Help button also provides a link and QR code to access the full user manual online through a smart device or PC.

#### 1.17.1.3 Home Button

The **Home** button acts as a shortcut key which enables quick navigation to the Dashboard home screen from anywhere in the user menu.

#### 1.17.1.4 Enter button

An **Enter** button dis in the middle of the Navigation Pad.

### 1.17.1.5 Navigation Pad



The Navigation Pad consists of Up, Down, Left, Right and Enter buttons which allow quick and easy navigation when using the user interface.

#### 1.17.1.6 Softkeys



There are four softkeys on the right side of the LCD display. These softkeys are context-sensitive and their use varies from screen to screen depending on the menu or task being accessed. Each softkey has a corresponding on-screen icon which provides a visual display of the purpose of that specific button as shown in Figure 1-2. The on-screen icons also act as touch-screen buttons for the same purpose as the corresponding softkey.

# 1.18 First Use

Check that the default settings for the instrument are correct before the first use of the instrument: refer to Section 4 on page 45 for how to set its default values. For example, it might be necessary to change the language for the user interface or the time and date.

#### 1.19 Dashboard

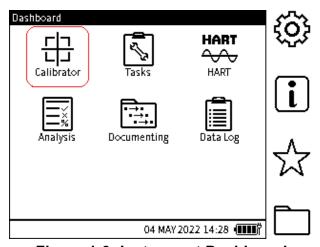


Figure 1-3: Instrument Dashboard

On power up, the instrument displays the Dashboard. The Dashboard is the home screen through which all functions, tasks and settings can be accessed. The Dashboard has icons which represent different applications. The Calibrator, Tasks, HART, Analysis, Documenting, and Data Log icons are fixed and always present.

**Note:** If additional applications are configured on the instrument license, their respective icons will also be present and fixed on the Dashboard (See Chapter 4 on page 45).

# 1.19.1 Dashboard Softkeys

The dashboard softkey icons are on the right of the dashboard screen. The icons are ۞ General Settings, ☐ Status, ☆ Favorites and ☐ File System. An icon is activated by either tapping the screen where it is or by pressing the softkey on the right of the icon.

**Note:** The icons on the sidebar are fixed on the Dashboard.



Be careful to avoid accidentally touching the display screen when using the instrument. This can make the system execute unintended actions. This can happen, for example, when pushing cables into the sockets in the face of the instrument or by letting cables touch the screen.

#### 1.19.2 Dashboard Navigation

To access an application, the user should select the relevant icon on the touch screen. The user can also use the navigation buttons to navigate between icons on the dashboard as described in Section 1.17.1.5.

To access the icons on the side bar, select the relevant icon on the touch screen, or press the corresponding softkey.

**Note:** To return to the Dashboard, the user can select the home button **<HOME>**.

#### 1.19.3 Set Date, Time and Language

#### 1.19.3.1 Date and Time

To access the **Date/Time** menu screen (Figure 1-4), select:

# 

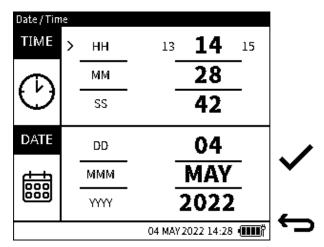


Figure 1-4: Time/Date Menu Screen

On the Navigation Pad, use the **UP/DOWN** navigation buttons to select the time and date parameters to be changed, then use the **LEFT/RIGHT** buttons to increase or decrease the values. If using the touchscreen, tap the required time or date parameter to be changed and then tap on the right side of the set value (in bold font) to increment or on the left side to decrement the value as required.

When all parameters have been selected press the **Tick** softkey to accept the **Date/Time** changes or press the **Back** button to exit without saving the changes.

#### 1.19.3.2 Language

To access the Language menu (Figure 1-5), select:

# Dashboard >> <sup>⟨⊙⟩</sup> General Settings >>Language

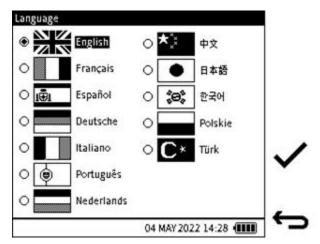


Figure 1-5: Language Menu Screen

Use the navigation buttons to select the desired language. If using the touchscreen, tap on the desired language option. Press the **Tick ✓** softkey to accept the changes or select the **Back** ← softkey to exit without saving any changes.

# 1.19.3.3 Open Source Licenses

There are two files that relate to the software for upgrading the firmware for this instrument: 1568-notices-report-08\_08\_2022\_17\_04.txt covers DK0491 DPI610E Bootloader 1563-notices-report-08\_08\_2022\_16\_01.txt covers DK0492 DPI610E Main Application.

# 2. Pump Operations

# 2.1 Pneumatic System

# 2.1.1 Use of Blanking Plug



A Blanking Plug seals the test port and stops foreign matter getting into the port. It is good practice to attach the Blanking Plug when the test port is not in use.

To attach the Blanking Plug to the test port: put the plug into the swivel connector and hold in position while turning the swivel connector fully counter-clockwise until it is hand tight.

To release the plug, hold the plug in position while turning the swivel connector clockwise until the plug can be removed.

#### 2.1.2 Flexible hose

A flexible hose is delivered with the DPI 610E, to enable connection to other equipment. Two types of hose are available: one for Safe area use and the other for Intrinsically Safe (IS) environments.

Before use always visually check the hose for faults, such as splits or cuts in the hose.

Always make sure the instrument is safe to use.

#### 2.1.3 Venting to atmosphere



A rapid drop in pressure can damage the instrument. Open the pressure release valve slowly and monitor the pressure reading until you reach the desired pressure.



To vent the system to atmospheric pressure, slowly turn the pressure release valve fully counter-clockwise until the sensor returns to zero (gauge sensor) or 1 bar (absolute sensor).

#### 2.1.4 Attach Instrument Dirt (and Water) Trap to Test Port



**INFORMATION** It is recommended that a dirt trap is always used.



**CAUTION** To avoid damage to the dirt trap, hold it firmly while screwing it into the test port.



To attach the Instrument Dirt (and Water) Trap (IDT) to the test port, first remove the Blanking Plug if it is in the test socket: turn the swivel connector clockwise to release the plug. Put the trap into the socket while turning the swivel connector fully counter-clockwise until it is hand tight.

#### 2.1.5 Attach/Remove Device Under Test

#### 2.1.5.1 Attach Device Under Test



To avoid damage to the device under test, hold it firmly while screwing it into the test port/dirt trap.



To attach the device under test to the test port or dirt trap, put the trap into the thread of the swivel connector, then turn the swivel connector fully counterclockwise until it is hand tight.

**Note:** Make sure that the device under test has a male G % Quickfit adapter thread or use a suitable adapter rated to 35 bar.

If in doubt, please contact <u>www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support</u>

# 2.1.5.2 Remove Device Under Test



A rapid drop in pressure can damage the instrument. Open the pressure release valve slowly and monitor the pressure reading until you reach the desired pressure

Step 1		Release all of the pressure in the instrument by opening the pressure release knob fully counter-clockwise.
Step 2	0	To remove the device under test, hold it firmly while turning the swivel connector it fully clockwise.  Attach the Blanking Plug to seal and protect the socket if the instrument will not be in immediate use, see "Use of Blanking Plug" on page 27.

# 2.1.6 Preparing the instrument for Pressure/Vacuum operation

Make sure the instrument is safe to use: refer to the instructions on page 27.

Step 1		To power ON the instrument, push down the power button for 2 seconds until the Druck splash screen appears.
Step 2	GHI-Function FUNCTION None > Pressure Sum Difference Barometer Observed RTD  04 MAY 2022 14:28 @###	Select the required pressure function from the Channel Function screen.  Note: From the dashboard select:  CALIBRATOR >> CH1 or CH2 >> FUNCTION >> Pressure> INT>>Normal  Select the Tick softkey and press the Back icon.
Step 3	CH1 Units  ● bar	Select the required units.  Note: From the dashboard select:  CALIBRATOR >> CH1 or CH2 >> UNITS >> either tap the unit required on the screen or use the Navigation key pad arrow keys to select the unit.  Select the Tick softkey and press the Back icon.



Step 4

**CAUTION** To avoid damage to the device under test, hold it firmly while screwing it into the test port/dirt trap.

To attach the device under test to the test port or dirt trap: hold the device in the socket, then turn the swivel connector at the base of the connector fully counter-clockwise until it is hand tight.

**Note:** Make sure that the device under test has a male G % Quickfit adapter thread or use a suitable adapter rated to 35 bar.

If in doubt, please contact

www.bakerhughesds.com/druck/global-service-support

#### 2.1.7 Generating Pressure/Vacuum



Seal the system by turning the pressure release valve fully clockwise.



**CAUTION** Do not submerge the instrument in the pressure medium. If fluid enters any part of the electrical connection panel, allow the instrument to dry out thoroughly before use.

Step 2



Adjust the pressure-vacuum selector to pressure mode (+) or vacuum mode (-) depending on the desired operation.

**Note:** To adjust the selector from pressure mode to vacuum mode, turn it clockwise. To adjust the selector from vacuum mode to pressure mode, turn it counter-clockwise.



**CAUTION** To prevent the instrument from sliding, make sure that either the slip prevention feet are engaged or the instrument is secured against a flat surface.

Step 3



Use the pump to achieve the desired pressure/vacuum.

Step 4



Turn the volume adjuster to make fine adjustments to the pressure/vacuum.



A rapid change in pressure/vacuum can damage the instrument. Open the pressure release valve slowly and monitor the reading on the screen until you reach the desired pressure/vacuum.



To decrease pressure/vacuum, open and close the pressure release valve slowly.

The above procedure is appropriate for general use, however, the procedure must be modified when low pressure (350 mbarg) or high vacuum (-950 mbarg) is required.

# 2.1.7.1 Creating Low Pressure (350 mbarg Full Scale)

Follow these instructions to achieve a low pressure:

- 1. Make sure that the device under test is properly connected to the test port and that the DPI 610E release valve is fully open (turn counter-clockwise).
- 2. Make sure the pressure-vacuum selector is set to the '+' position for the pressure mode.
- 3. Turn the fine adjustment knob counter-clockwise until about 2 inches/5 cm of thread is exposed (from "fully in" position this should take around 15 full rotations).
- 4. Close the release valve (turn clockwise) firmly to hand tight, to seal the system.
- 5. Make sure that the internal pressure is displayed on the unit display.
- 6. Push the pump slowly and gently and at the same time monitor the display for the increasing pressure. Stop pumping as soon as the required pressure is reached.

**Note:** The required pressure may be achieved with a less than one full pump stroke or it may require more depending on the connected device under test.

- 7. If the pressure is below the required value then go back to step 5.
- 8. If the pressure indicated is above the required pressure or if on the display shows >>> (i.e. pressure is above the internal sensor full-scale limit) then use the fine adjustment knob by rotating counter-clockwise slowly to bring the pressure down to the required value.

### 2.1.7.2 Creating a High Vacuum (-950 mbarg)

Follow these instructions to achieve a high vacuum:

- 1. Turn the pressure/vacuum selector collar to the vacuum '-' position. Note that as the vacuum increases, it is only the last part of the pump travel (i.e. fully pulled-out) that actually increases the vacuum. This is exactly similar to pumping positive pressure, where it is only the last part of the inward travel that pushes air past the non-return valve as pressure rises. Therefore, for effective use, the pump must be fully pulled out (until the end stop is felt) to effectively generate vacuum.
- 2. It is much more effective to pull the pump knob out quite quickly (until end stop is hit) because this keeps the non-return valve fully open.
- 3. To try to get to -950 mbar is similar to trying to remove 95% of the air from the system: this requires approximately 15-20 (fast) strokes to achieve.
- 4. If difficulty is still encountered getting to low vacuum then stop pumping and use the volume adjuster unscrewing this will draw further vacuum and reduce the pressure.
- 5. If -950 mbar is achieved but then the pressure slowly increases (i.e. system appears to be leaking) then check that the release valve is tightly shut and the IDT (Instrument Dirt Trap) top/bottom seals are not leaking.

# 2.2 Hydraulic System

#### 2.2.1 Filing the reservoir

Make sure the instrument is not pressurized: refer to Section 2.2.2 on page 35 for instructions. The instrument is supplied with a 100 cc (3 oz) reservoir tank. The pressure reservoir can be filled attached or detached from the instrument. When the reservoir is removed, seal the socket with the protective cap delivered with the instrument to prevent entry of foreign matter. Make sure that the pressure medium is compatible with your test device.

Note: The recommended pressure medium is demineralized water or mineral oil.



**CAUTION** Do not submerge the instrument in the pressure medium. If fluid enters any part of the electrical connection panel, allow the instrument to dry out thoroughly before use.

Step 1	Turn the reservoir into the reservoir port. Turn the reservoir clockwise, until it is hand tight.
Step 2	Turn the reservoir locknut counter-clockwise and remove the reservoir cover.



INFORMATION The pressure medium level must stay above the horizontal pin in the reservoir at all times when the instrument is in use. The volume of pressure medium in the reservoir shall not exceed 75cc when the instrument is in use. To avoid contamination, use only one type of pressure media in the instrument. If you wish to change the pressure medium after first use, please contact the Service Department.

The pressure medium level must always stay above the horizontal pin in the reservoir when the instrument is in use.

The volume of pressure medium in the reservoir must not exceed 75cc when the instrument is in use. The reservoir can be unscrewed from the instrument and filled. To avoid contamination, use only one type of pressure media in the instrument. If you wish to change the pressure medium after first use, please contact the Service Department.

Step 3	Use the squeeze bottle to fill the reservoir with pressure medium to approximately 75% capacity of the reservoir.
Step 4	Push the reservoir cover into position and turn the locknut clockwise until the reservoir cover just seals the reservoir, leaving a small amount of play, (finger tight and back off a quarter turn).

# 2.2.2 Priming the Instrument



**CAUTION** Before operating the priming pump, always make sure that the test port is sealed beforehand. Priming the instrument when the test port is unsealed could cause the pressure medium to spray from the test port into the electrical ports.



**INFORMATION** A blanking plug has been provided by the manufacturer and shipped with the instrument.

Step 1	Porting of the second of the s	Make sure the test port is sealed by the Blanking Plug.  To attach the Blanking Plug to the test port: put the plug into the thread of the swivel connector and hold in position while turning the swivel connector fully counter-clockwise until it is hand tight.  Note: It is easier to bleed the system if a hose is attached after air has already been removed from the instrument. Go to step 16 for more information.
Step 2		Turn the volume adjuster wheel clockwise until it stops: this can be up to 30 turns.  Note: This is the zero point.

# Chapter 2. Pump Operations

Step 3		Make sure that the pressure release knob is at its fully closed position (hand tight): turn the knob in a clockwise direction.
Step 4		The reservoir must be connected the reservoir port and filled to the required level. See Section 2.2.1 on page 34.
Step 5		To power ON the instrument, push down the power button for 2 seconds until the Druck splash screen appears.
Step 6	CHI Function FUNCTION None > Pressure Sum Difference Barometer Observed RTD  04 MAY 2022 14-28 (HHR)	Select the required pressure function from the Channel Function screen.  Note: From the Dashboard select:  CALIBRATOR >> CH1 or CH2 >> FUNCTION >> Pressure> INT>>Normal  Press the Tick softkey and press the Back icon to show the previous screen.
Step 7	CH1 Units	Select the required units.  Note: From the Dashboard select:  CALIBRATOR >> CH1 or CH2 >> UNITS >> either tap the unit required on the screen or use the Navigation key pad arrow keys to select the unit.  Press the Tick softkey and press the Back button to show the previous screen.
Step 8		Slowly operate the priming pump until the pressure reaches 5-10 bar.

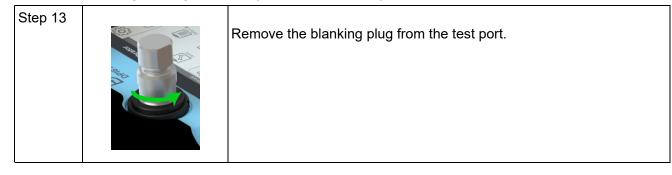
Step 9	Turn the volume adjuster wheel fully counter-clockwise until it stops (this could need at least 29 turns). The indicated pressure reading will decrease.
Step 10	Slowly operate the priming pump until the pressure reaches 5-10 bar.
Step 11	Turn the pressure release knob a quarter of a turn counter-clockwise to release the pressure.
Step 12	Slowly operate the priming pump until no air bubbles come out of the hole in the reservoir center stem.  Note: It should take 10-15 strokes to remove trapped air from the system.



**CAUTION** Do not continue to operate the pump after air bubbles stop coming out of the central reservoir stem hole.



**CAUTION** Do not remove the blanking plug when the instrument is under pressure. Before removing the blanking plug, check the instrument pressure display for pressure. If pressure is observed, turn the pressure release knob fully counter-clockwise until the pressure display reads zero (gauge sensor) or atmospheric pressure (absolute sensor).



Step 14



Turn the pressure release knob fully clockwise, hand tight.



# **CAUTION** Do not operate the priming pump. Only use the volume adjuster wheel.

Step 15



Slowly turn the volume adjuster wheel 2-5 turns clockwise to remove any trapped air.[If mineral oil is used as the pressure media, operate the pump gently to avoid creating a mess.]

**Note:** The user may notice air bubbles at the opening of the test port.

Step 16

The instructions in this Step 16 relate only to the connection of a hose to the test port and removal of air from this hose. If a test device is to be connected directly to the instrument (or to the hose after air has been removed), go to Step 17.

Connect the hose to the test port and use the Step 10 to Step 15 procedures to remove air from the hose.

Use Steps 10 and 11. Ignore Step 12. Use Steps 13 and 14.

Step 15: Use the pump to move fluid into the hose. Stop using the pump when air bubbles do not appear at the hose outlet.

# **CAUTION** Do not allow movement of the hose to rotate the adapter as this may cause internal damage to the instrument.

Step 17

Hold the test device in position in the test socket while fully turning the swivel connector counter-clockwise until it is hand tight. A blanking plug can be attached to the hose end instead of a test device.

**Note:** As required, use adapters provided with the instrument or an AMC adapter(s) and the corresponding seal(s).

Step 17



Use the priming pump to prime the system to a maximum of 10-20 bar.

# 2.2.3 Generating Pressure



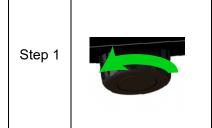
**INFORMATION** Make sure the instrument is primed before attempting to generate pressure. Check the instrument pressure range on rear label before attempting to generate pressure.

Step 1



After priming the instrument as described in Section 2.2.2, turn the volume adjuster wheel clockwise until the required pressure is achieved. **Note:** If the required pressure is not achieved or not stable, release the pressure in the instrument and repeat the priming sequence.

# 2.2.4 Releasing Pressure



To release pressure, open the pressure release knob by turning it counterclockwise.

#### 2.2.5 How to achieve 400 bar

For applications where pressures above 400 bar are required to be generated it is recommended that the system is primed to around 25 bar using the priming pump and that a hydraulic hose of no more than 1m length is used to connect to the device under test.

**Note:** Using long (or wide-bore) hoses may prevent the required pressure from being reached within the limits of the screw pump mechanism.

#### 2.2.6 How to replace the fluid in the Hydraulic System

The hydraulic system can either use ionized water or hydraulic fluid. The following instructions are for how to remove old fluid and replace with new fluid of the same type. Contact the Services Department for guidance about how to change the type of fluid medium in the device.

Wear the appropriate personal protection equipment when following these procedures e.g., eye protection glasses.

- 1. Remove old fluid in the Reservoir (if necessary clean the reservoir) and then fill the Reservoir with fresh fluid (to 75% reservoir capacity). Dispose of this old fluid in accordance with your company's procedures.
- 2. Attach this Reservoir to the DPI 610E Reservoir port.
- 3. Close the Pressure Release Valve (Hand tight).
- 4. Remove the DUT or (blanking plug if attached) and then attach the supplied hose (or compatible hose) to the test port with the open end of the hose in an empty container.

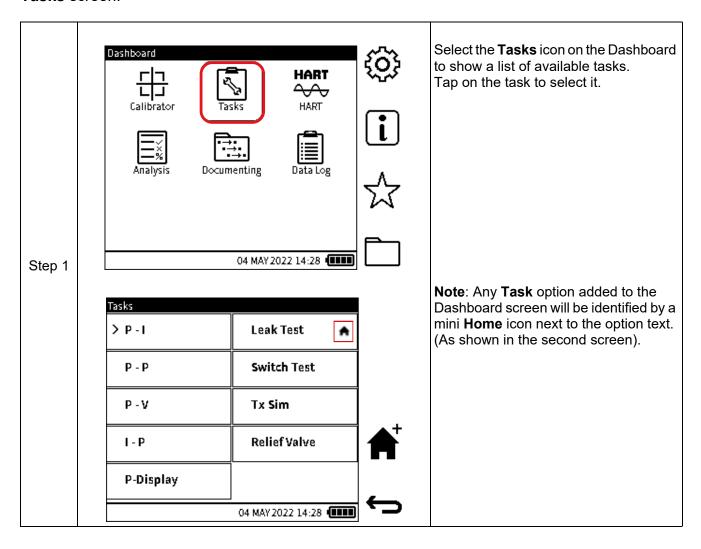
# Chapter 2. Pump Operations

- 5. Turn the Volume adjustment wheel counter-clockwise until it stops.
- 6. Move the Priming pump handle seven strokes to move hydraulic fluid into the container.
- 7. Turn the Volume adjustment wheel clockwise until it stops.
- 8. Move the Priming pump handle seven strokes again.
- 9. Remove the hose from the test port and then make sure the fluid drains into the container.
- 10. Dispose of the old fluid collected in the container in accordance with the local regulations.
- 11. Use the blanking plug to seal the test port.
- 12. Make sure that Pressure Release Valve is closed (Hand tight), Power on the DPI 610E.
- 13. Operate the Priming pump until the indicated pressure is at 20bar.
- 14. Open the Pressure release valve.
- 15. Operate the Priming pump seven strokes.
- 16. Remove the reservoir and empty the hydraulic fluid (if necessary clean the reservoir again) and then fill the Reservoir with fresh fluid to the recommended level (75% full).
- 17. Attach the Reservoir filled with new fluid to the DPI 610E Reservoir port.

# 3. Basic Tasks

# 3.1 Tasks

Use the Dashboard to access the **Tasks** application. The **Tasks** menu has a list of tests that automatically configure the instrument when selected. The following options are available on the **Tasks** screen:



# 3.1.1 P-I (Pressure to Current measure)

This configures channel **CH1** to measure pressure, which can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**). If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will retain this function, otherwise it defaults to internal pressure.

Channel CH2 is configured to measure Current.

This task is typically for calibrating Current Output Pressure transmitters.

#### 3.1.2 P-P (Pressure to Pressure)

This configures **CH1** to internal (**INT**) pressure measurement and **CH2** to external (**EXT**) pressure measurement.

# 3.1.3 P-V (Pressure to Voltage)

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure, that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**). If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will retain this function, otherwise it defaults to internal pressure.

CH2 is configured to measure Voltage.

This task is typically for calibrating Voltage Output Pressure transmitters.

# 3.1.4 I-P (Pressure to Current source)

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure, that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**). If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will retain this function otherwise, it defaults to internal pressure.

CH2 is configured to Current source.

This task is typically used for calibrating I/P pressure converters.

# 3.1.5 P-Display (Pressure to Display)

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**). If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will keep this function otherwise, it defaults to internal pressure.

CH2 is configured to Observed function.

This task is typically used for calibrating pressure devices with no electrical output but which have a visual indication of measured pressure.

#### 3.1.6 Leak Test

This configures **CH1** to pressure measure that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**) with the **Leak Test** utility. If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, then the external pressure configuration is kept, otherwise **CH1** defaults to internal pressure configuration.

CH2 configuration remains unchanged.

For more details on the **Leak Test**, refer to Section 7.1 on page 129.

## 3.1.7 Switch Test

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure, that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**) while the **Switch Test** utility details are displayed on **CH2**. If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it keeps this function, otherwise it defaults to internal pressure.

For more details on the **Switch Test**, refer to Section 7.2 on page 134.

#### 3.1.8 TX SIM (Transmitter Simulation)

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure, that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**). If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will retain this function otherwise, it defaults to internal pressure.

**CH2** is configured with Current source (in transmitter simulation mode).

For more details on the **TX SIM** task, refer to Section 7.3 on page 137.

# 3.1.9 Relief Valve Test

This configures **CH1** to measure pressure, that can be internal (**INT**) or external (**EXT**), with the **Relief Valve Test** utility. If external pressure is detected on **CH1**, it will retain this function otherwise, it defaults to internal pressure.

CH2 configuration remains unchanged.

For more details on the **Relief Valve Test**, refer to Section 7.4 on page 139.

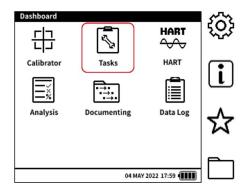
# 3.2 Tasks Selection

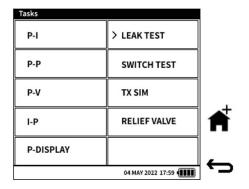
To select any of the options on the **Tasks** menu for automatic configuration, first tap the desired option to select it, then tap again to initiate the configuration of the selected task. This is effectively a two-tap action that can be done in quick succession. If using the navigation buttons, use the UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT buttons to select the desired task and press the Navigation Pad

Enter button to initiate configuration of the selected task.

# 3.3 Adding Tasks to the Dashboard

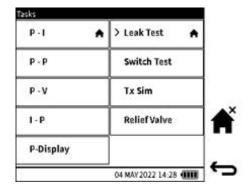
Up to three commonly used tasks from the Tasks menu can be added to the Dashboard (Home) screen as a shortcut. To add a **Task** option to the Dashboard, tap to select the desired Task, then select the (**HOME+**)  $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\mathbf{m}^{+}}$  softkey to add the selected option to the Dashboard. If using the navigation buttons, use the UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT buttons to select the desired task and press the (**HOME+**)  $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\mathbf{m}^{+}}$  icon to add the selected option to the Dashboard. Any **Task** option added to the Dashboard screen will be identified by a mini Home  $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\mathbf{m}^{+}}$  icon next to the option text.





# 3.4 Removing Tasks from the Dashboard

Only Tasks added through the **Tasks** menu can be removed from the Dashboard. To remove a Task option from the Dashboard: from the **Tasks** menu tap to select the desired Task, then select the (**HOMEx**) icon to remove the selected option. If using the navigation buttons, use the **UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT** buttons to select the desired task and press the (**HOMEx**) is softkey to remove the selected option. Once removed, the mini **HOME** icon next to the option text will disappear.

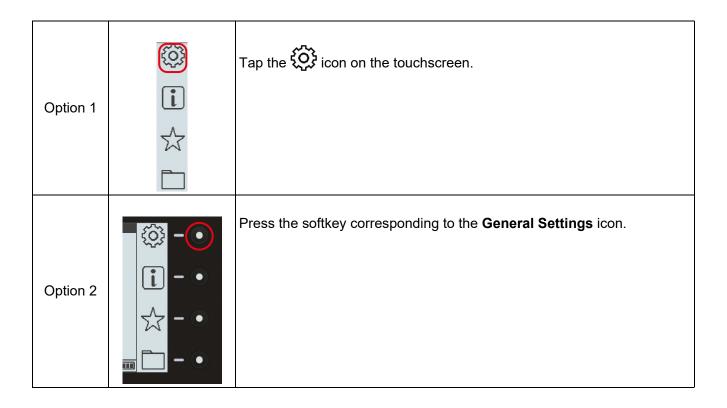


# 4. General Settings

The following **General Settings** are available on the DPI 610E:

Setting	Description
DATE/TIME	Set the date/time.
LANGUAGE	Set the language.
BACKLIGHT	Turn the back light on/off.
USB	Select the USB communication mode.
AUTO POWER DOWN	Enable/disable Auto Power Down.
TOUCHSCREEN LOCK	Enable/disable Touchscreen Lock.
ENABLE HOLD	Enable/disable Hold.
ADVANCED	Access the Advanced Menu.

**Note:** To access the **General Settings** menu from the Dashboard, tap the icon on the touchscreen or press the corresponding softkey as shown below:



# 4.1 DATE, TIME and LANGUAGE

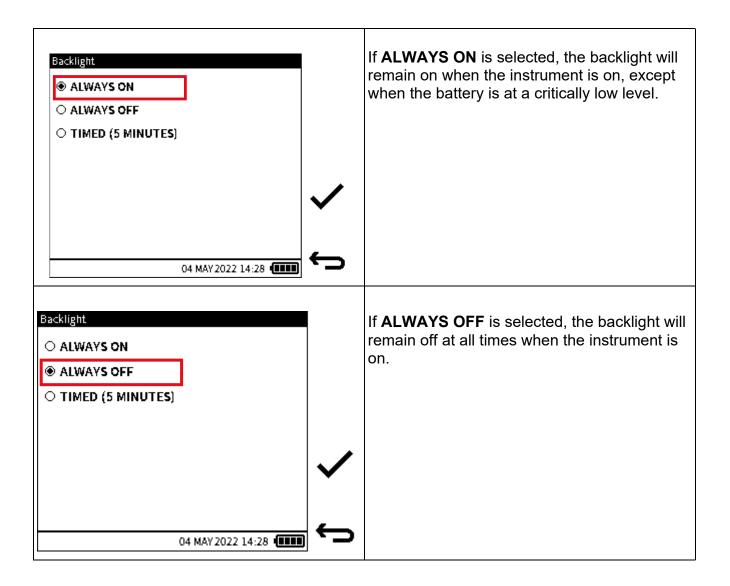
To change the Date, Time and Language settings, see "Set Date, Time and Language" on page 25 and page 26.

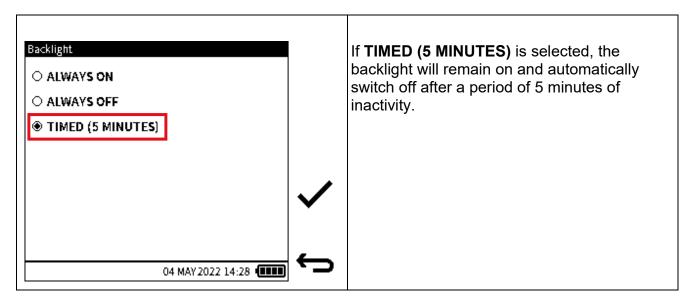
# 4.2 BACKLIGHT

This feature controls the instrument backlight. By default, the DPI 610E is configured to **Timed (5 Minutes)**.

To change this setting:

- 1. Select **Backlight** from the **General Settings** menu.
- 2. Select the required mode (described below).
- Select ✓ to confirm.





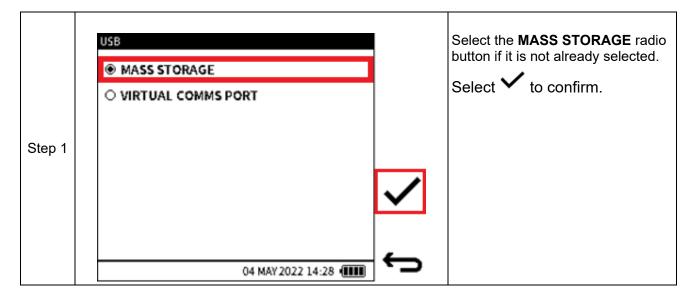
# 4.3 USB

The following USB settings are available on the DPI 610E:

Setting	Description
Mass Storage	Storage mode facilitating the transfer of files/folders between the instrument and a PC.
Virtual Comms Port (VCP)	Communications mode.

Note: MASS STORAGE mode is the default USB setting at each power on.

To change this setting during use:

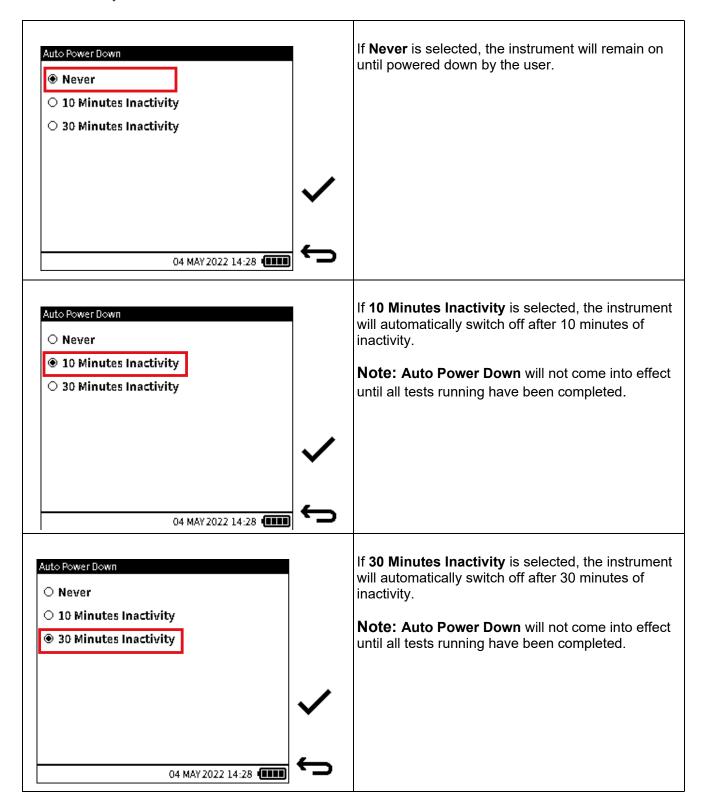


# 4.4 AUTO POWER DOWN

This feature controls the auto power down behavior of the instrument. By default, the DPI 610E is configured to remain on until powered down by the user.

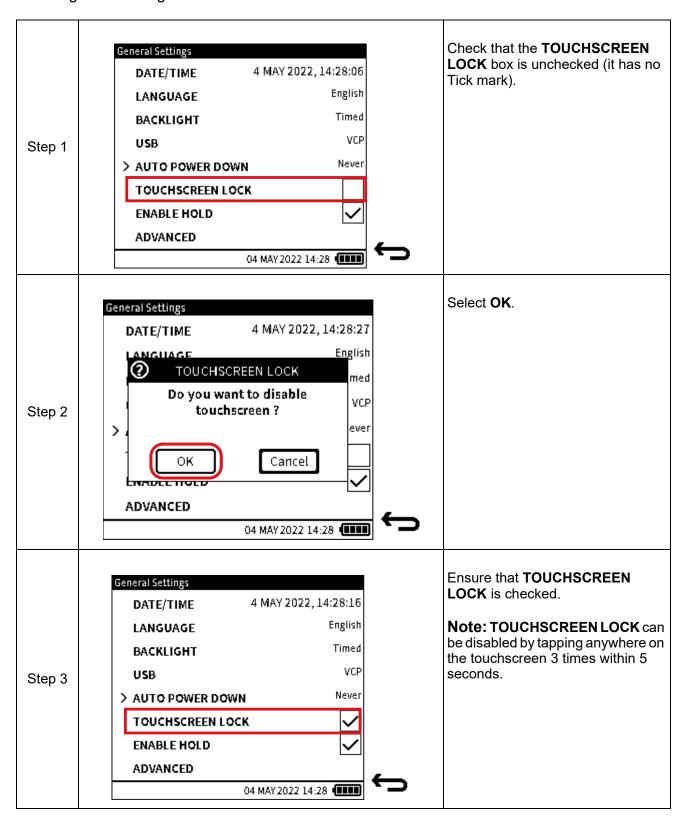
To change this setting:

- 1. Select Auto Power Down.
- 2. Select the required mode (described below).
- 3. Select ✓ to confirm.



# 4.5 TOUCHSCREEN LOCK

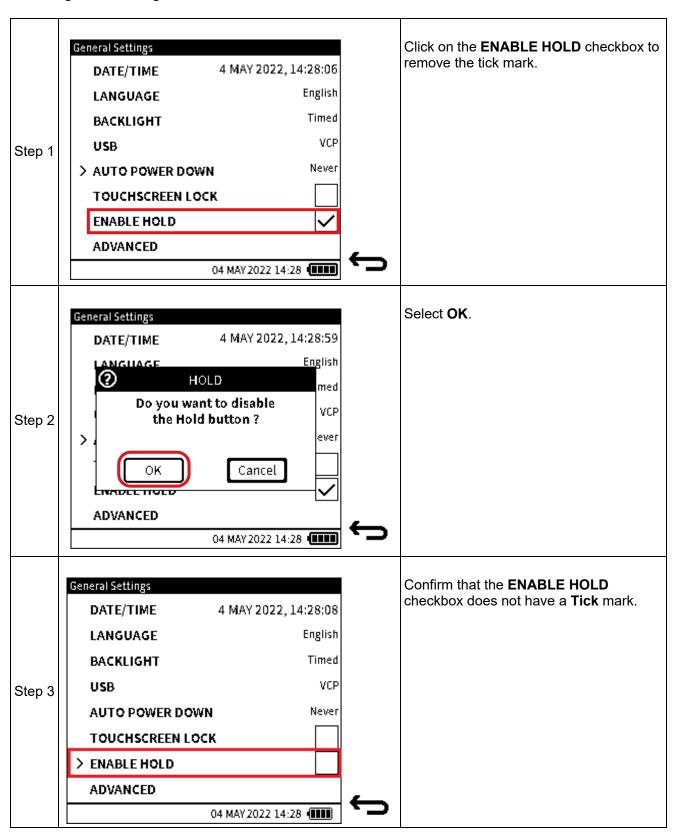
This feature allows the user to lock the touchscreen and navigate using the navigation keypad and softkeys only. By default, the DPI 610E is configured with **Touchscreen Lock** disabled. To change this setting:



# 4.6 ENABLE HOLD

This feature allows the user to enable/disable the **Hold** icon on the main reading screen. By default the DPI 610E is configured with **Enable Hold** enabled.

To change this setting:



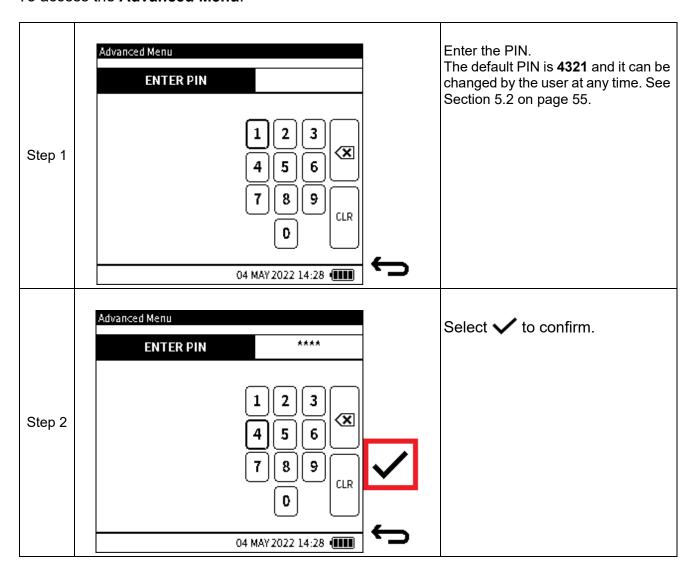
# 4.7 ADVANCED

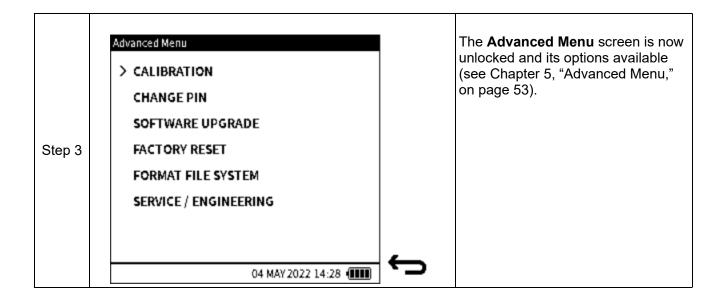
This feature provides access to the **Advanced Menu**, which has the following options:

Option	Description
CALIBRATION*	Calibration options.
CHANGE PIN	Change the Advanced menu PIN.
SOFTWARE UPGRADE	Upgrade system software.
FACTORY RESET	Set the instrument back to default settings
FORMAT FILE SYSTEM	Erases all content on mass storage and creates factory default folders
SERVICE/ ENGINEERING	Reserved for internal use

<sup>\*</sup> The CALIBRATION options are dealt with by Chapter 13, "Instrument Calibration," on page 252 and the other options from Section 5.2 on page 55 forwards.

#### To access the **Advanced Menu**:





# 5. Advanced Menu

The following options are available in the **Advanced** menu:

Option	Description
*CALIBRATION	Calibration options
CHANGE PIN	Change the PIN
SOFTWARE UPGRADE	Start software upgrade
FACTORY RESET	Set the instrument back to default settings
FORMAT FILE SYSTEM	Erases all content on mass storage and creates factory default folders
SERVICE / ENGINEERING	Reserved for internal use

<sup>\*</sup> A separate chapter describes the **Instrument Calibration** options that become available when CALIBRATION is selected. (See Chapter 13, "Instrument Calibration," on page 252).

**Note:** To access the Advanced menu, select **ADVANCED** from the **General Settings** menu (see Chapter 4.7, "ADVANCED," on page 51).

# 5.1 CALIBRATION Menu

The **INSTRUMENT** option is available in the **Calibration** screen (Figure 5-1):

Option	Description
INSTRUMENT	Perform calibration activities on the instrument

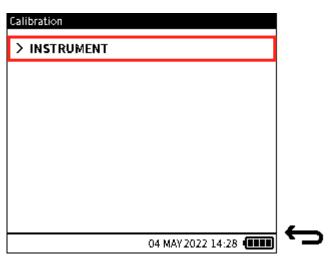
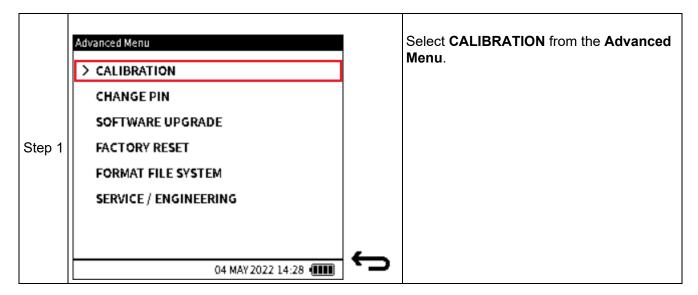


Figure 5-1: Calibration Menu

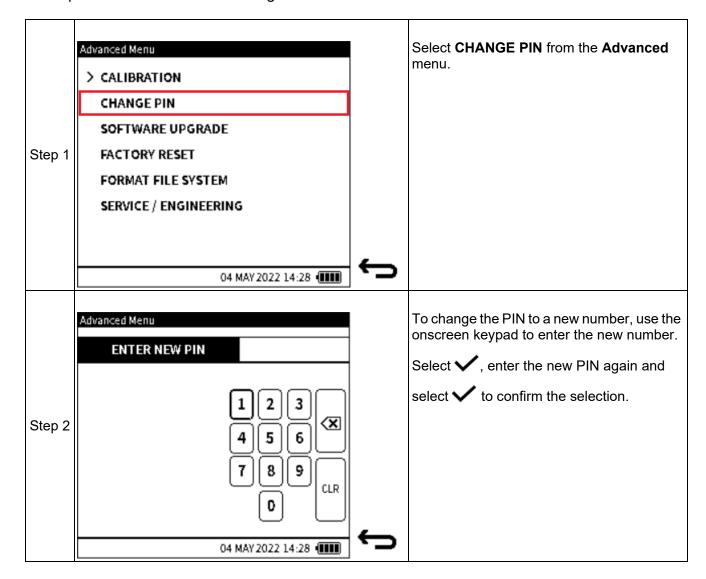
**Note:** To access the **CALIBRATION** menu (Figure 5-1), select **CALIBRATION** from the **Advanced Menu** screen as shown below:



Refer to Chapter 13, "Instrument Calibration," on page 252 that describes the options available when this CALIBRATION menu becomes active.

# **5.2 CHANGE PIN**

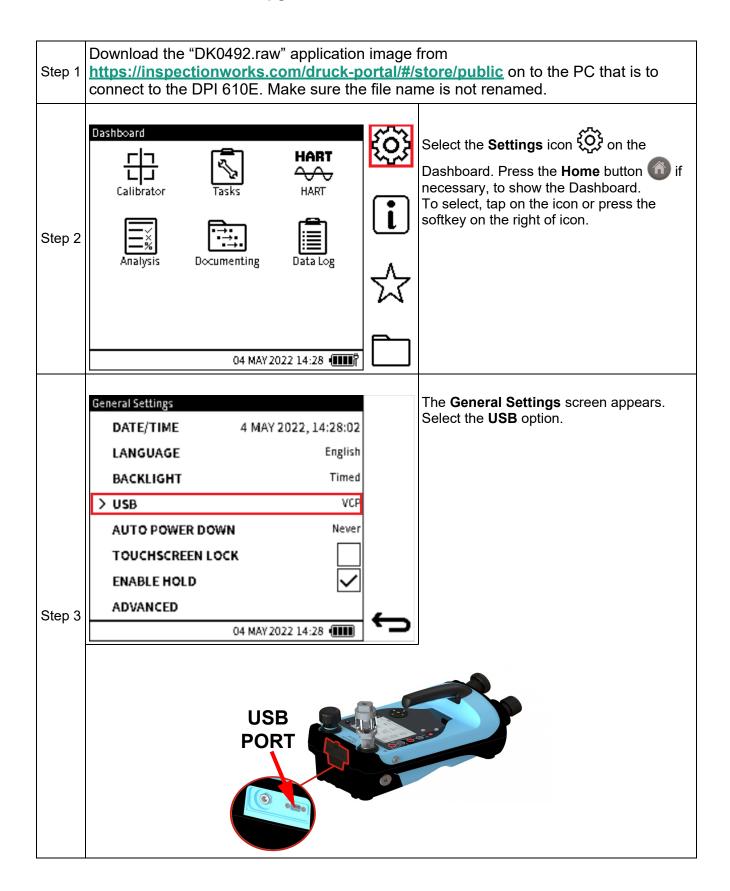
This option allows the user to change the instrument PIN number.

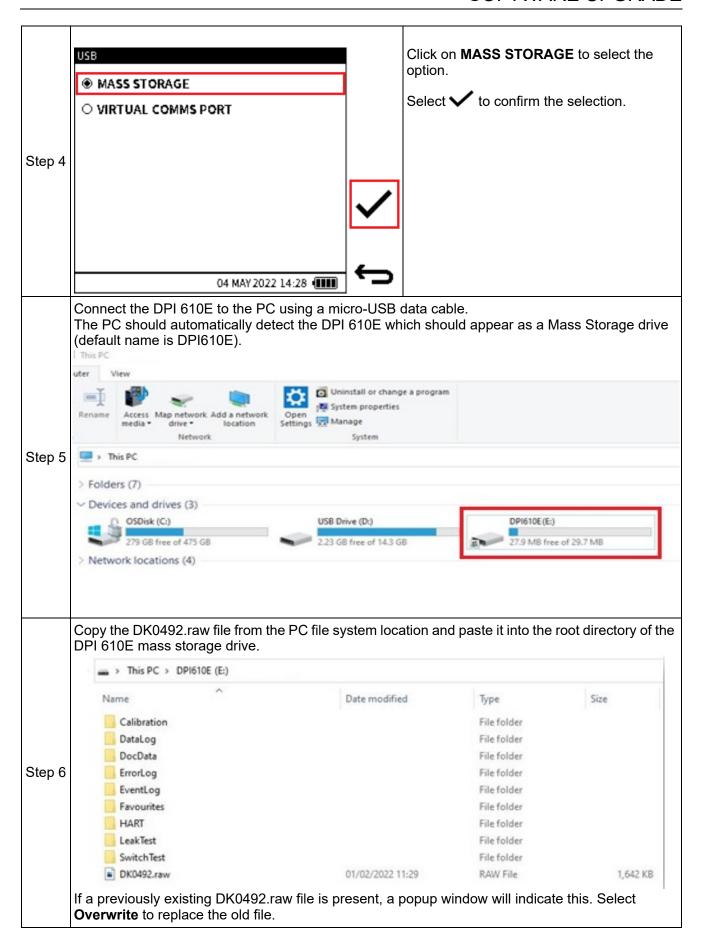


# **5.3 SOFTWARE UPGRADE**

This option allows the user to upgrade the firmware software of the instrument. Before this can be done, a software upgrade file must first be transferred into the instrument.

# 5.3.1 How to load a Software Upgrade File

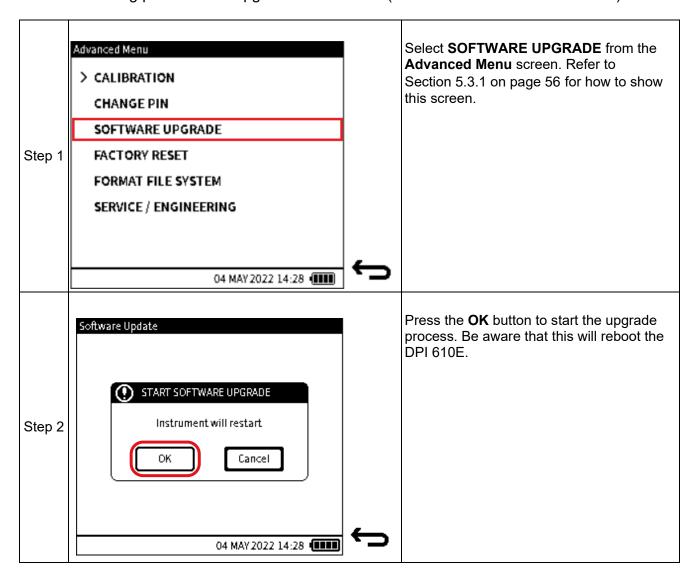


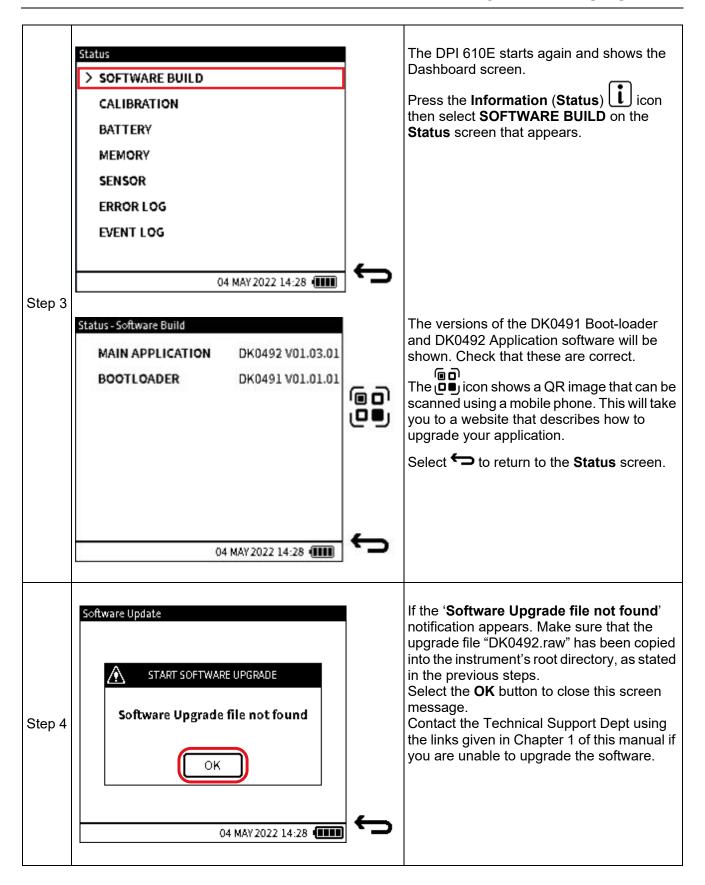


Remove the USB cable from the DPI 610E when the successful transfer of the DK0492.raw file Step 7 from the PC to the memory of the DPI 610E is confirmed. The next heading describes the procedure for how to upgrade the software firmware.

# 5.3.2 How to upgrade the Firmware

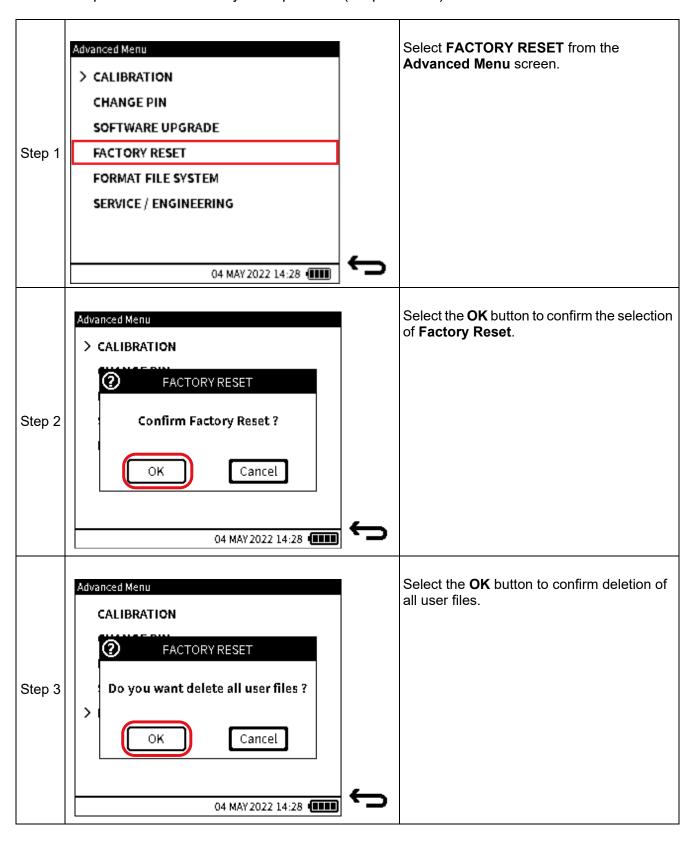
Use the following procedure to upgrade the firmware (software embedded in hardware):

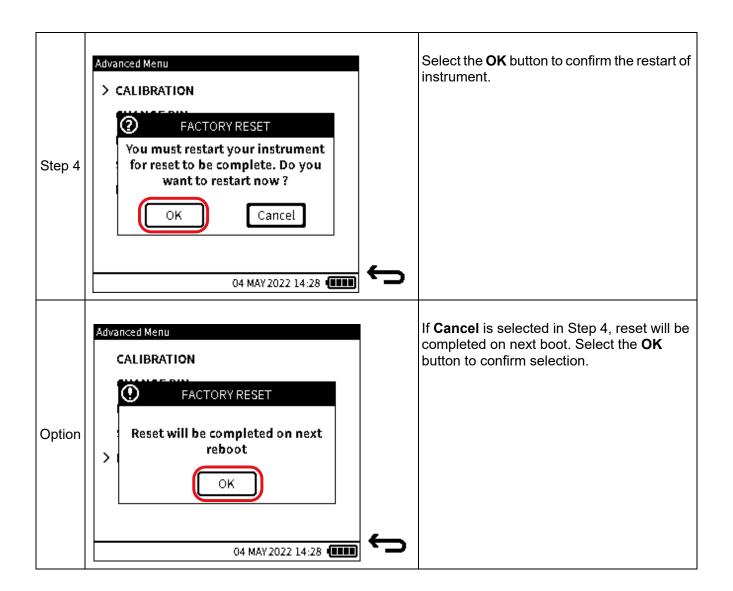




# **5.4 FACTORY RESET**

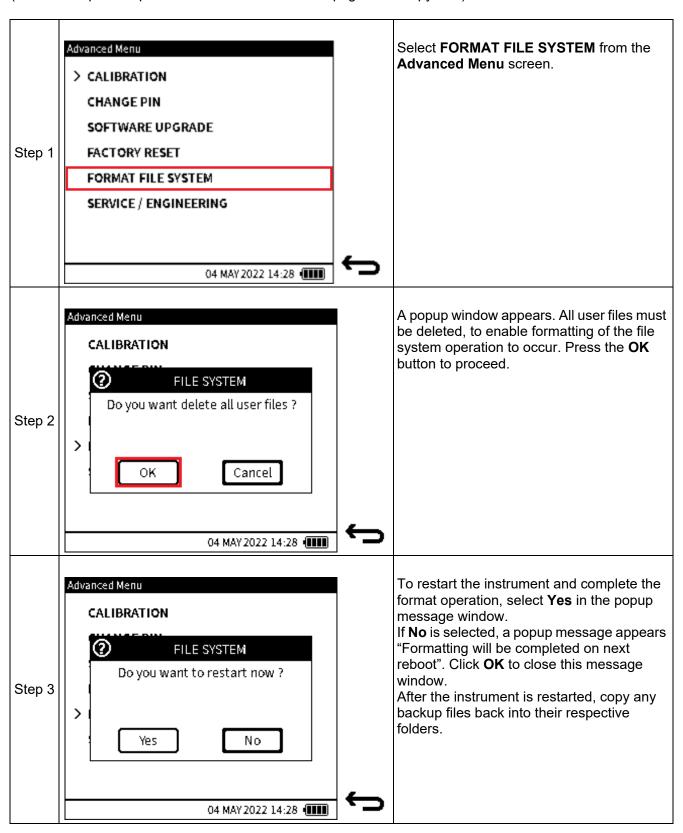
This option allows the user to reset the instrument to factory settings. You have the option to remove all previous user files by this operation (Step 3 below).





# 5.5 FORMAT FILE SYSTEM

The file system can be formatted if the instrument is out of storage space and a one-step clear-out is desired. It is important to save any important files as well as the files available in the HART folder before formatting. (Use the Step 5 to 6 procedures in Section 5.3.1 on page 56 to copy files).



# 5.6 SERVICE / ENGINEERING

This Advanced **SERVICE/ENGINEERING** function is not for operator use and requires a PIN for use only by specialist users.

# 6. Calibrator Tasks

# 6.1 Calibrator Task Screen

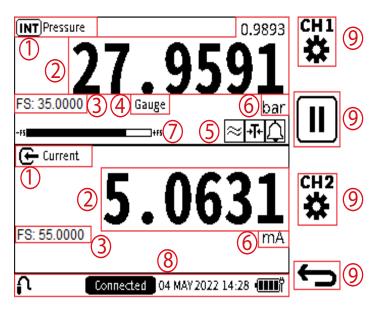


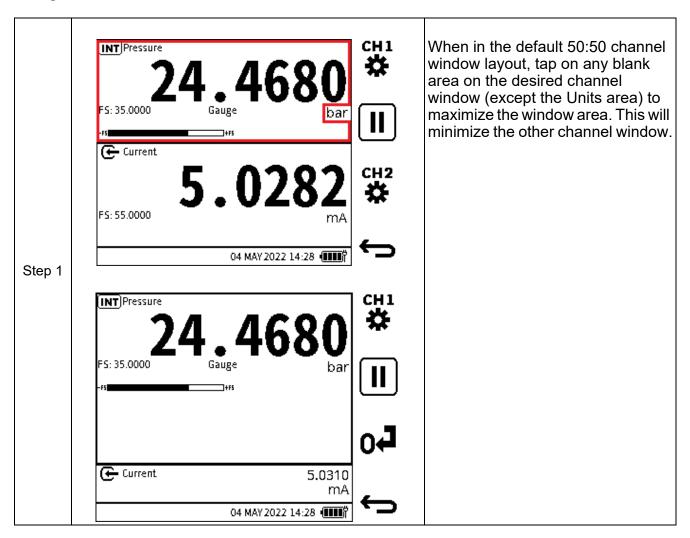
Figure 6-1: Calibrator Task Screen

- 1. **Function Name** name of the currently selected function on the channel.
- 2. **Primary reading** measured values that directly represent the channel function description and displayed in large digits within the channel windows. A secondary reading can appear in either channel window. This reading is in smaller digits just above the primary reading and shows the measured values associated with the primary reading of the channel function.
- 3. **Full-scale value** each function selected has a maximum measurement capability which is captured by the positive full-scale value. It is always displayed in the channel window (with a prefix **FS:**).
- 4. **Sensor Type** this applies to pressure or temperature sensors. The pressure sensor type (Gauge, Sealed Gauge or Absolute) or RTD sensor being used by the channel function will be displayed in this field.
- 5. **Process Options** any Process options that are currently active for each channel is indicated by process icons in this area of the channel window.
- 6. **Units** measurement units of the primary (and secondary reading where applicable) are displayed in the units field on the right hand side of the channel window below the primary reading.
- 7. **Full Scale Bar** this bar gives a visual indication of the proportion of generated and measured pressure from the internal sensor of the full-scale range.
- 8. **Status bar** the status bar area is present throughout the user interface and provides date and time information, battery level indication on the bottom right hand side of the screen. On the left side of the status bar, additional information about remote or external sensor connection status is provided. Critical information such as calibration overdue or an alarm condition also appear in this status bar.
- 9. **Softkey** up to four softkeys are available throughout the menu screens giving touchscreen and button options for operating different aspects of the user interface.

#### 6.1.1 Calibrator Tasks Screen Shortcuts

# 6.1.1.1 Maximize and Minimize Channel Window

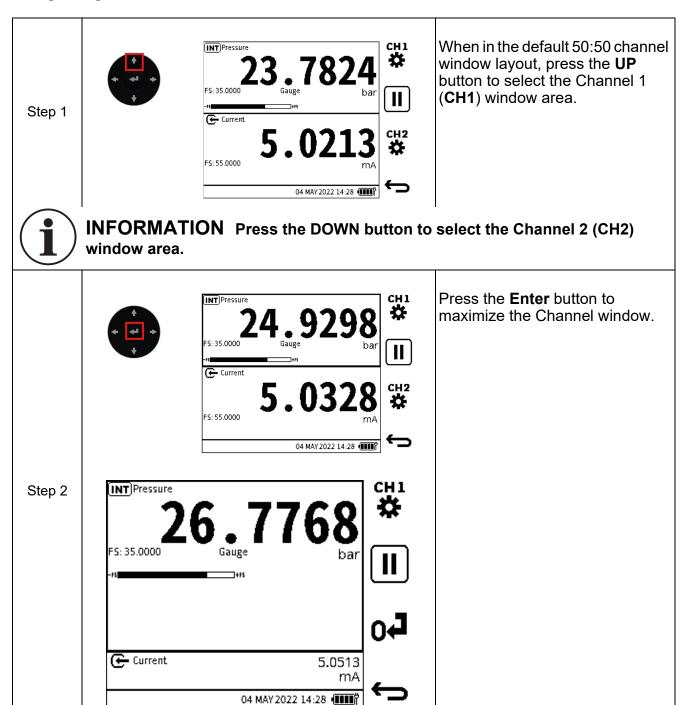
# **Using the Touchscreen**





**INFORMATION** When in maximized/minimized layout, the 50:50 layout can be restored by tapping on any area of the channel windows with the exception of the Units area.

# **Using Navigation Buttons**

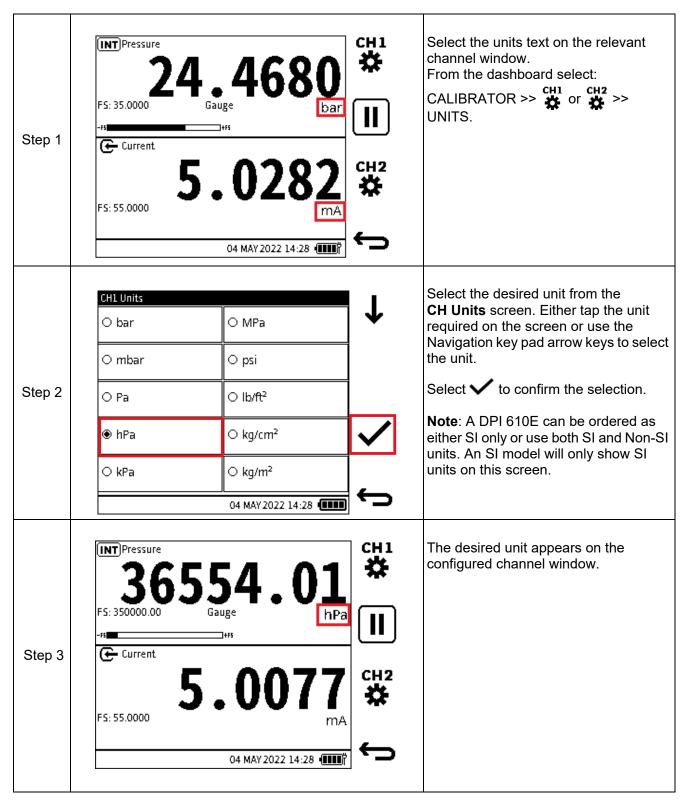




**INFORMATION** When in a maximized/minimized layout, the 50:50 layout can be restored by pressing the ENTER button.

# 6.1.1.2 Change Measurement Units

To change the measurement units on each channel on the calibrator task screen:



**Note:** An alternative method to select units of measurement is given in Step 3 of Section 2.1.6 on page 30.

# 6.1.1.3 10 V/24 V Loop Power Enable/Disable

The Loop Drive is the internal power supplied by the DPI 610E. It is available to use with any of the electrical functions listed in the **CH2 Setup** screen (to enable the Loop Power, see Section 6.2.9 on page 89).

When 10 V or 24 V Loop Power is enabled, it is displayed at the top of the **CH2** channel window (see Figure 6-2).

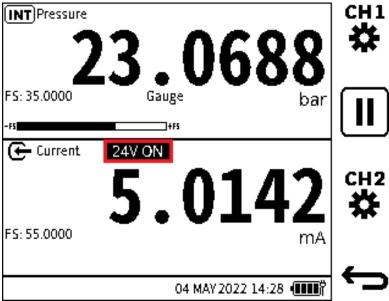
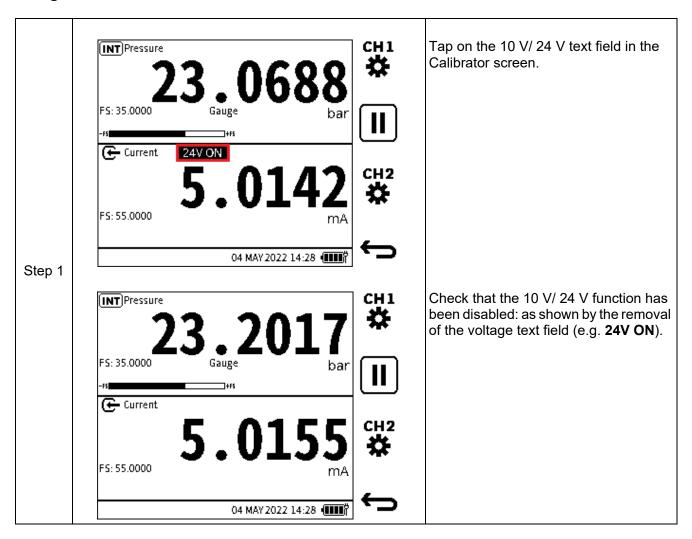


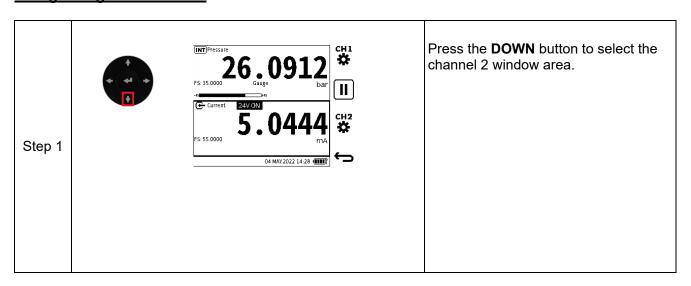
Figure 6-2: 24 V Loop Power Enabled

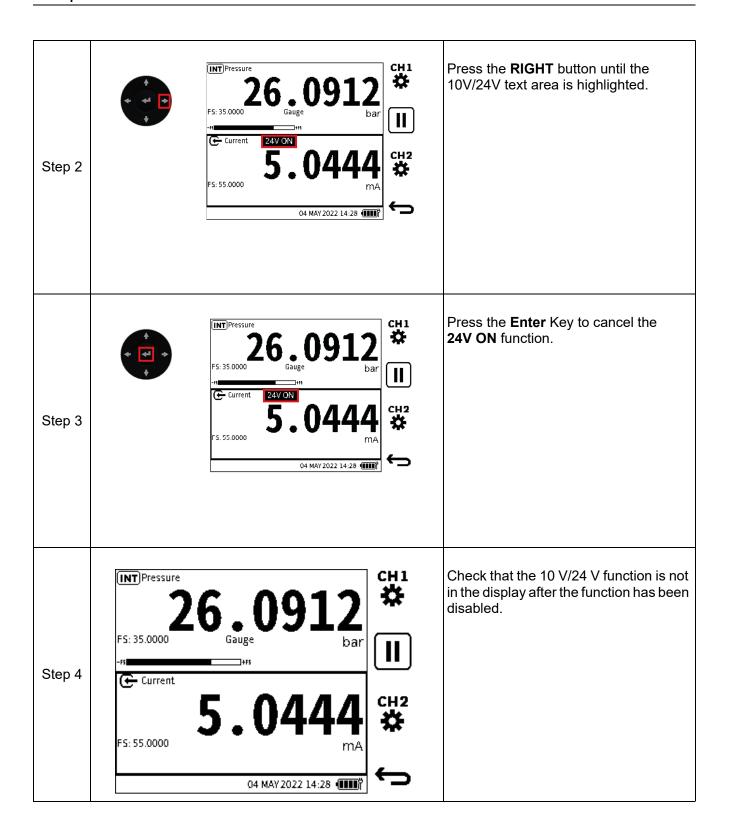
The **Loop Power** function can be disabled quickly without leaving the Calibrator screen:

# **Using the Touchscreen**



# **Using Navigation Buttons**

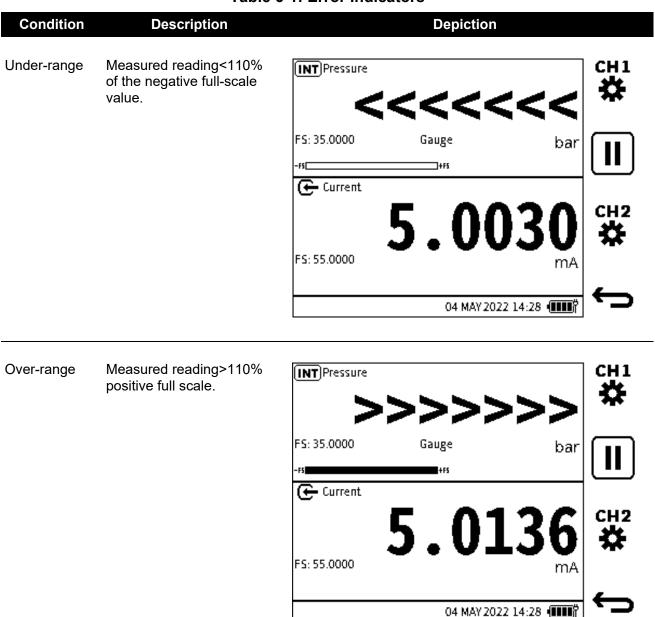




#### 6.1.2 Error Indications

An out-of-range error message occurs when the values of the primary reading measure are more than the full-scale value of the function range.

**Table 6-1: Error Indicators** 





**INFORMATION** If the display shows any of the above error indications: Check the sensor/measurement full scale pressure range (shown on screen) against the range of the system being measured.

# **6.2 Functions**

# 6.2.1 Functions available by channel

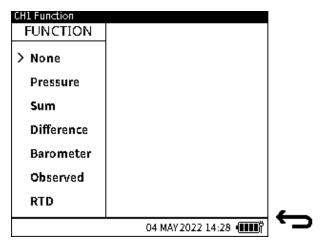


Figure 6-3: Channel 1 Functions

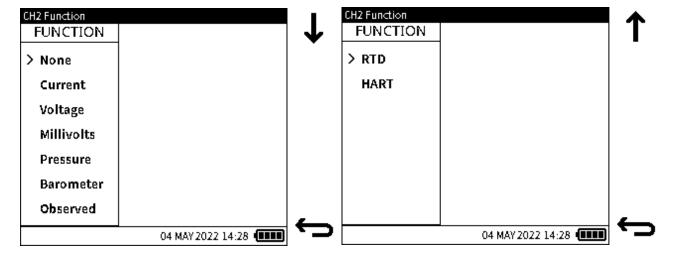


Figure 6-4: Channel 2 Functions

Figure 6-5 is a channel function combination matrix. It shows the combinations of channel selections that are supported in the DPI 610E product range.

**Figure 6-5: Channel Function Combination Matrix** 

#### Channel 2

			None	Electrical	Pressure			Barometer	Observed	RTD	HART	
				INT Ext		xt						
					Normal	Pseudo	Normal	Pseudo				
None			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pressure	INT	Normal	0	0	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Pseudo	0	0	X	X	0	X	X	0	0	0
	EXT	Normal	0	0	0	0	X	X	0	0	X	0
		Pseudo	0	0	0	X	X	X	X	0	X	0
Sum		0	0	X	X	X	X	0	0	0	0	
Difference			0	0	X	X	X	X	0	0	0	0
Barometer			0	0	0	X	0	X	X	0	0	0
Observed			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RTD		0	0	0	0	X	X	0	0	X	0	



# **INFORMATION** 'Electrical' includes Current, Voltage and Millivolt functions.

**Note:** 'o' denotes a supported combination of functions.

**Note:** 'x' denotes that a combination of functions is not supported.

# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks

#### 6.2.2 None

Users can select this function option if they do not wish to display any function or readings on the channel being setup. On the Calibrator main reading screen, the channel window will be cleared of all readings and information with only the function name present.

#### 6.2.3 Pressure

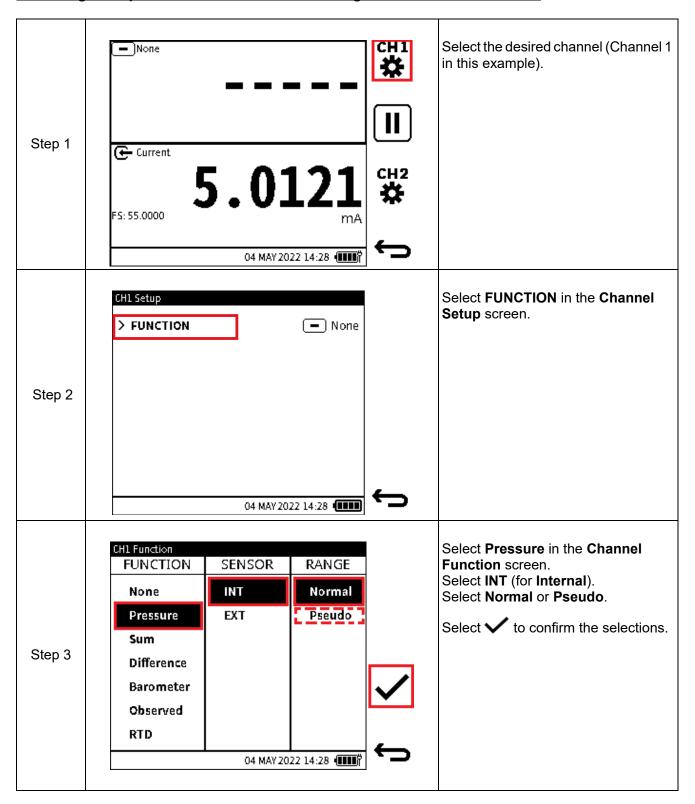
#### **6.2.3.1 Internal Pressure**

Pneumatic units contain internal pressure sensors which range from 350 mbarg to 35barg. Hydraulic units contain internal pressure sensors which range from 70 bara/g to 1000bara. Available internal pressure sensors are listed in Table 6-2.

Table 6-2: Internal Pressure Sensors in DPI 610E Range

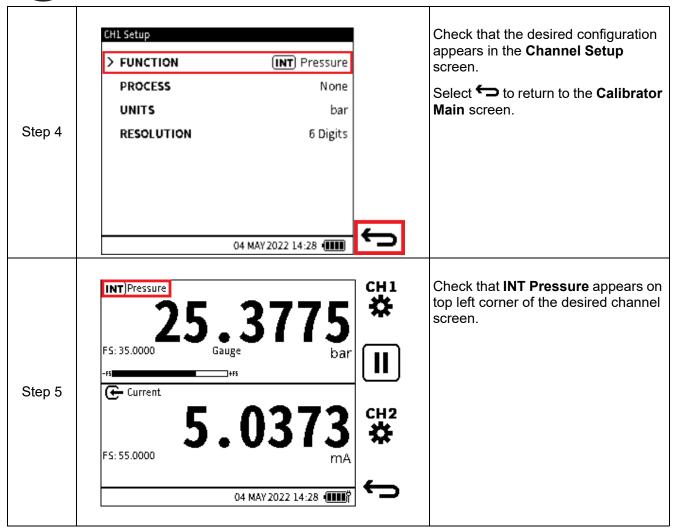
Pressure	Pressure Range Code	Pneumatic	Hydraulic
350 mbar / 5 psi / 35 kPa	03	G	-
1 bar / 15 psi / 100 kPa	05	G	-
2 bar / 30 psi / 200 kPa	07	G	-
3.5 bar / 50 psi / 350 kPa	08	G	-
7 bar / 100 psi / 700 kPa	10	G	-
10 bar / 150 psi / 1000 kPa	11	G	-
20 bar / 300 psi / 2 MPa	13	G	-
35 bar / 500 psi / 3.5 MPa	14	G	-
70 bar / 1000 psi / 7 MPa	16	-	G or A
100 bar / 1500 psi / 10 MPa	165	-	G or A
135 bar / 2000 psi / 13.5 MPa	17	-	G or A
200 bar / 3000 psi / 20 MPa	18	-	G or A
350 bar / 5000 psi / 35 MPa	20	-	А
700 bar / 10000 psi / 70 MPa	22	-	А
1000 bar / 15000 psi / 100 MPa	23	-	А

# To configure a pressure measurement reading from an internal sensor





**INFORMATION** See Chapter 6.2.3.4, "Normal and Pseudo Pressure Range," on page 78.



#### 6.2.3.2 External Pressure

External pressure sensors (PM700E) are available in the range 25 mbarg/d to 1400 bara.

Refer to "External Sensors" on page 141 for a list of available sensors, and information about how to configure the DPI 610E to recognize and use external sensors and RTD probes.

#### 6.2.3.3 The Zero Function

The **Zero** function is used on gauge sensors to remove offset drifts and therefore maintain the highest accuracy.

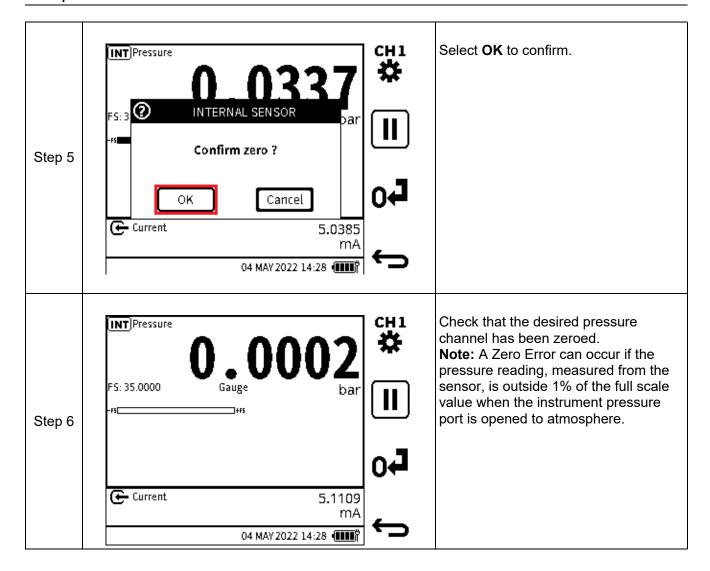


**INFORMATION** The Zero function is only available on gauge sensors. It is not possible to apply total vacuum to absolute sensors, as they are designed to measure atmospheric pressure.

**Note:** It is recommended that all gauge sensors are zeroed at the beginning of each day before use.

## To zero a gauge sensor

Step 1	See Chapter 2.1.3 on page 27 for pneumatic units or Chapter 2.2.4 on page 39 for hydraulic units.	Make sure that the sensor is open to atmosphere. <b>Example</b> : For the DPI 610E internal			
		sensor, open the pressure release knob fully or make sure that the test port is open to atmosphere.			
Step 2	See Chapter 6.2.3.1 (INT) or Chapter 6.2.3.2 (EXT).	Select the desired pressure function (INT or EXT) from the CH Setup menu on CH1 or CH2.			
	O.0337  FS: 35.0000  Gauge  CH1  A	Expand the pressure channel by tapping anywhere in the channel window (except the Units area) (See Chapter 6.1.1.1, "Maximize and Minimize Channel Window," on page 65).			
Step 3	E-Current 5.0373 CH2 **	page 60).			
	04 MAY 2022 14:28 (III)				
	0.0337 **	Select od to set the pressure sensor to zero.			
Step 4	FS: 35.0000 Gauge bar				
	Current 5.0362 mA				
L	0 T PIOT 2022 17.20 (*****)				



#### **6.2.3.4 Normal and Pseudo Pressure Range**

Internal and external pressure sensors are either gauge (measuring with respect to atmospheric pressure) or absolute (measuring with respect to vacuum). The measured readings from these sensors in their native form are referred to as 'Normal'.

The sensors in pneumatic variants contain an accurate barometer which continuously measures the atmospheric pressure. This measured reading can be used to convert the internal (or external if present) pressure sensor reading from natively absolute to gauge or natively gauge to absolute. These pressure sensor modes are referred to as 'Pseudo-gauge' (natively absolute sensor to a gauge indication) and 'Pseudo-abs' (natively gauge sensor to absolute indication) respectively.

The hydraulic variants do not contain the barometer as it is not usual to require gauge readings at the higher pressure at which these hydraulic variants operate. Therefore, the hydraulic variants do not support 'Pseudo-gauge' or 'Pseudo-abs' ranges.

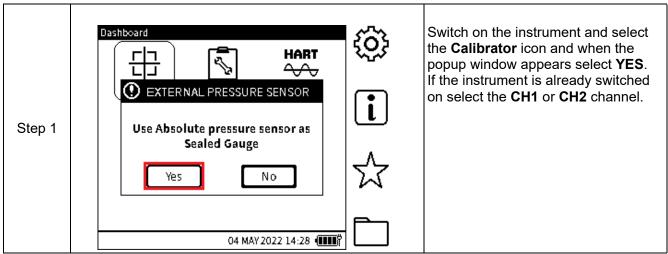
#### 6.2.3.5 Sealed Gauge Pressure Range

Hydraulic variants with internal or external absolute pressure sensors up to 10 bar and above, can use an atmospheric reading to convert the sensor reading to gauge by taring the atmospheric pressure value. This sensor mode is referred to as 'Sealed Gauge'. When a supported absolute pressure sensor is connected and detected and the pressure function is configured on either channel, a pop-up window is displayed giving the option to use the sensor in absolute or sealed gauge mode.

## How to configure an External Sensor as a Sealed Gauge

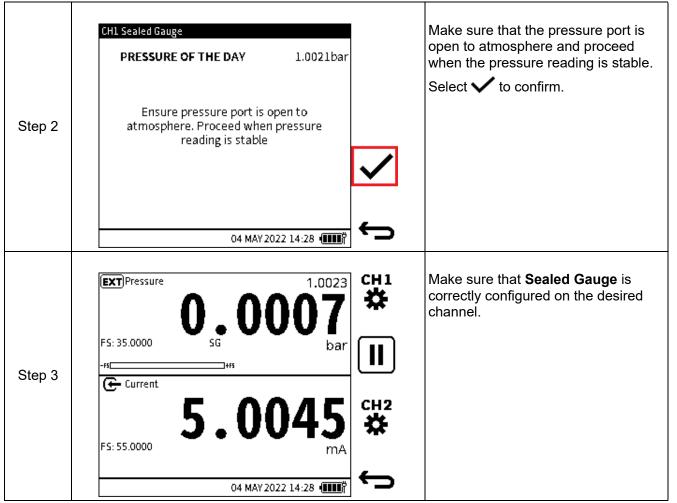


The **EXT** Pressure function must be configured in one of the channels and you need to go into Calibrator to trigger this popup message.





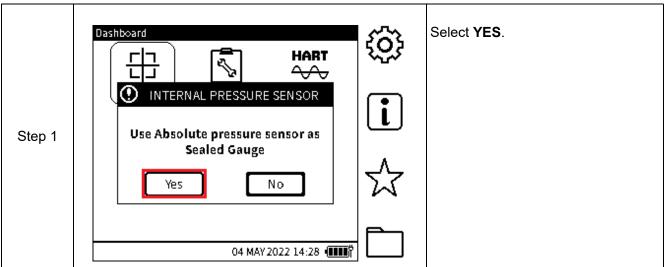
**INFORMATION** If NO is selected, the sensor will be used in its native form - as an Absolute pressure sensor.



## How to configure an Internal Sensor as a Sealed Gauge

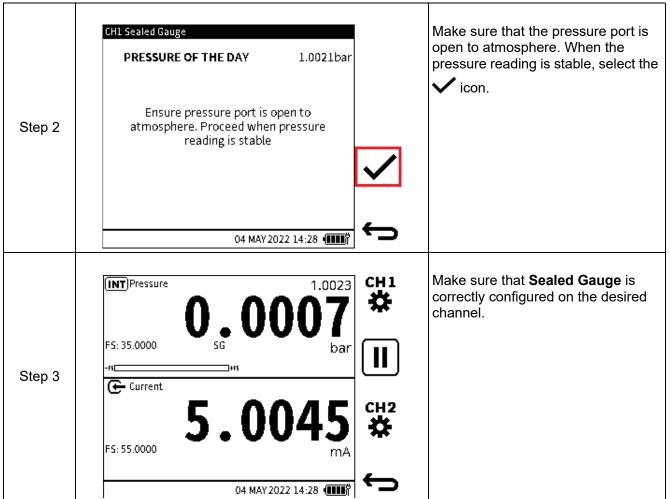


**INFORMATION** The INT Pressure function must be configured in one of the channels and you need to go into Calibrator to trigger this popup message.





**INFORMATION** If NO is selected the sensor will be used in its native form - an Absolute pressure sensor.



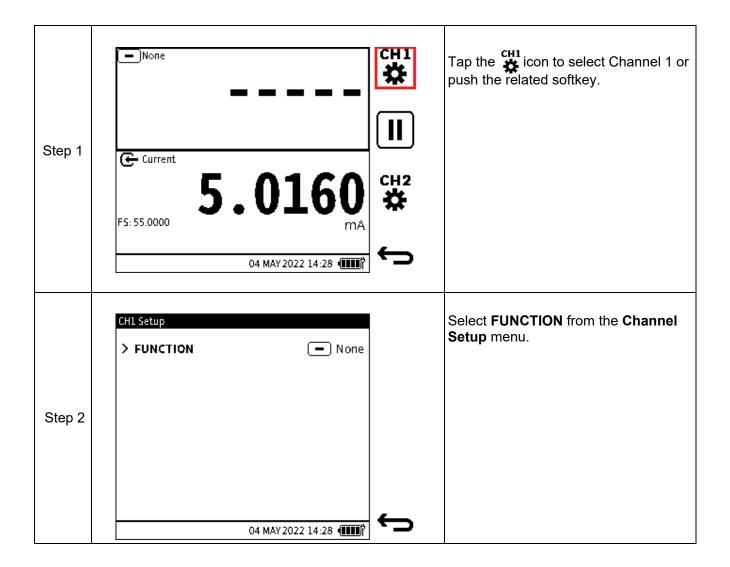
#### 6.2.4 Sum

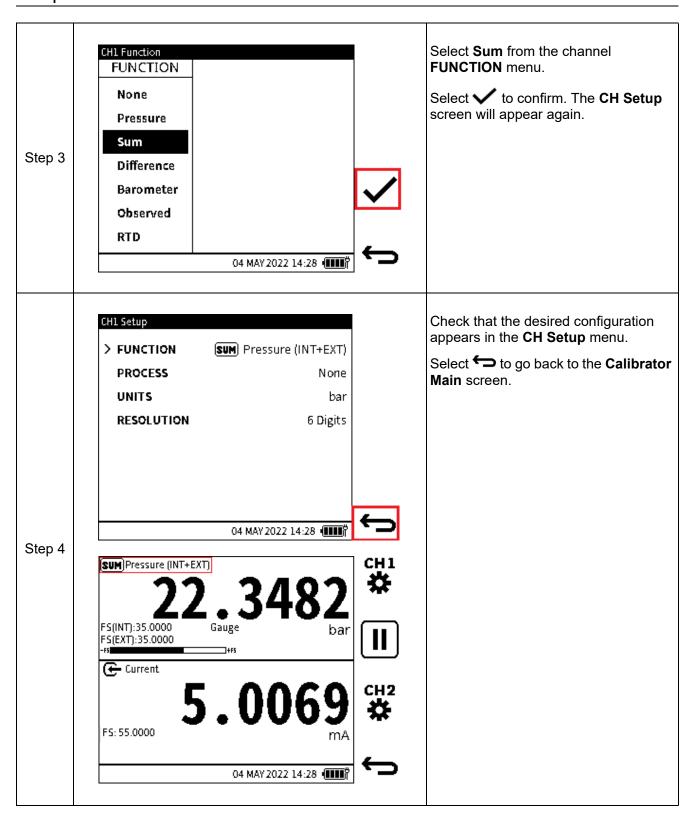
**Sum** is a pressure related function which allows the internal pressure reading from the instrument to be combined with the pressure reading from an external sensor. An external pressure sensor must be connected to see the resulting reading on the **Calibrator Main** screen.

The **SUM** function is only available on **CH1**. If the **SUM** function is selected on **CH1**, the **INT** Pressure function or **EXT** Pressure function cannot be configured on **CH2**.

**Note:** Care should be taken, when both sensors are not gauge, to make sure the contribution from atmospheric pressure has been considered.

To configure a pressure measurement reading using the **Sum** function:



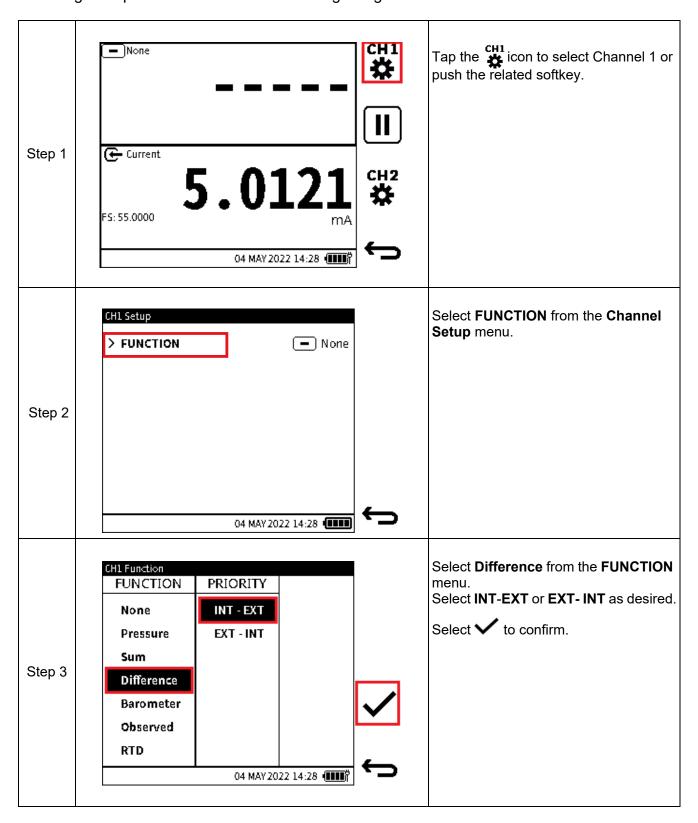


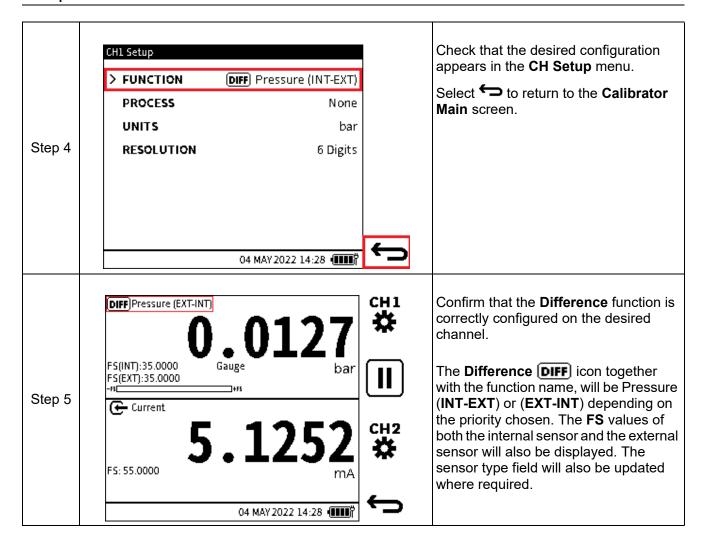
#### 6.2.5 Difference

Difference is a pressure related function: this allows the difference between the internal pressure sensor reading and the external pressure sensor reading to appear on the calibrator task screen. An external pressure sensor must be connected to see the resulting pressure reading.

**Note:** Be careful when both sensors are not the same type (absolute/gauge), to make sure to compensate for the contribution from atmospheric pressure.

To configure a pressure measurement reading using the **Difference** function:

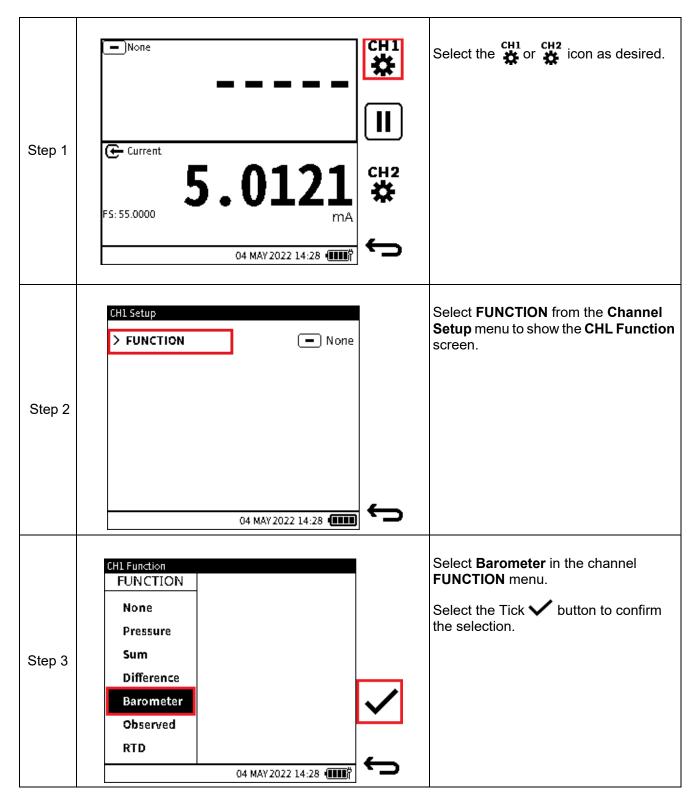




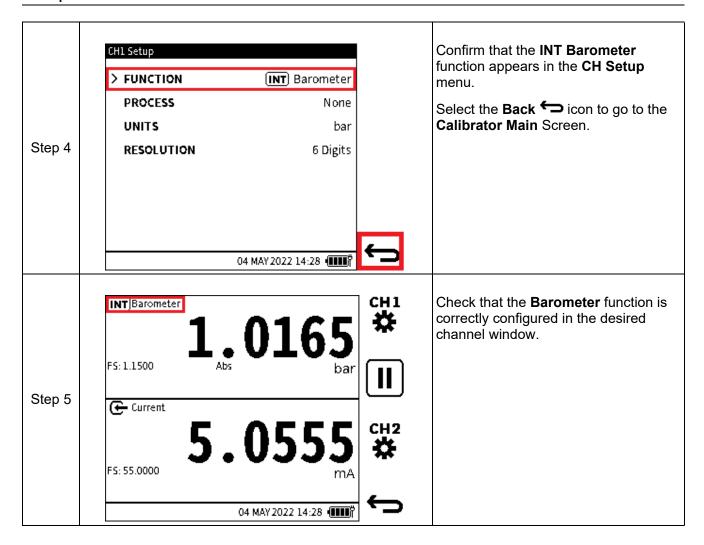
#### 6.2.6 Barometer

The internal Barometer can measure a range of 750 to 1150 mbar. The **Barometer** function allows the measured atmospheric pressure to be displayed on the **Calibrator Main** reading screen as a primary reading. The internal barometer is only available in the pneumatic variant.

To configure a pressure measurement reading using the Barometer function:



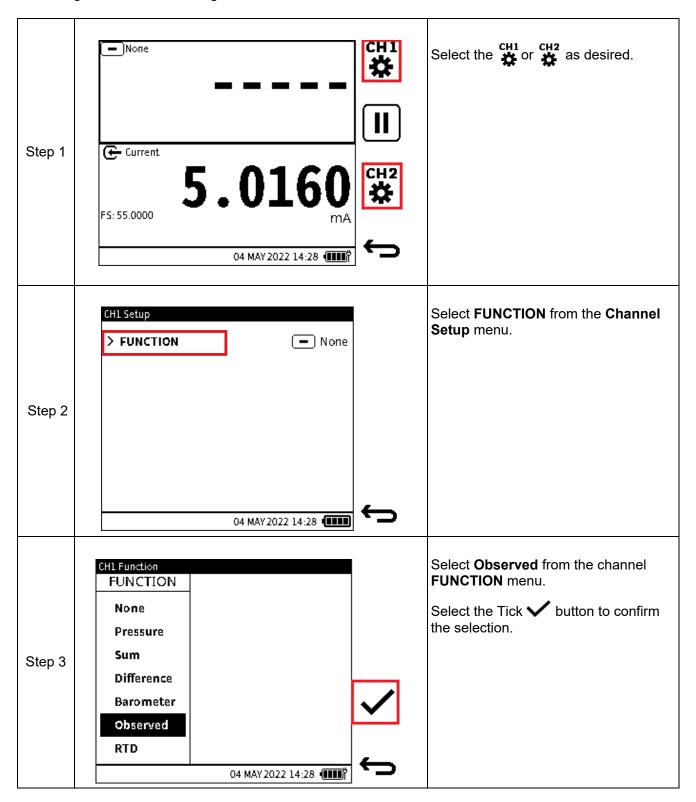
# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks

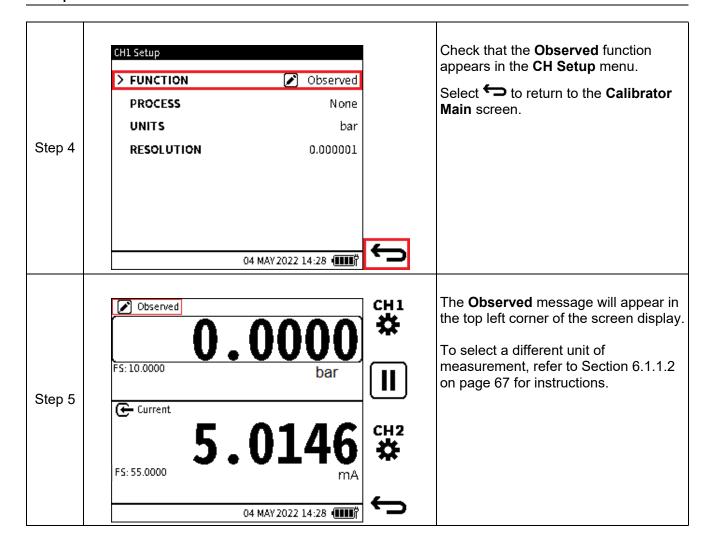


#### 6.2.7 Observed

The **Observed** function is a non-measured function and has a range of +/- 999999.9. It allows manual entry of an observed reading from an external measuring and indicating device. It is often used in conjunction with a second measured function on another channel to record the relationship between the two readings.

To configure a channel using the **Observed** function:





#### 6.2.8 RTD

The RTD function enables temperature or resistance measurements to be on the **Calibrator** main reading screen as a primary reading when the RTD-Probe is connected to the DPI 610E via the RTD-Interface (or RTD-Interface-IS).

When the RTD-Interface connection is detected, the sensor icon is shown in the status bar and the "Connected" text briefly appears, to confirm successful connection. Upon disconnection, the sensor icon will disappear and the "Disconnected" text briefly appears, to confirm the connection has been lost.

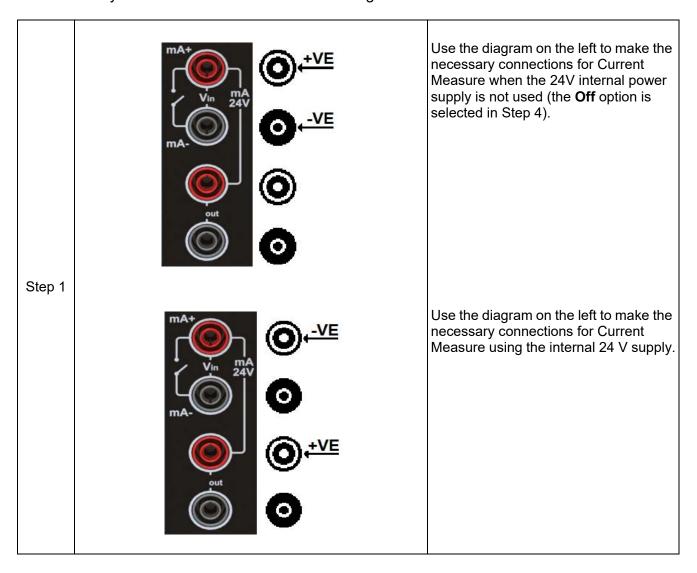
#### 6.2.9 Current

The current measurement range: +/- 55 mA.

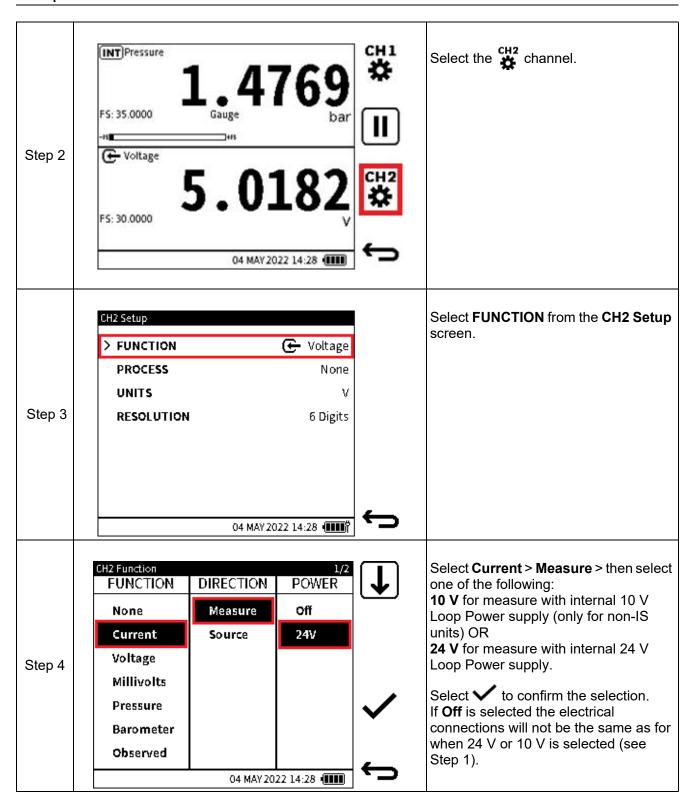
The DPI 610E can measure or source electrical current expressed in milliamps (mA). Only **CH2** can do this. When using the **CH2 Current** function, there is the additional option to use the internal 10 V (non-IS instruments only) or 24 V power supply provided by DPI 610E or to use an external power supply for the device under test.

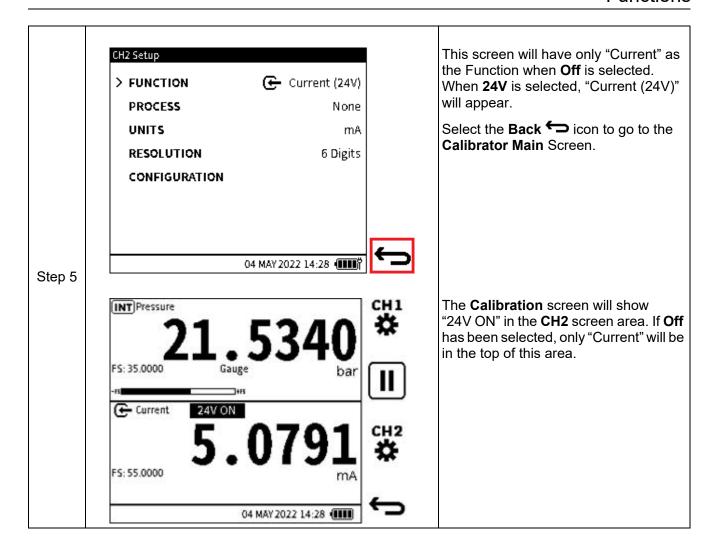
#### 6.2.9.1 Current Measure

It is necessary to use the correct terminals to configure the **Current Measure** function:



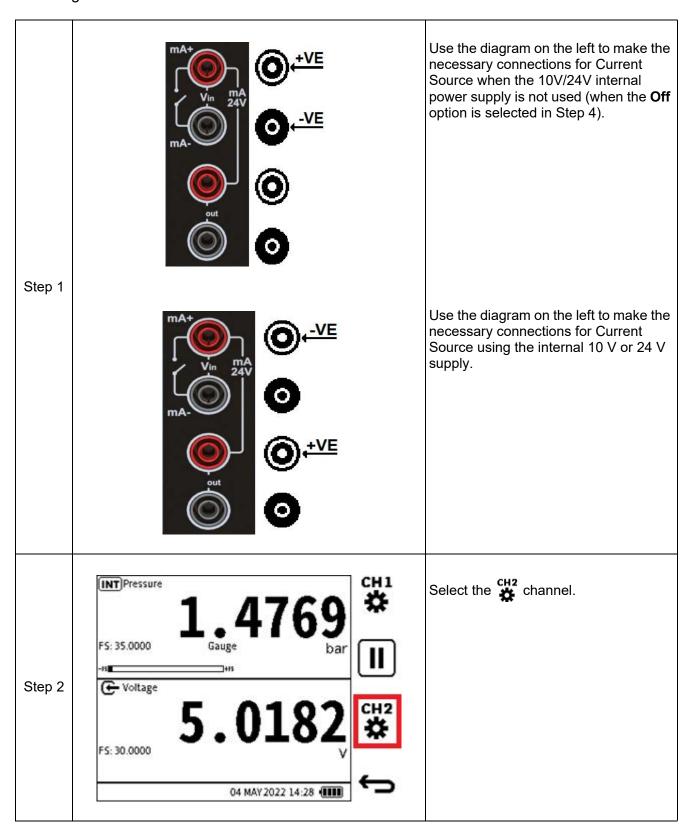
# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks

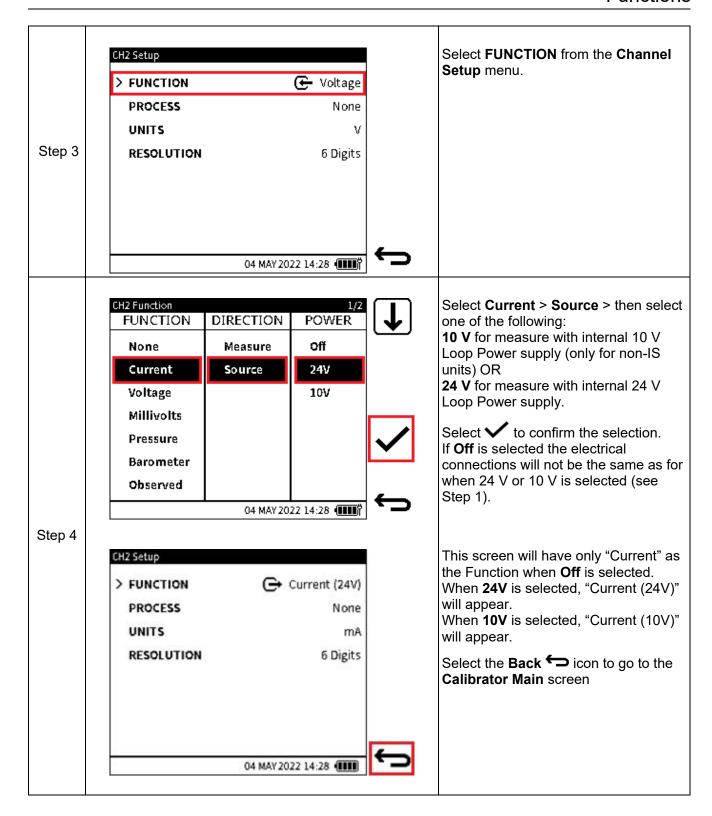




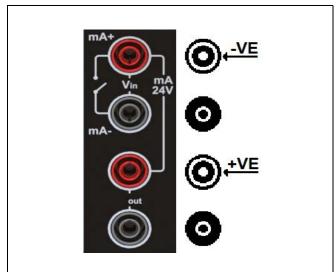
#### 6.2.9.2 Current Source

To configure the **Current Source** function:



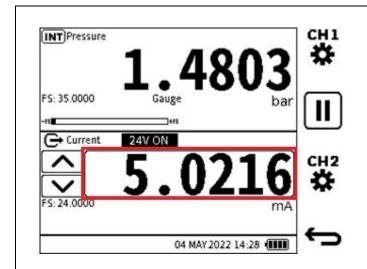


# **Direct Input of Current Value**



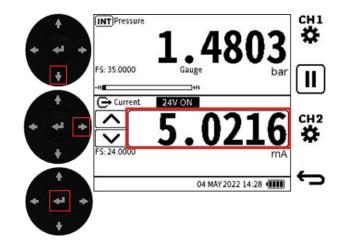
The DPI 610E can provide electrical current accurately within the 0 to 24 mA range. The diagram on the left shows the terminal connections for this configuration.

You can directly input the current value to be sourced. The Touchscreen or the Navigation Pad can then be used to input this current value:



# Use the Touchscreen to set the source current

Tap in the **Current Value** field. Enter the required current source value using the **UP/DOWN** arrow icons on the left of the field.



# Use the Navigation Pad to set the source current

Press the **DOWN** button to select the **CH2** window area.

Press the **RIGHT** button until the source value is outlined in bold.

Press the **OK** (Enter) button to show the source value entry screen. Enter the new value using the onscreen keyboard, and press the **Tick** 

softkey to confirm.

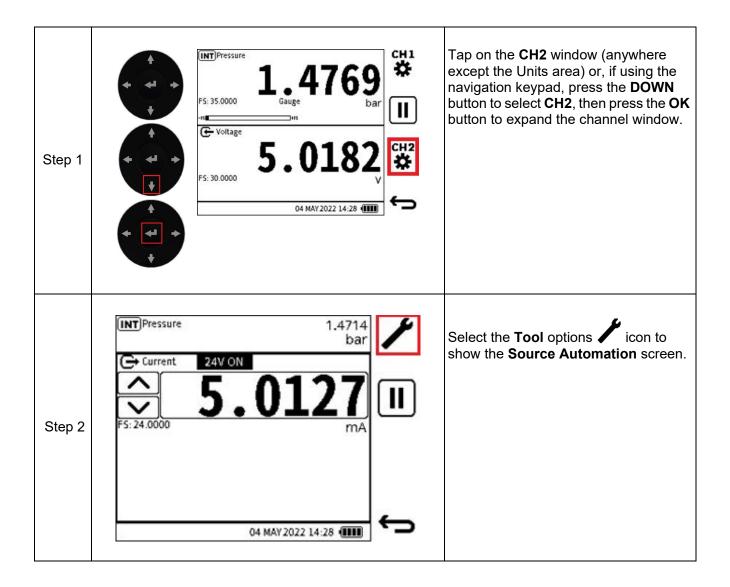
**INFORMATION** Once a target current source value is set, the displayed value will start to flash on the main reading screen. Once the setpoint has been reached, the source value will stop flashing and remain steady.

## **Source Automation Options**

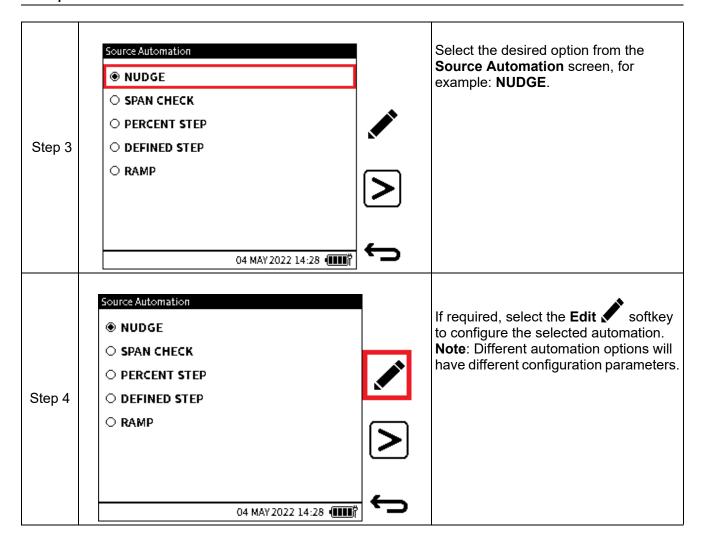
The other methods to set the current source output are:

- Nudge (manual)
- 2. Span Check (manual or automated)
- 3. Percent Step (manual or automated)
- 4. Defined Step (manual or automated)
- 5. Ramp (automated).

These methods are explained in this chapter, however, the Configuration Options must first be set before these methods can be used. Make sure the type of test has been selected (See Section 3.2 on page 44), to make available the required screens.

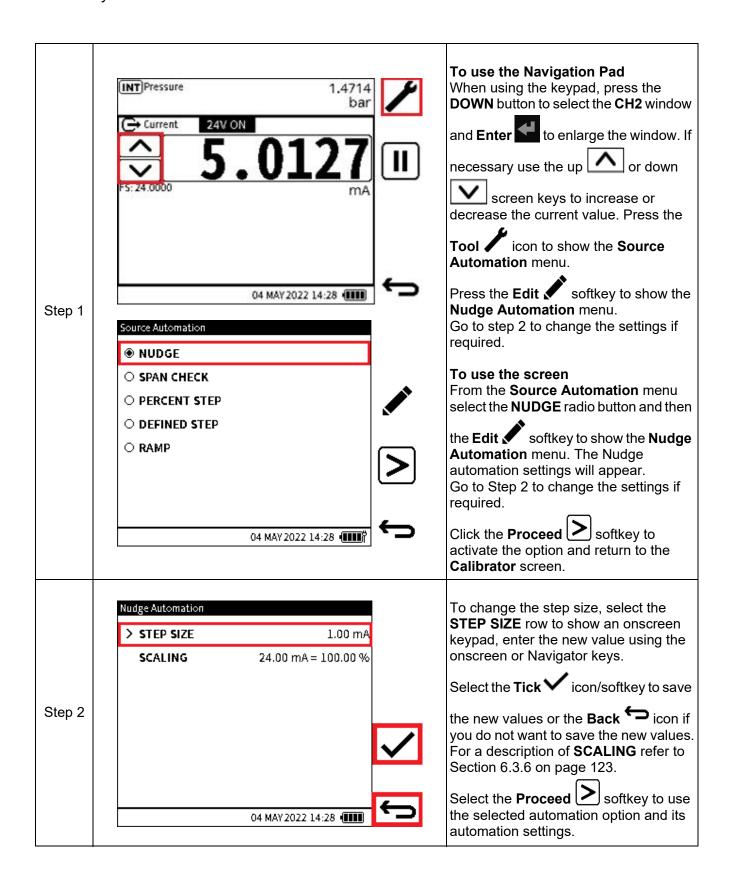


# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks



#### 1. NUDGE

This is the default **Source Automation** option. It allows the source value to be incremented or decremented by a defined step size value. This can be achieved in the current source channel window by:

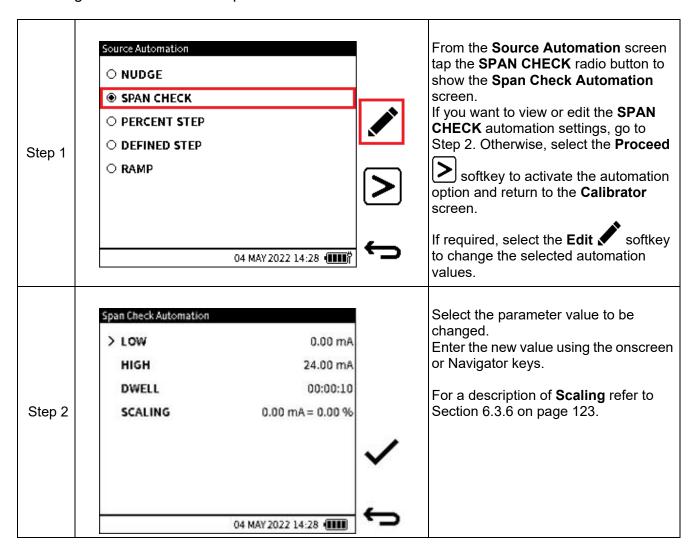


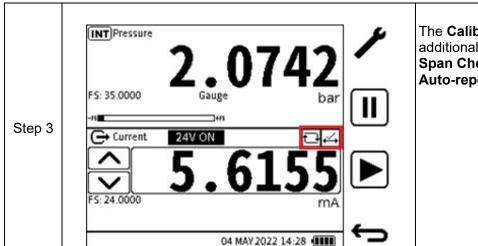
#### 2. SPAN CHECK

Span Check is normally used to check the span of a device under test by providing the minimum current output corresponding to the device's zero or negative full-scale, and the maximum current output corresponding to the positive full-scale of the device under test. For most current output devices, this minimum and maximum values are 4 and 20 mA respectively. These are the default values for the Span Check automation.

The **SPAN CHECK** function allows a 2-point span check. **LOW** (minimum) and **HIGH** (maximum) span values can be set. The **DWELL** time is the interval to wait at each Span Point before changing to the other span point and vice versa.

To change the **LOW** or **HIGH** span values or the **DWELL** time:





The **Calibrator** screen will have two additional icons indicating that the **Span Check** mode is active, and the **Auto-repeat** operation is available.

**LOW** value - is the first current source value to be set using this option.

**HIGH** value - is the maximum current source value set-point using this option.

**DWELL** - the time interval which can be set to wait at the low value before changing to the high value and vice versa.

SCALING - refer to Section 6.3.6 on page 123 for a description of the use of Scaling.

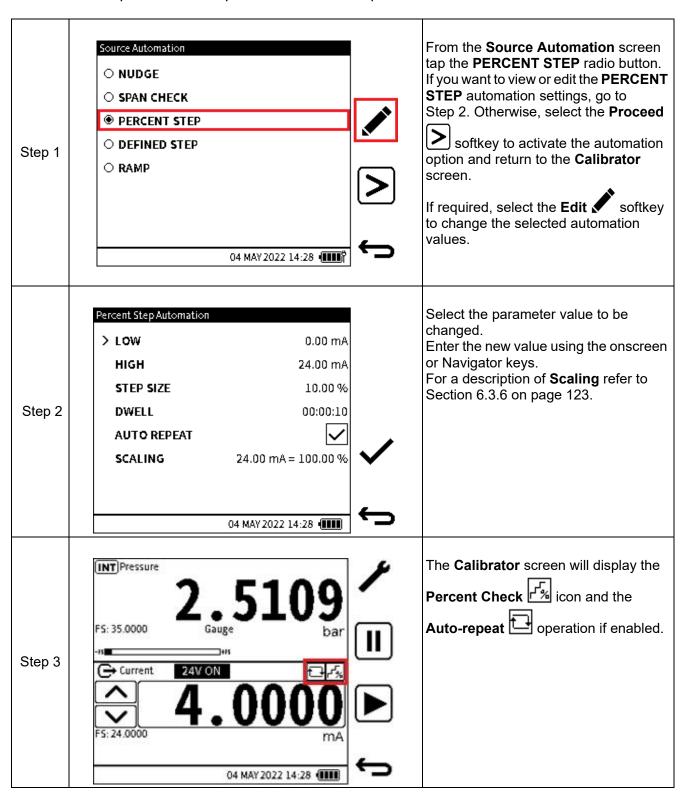
After selection of **Span Check** automation, the **Span Check** icon appears at the top right of the **CH2** window in the calibrator screen.

The Span check can be done manually by using the **UP** and **DOWN** nudge buttons to switch between the **LOW** and **HIGH** source values. It can also be automated by pressing the automation **Play** softkey.

The Auto-repeat icon also appears next to the Span Check automation icon, as the Span Check cycle is automatically repeated when using the automation Play softkey, until manually stopped. To stop the automation at any time, press the Cancel softkey.

#### 3. PERCENT STEP

The **PERCENT STEP** function allows the source value to be incremented in steps that correspond to a set percentage of the span. The **LOW**, **HIGH** and **STEP SIZE** value can be set as well as the option to auto-repeat this automation process.



**LOW** value - is the first current source value to be set using this option. **HIGH** value - is the maximum current source value set-point using this option. **STEP SIZE** value - is the magnitude of each step increment or decrement. When using this option, it is expressed as a percentage. The resulting mA step size will be based on the step size percentage of the **LOW** and **HIGH** value.

**DWELL** - time interval which can be set to wait at each set-point value before changing to the next value.

**AUTO-REPEAT** - the tickbox option which allows the automation cycle to be repeated indefinitely until manually stopped.

**SCALING** - refer to Section 6.3.6 on page 123 for a description of the use of Scaling.

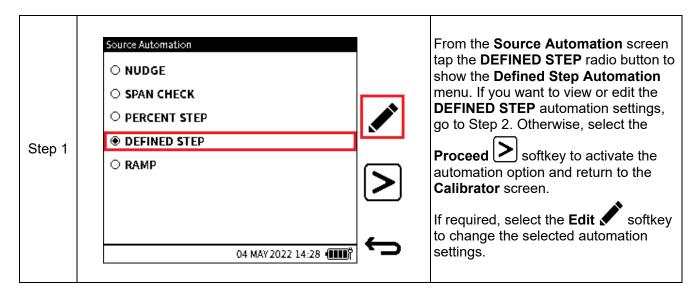
When selected, the **Percent Step** icon appears at the top right of the **CH2** window in the calibrator screen.

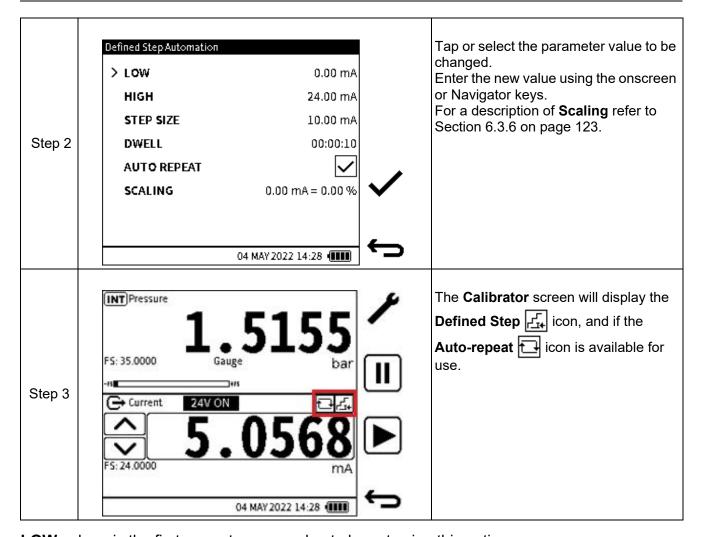
The **Percent Step** sequence can be done manually by using the **UP** and **DOWN** nudge buttons to increase and decrease the source values. It can also be automated by pressing the automation **Play** softkey.

If selected in the configuration, the **Auto-repeat** icon appears next to the **Percent Step** automation icon. The automation cycle is automatically repeated until manually stopped. To stop the automation at any time, press the **Cancel** softkey.

#### 4. DEFINED STEP

The **DEFINED STEP** function allows incremental source values using a defined step size within the span limits. The **LOW**, **HIGH** and **STEP SIZE** value can be set as well as the option to auto-repeat the automation process.





**LOW** value - is the first current source value to be set using this option.

**HIGH** value - is the maximum current source value set-point using this option.

**STEP SIZE** value - is the magnitude of each step increment or decrement. When using this option, it is expressed as mA.

**DWELL** - time interval which can be set to pause or wait at each set-point value before changing to the next value.

**AUTO-REPEAT** - the tickbox option which allows the automation cycle to be repeated indefinitely until manually stopped.

When selected, the **Defined Step** icon appears at the top right of the **CH2** window in the Calibrator screen.

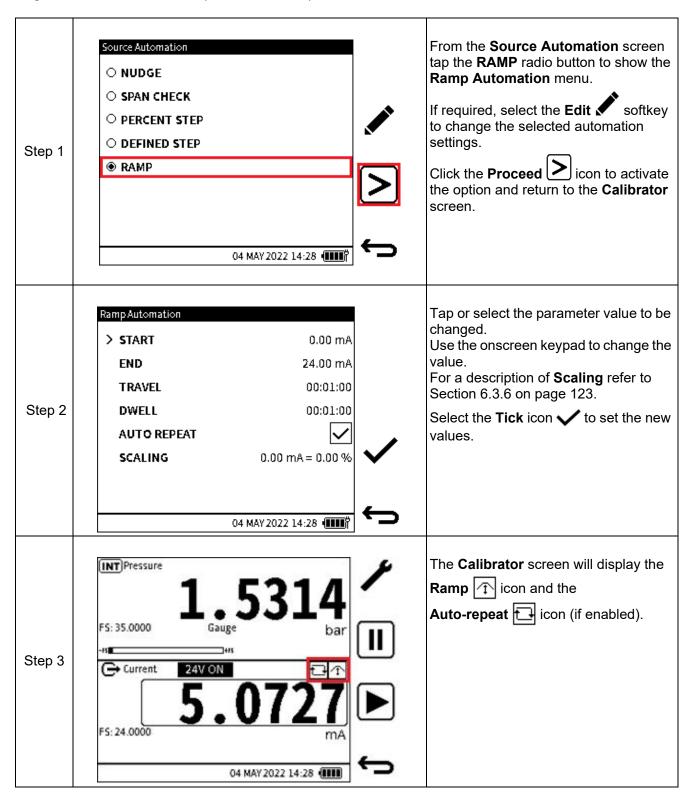
The **Defined Step** sequence can be done manually by using the **UP** and **DOWN** nudge buttons to increment and decrement the source values. It can also be automated by pressing the automation **Play** softkey.

If selected in the configuration, the **Auto-repeat** icon appears next to the **Defined Step** automation icon. The automation cycle is automatically repeated until manually stopped.

To stop the automation at any time, press the **Cancel** softkey.

#### 5. RAMP

The **RAMP** function allows the source value to be automatically incremented from a defined **START** value to a defined **END** value within a specified time period in both increasing and decreasing direction. The **TRAVEL** time can be set to define the period of time it takes the value to go from **START** to **END** (and vice versa).



**START** value - is the first current source value to be set using this option.

**END** value - is the maximum current source value set-point using this option.

# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks

value. This automatically calculates the required step size to be used to achieve the travel time. **DWELL** - time interval which can be set to pause or wait at the end of each direction or travel before changing to the opposite direction of travel. **AUTO-REPEAT** - the tickbox option that allows the automation cycle to be repeated indefinitely until manually stopped.

When selected, the **Ramp** icon appears at the top right of the **CH2** window in the **Calibrator** screen.

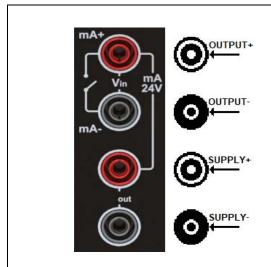
The Ramp sequence is not manual and hence the **UP** and **DOWN** nudge buttons are not usable with this option. It is automated by pressing the automation **Play** softkey.

If selected in the configuration, the **Auto-repeat** icon appears next to the **Ramp** automation icon. The automation cycle is automatically repeated until manually stopped.

To stop the automation at any time, press the **Cancel** | softkey.

TRAVEL - time required for the current source value to ramp from the START value to the END

## 6.2.10 Voltage



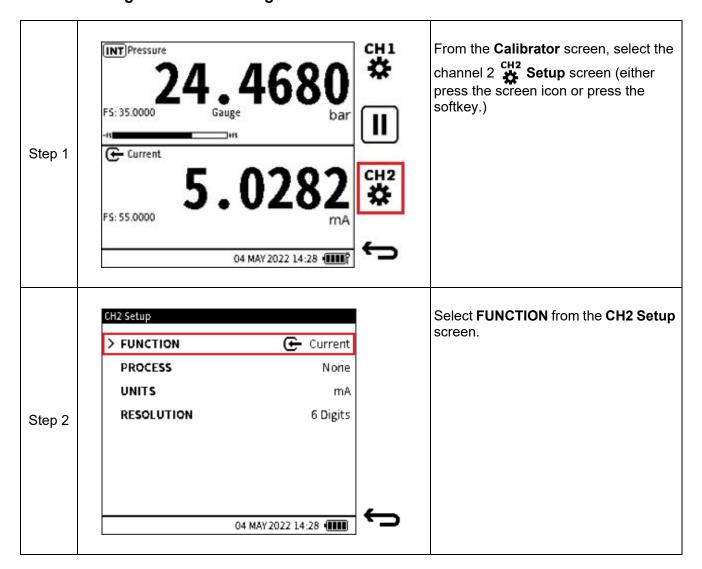
For the DPI 610E instrument voltage is measured in Volts (V) or milliVolts (mV) and is a function of **CH2** only. When the **Voltage** function is selected, the **Direction** is automatically set to **Measure**, as the Source option is not supported by the DPI 610E.

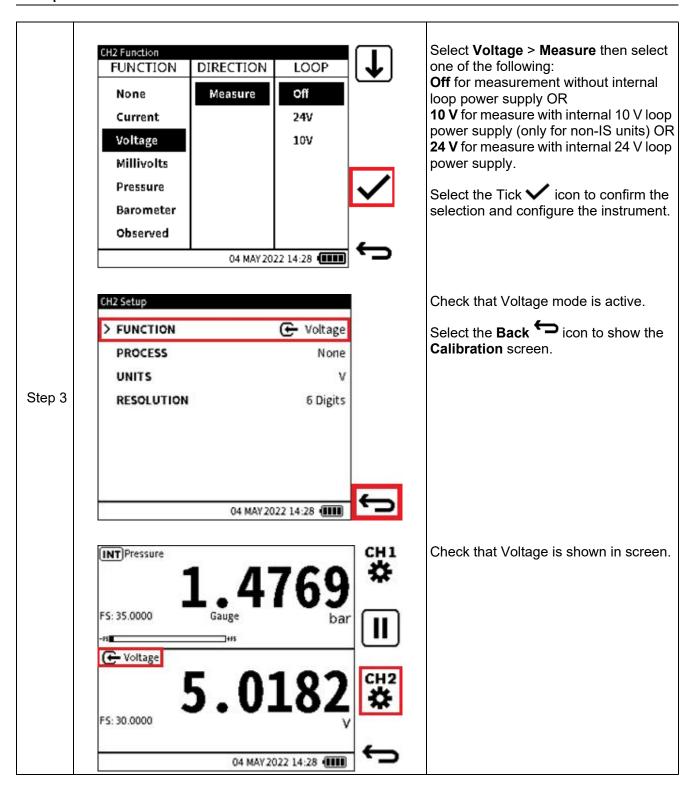
The supported voltage range is -30 V to 30 V.

When using the **Voltage** function, there is the additional option to use the internal 10 V (non-IS units only) or 24 V power supply provided by DPI 610E or to measurement of the voltage input from a source that is powered external to the unit.

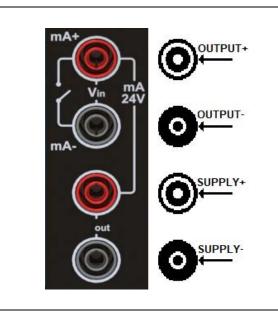
Terminal connections for measurement of voltage are shown in the diagram on the left.

## 6.2.10.1 Voltage Measure - Configuration



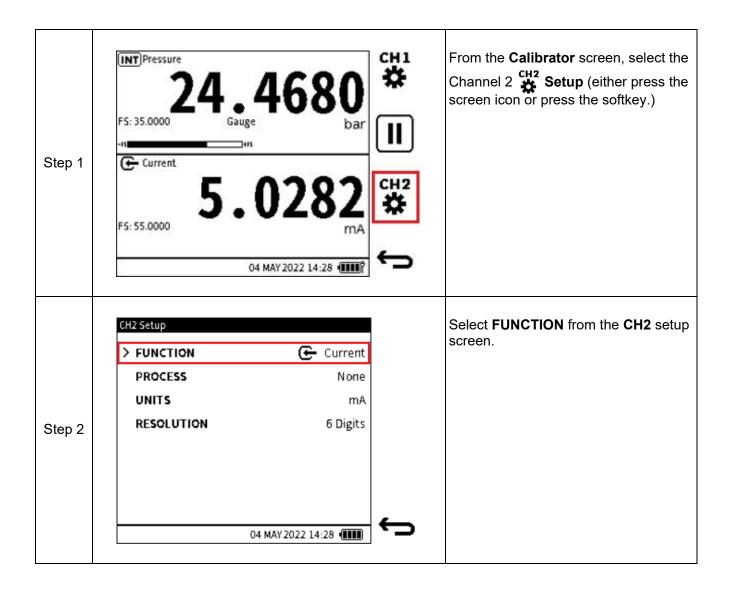


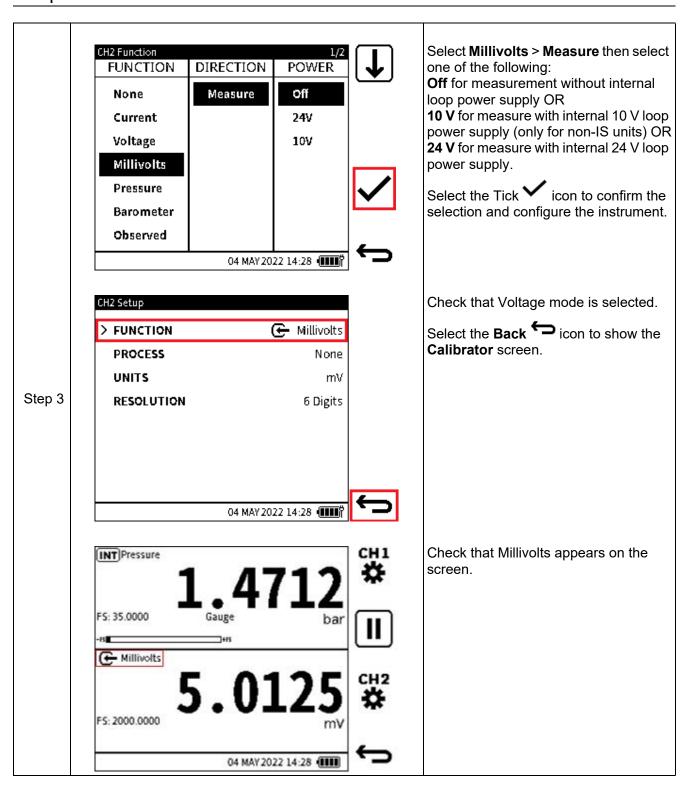
## 6.2.11 Millivolts Measure - Configuration



Voltage can also be measured in millivolts (mV) and is a function of **CH2** only. When the **Millivolts** function is selected, the **Direction** is automatically set to **Measure** as the Source option is not supported by the DPI 610E. The supported millivolts range is -2000 mV to 2000 mV. When using the **Millivolts** function, there is the additional option to use the internal 10 V (non-IS units only) or 24 V power supply provided by DPI 610E or to measure the millivolts input from a source that is powered external to the unit.

Terminal connections for measurement of millivolts are shown in the diagram on the left.





#### 6.2.12 HART

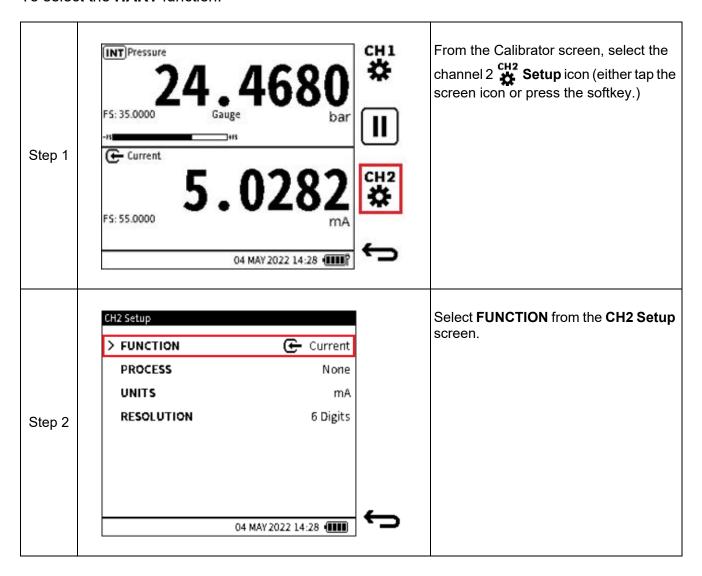
The DPI 610E can use the **HART** (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) communication protocol and allows basic HART operation and configuration on HART supported devices. The HART bi-directional communications technology works as a master/slave protocol. When the DPI 610E connects to the HART device, the DPI 610E acts as the master and the HART device, the slave. The DPI 610E supports commonly used functions from the Universal and Common Practice commands specified in HART revision 5, 6 and 7. (See more about HART in Chapter 12 on page 230).

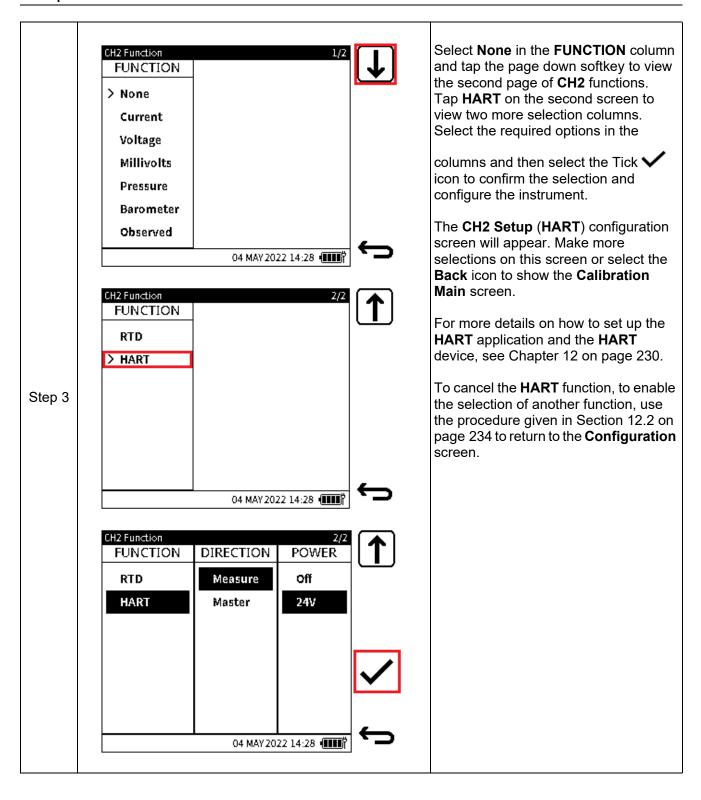
The HART function is only available on **CH2**. As it utilizes the current loop signal for its communication, the DPI 610E can provide 10 V/24 V loop power supply to the HART device if required.

The DPI 610E also offers an optional 250-ohm resistor that provides the voltage drop required for the HART communication when an external HART resistor is not available.

The HART resistor can be enabled (and disabled) from the CH2 Setup window.

### To select the **HART** function:





# **6.3 Process Options**

### 6.3.1 Tare

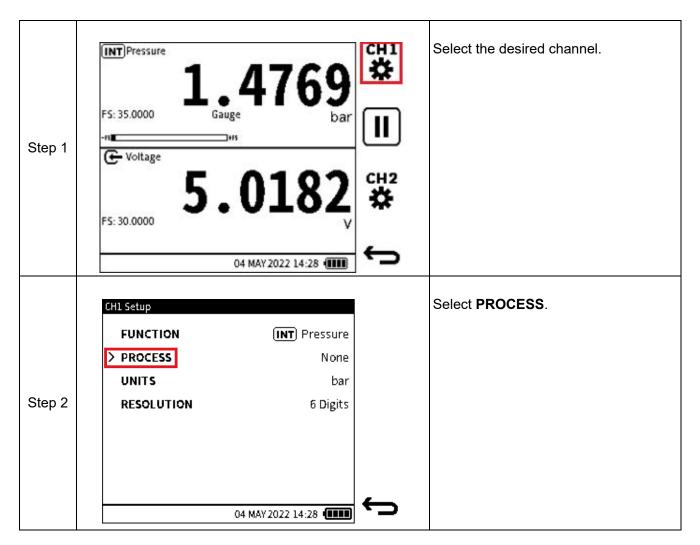
The Tare function is used to set the channel readings to a temporary zero. When Tare is active, the primary reading value is deducted from subsequent reading values until Tare is disabled. The initial reading will be approximately zero. The use of the Tare function therefore makes clear any difference in new measured values.

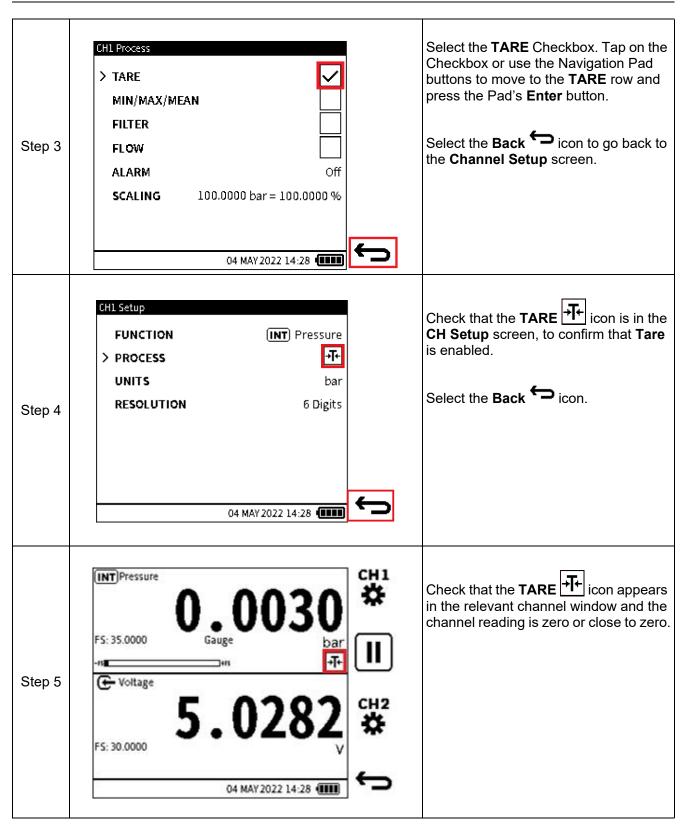
For example, if the reading from the internal pressure sensor is 21.4985 bar at the time Tare is enabled, the reading becomes approximately 0.000 as the value 21.4985 is captured and subtracted from true reading and the resulting value is then displayed. Whenever Tare is active,

the Tare symbol will appear in the relevant channel window to indicate it is in operation.

Note: Tare is only available for Measure functions except for Barometer and HART.

To enable the Tare function:







**INFORMATION** When Tare is disabled, the primary reading returns to displaying the true measured value.

### 6.3.2 Min/Max/Mean

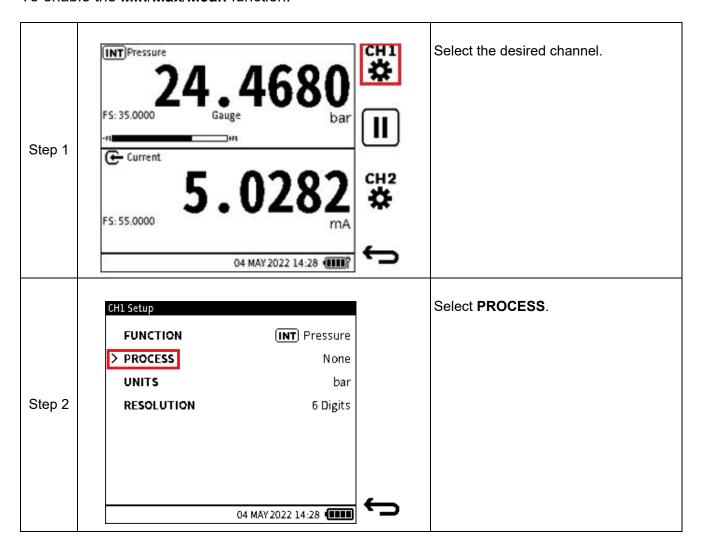
The **Min/Max/Mean** function provides the minimum, maximum and average of the primary reading from the time it is enabled. It is continuously updated as the reading values change and

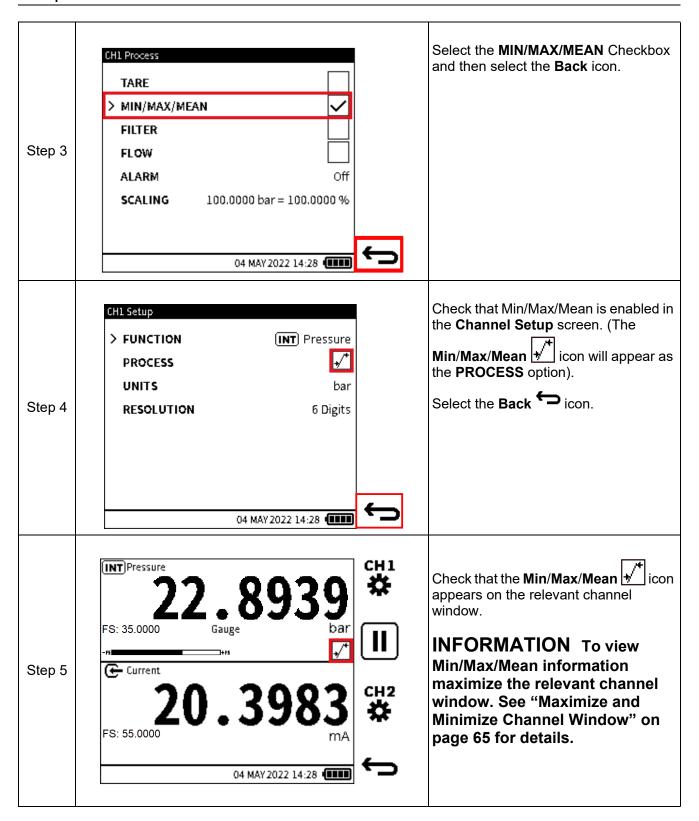
is displayed in addition to the live primary reading. When enabled, the **Min/Max/Mean** status icon is displayed. The relevant channel will need to be expanded to view the additional information (refer to "Maximize and Minimize Channel Window" on page 65 for how to expand the window).

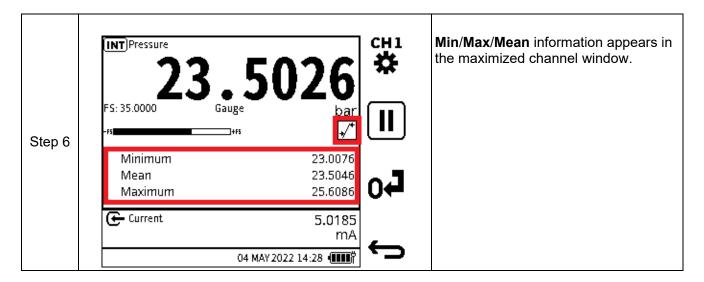


**INFORMATION** The Min/Max/Mean function is only applicable to Measure functions with the exception of HART.

To enable the Min/Max/Mean function:







### 6.3.3 Filter

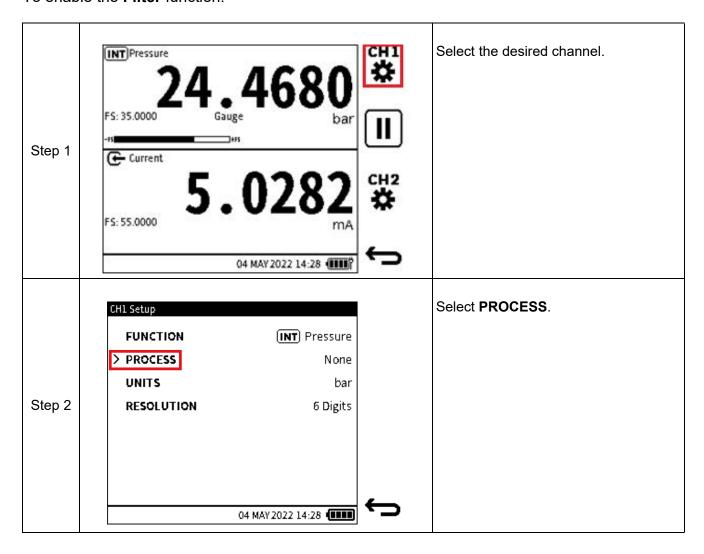
The **Filter** function allows a low pass band filter to be applied to the channel readings. The purpose of this filter is to achieve a more stable measurement reading over a noisy signal.

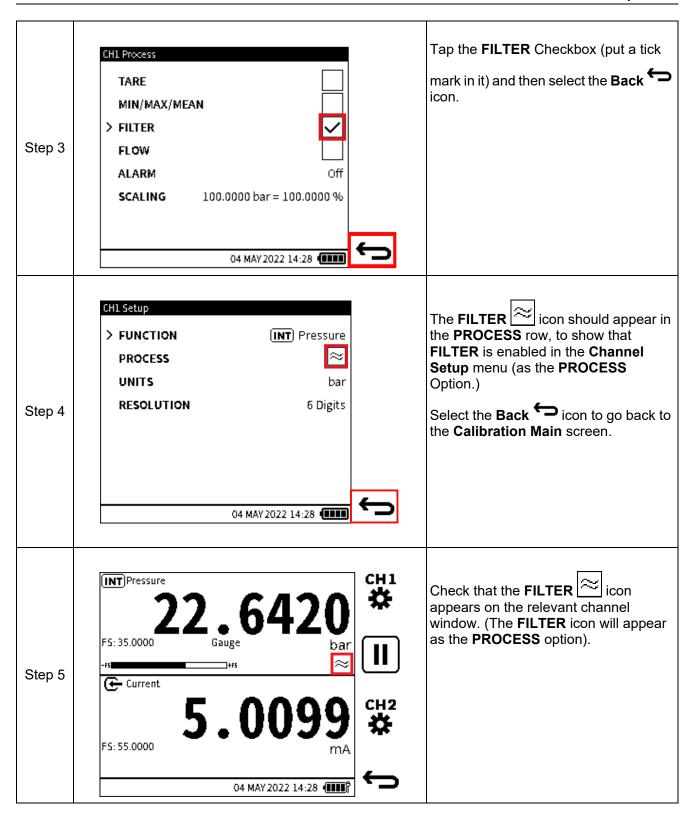


**INFORMATION** The Filter function can be applied on all functions except HART.

When the **Filter** process option is in enabled, the **Filter** status icon is displayed in the relevant channel

To enable the **Filter** function:





### 6.3.4 Flow

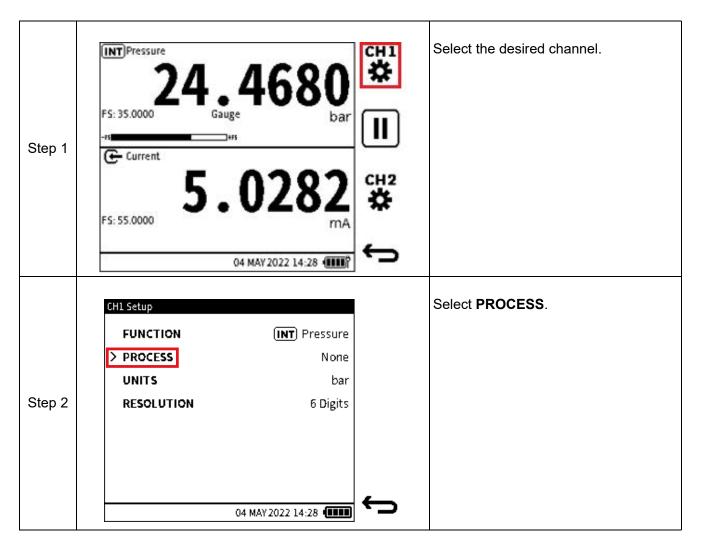
The **Flow** function enables the square root of the measured pressure value to appear as the primary reading.

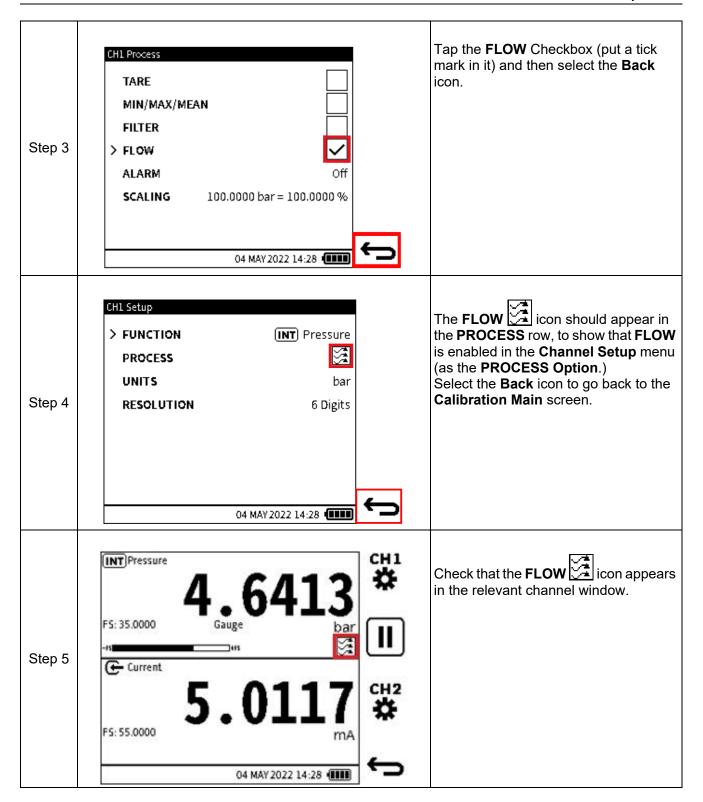


**INFORMATION** The Flow process option is only supported by pressure functions i.e. Internal Pressure, External Pressure, Sum and Difference.

When enabled the **Flow** status icon appears.

To enable the Flow function:





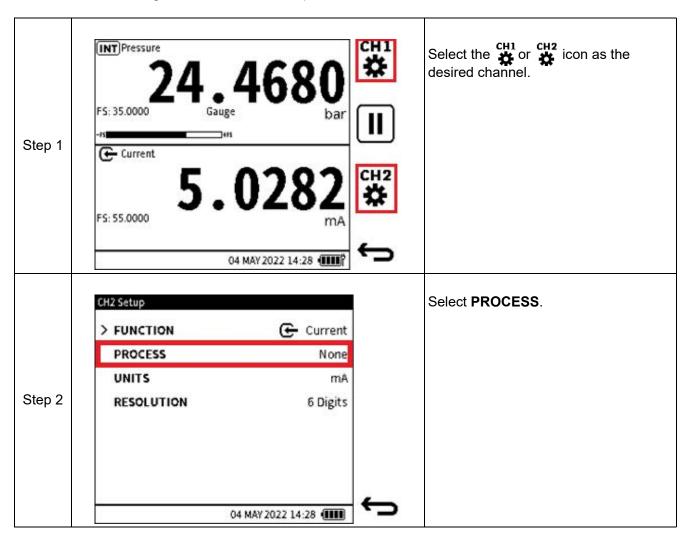
### 6.3.5 Alarm

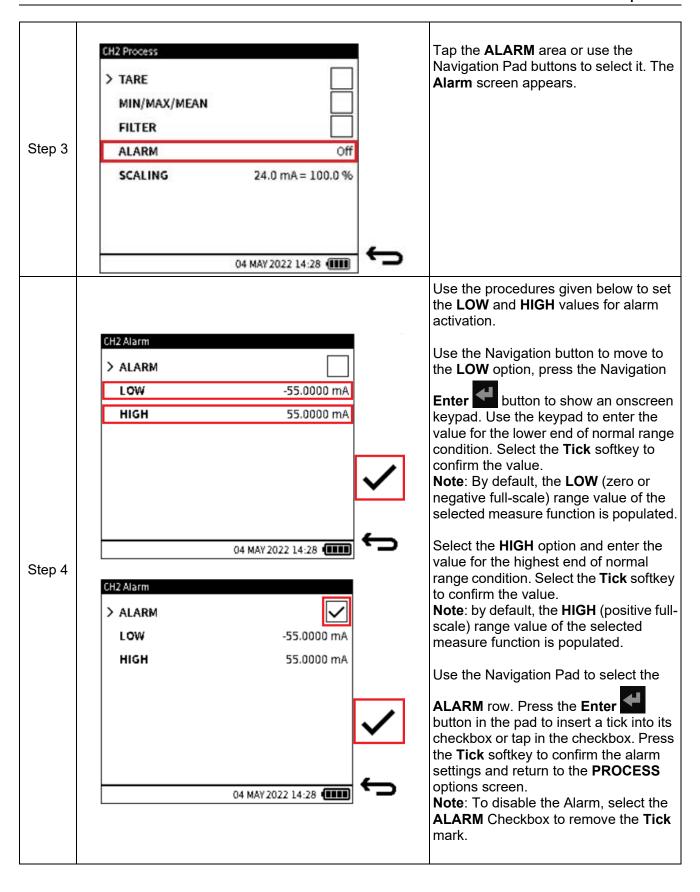
This process option provides a visual indication of when a user-set alarm limit is exceeded.

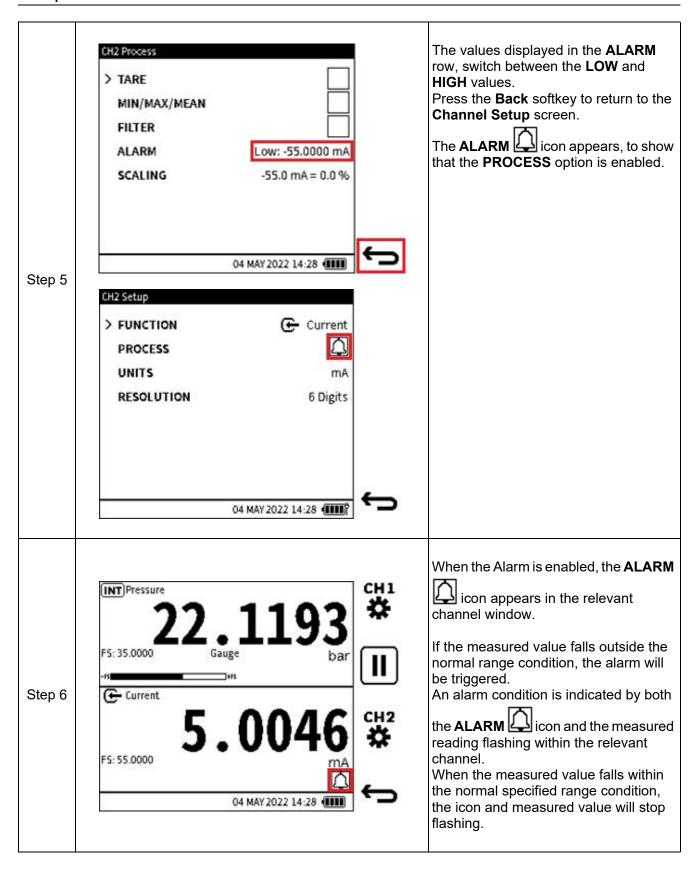


**INFORMATION** The user Alarm option is available with all Measure functions except for Barometer and HART.

To enable and configure the user Alarm option:







### 6.3.6 Scaling

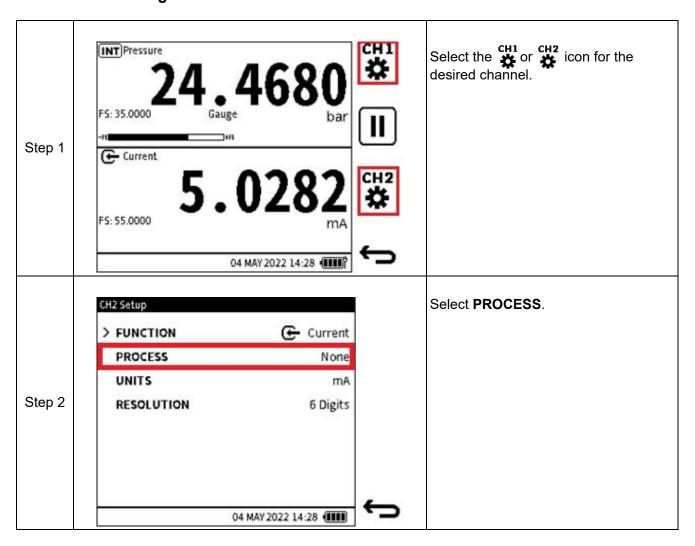
This process option provides a method of configuring custom measurement units, by the use of the original units of the Functions. Scaling provides two pairs of values that define the linear relationship between the original measurement unit and the configured custom unit.



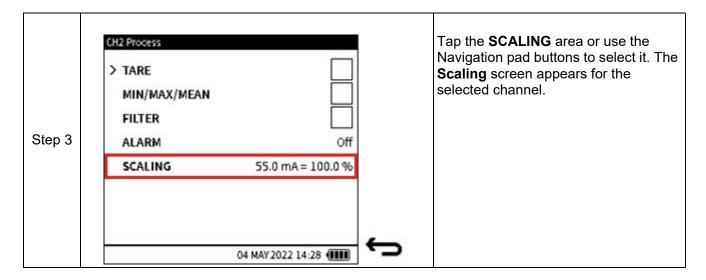
**INFORMATION** The Scaling option is available with all measure and source functions except for Observed and HART.

There are two methods to activate and configure the Scaling option.

## 6.3.6.1 First Scaling Method



# Chapter 6. Calibrator Tasks



OHEASURED VALUE 1 0.000mA

DISPLAYED VALUE 1 0.000%

MEASURED VALUE 2 24.000mA

DISPLAYED VALUE 2 100.000%

UNIT LABEL %

Step 4

Use the buttons on the Navigation Pad to move to the required row and press

the **Enter** button to show a screen keypad. Tap or use the Navigation

buttons (press the **Enter** button to enter each number) to select each keypad number. To confirm the complete number, press the **Tick** softkey.

**MEASURED VALUE 1**: a minimum value within the measurement/source range of the selected function. By default, this is populated as the zero or negative full-scale value of the measurement/source function.

**DISPLAYED VALUE 1**: a minimum value equivalent to the minimum measured value expressed as the custom unit. By default, the value populated is 0(%).

MEASURED VALUE 2: a maximum value within the measurement/source range of the selected function. By default, this is populated as the positive full-scale value of the measurement/source function.

**DISPLAYED VALUE 2**: a maximum value equivalent to the maximum measured value expressed as the custom unit. By default, the value populated is 100(%).

**UNIT LABEL**: this is a free text field where the custom unit can be named. It is limited to a maximum of six characters. The default custom unit label is "%".

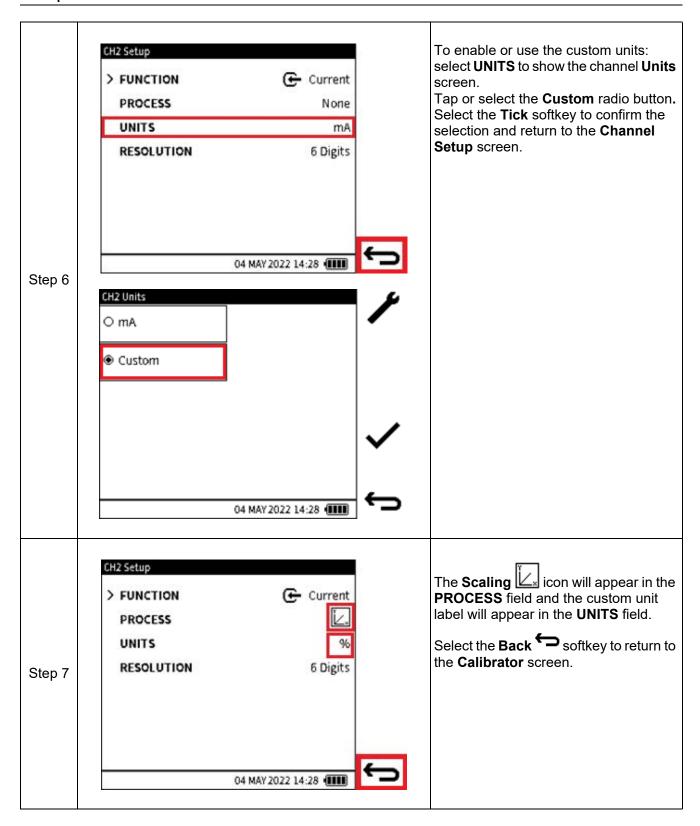
The custom label uses this relationship formula:

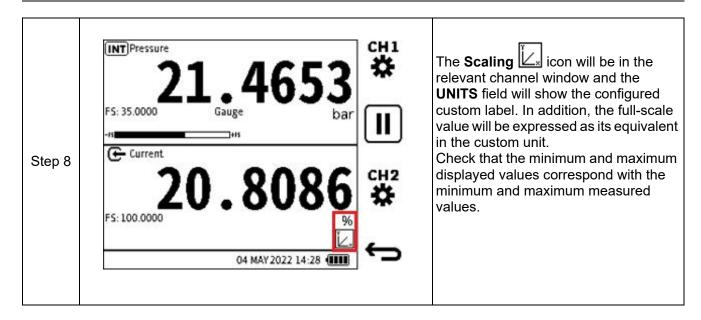
$$Displayed\ value_x = \frac{Displayed\ Value_2 - Displayed\ Value_1}{Measured\ Value_2\ -\ Measured\ Value_1} \times Measured\ Value_x$$

**Note**: The measured values are in the original units e.g. mA and displayed values are in the custom label units e.g. "%".

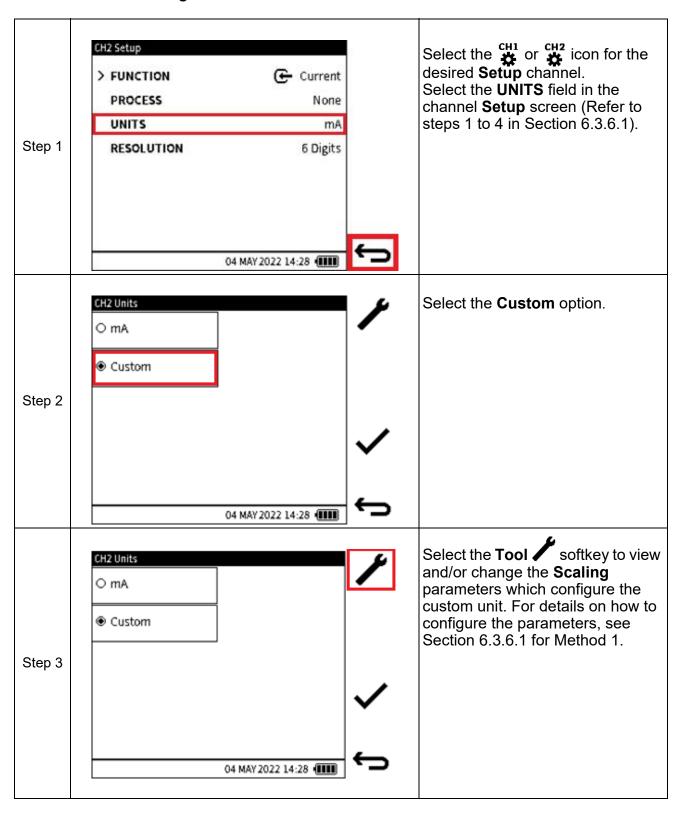
When the scaling parameters have been configured, select the **Tick** softkey to confirm the changes and return to the **PROCESS** screen. The updated **Channel Scaling** parameters appear in the **Scaling** fields.

Step 5 Press the **Back** button in the **Channel Process** screen to show the **Channel Setup** screen.





## 6.3.6.2 Second Scaling Method



# 7. Utilities

Pressure functions provide utilities or tests, which are:

- Leak Test
- Switch Test
- TX Simulator
- Relief Valve Test.

The **Tasks** menu gives access to these utilities. Only pressure measure functions are supported with a utility function.

When the Leak Test, Switch Test and Relief Valve Tests are done, there is the option to save the test results in the DPI 610E. These result files are in the CSV format and can be viewed when transferred to a PC (See Section 5.3.1 on page 56). As a result, the Data logging application does not support these tests.

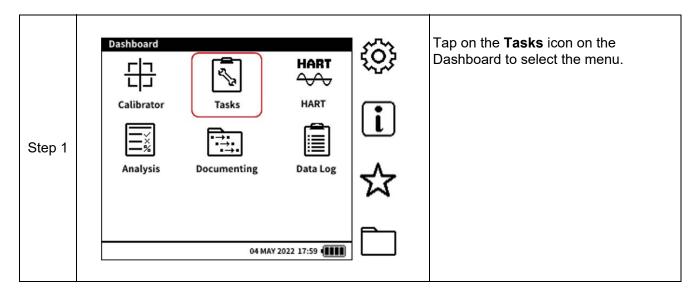
The Transmitter Simulation (TX SIM) utility is supported by Data logging.

## 7.1 Leak Test

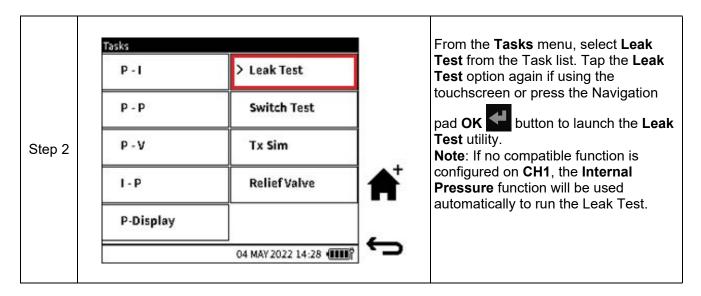
Leak Testing is usually done to make sure that the pressurised equipment or system and its associated components do not leak. When a Device Under Test (DUT) is connected to the DPI 610E pressure test port either directly or using hoses and auxiliary connections, it is good practice to check for any possible leaks before commencing calibration or any other tests.

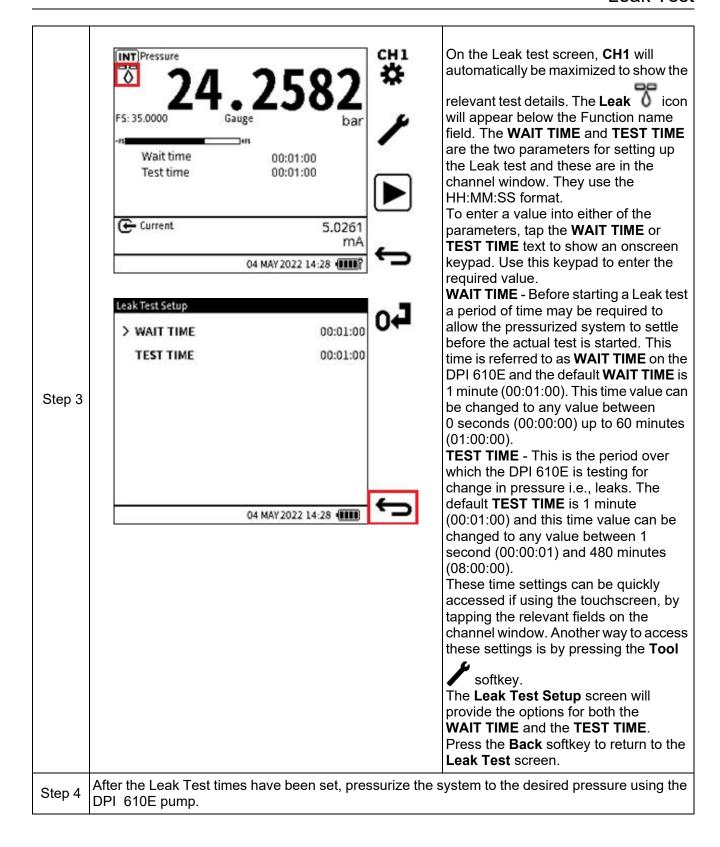
In a Leak Test, pressure (or vacuum) is applied to the system (typically not exceeding 10% of the sensor working pressure) and any change in this pressure is recorded over the duration of the test.

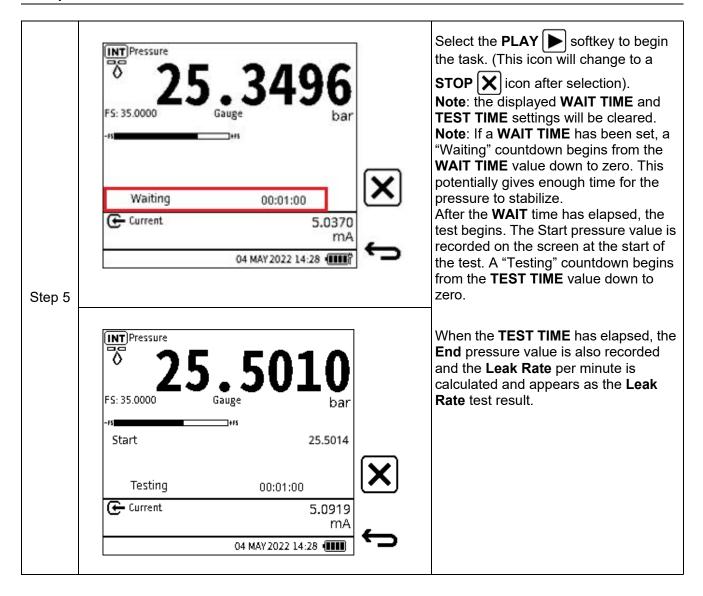
To configure and run a Leak Test:

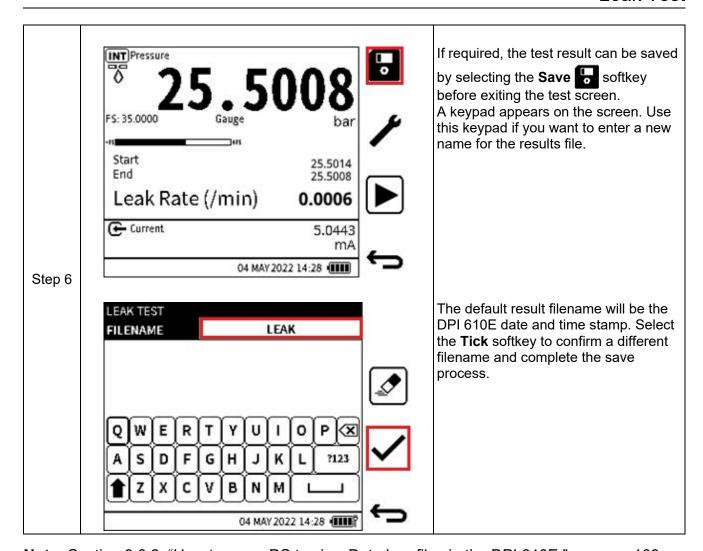


# Chapter 7. Utilities









**Note:** Section 9.6.2, "How to use a PC to view Data Log files in the DPI 610E," on page 168. Result files are stored within the internal memory of the DPI 610E. (See Chapter 14, "Files System," on page 290.) Only the list of test result files can be viewed on the device. Details of the files can only be accessed when the files are opened on a PC.

### 7.2 Switch Test

The DPI 610E can test pressure switches or pressure devices with switch contacts.

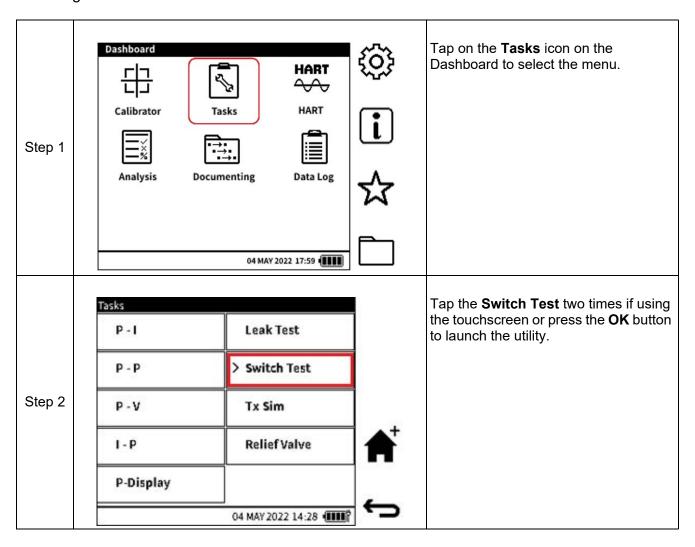
Pressure switches open or close an electrical circuit when a configured setpoint pressure level is reached and/or exceeded.

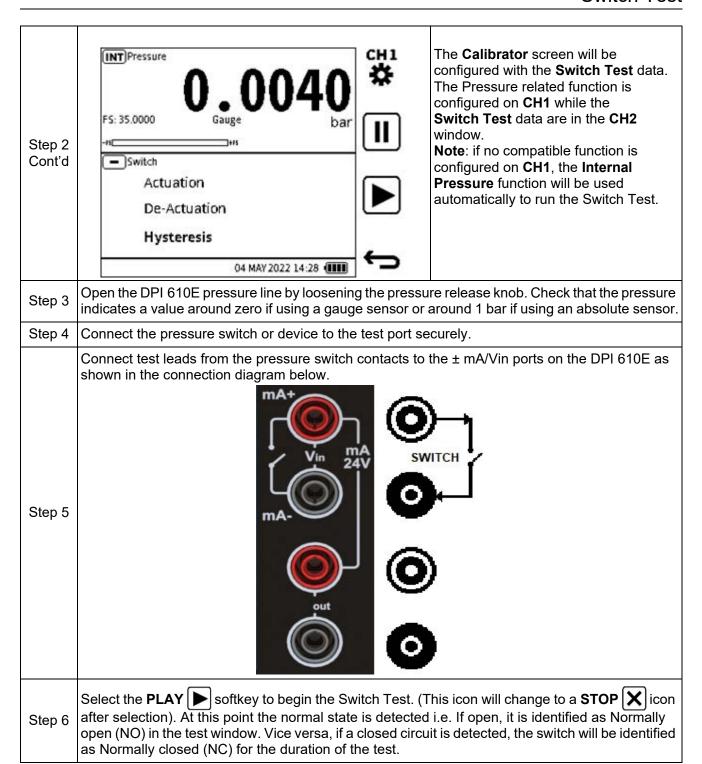
Pressure switches commonly have two types of contact which are: normally open or normally closed. When a pressure switch is normally open, it means that the state of the switch contacts, when pressurised within normal operating limits, is Open. When the pre-set setpoint pressure is reached, the micro-switch is triggered (Actuation) and the contacts change state from open to closed. When the pressure returns within normal operating limits, the switch contacts are reset (De-actuation) i.e., change back to the normal open state.

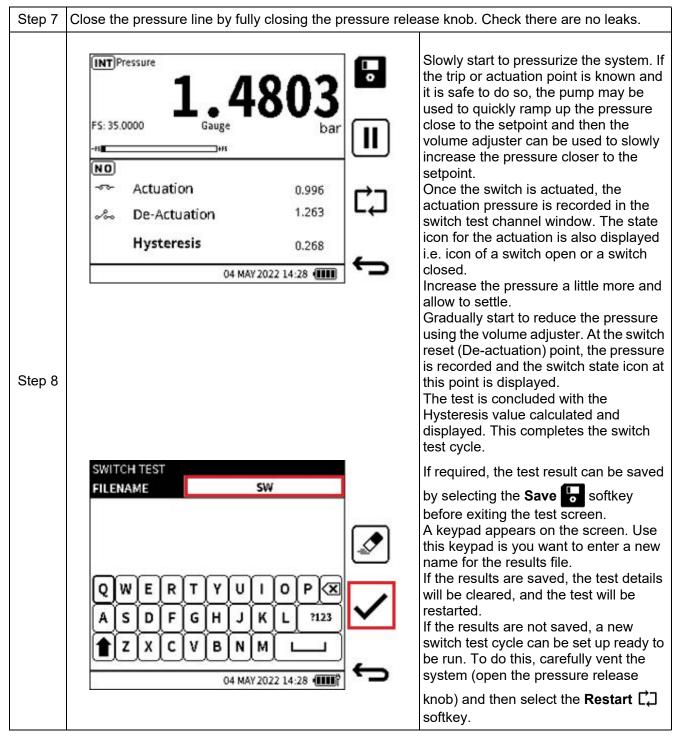
For a normally closed switch the reverse is the case. At the switch point (Actuation), the state changes from Closed to Open and at the reset point (De-actuation), it returns to the closed state.

The difference between the switch point and reset point is called Hysteresis.

To configure and do a Switch test:





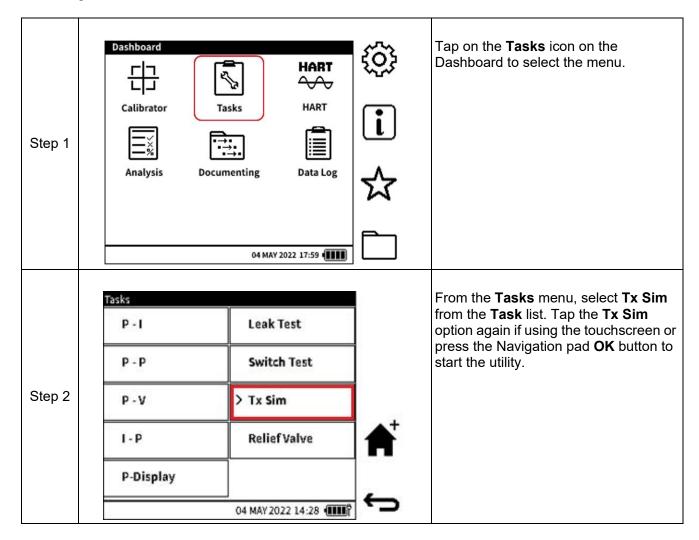


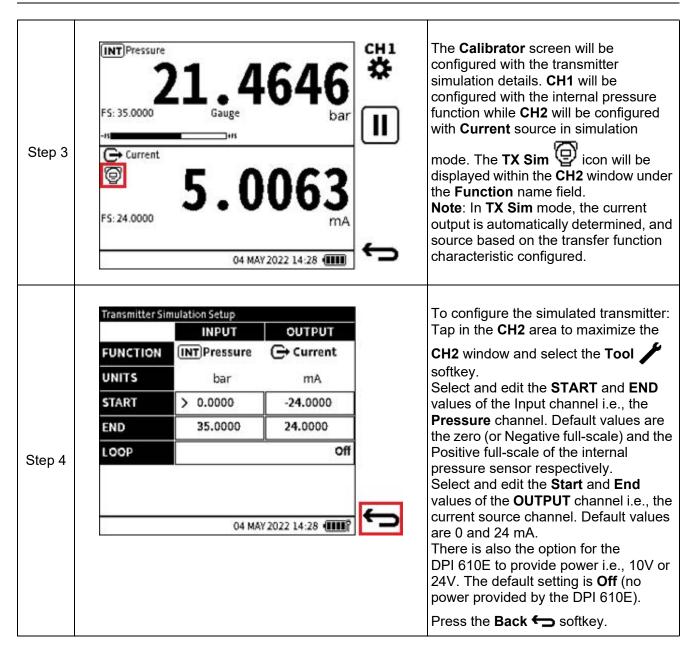
**Note:** Result files are stored within the internal memory of the DPI 610E. See Chapter 14 (File System). Only the list of test result files can be viewed on the device. Details of the files can only be accessed when the files are opened on a PC (See Section 9.6.2, "How to use a PC to view Data Log files in the DPI 610E," on page 168).

# 7.3 TX (Transmitter Simulation) Simulator

The DPI 610E provides a current output (current source) which is proportional to the pressure measured and indicated by the DPI 610E. This utility is normally used by the DPI 610E to simulate a pressure transmitter and it configured by specifying the transfer function parameters of the current output transmitter to be simulated.

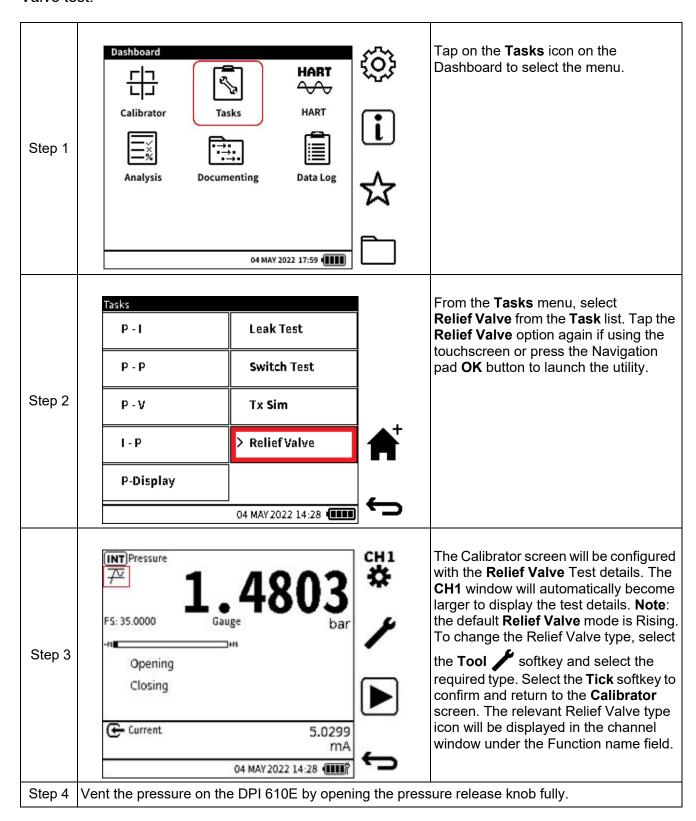
To configure and run the Transmitter Simulation mode:





### 7.4 Relief Valve Test

This mode is used when testing vacuum relief valves, which open to prevent an excessive internal vacuum pressure and close when the system returns to normal operating pressure conditions. Relief Valve Test result files are stored within the internal memory of the DPI 610E. See Chapter 14 (File System). Only the list of test result files can be viewed on the device. Details of the files can only be accessed when the files are opened on a PC (See Section 9.6.2, "How to use a PC to view Data Log files in the DPI 610E," on page 168). To configure and run a Relief Valve test:



# Chapter 7. Utilities

Connect the Device Under Test (DUT) securely to the pressure test port of the DPI 610E. Refer to Step 5 "Attach Device Under Test" on page 28 for instructions. Seal the pressure system by closing the pressure release valve securely. For location of this valve Step 6 refer to "Parts" on page 19. Select the **PLAY** | > | softkey to start the Relief Valve test. The display will start to show the Opening and Closing values. If in **Rising Relief Valve** mode, the **Opening** pressure is continually updated as the maximum pressure detected once the test has started. The closing pressure is continually updated as the minimum pressure detected each time a new maximum pressure is recorded. If in Falling Relief Valve mode, the reverse is the case i.e., the Opening pressure is continually updated as the minimum pressure detected once the test has started. The Closing pressure is continually updated as the maximum pressure detected each time a new minimum pressure is Step 7 Assuming the Rising Relief Valve mode is used, gradually increase the pressure using the pump or the volume adjuster towards the Relief valve setpoint or blow down pressure. Around the setpoint mark, observe the pressure reading when it stops increasing with any further generated pressure. The Opening pressure value should not increase any further and will remain unchanged. This is recorded as the final opening pressure. Stop generating pressure at this stage and allow the pressure to settle. When the pressure settles below the setpoint mark, the valve will close, and the pressure reading will settle at minimum value which is recorded as the final closing pressure. When the **Open** and **Close** pressures INT Pressure N are stable, select the **Stop** | X | icon softkey to end the test. The results of the Relief Valve test can FS: 35,0000 Gauge be saved by selecting the Save softkey. Step 8 6.1650 Opening Closing 5.2440 Current 5.0460 mA 04 MAY 2022 14:28 (TITE) The default result file name will be the RELIEF VALVE TEST DPI 610E current date and time stamp. FILENAME REL This can be renamed if required. Select the **Tick** softkey to confirm the Result file name and complete the save operation. If the results are saved, the test details Step 9 will be cleared, and the test will be restarted. If the results are not saved, a new test ?123 S D G cycle can be set up ready to be run. To do this, carefully vent the system (open В the pressure release knob) and then 04 MAY 2022 14:28 (IIII select the **Restart**  $\square$  softkey.

# 8. External Sensors

## 8.1 PM700E

### 8.1.1 Overview

The PM700E external remote sensors extend the pressure measurement capability of a DPI 610E unit. These sensors provide pressure measuring capability from 25 mbar up to 1400 bar, with ranges available in absolute, gauge and differential models. PM700E sensors are available for both commercial and hazardous area environments. Any number of remote sensors can be individually used with a single DPI 610E, because all sensors hold their own calibration data.



## 8.1.2 Media Compatibility

Care must be taken to observe media compatibility when using the PM700E. Sensor variants up to and including 3.5 bar, have exposed diaphragms, while 7 to 1400 bar variants are diaphragm isolated.

**Table 8-1: Pressure and Media Compatibilities** 

Pressure FS	Media Compatibility
0 to 3.5 bar	Non-condensing dry gases with 316L Stainless Steel, Pyrex, Silicon, Gold, Aluminium, Glass, Silicon Dioxide and RTV Adhesive
Differential sensor reference port	Non-condensing dry gases with 316L and 304 Stainless Steel, Pyrex, Silicon, Glass, Silicon Dioxide and RTV Adhesive
7 to 200 bar	316L Stainless Steel and Hastelloy C276
350 to 1400 bar	Inconel 625 and 17-4PH Stainless Steel

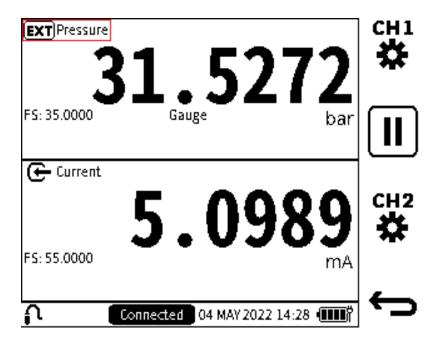
## 8.1.3 **Setup**

Each PM700E sensor is supplied with a 2.9m (9.5 feet) PM700E-CABLE. This cable is for connection of the sensor to the "EXT SENSOR" port on the side of the DPI 610E. Align the pin/slot arrangement at the female end of the cable connector with the male connector end of the sensor. The cable connector should push in with little force when it is correctly aligned. Proceed to complete the connection by rotating the locking collar until hand tight. Similarly, align the male end of the cable to the port on the DPI 610E and tighten in the same way.



The DPI 610E automatically detects any connection to a PM700E sensor. Upon successful connection of a recognised and supported sensor, a "Connected" status indication will appear for

a few seconds in the status bar. Also, the screen will show an **External Sensor** icon until the sensor is disconnected (see bottom left of screen image below). When the sensor is disconnected, a "Disconnected" status indication appears for a few seconds in the status bar and then the external sensor icon disappears.



### 8.1.4 The Zero Function

**Note:** It is recommended that all gauge sensors are zeroed at the beginning of each day before use.



**INFORMATION** The Zero function is only available on gauge sensors. It is not possible to apply total vacuum to absolute sensors, because they can only measure atmospheric pressure. Refer to "The Zero Function" on page 76 for more information about the use of this function.

### 8.1.5 Available External Pressure Sensors

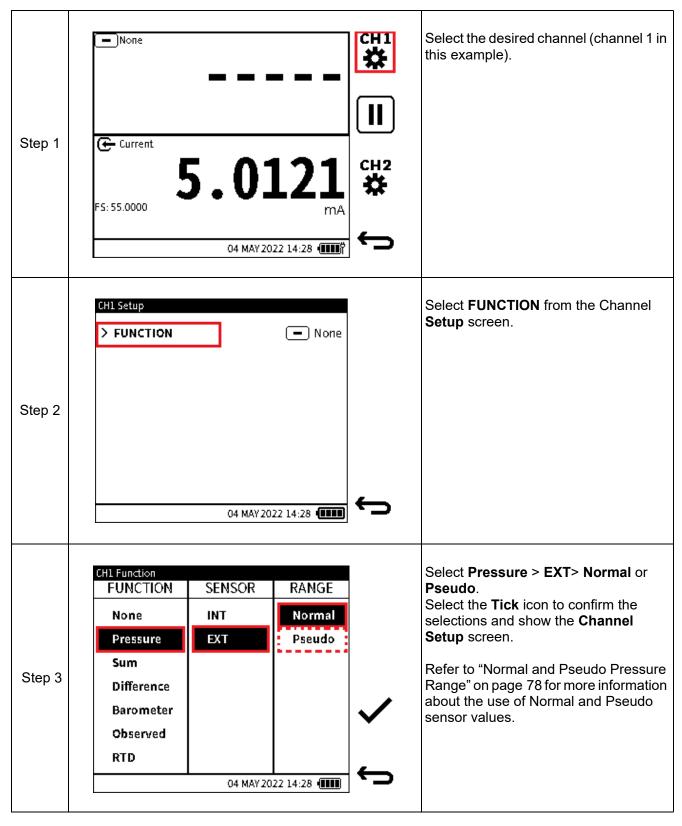
Only the external pressure sensors in Table 8-2 are compatible with the DPI 610E type of instrument.

Table 8-2: External Pressure Sensors for DPI 610E Range

Pressure Range	Gauge	Absolute	Differential	Barometric
25 mbar / 10 in H20/ 2.5 kPa	008G	-	008L	-
70 mbar / 1 psi / 7 kPa	01G	-	01L	-
200 m bar / 3 psi / 20 kPa	02G	-	02L	-
350 m bar / 5 psi / 35 kPa	03G	03A	03L	-
700 m bar / 10 psi / 70 kPa	04G	04A	04L	-
1 bar / 15 psi / 100 kPa	05G	05A	05L	
750 - 1150 m bar / 11 - 17 psi / 75 - 115 kPa (Barometric)	-	-	-	05B
2 bar / 30 psi / 200 kPa	07G	07A	07L	-
3.5 bar / 50 psi / 350 kPa	08G	A80	-	-
7 bar / 100 psi / 700 kPa	10G	10A	-	-
10 bar / 150 psi / 1000 kPa	11G	11A	-	-
20 bar / 300 psi / 20 MPa	13G	13A	-	-
35 bar / 500 psi / 2 MPa	14G	14A	-	-
70 bar / 1000 psi / 7 MPa	16G	16A	-	-
100 bar / 1500 psi / 10 MPa	165G	165A	-	-
135 bar / 2000 psi / 13.5 MPa	17G	17A	-	-
200 bar / 3000 psi / 20 MPa	18G	18A	-	-
350 bar / 5000 psi / 35 MPa	-	20A	-	-
700 bar / 10 000 psi / 70 MPa	-	22A	-	-
1000 bar / 15 000 psi / 100 MPa	-	23A	-	-
1400 bar / 20 000 psi / 140 MPa	-	24A	-	-

### 8.1.6 Configuration of an External Pressure Sensor

To configure a channel with the external remote pressure reading:



The **EXT**ernal pressure function is similar to that of the **INT**ernal pressure function because it supports all the Calibrator task features associated with that of the internal pressure e.g., sensor zero, pseudo-range, leak test, switch test, relief valve etc.

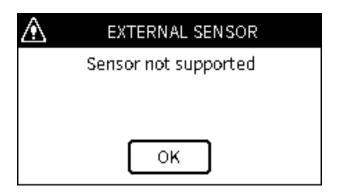
If a channel is configured with the **External Pressure** function without a sensor connected, the primary reading in that channel window will be appear as "- - - - -".

If the external sensor is disconnected while the function is in use an error message may appear.

PM 700E External Remote sensors with DK481 firmware version 2.00.00 and above are fully supported for use with the DPI 610E. Sensor validation is done each time a connection is detected.

If a channel is configured for External Pressure and an unsupported sensor is detected (for example a PM 700E sensor with firmware older than 2.00.00), a warning message appears

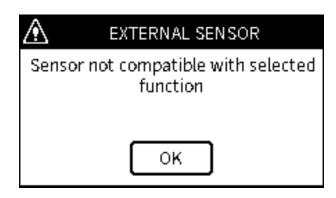
stating the sensor is not supported and the status bar will have the sensor icon 🗓 in it.



The readings from the sensor will appear as normal when configured on the Calibrator screen however, sensor calibration will not be supported using the DPI 610E. All PM700E sensors etched with a part number ending in "-3" have the correct firmware installed.

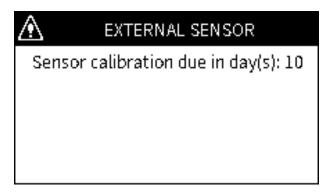
If a channel is configured for External Pressure and an unrecognised sensor is detected, a warning message appears stating the connected sensor is not compatible and the sensor icon

will appear in the status bar.

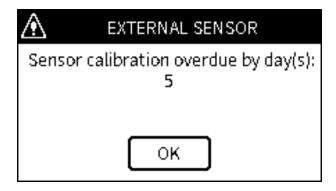


## Chapter 8. External Sensors

Each time a PM 700E sensor is connected or when the DPI 610E is powered on with the sensor connected, the calibration status is checked. If the days remaining from the current DPI 610E system date to the calibration-due date of the sensor is less than 30 days, an on-screen message appears, to inform the user.



If the days remaining is 0 or less, an on-screen message appears, stating calibration is due when the sensor is detected either at power up or when the DPI 610E is already in operation. In addition, a message text "CAL DUE" will permanently be on the status bar until the sensor is disconnected or the sensor has been calibrated.



#### 8.2 RTD Probe and Interface

#### 8.2.1 Overview

The DPI 610E can be configured to display readings from the RTD-INTERFACE, which is a remote adapter interface and the RTD-PROBE (or any other compatible probe). Temperature measurements can be displayed as resistance or temperature units. The RTD-PROBE and RTD-INTERFACE are available in both safe and hazardous area models. The RTD-PROBE is fitted with a 15 cm (6") class-A PT100 probe. The model names are as follows:

	Safe Area	Hazardous		
RTD Interface	RTD-INTERFACE-485	RTD-INTERFACE-IS		
RTD Interface with probe	RTD-PROBE-485	RTD-PROBE-IS		

Table 8-3: RTD- Model Names

The RTD-PROBE/RTD-INTERFACE connects to the DPI 610E with the supplied 2.9m (9.5 feet) cable. The RTD-INTERFACE is supplied with a field-rewireable M12 connector to allow for connection by User 2,3 or 4-wire RTDs.



## 8.2.2 Temperature Considerations

Careful consideration must be taken when using the RTD-INTERFACE and the RTD-PROBE, or any specialist RTD probes, that the environment and process temperatures do not exceed the specified limits for each RT component as detailed in the table below.

**RTD Sensor Type Temperature Range** -5°C to 200°C (when used with appropriate IO-RTD-PRB150 extension cable) RTD-INTERFACE (BODY) -10°C TO 50°C -10°C TO 50°C when directly plugged in to Measuring RTD-INTERFACE RTD-PROBE temperatures -10°C TO 50°C when using supplied cable The capability of the RTD-INTERFACE SPECIALIST RTD PROBE (resistance range) with a suitable extension (Not supplied by Druck) cable and suitable probe is 0 to  $400\Omega$  which

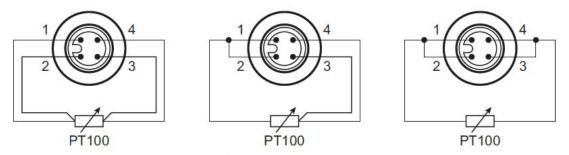
**Table 8-4: RTD-Temperature Specifications** 

equates to -250°C to +650°C for a PT100 probe.

#### 8.2.3 **Setup**

Connect the RTD-PROBE to the RTD-INTERFACE by screwing the probe end into the connection on the RTD-INTERFACE, if a direct connection is required. The 2 m (6.6 feet) M12 extension cable (IO-RTD-M12EXT) can be used to extend the connection between the RTD-INTERFACE and the RTD-PROBE. If using a compatible RTD not supplied by Druck, use the M12 field wireable connector (IO-RTD-M12CON) to connect the RTD probe to the RTD-INTERFACE.

**Note:** The pin numbering is printed on the rear of the connector body.



**RTD M12 Connector Pinout** 

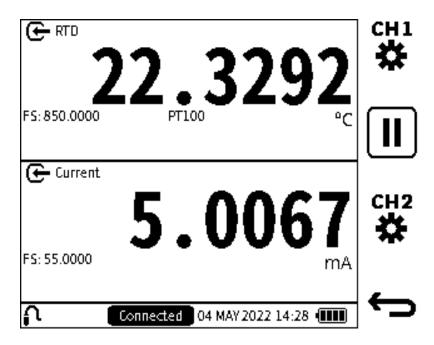
With the supplied RS485 sensor cable, align the pin/slot arrangement at the female end of the cable connector with the male connector end of the sensor. The cable connector should push in slightly with little force when it is correctly aligned. Proceed to complete the connection by rotating the swivel connector fully until hand tight. Similarly, align the male end of the cable to the port on the DPI 610E and tighten in the same way.



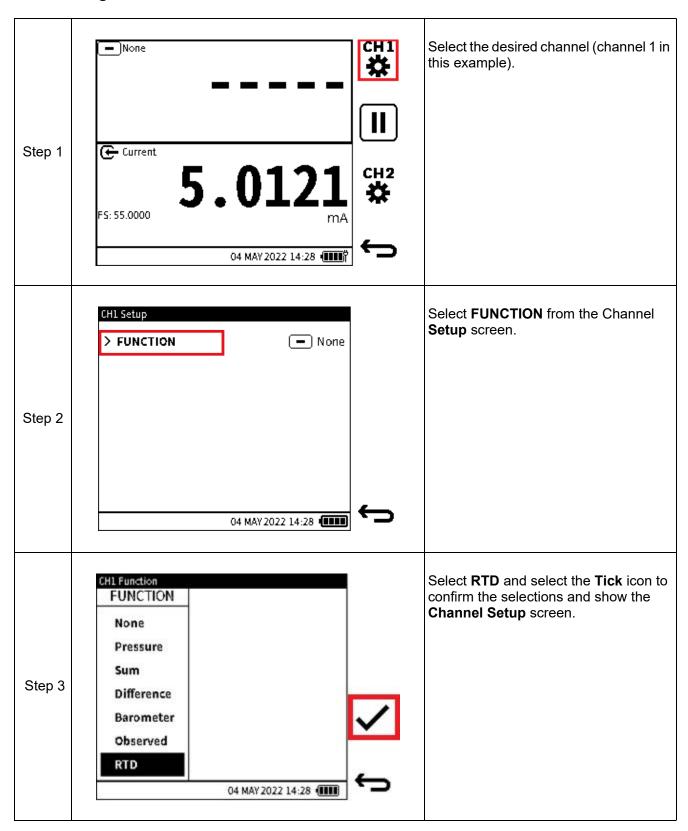
The DPI 610E automatically detects any connection to the RTD-INTERFACE. Upon successful connection of a recognised and supported sensor, a "Connected" status indication appears for a

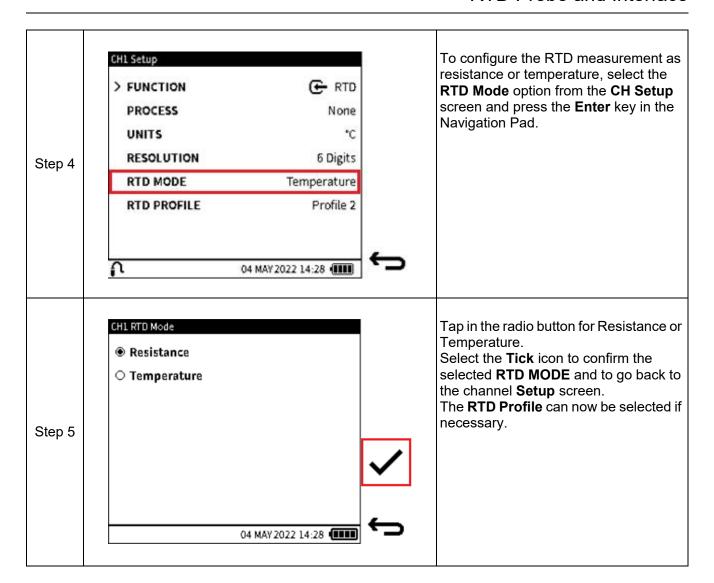
few seconds in the status bar. Also, the external sensor icon will be permanently displayed until the sensor is disconnected. When the sensor is disconnected, a "Disconnected" status indication appear for a few seconds in the status bar and the external sensor icon will disappear.

If a channel is configured with a RTD function without a sensor connected, the primary reading in that channel window will be displayed as "- - - - - ". If the external sensor is disconnected while the function is in use an error message may appear. The full-scale value of the RTD probe is displayed as well as the RTD probe type.



## 8.2.4 Configuration of a channel for a RTD sensor

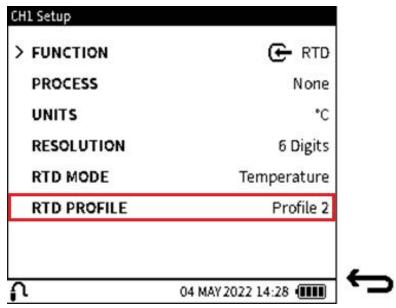




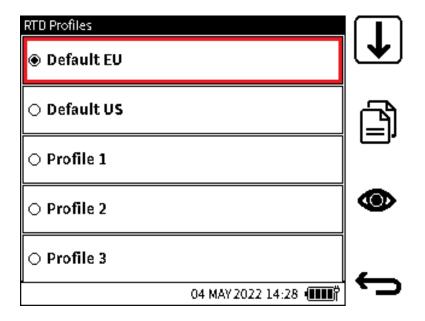
#### 8.2.5 RTD Profiles

The full-scale value of the RTD probe is displayed as well as the RTD probe type. When the RTD function is selected, the desired RTD profile might need to be configured by:

• Tapping on the currently saved RTD profile field in the **Channel Setup** screen.



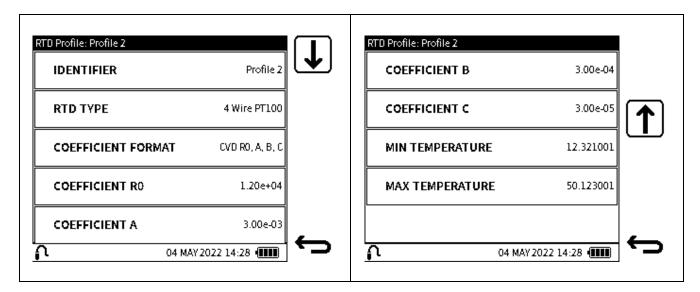
 Using the keypad to move the selector icon to the RTD Profile row and pressing the ENTER button to show a list of the available profiles.



The default profile set is the "Default EU" option or PT100-PA-392, which is based on the European standard (DIN/IEC 60751) for Class A Platinum RTDs. There is also a "Default US" or PT100-PD-385, which is based on the American standard. The Default EU and Default US profile options are pre-defined and cannot be edited or deleted.

However, up to eight Custom profiles can be created by populating the user profile files available with the required coefficients, temperature range and label.

Tap on the desired profile to select it. Tap on the **View** icon softkey to view or/and edit the coefficients and parameters within the profile. Alternatively, use the **UP/DOWN** Navigation Pad buttons to select the required profile and press the **View** softkey to view or/and edit the coefficients and parameters within the profile.



To edit any of the parameters:

- Tap on the value field of the desired parameter:
  - Use the **UP/DOWN** buttons to move the selector icon to the required parameter to change. Press the **Enter** button to enter the edit screen of the parameter. Press or tap the **Tick** icon softkey to accept and save the new values.

It is possible to copy the parameters saved in any of the profiles to a custom profile. Note the Default EU and Default US profiles cannot be overwritten but can be copied into any of the custom profiles. Custom profiles are saved in the RTD-INTERFACE not on the DPI 610E.

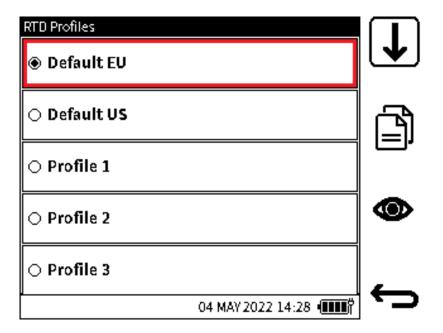
Table 8-5: RTD Profile parameters

Parameter	Description
Identifier	Give the custom profile a unique label
RTD Type	Select from 2, 3, 4 wire RTD configuration. 4-wire is default.
Coefficient Format	Select from Callendar-Van Dusen equation formats or use the ITS90 equation format.
Coefficient R0	Resistance at 0°C
Coefficient 1 (a, A, Alpha)	First coefficient value
Coefficient 2 (b, B, Beta)	Second coefficient value
Coefficient 3 (c, C, Delta)	Third coefficient value
Min. Temperature	Minimum temperature
Max. Temperature	Maximum temperature

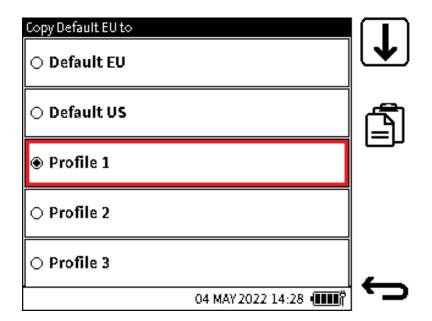
When all parameter fields are filled, use the **Back** softkey to go back to the **RTD Profile** screen.

## 8.2.5.1 To copy a RTD profile

Select the desired profile:



Once selected, tap, or press the **Copy** icon softkey and then select the desired destination profile, for example: Profile 1.



#### 8.2.5.2 RTD Units

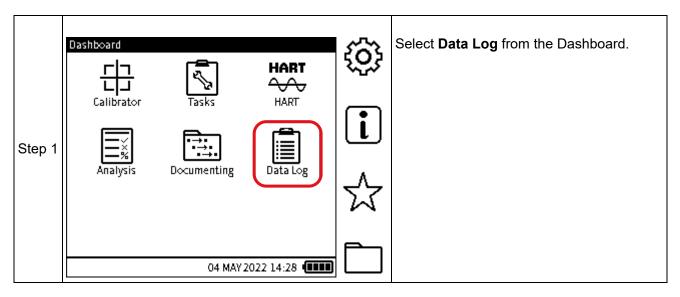
When in Resistance mode, the only units available to select are Ohms ( $\Omega$ ) and Custom units. In Temperature mode, select from °C, °F or Custom units. Refer to Section 6.3.6 on page 123 for information about Custom units.

# 9. Data Log

The **Data Log** function records instrument readings (measured or sourced) so that they can be reviewed or analyzed. The following options are available under the **Data Log** menu:

Option	Description
Setup	Set up data log
Files	View and delete data log files

To access Data Log:



# 9.1 Data Log Setup Menu

The following options are available under the **Setup** menu:

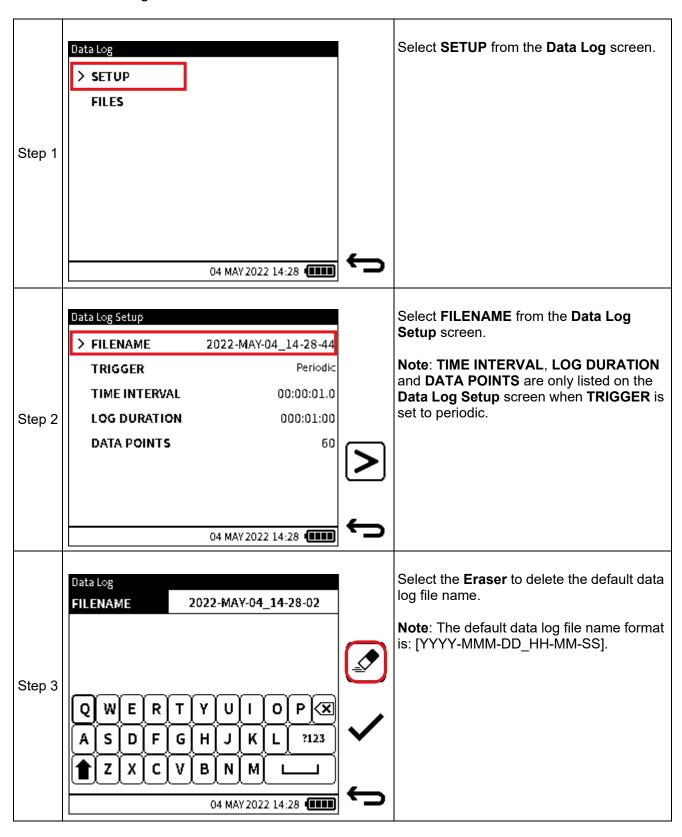
Option	Description
FILENAME	Change file name
TRIGGER	Set Data Log trigger
TIME INTERVAL	Set Data Log time interval
LOG DURATION	Set Log duration
DATA POINTS	Set Data Log points

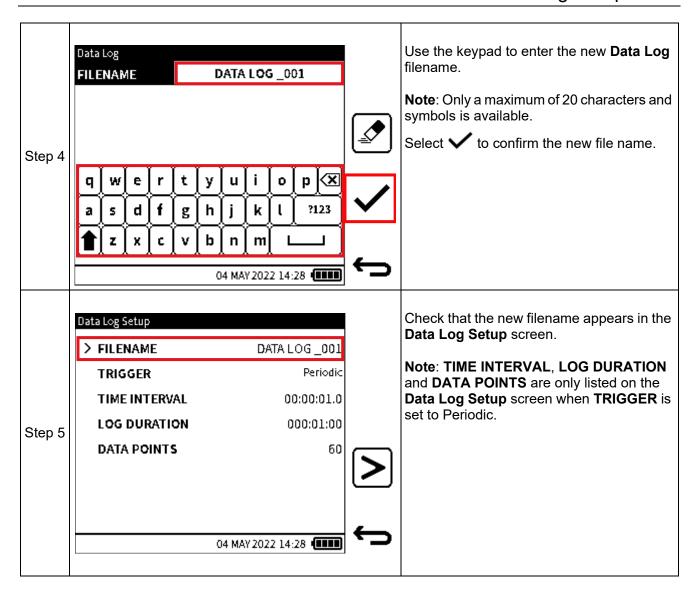
**Note:** Select the **TRIGGER** mode first (See Section 9.2, "TRIGGER Menu," on page 158) before setting the filename of the data log.

TIME INTERVAL, LOG DURATION and DATA POINTS are only listed in the Data Log Setup menu when TRIGGER is set to PERIODIC (See Section 9.2 on page 158).

## 9.1.1 How to set the Data Log Filename

To set the Data Log filename:





## 9.2 TRIGGER Menu

The **TRIGGER** menu allows the user to select the type **Data Log Trigger** requirement. The following options are available under the **TRIGGER** menu:

Option	Description
KEY PRESS	Data Log triggered by a key press
PERIODIC	Periodic Data Log

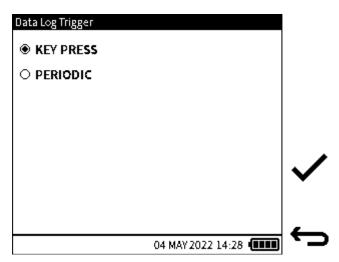


Figure 9-1: Data Log Trigger Menu

When KEY PRESS is selected, no more settings will be required to set up the data log. Click the

**Tick** ✓ icon to return to the **Data Log Setup** screen: select **FILENAME** if a new name for the data log file is needed (See Section 9.1.1 on page 156 for the procedure). Refer to Section 9.4 on page 164, to continue the instructions for **KEY PRESS** data logging.

When the **PERIODIC** trigger is selected, more recording options become available for configuration.

## 9.3 Periodic Trigger Options

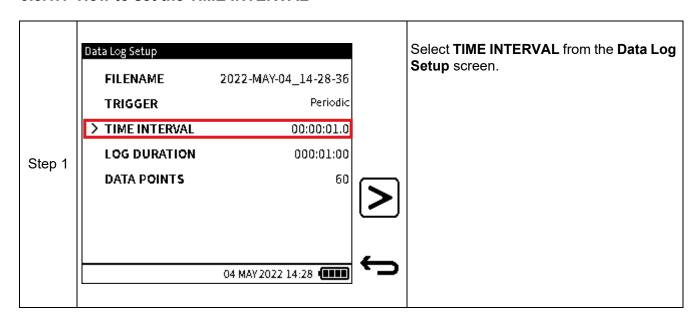
The options **TIME INTERVAL**, **LOG DURATION** and **DATA POINTS** are only available for use when **PERIODIC** is the trigger mode for recording data results.

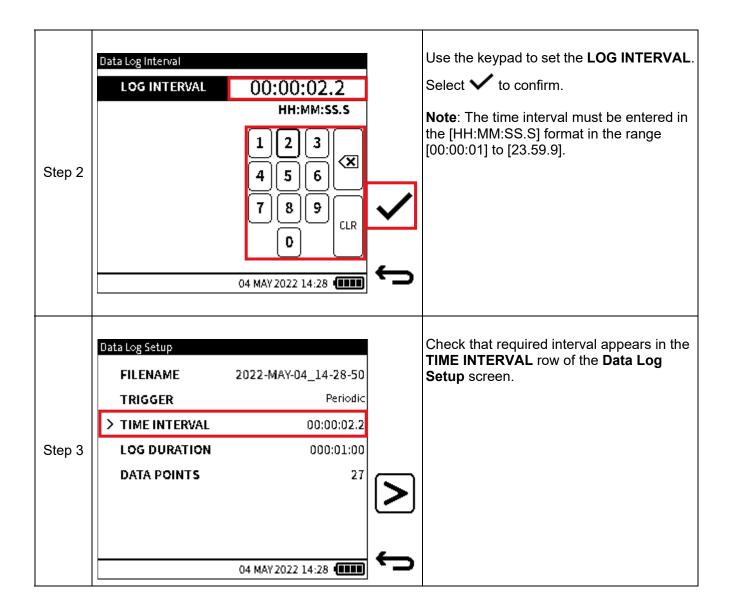
#### 9.3.1 TIME INTERVAL

When a Periodic trigger is selected, the option to set the Periodic interval is available from the **Data Log Setup** screen. The interval determines how long each data point is logged and it is expressed as HH:MM:SS.S. The supported time interval range is between 00:00:00.2 to 23:59:59.9. The minimum interval supported is dependent on the functions configured in the Calibrator channels. See table below.

Function	Minimum Interval (HH:MM:SS.S)
Internal Barometer	00:00:05.0
Internal Pressure	00:00:00.2
External Sensor (Pressure and RTD)	00:00:00.2
Current / Voltage / Millivolt Measure	00:00:00.5
Current Source	00:00:01.0
HART	00:00:00.5

#### 9.3.1.1 How to set the TIME INTERVAL



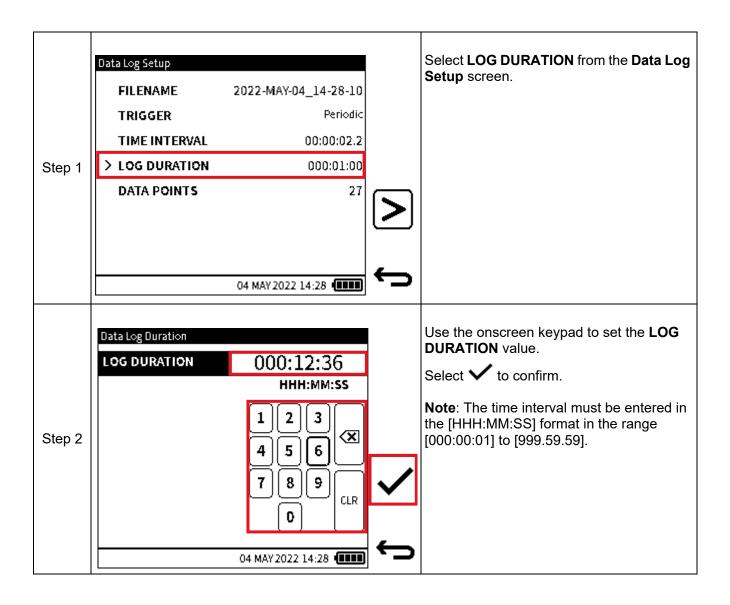


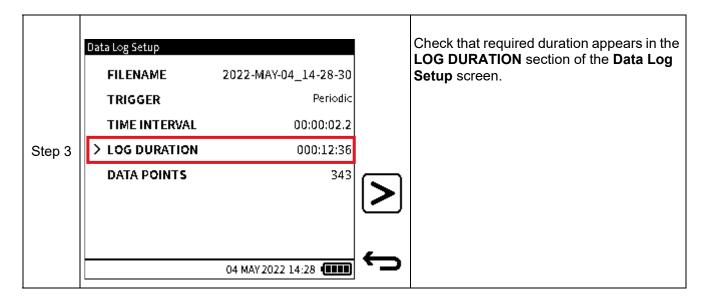
#### 9.3.2 LOG DURATION

When a Periodic trigger is selected, the option to set the Data Log Duration is available from the **Data Log Setup** screen. The log duration determines the period over which the logging will take place i.e., start to end. It is expressed as HH:MM:SS. The supported time interval range is between 00:00:01 to 999:59:59.

**Note:** The time interval value must always be less than the **LOG DURATION** value.

#### 9.3.2.1 How to set the LOG DURATION

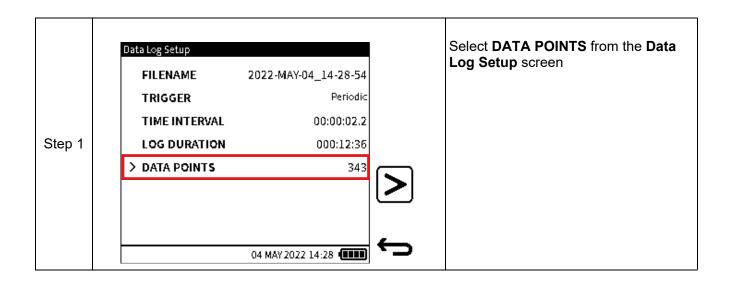


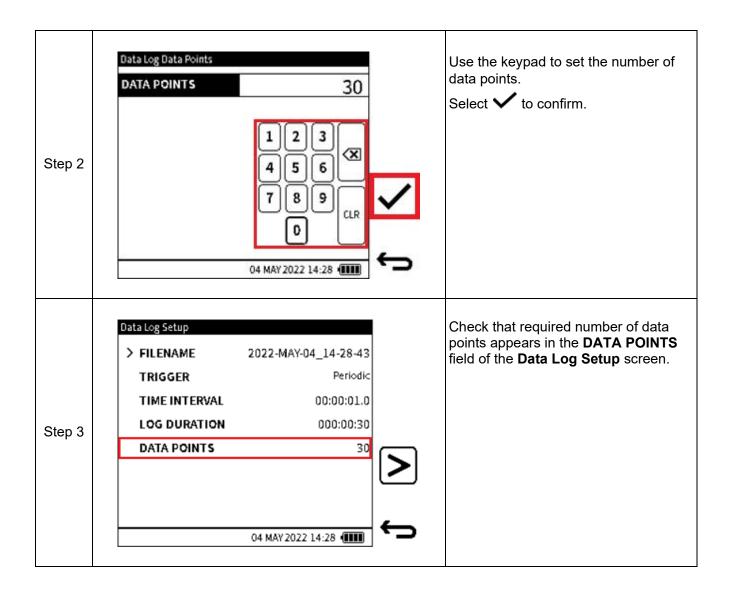


#### 9.3.3 DATA POINTS

When a Periodic trigger is selected, the **Data Log Setup** screen shows the number of configured data points. The number of data points is directly linked to the time interval and the log duration configured. For example, if a time interval of 10 seconds (00:00:10.0) and log duration of 1 minute (000:01:00) is configured, the number of data points displayed in the setup menu will be 6. Each time the time interval or log duration value is changed, the number of data points is automatically adjusted. Alternatively, the periodic data log can be configured by specifying the number of data points required and the time interval or sampling frequency. From the previous example, if the number of data points is changed from 6 to 5, the log duration will automatically adjust to 50 seconds (000:00:50) based on the unchanged time interval of 10 seconds and the new number of required data points.

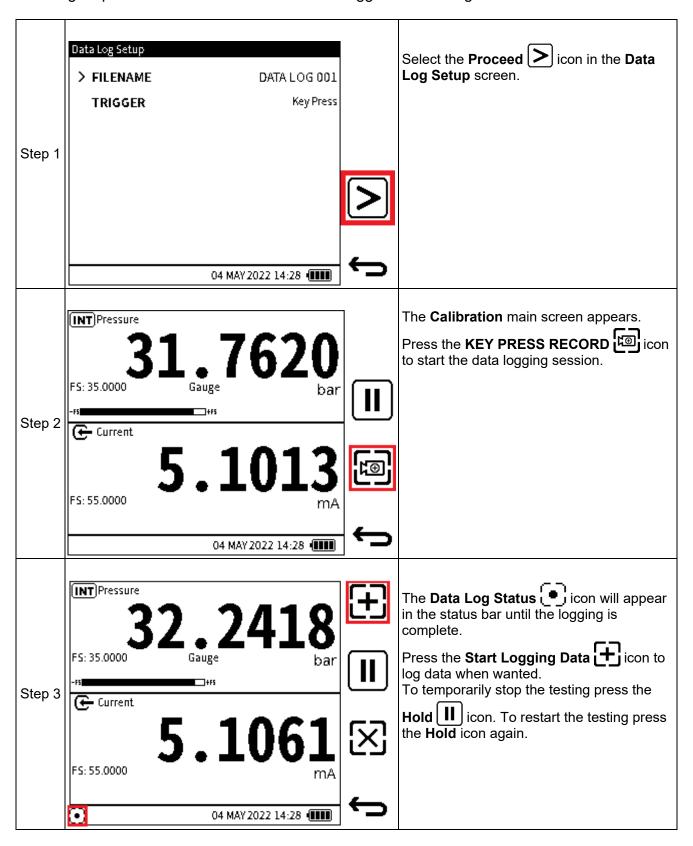
#### 9.3.3.1 How to set the DATA POINTS

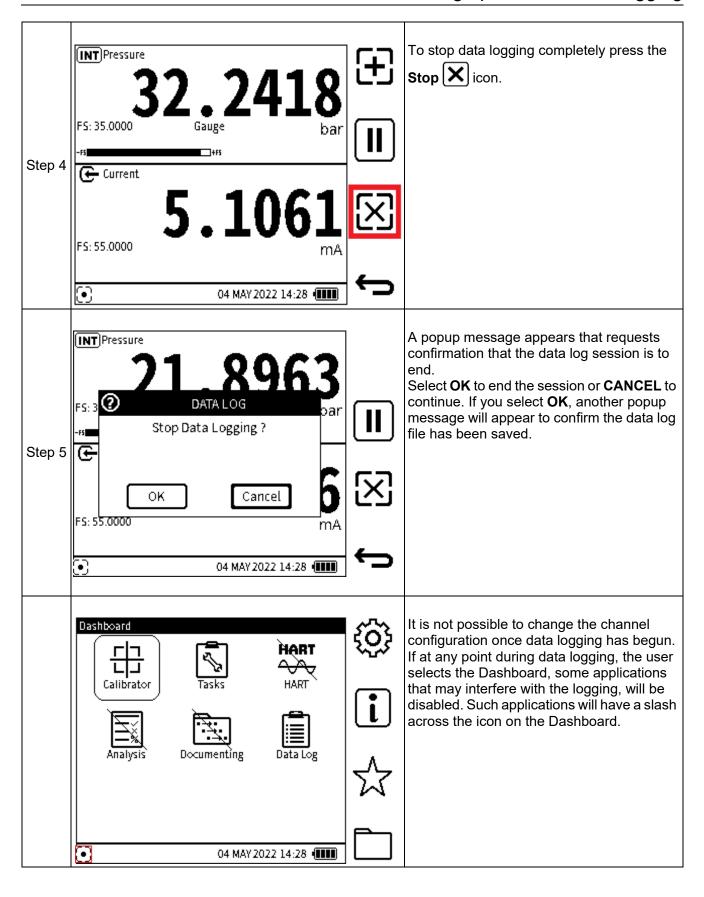




# 9.4 Setting up Manual Data Logging

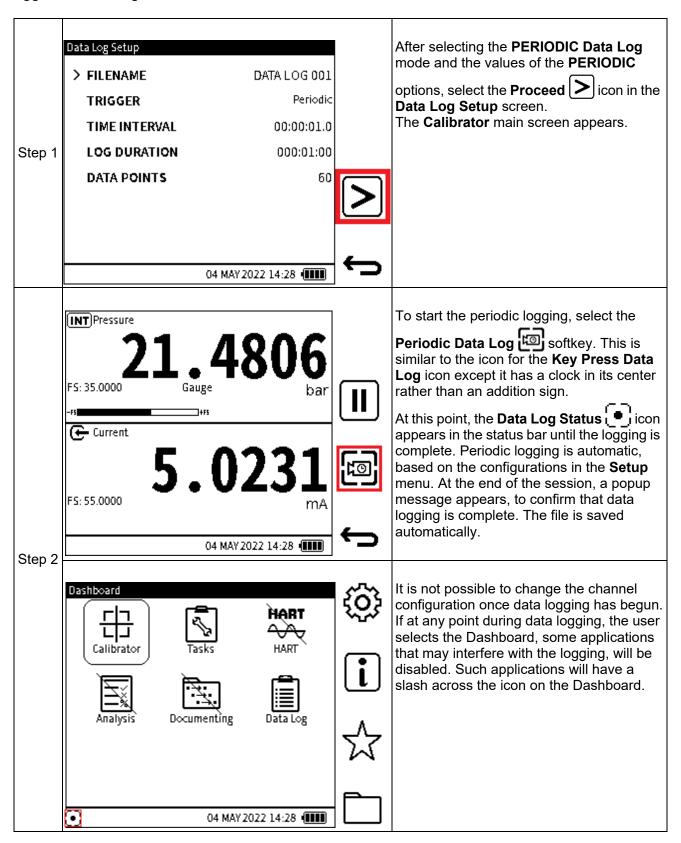
The **KEY PRESS** option (see Section 9.2 on page 158) is a manual data trigger. Use the following steps to continue with a **KEY PRESS** triggered Data Log session:





## 9.5 Setting up Periodic Data Logging

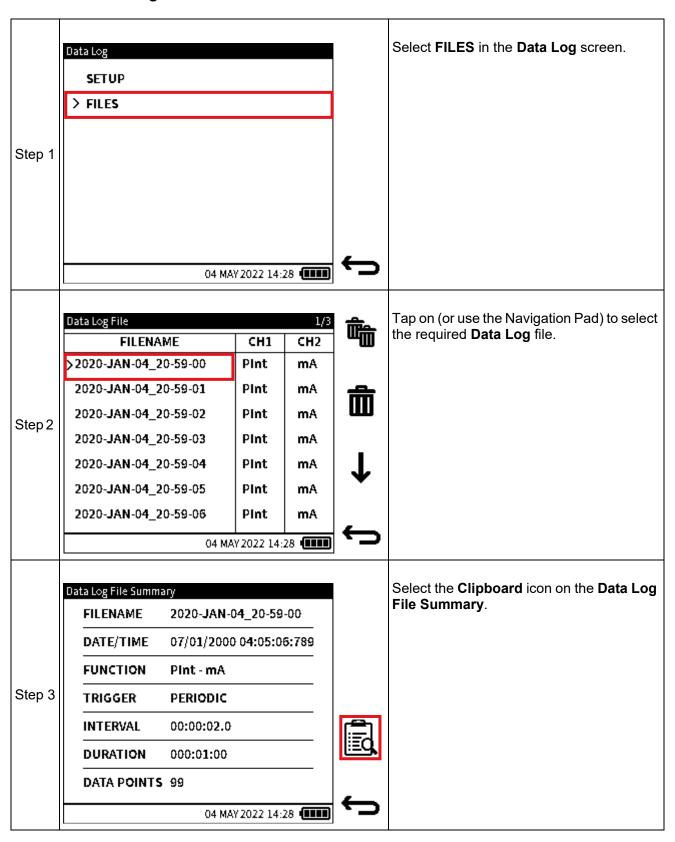
The **PERIODIC** option is a time-based data trigger (see Section 9 on page 155, Section 9.2 on page 158 and Section 9.3 on page 159). Use the following steps to continue with a **PERIODIC** triggered Data Log session:

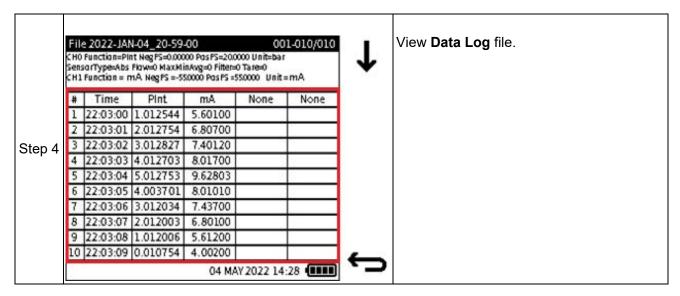


# 9.6 Viewing & Deleting Data Log files

## 9.6.1 Viewing Data Log Files

To view the **Data Log** files:



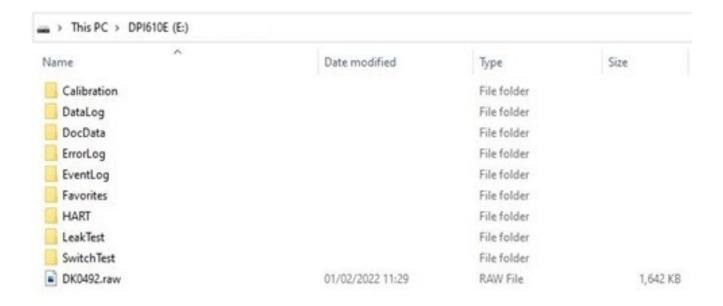


## 9.6.2 How to use a PC to view Data Log files in the DPI 610E

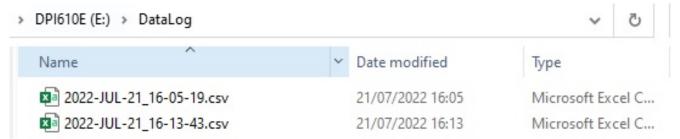
Data log files are saved in CSV format in the DPI 610E internal memory. Use a micro-USB data cable to connect the DPI 610E device to the PC (See Section 9.7 on page 172). On the PC, the DPI610E memory appears as a mass storage device or drive within Windows File Explorer.



Double-click on the DPI 610E drive and select the **DataLog** folder from the root directory.

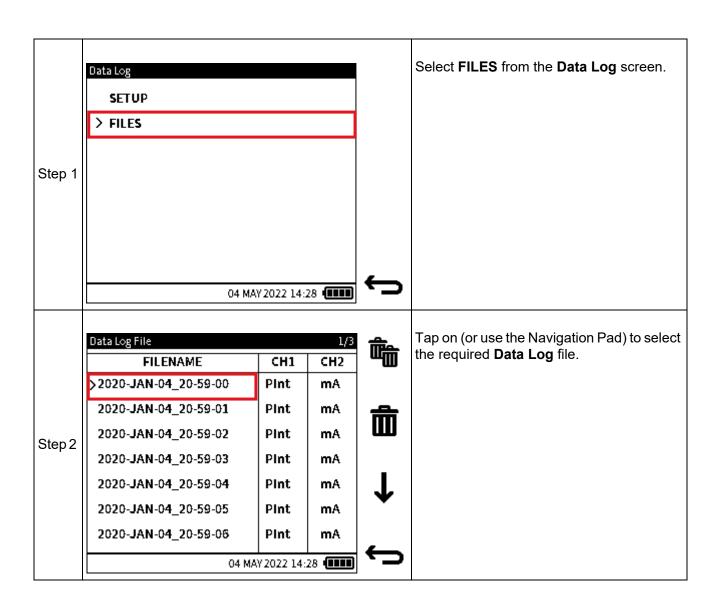


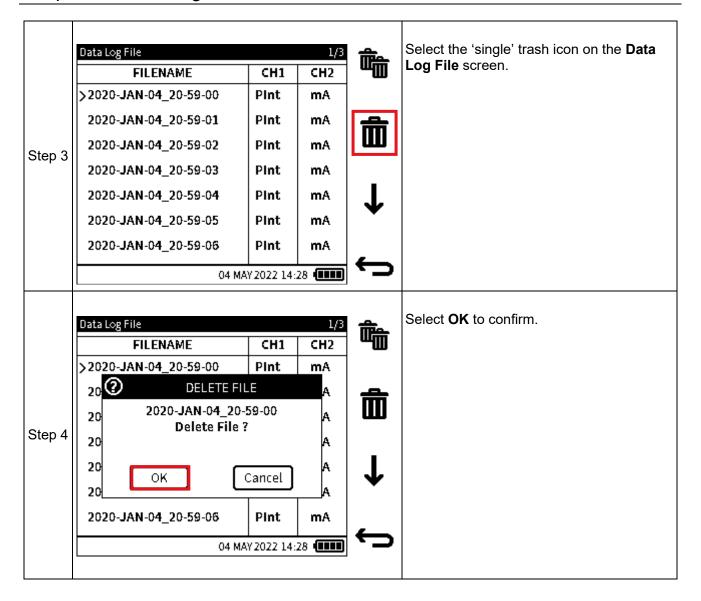
Right-click on the desired log file and choose a supported application to open the file and view the contents: Microsoft Excel is recommended.



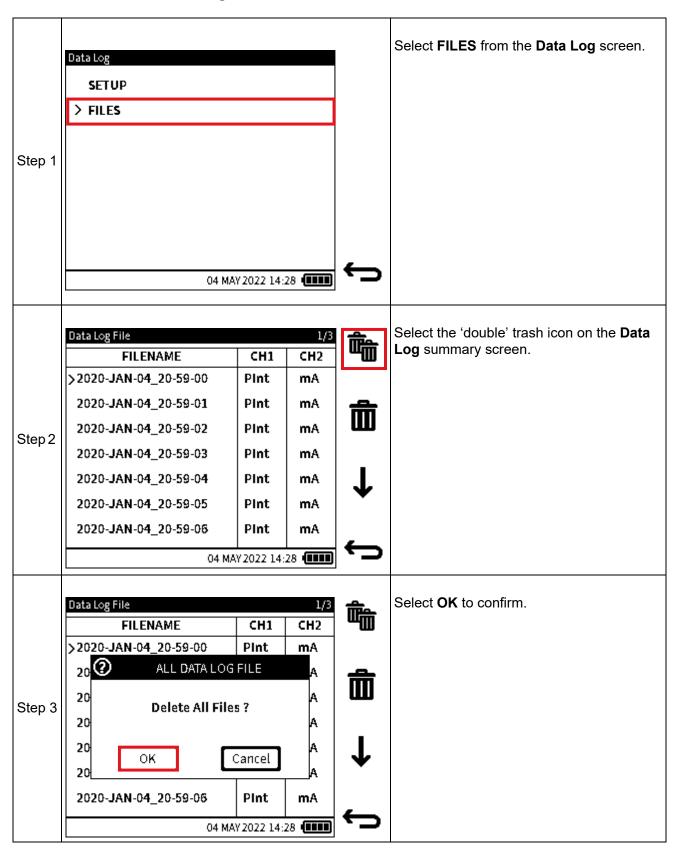
## 9.6.3 Deleting Data Log Files

## 9.6.3.1 To delete a single Data Log file



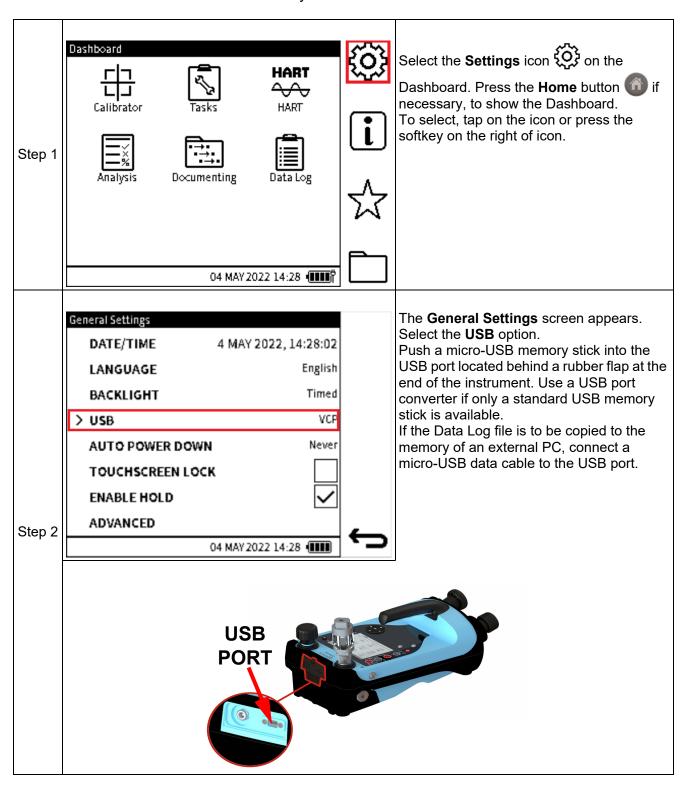


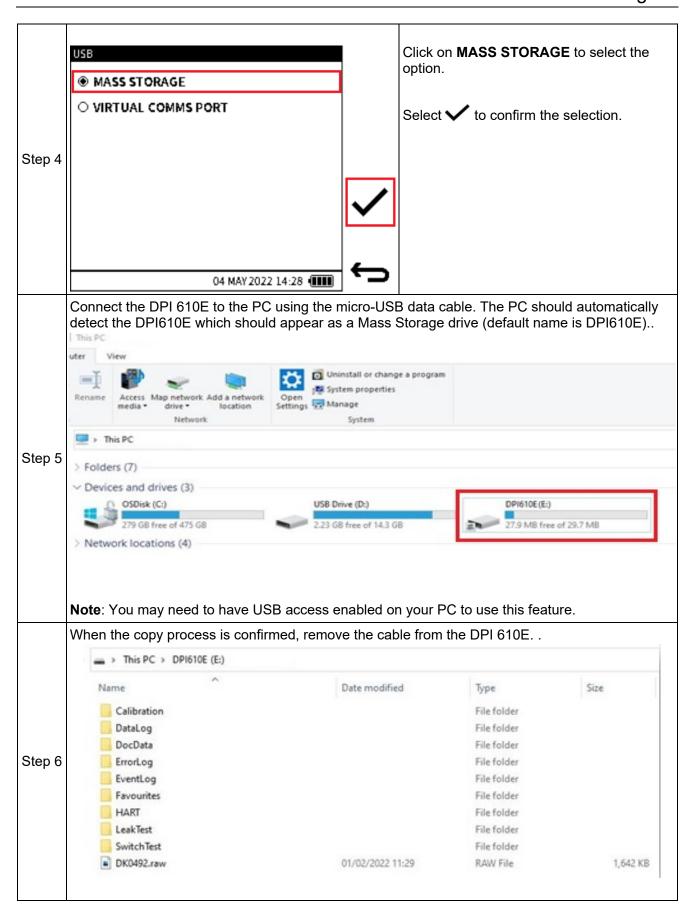
## 9.6.3.2 To delete all Data Log files



# 9.7 How to transfer a Data Log file

**Data Log** files can be copied from the DPI 610E internal memory to an external device. This device can either be a micro-USB memory stick or an external PC.





# 10. Analysis

## 10.1 Overview

The **Analysis** application calibrates the transfer characteristic of a device under test. This is done by using readings from the two channels. One channel acts as the Input channel and the other channel as the Output channel.

The Input channel provides a measure of the input signal to the device under test (DUT). For example, if calibrating a pressure transmitter, the Input channel could be the DPI 610E Internal Pressure which measures the supplied pressure to the DUT.

The Output channel measures the output signal from the DUT. If calibrating a 4 to 20 mA process transmitter, the output channel would be the Current Measure.

By default, the Analysis application uses the functions and measurement units set up in CH1 as the Input and the function set up in CH2 as the output. This means that the required functions for analysis must be selected in the Calibrator screen before starting the Analysis application (Refer to "Calibrator Tasks" on page 64 for more details.)

There is however the option to toggle between Input and Output selection for both functions.

For the Analysis application to run, both channels must be enabled with a valid function i.e., any function option except "None".

At each test point value, the Analysis function calculates the difference of each Output channel to the ideal transfer characteristic and compares this to a user specified tolerance limit. This deviation is calculated and can be displayed in different user defined formats. In addition, the tolerance test result is shown as a **Pass** or **Fail**.

## 10.2 Analysis Application

Select the **Analysis** icon on the Dashboard to start the Analysis application.

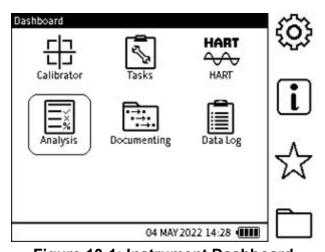


Figure 10-1: Instrument Dashboard

## **10.3 Setup**

The Analysis Setup screen shows the selected CH1 and CH2 calibrator functions and units. The required functions needed in the Analysis application, need to be selected in the Calibrator application prior to running Analysis. For example, to run analysis on a pressure transmitter with a 4 to 20 mA output, CH1 can be configured to INT Pressure and CH2 to Current Measure (with 10/24 V power if required). Select the required types of measurement units.

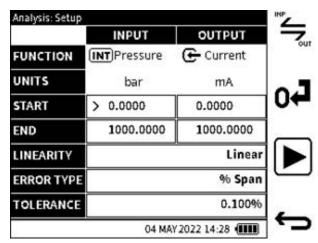


Figure 10-2: Analysis Function screen

The **INPUT** and **OUTPUT** functions can be interchanged using the toggle softkey.

#### 10.3.1 START/END Values

The measurement range for the input and output channels is defined by setting a **START** (Low) and END (High) value for each channel. The default values displayed are usually the negative and positive full-scale values of the related function. When Current Measure is selected, the default **START** and **END** values, are 4 and 20 mA. When entering **START** and **END** values, any value entered which falls outside the full-scale limits of the selected function will be rejected.

#### 10.3.2 LINEARITY

The transfer characteristic from **INPUT** signal to the **OUTPUT** signal can be either:

- when the transfer characteristic is a directly proportional relationship. Linear

Square Root - when the transfer characteristic has a square-root relationship. This is

commonly found in flow sensors.

The default mode is Linear.

#### **10.3.3 ERROR TYPE**

The error or deviation from the transfer characteristic can be calculated and expressed in any of the following options:

% Span - a percentage of the Output signal span.

% Full Scale - a percentage of the Output signal full-scale.

% Reading - a percentage of the Output signal reading.

Fixed - absolute measurement units of the Output signal.

The default option is % Span.

#### 10.3.4 TOLERANCE

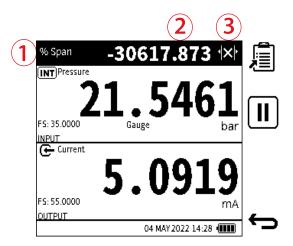
Use this option to define the tolerance or test limit values for the calculated result error or deviation from the transfer characteristic. The tolerance value is expressed either as a percentage (%) or as an absolute or fixed measurement unit e.g., mA. This is reliant on the Error type selected.

The default tolerance value is 0.1%.

## 10.4 Analysis Function

Set the **Input** and **Output** channel and error analysis parameters as described in "Analysis Application" on page 174.

Select the **Play** button to start.



The **Analysis** main screen window displays the following:

- 1. The deviation tolerance type.
- 2. The error/deviation value of the output channel from the ideal transfer characteristic.
- 3. A live indication of the tolerance result status icon which is one of the following:

PASS - the currently measured output value lies within the specified tolerance limits.

FAIL • - the currently measured output value lies outside the specified tolerance limits.

The screen is in two sections. Each section displays information for a channel and is either the **Input** or **Output** channel.

To test the full range of the Device Under Test (DUT):

- Step the input signal value through its range. In the example screen shot, step the internal
  pressure generated by using the DPI 610E pump from the lower range of the DUT to the
  full-scale pressure value.
- At each setpoint step, check the Analysis status at the top of the screen for the deviation.
- When the test is complete, exit the Analysis screen using the Back button.

#### 10.4.1 DATA LOGGING within Analysis

Checking a DUT in the Analysis application can be documented using the Datalog. To use this feature, select the **Data Log** icon. For more information on **Data Log**, see Chapter 9 on

page 155. When using **Data Log** in the Analysis application, only the **Key Press** trigger mode is available.

- Enter the required **Data Log** file name.
- Select the **Play** softkey to proceed.
- At each **Setpoint** step (or when desired), press the "Add Datapoint" **+** softkey to capture the current analysis data displayed by the screen.
- When the testing is complete, press the **Back** icon to exit the Datalog and Analysis application.

Datalog files can be accessed via the **Data Log** application (Refer to "Data Log" on page 155).

# 11. Documenting

## 11.1 Overview

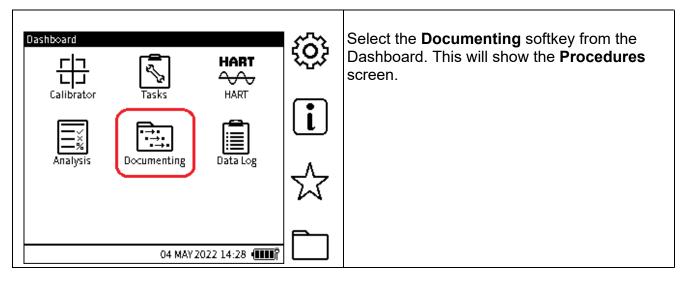
Use the Documenting application to do documented calibration of Device Under Test (DUT) equipment or of assets using defined test procedures.

Test procedures can be created within the Documenting application and stored for future use.

When test procedures are used to calibrate DUTs, the test details and results of the calibration are saved in DPI 610E memory. This data can also be transferred to a PC for further analysis or post calibration tasks.

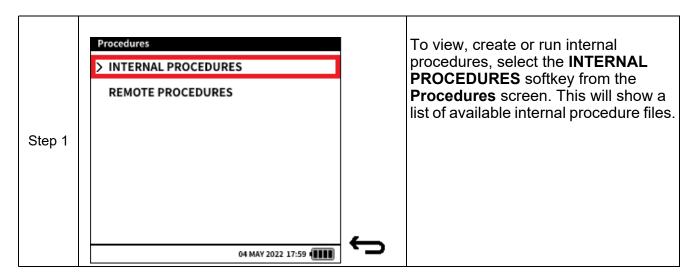
A calibration certificate template wizard is provided by Druck to transform the data into a professional looking format for printing or filing purposes. The related Excel Macro file is available on: <a href="Druck.com/DPI610E">Druck.com/DPI610E</a> as "Druck DPI610E Calibration Template".

## 11.1.1 How to start the Documenting application

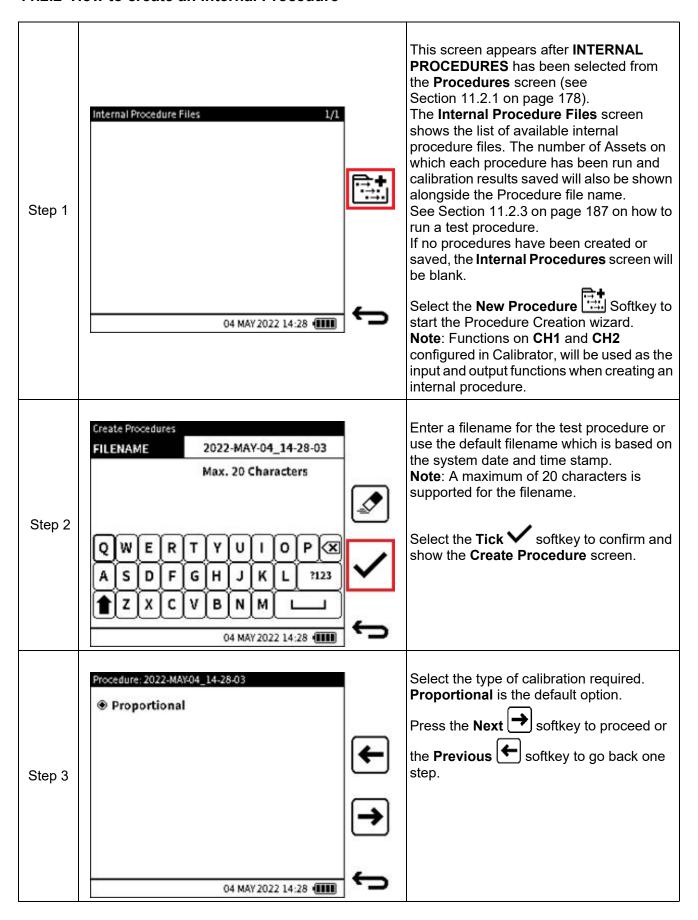


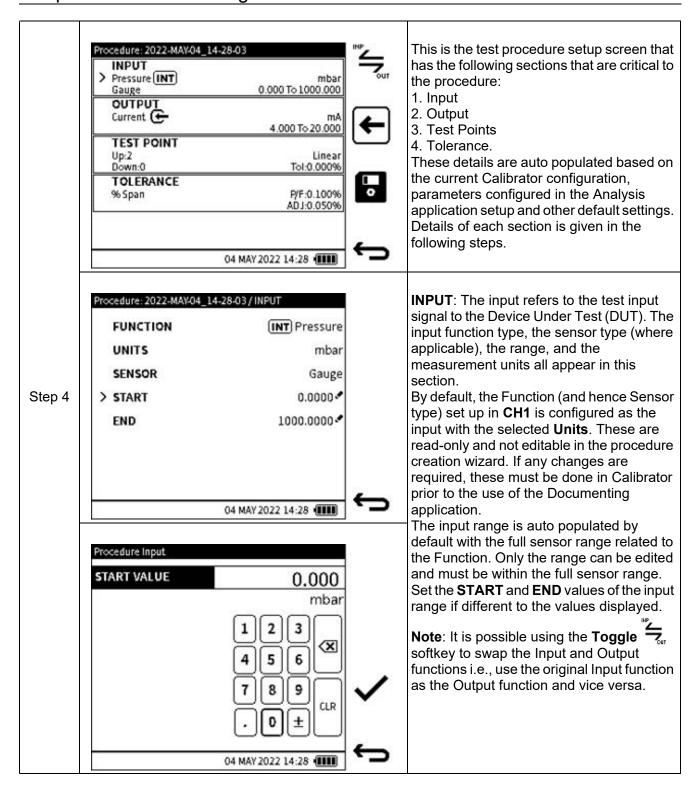
#### 11.2 Internal Procedures

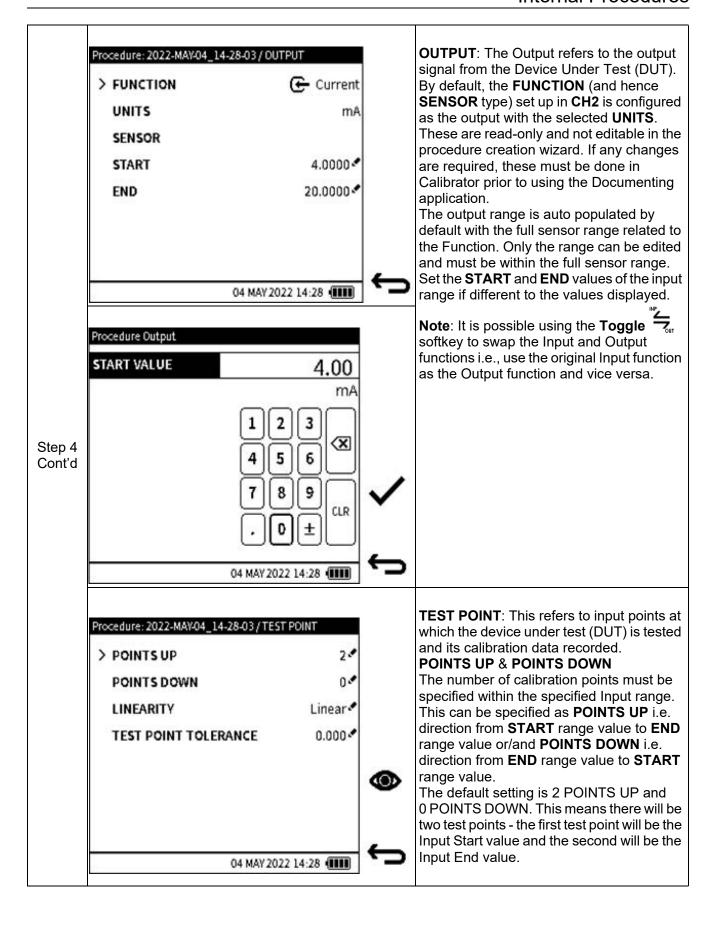
#### 11.2.1 How to select the INTERNAL PROCEDURES mode.

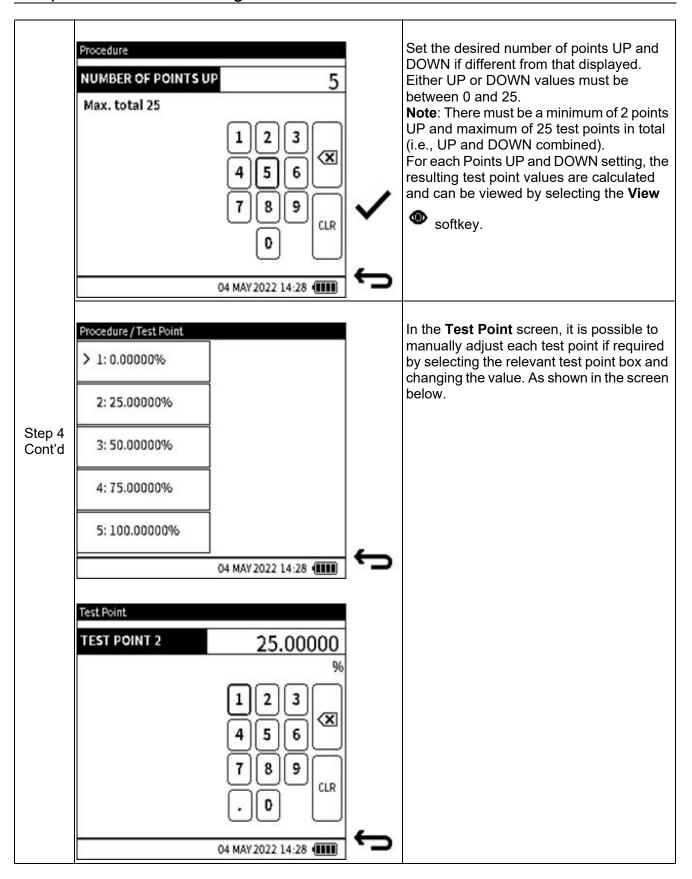


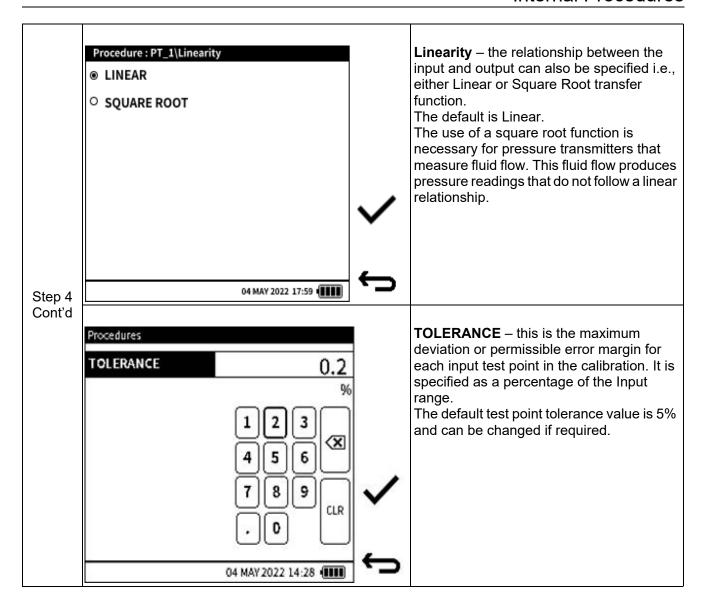
#### 11.2.2 How to create an Internal Procedure

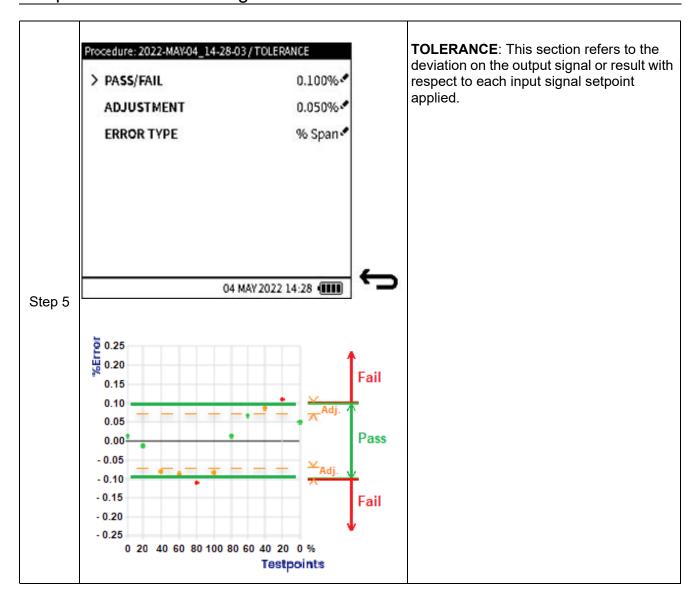


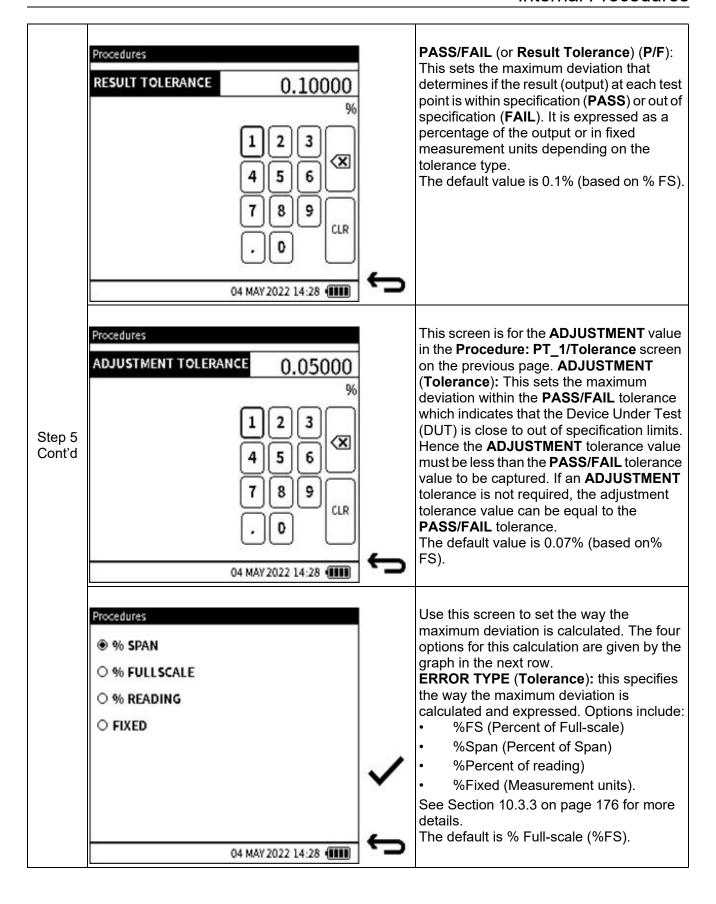




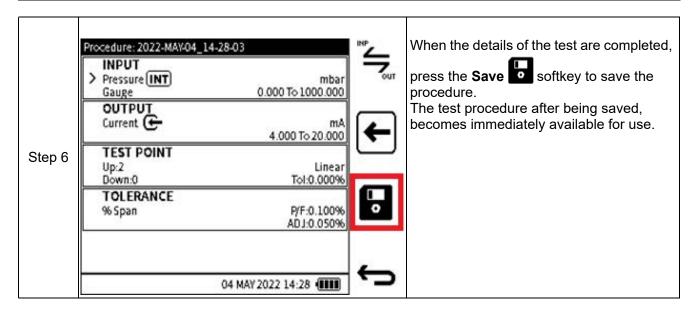




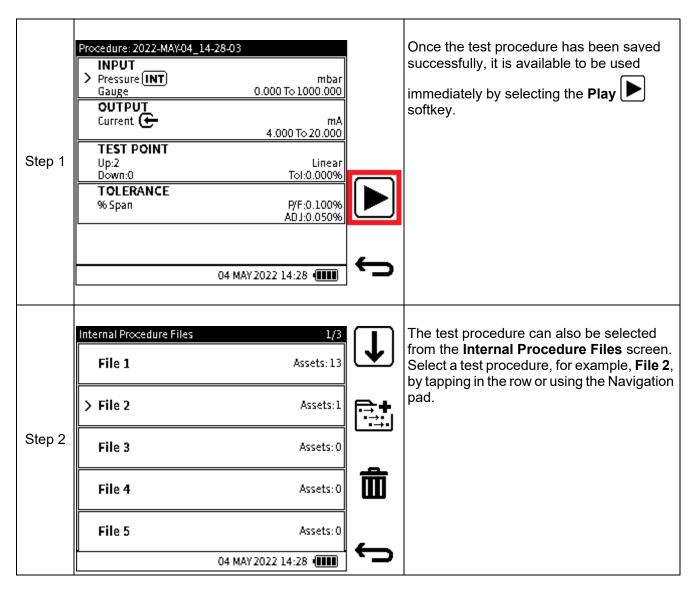




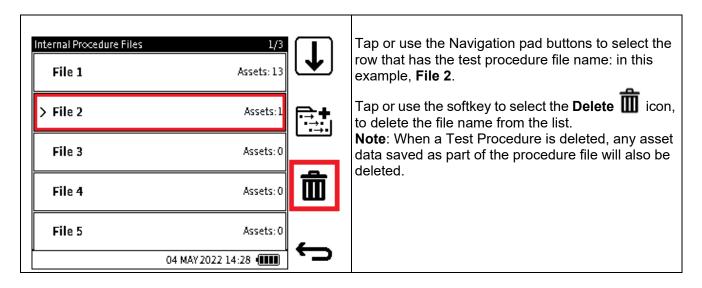
# Chapter 11. Documenting



#### 11.2.3 How to start a Test Procedure



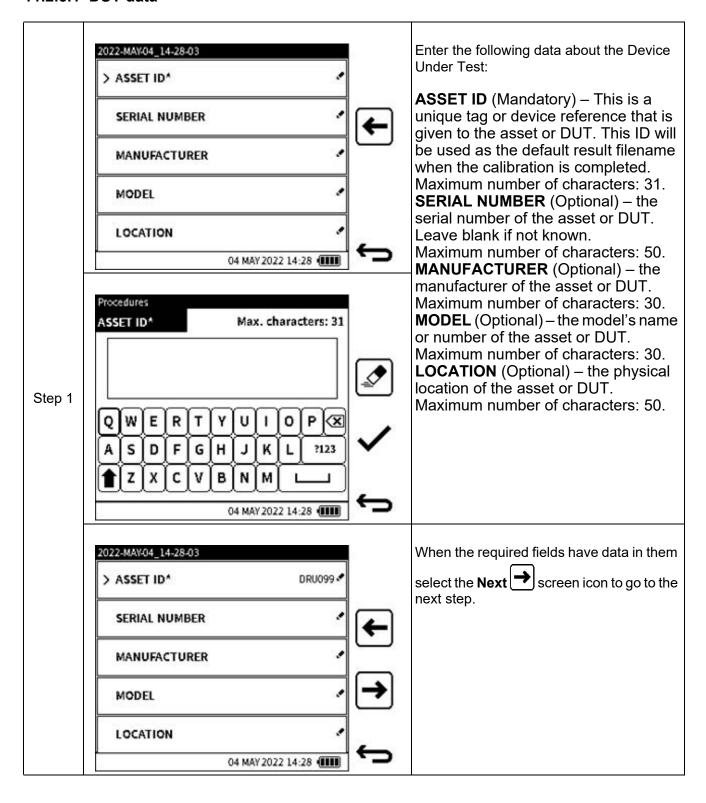
#### 11.2.4 How to delete a Test Procedure



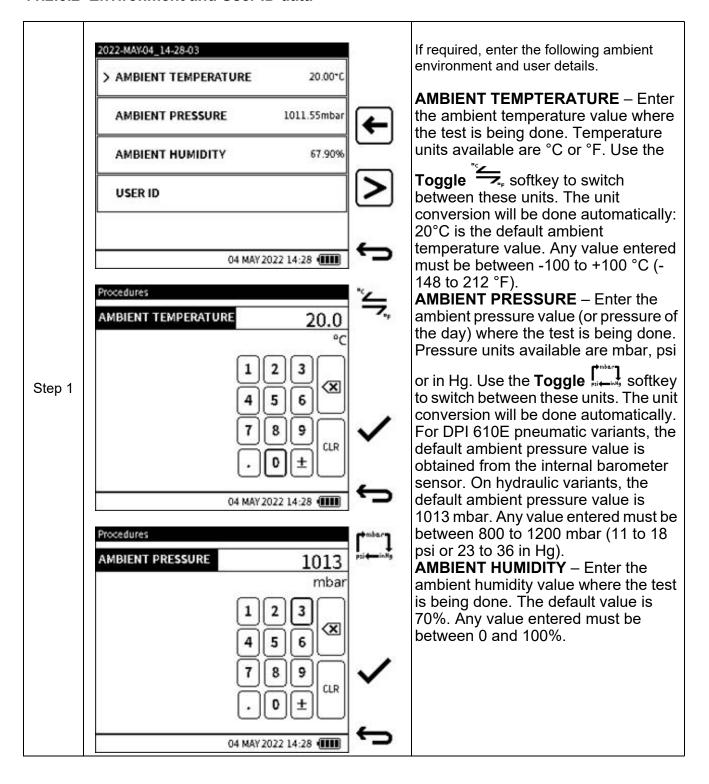
#### 11.2.5 Starting a Test Procedure

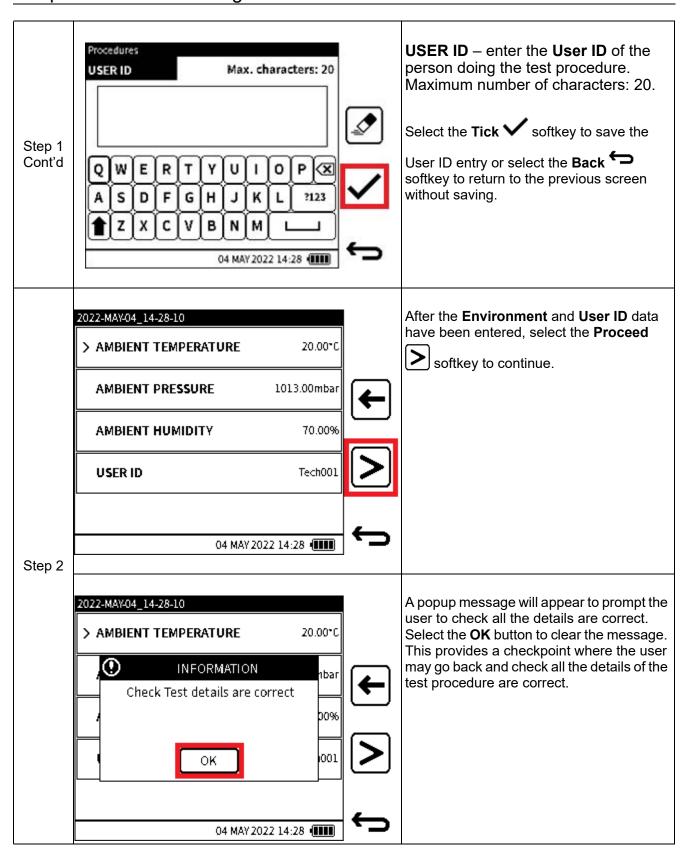
When a test procedure has been created and saved in DPI 610E memory, it can be run by selecting the **Play** softkey. Additional data about the DUT, Environment and User is required each time the test procedure is run.

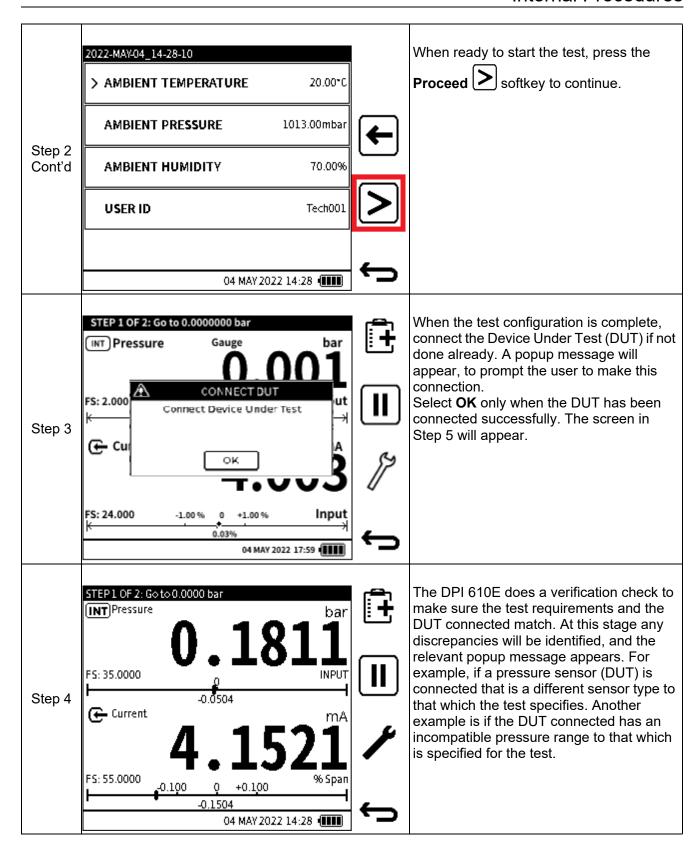
#### 11.2.5.1 DUT data



#### 11.2.5.2 Environment and User ID data



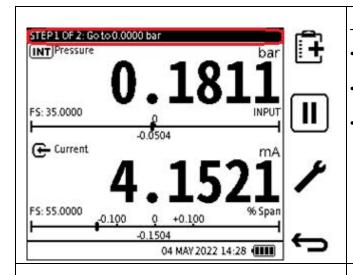




The next section describes the components of the **Documenting Main** screen.

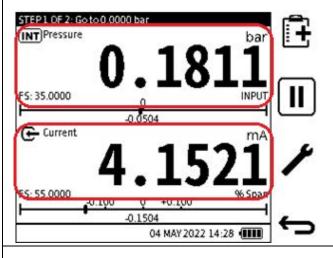
# 11.3 The Documenting Main Screen

This section describes the different elements of the **Documenting Main** screen.



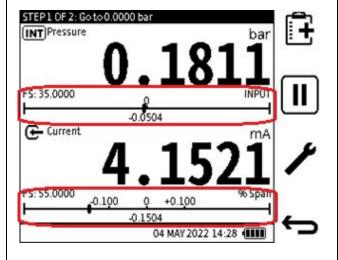
The title bar contains information about:

- Number of steps the test requires and what the current step is e.g., Step 1 of 2.
- The input test point value to apply e.g., Go to 0.000 bar.
- Completion status at the end of the test.



This screen shows the sensor information and readings for Input and Output. The top channel displays the Input information and the bottom channel, the Output.

In the output section, the Error Type appears below the reading on the right side of the window e.g.,% Span in the example screen.

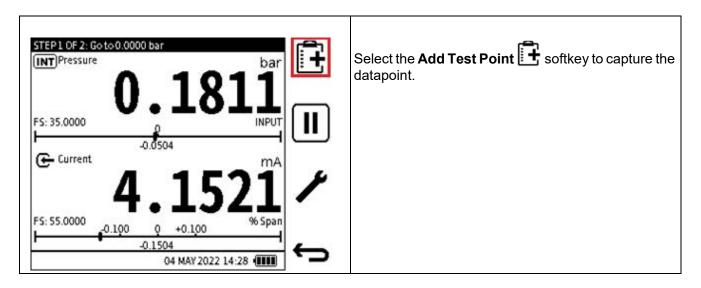


The error and tolerance indicator is for both the input and the output.

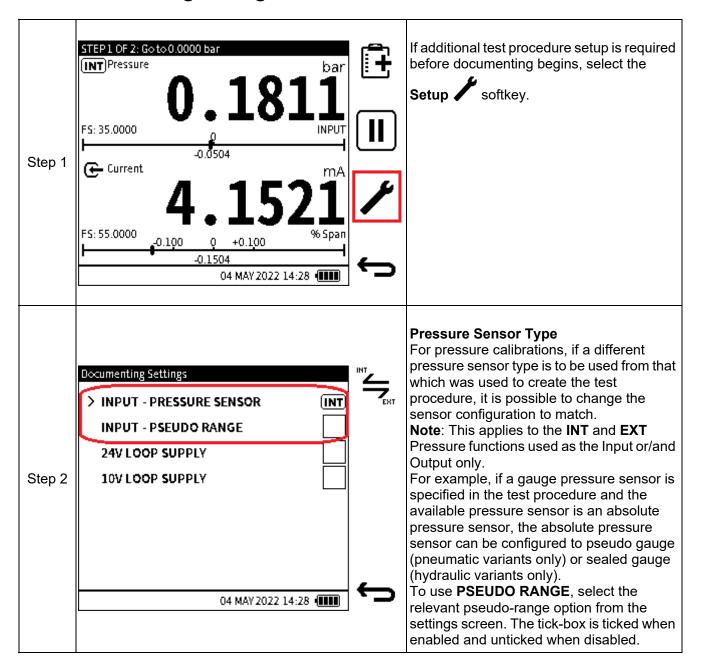
The specified tolerance value is on either side of the zero mark. This value is based on the Error Type and hence is expressed as a % unless the Fixed units Error type is selected, which in this case is expressed as the Output measurement units.

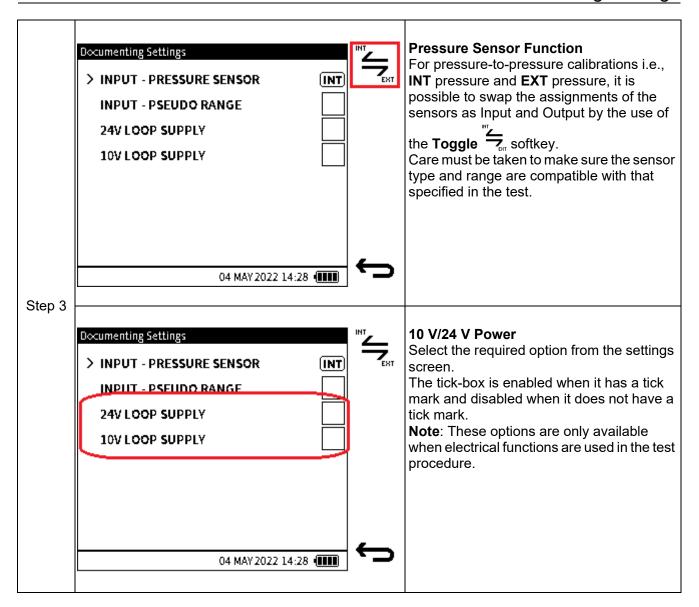
The calculated live error is displayed below the zero mark in both input and output channels. A marker is also displayed to indicate the approximate error value point with respect to the specified tolerance and tolerance line.

**Note**: if the marker is not visible, check the error value as it most likely means the error is too large to be visible on the error and tolerance indicator.

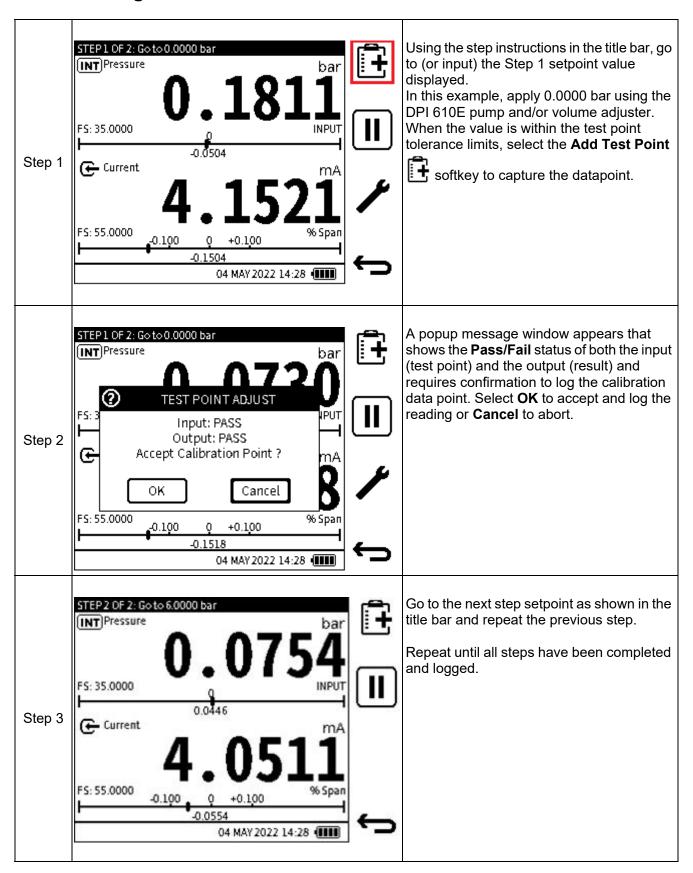


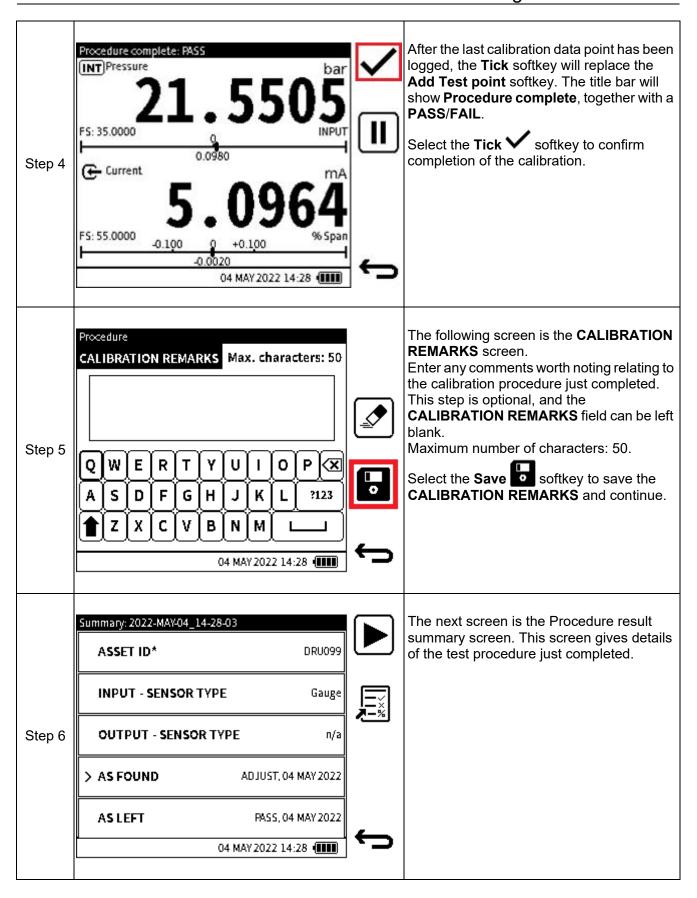
# 11.4 Documenting Settings



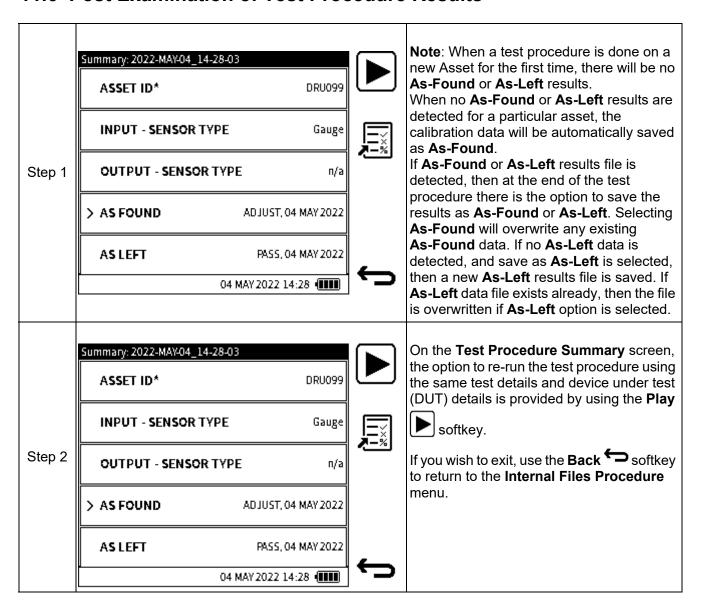


# 11.5 Running a Test Procedure

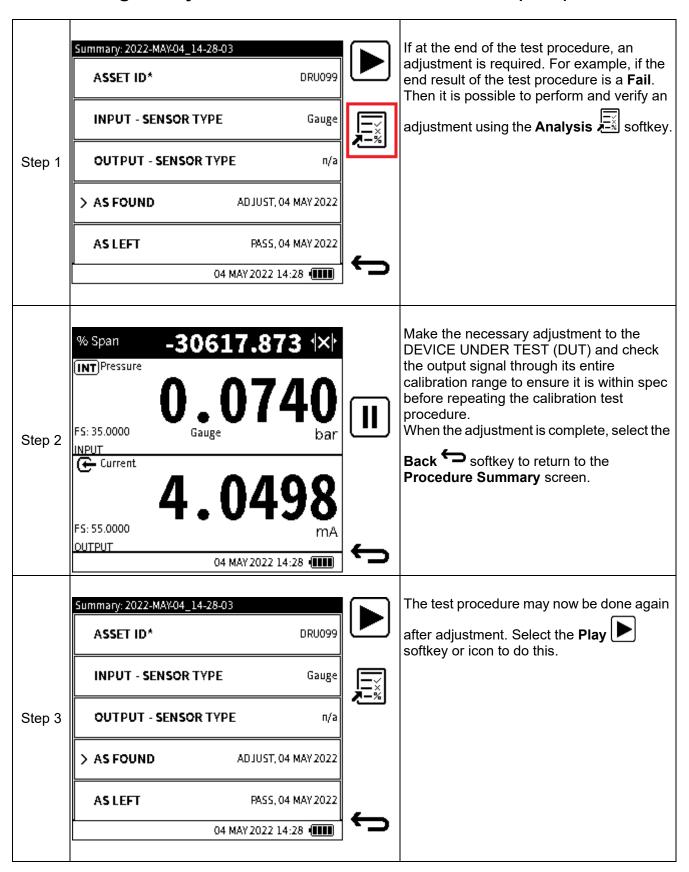




### 11.6 Post Examination of Test Procedure Results

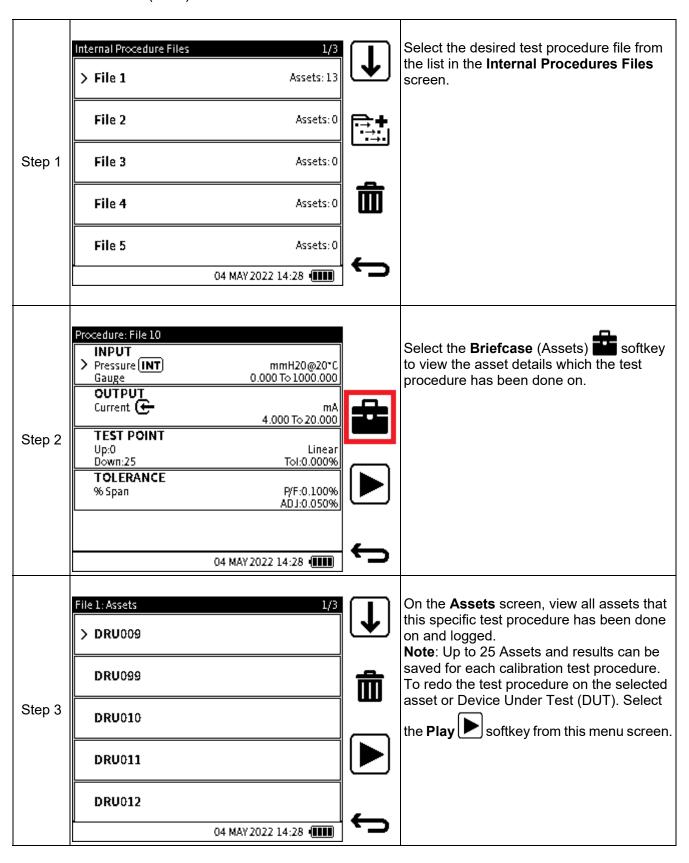


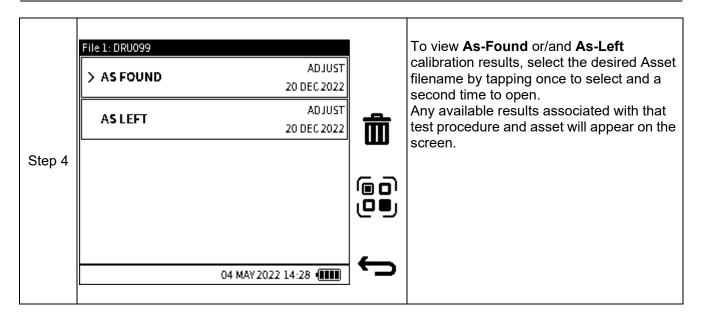
# 11.7 Making an adjustment on the Device Under Test (DUT)



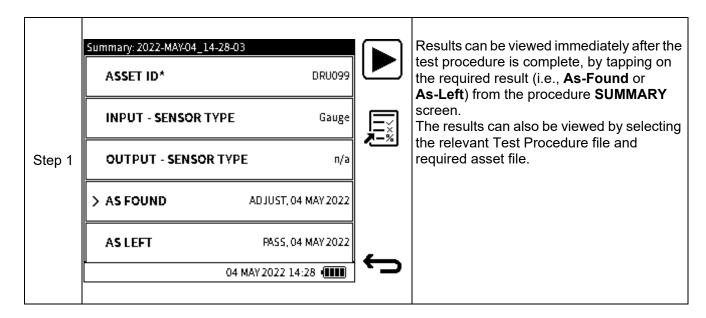
### 11.8 How to redo a Test Procedure

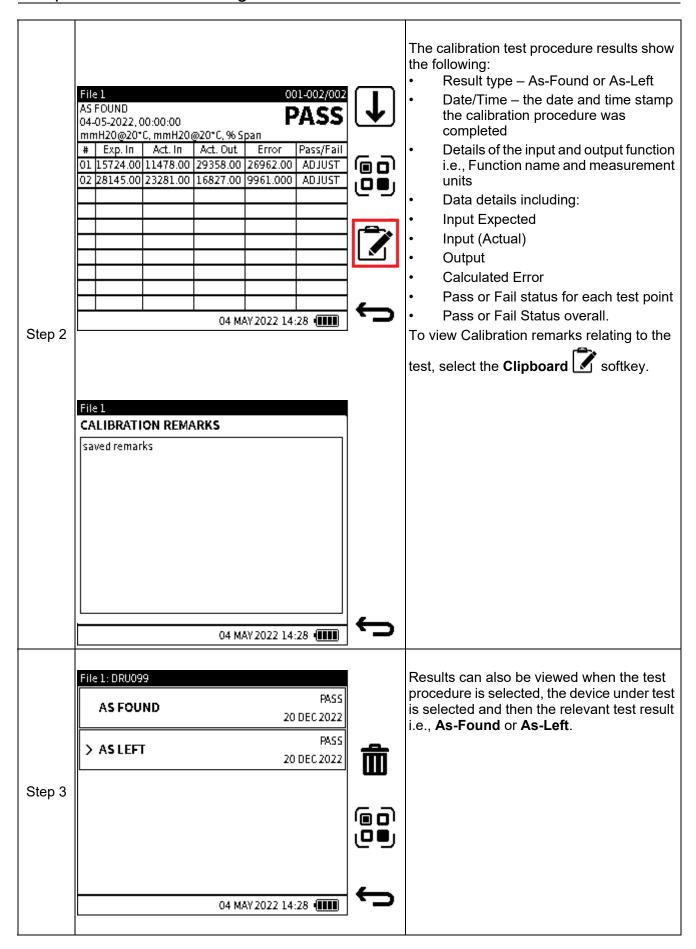
The instructions in this section relate to doing a Test Procedure again for an existing asset or Device Under Test (DUT).



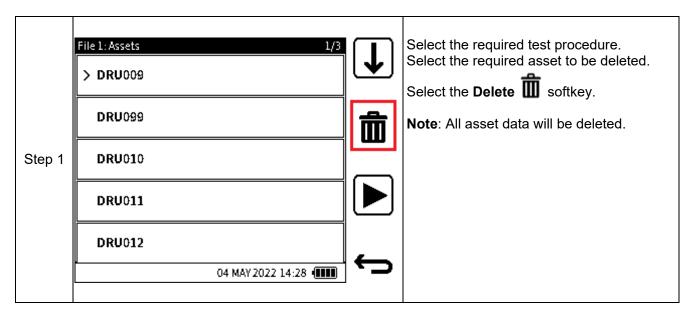


### 11.9 How to View Test Results.

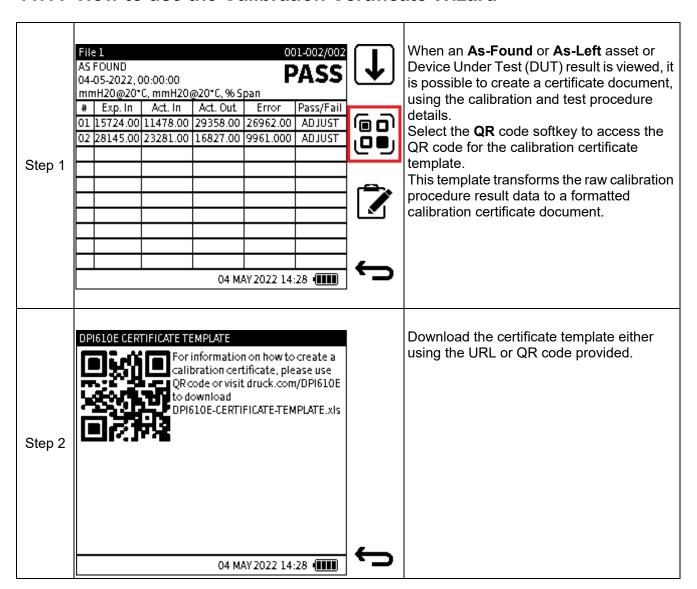




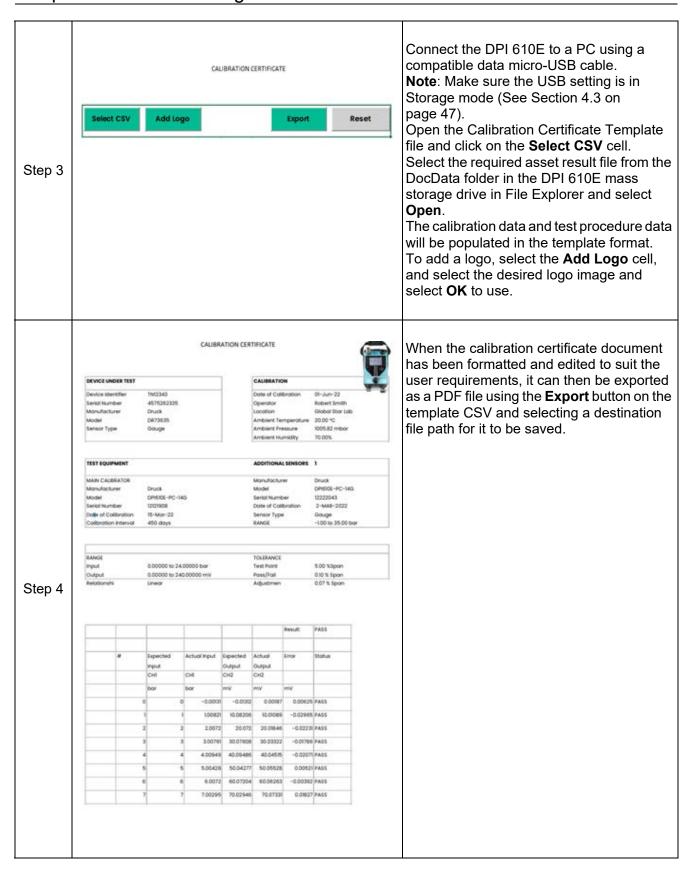
### 11.10 Deleting Asset Data



### 11.11 How to use the Calibration Certificate Wizard



# Chapter 11. Documenting



### 11.12 Remote Documenting

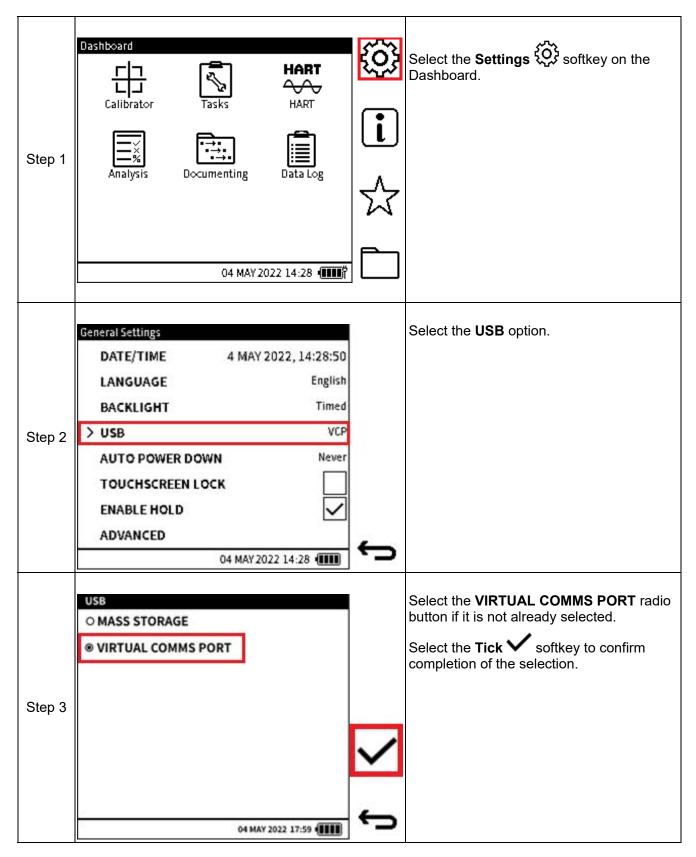
Remote documenting is a documenting feature that allows test procedures created in our 4Sight2 software to be downloaded and run on the DPI 610E to calibrate devices under test.

4Sight2 offers easy-to-use, cost effective and scalable calibration management with full integration with Druck Calibrators, to provide seamless communication, end-to-end automation, paperless calibration process and increased efficiency.

The 4Sight2 software is available on the Druck website <a href="www.druck.com/4sight2">www.druck.com/4sight2</a> and is free to download and use (trial or Freemium version).

To download test procedures from 4Sight2 on to the DPI 610E, connect the instrument to the PC using the USB data cable supplied.

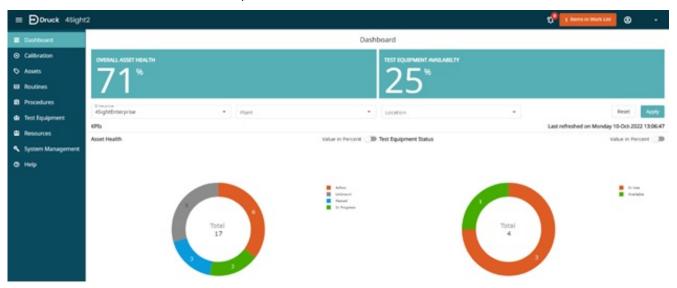
#### 11.12.1 Setup and Connection.



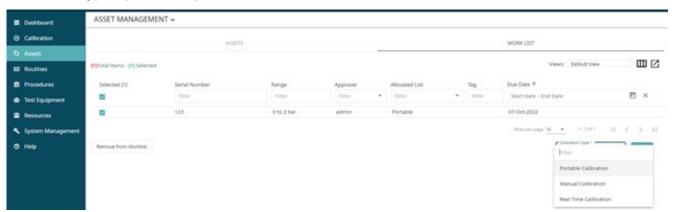
The 4Sight2 software and the Druck CommServer must install correctly for the DPI 610E to successfully connect to the 4Sight2 software.

Start the 4Sight2 application on your system.

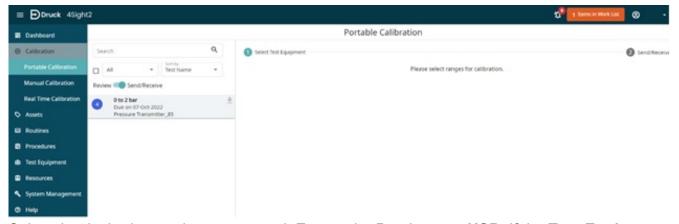
From the 4Sight2 Dashboard, select the **Assets** tab to access **Asset and Work List** information. Select the **Work List** tab to view the calibrations required to be completed. (For more information on how to create Assets or Work List items, please refer to the 4Sight2 Calibration Management Software User Manual 123M3138).



From the 4Sight2 work list, select calibration procedure(s) to be done. Select the **Portables** calibration type option and press the **Send** button.



Next, navigate to the **Calibration** tab and click **Portable Calibration**. The calibration procedure(s) selected in the previous step should be listed in the Portable Calibration list.



Select the desired procedure to proceed. Ensure the Port is set to **USB**. If the **Test Equipment** drop-down box is empty, select **Get Connected Test Equipment**. This will start the connection to the DPI 610E.

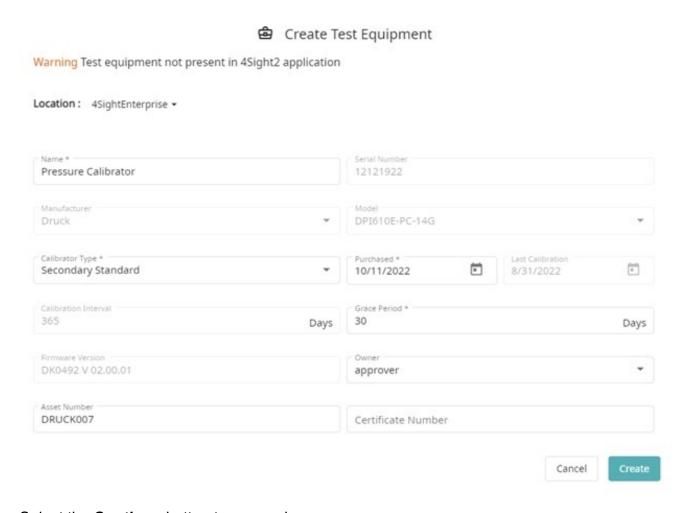
### Chapter 11. Documenting



**Note:** If any errors connecting to the DPI 610E come up during this process, ensure the DPI 610E is plugged in and in (VCP) Virtual Communications Port mode. If the Druck Comms Server is not installed and running, the connection cannot be established.

Upon successful connection to the DPI 610E test equipment, select the **Test Equipment** drop down box to select the detected device denoted by its model and serial number.

Create the Test Equipment profile by filling the resulting popup screen and click **Create** to complete.

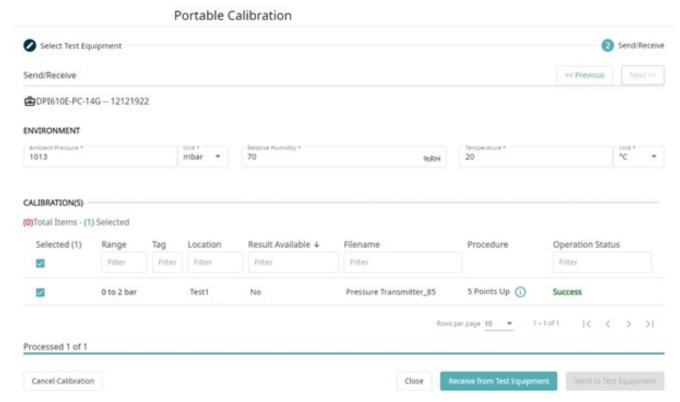


Select the **Continue** button to proceed.

Next, set the Ambient / Environmental parameters where the calibration will be done. This can still be modified on the DPI 610E at the start of the actual calibration.

Select the Calibration Test Procedure(s) to be sent to the DPI 610E and click **Send to Test Equipment**.

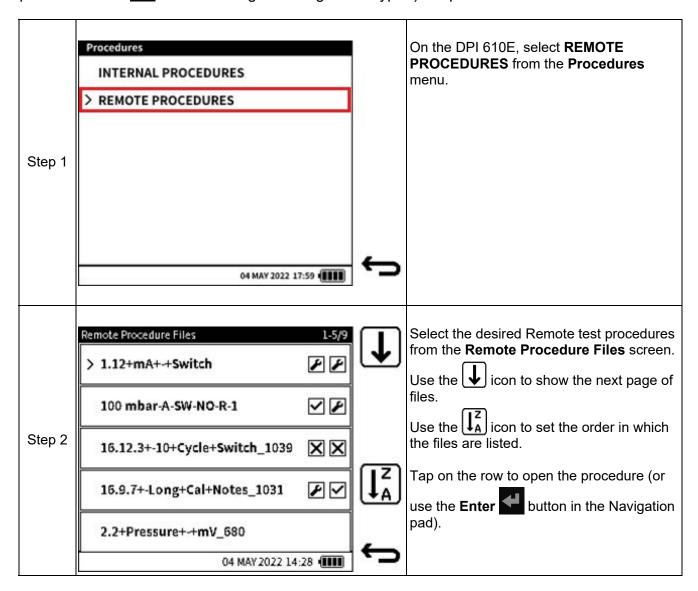
The process is completed with a "Success" indication under the Operation Status tab.



**Note:** tests that have special or Asian characters in the file name and notes cannot be uploaded to the 610E. Accented characters in the file name may be replaced by alternative characters without the accent symbols.

### 11.12.2 Running 4sight (Remote) Calibration Test Procedures

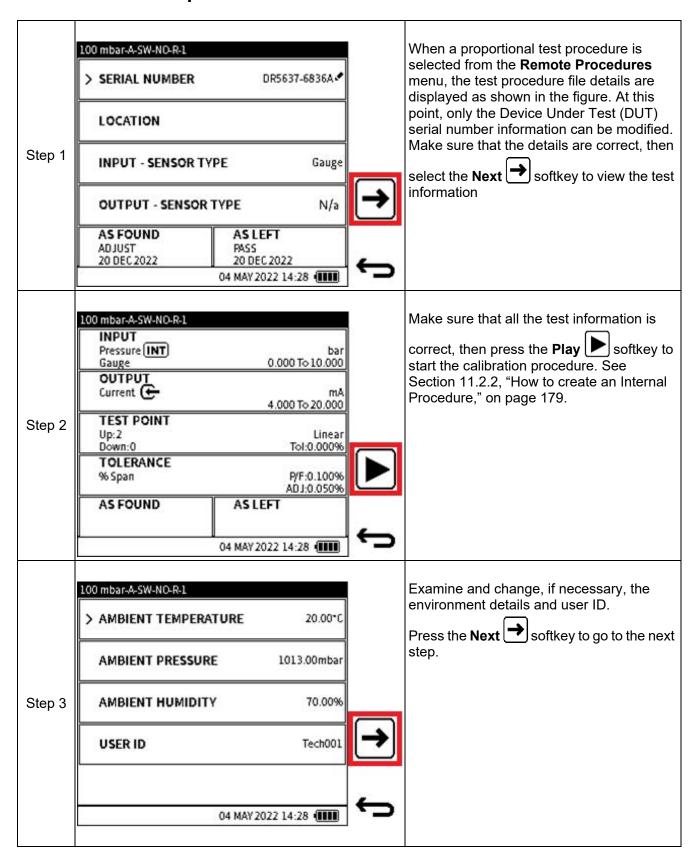
On the DPI 610E, select **REMOTE PROCEDURES** from the Procedures menu and tap again (or press the Enter button if using the navigation keypad) to open.

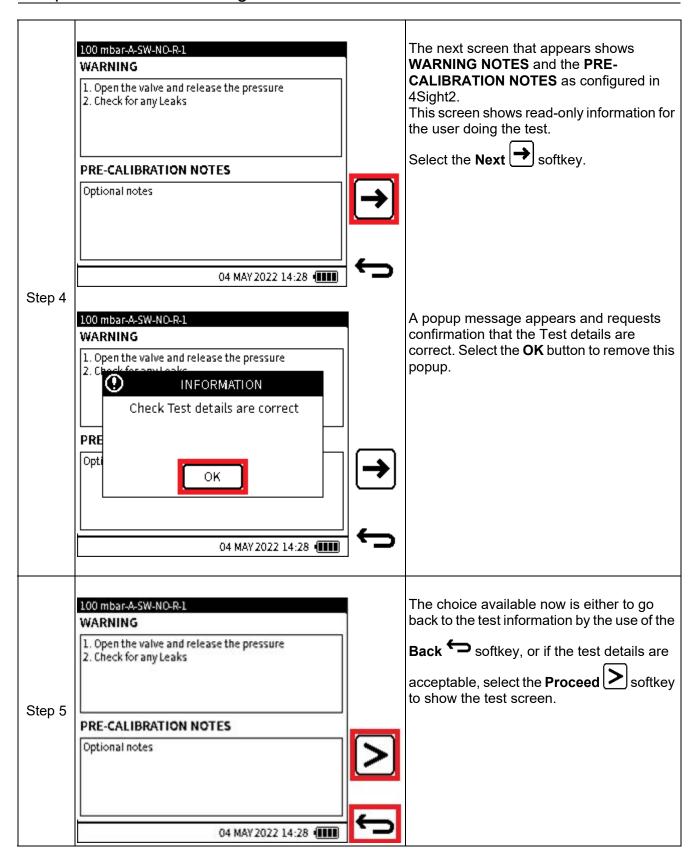


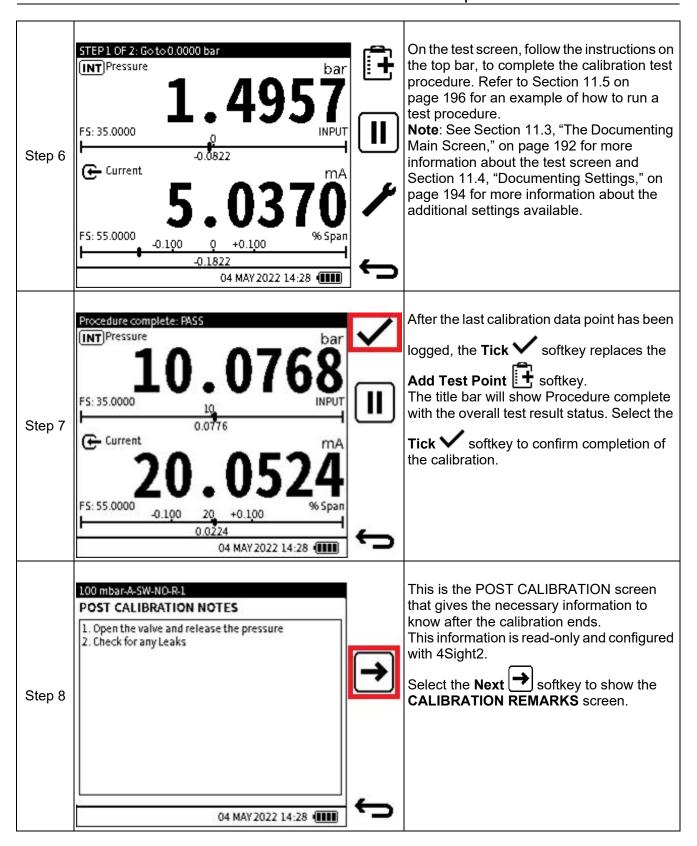
There are two types of remote test procedures supported by the DPI 610E:

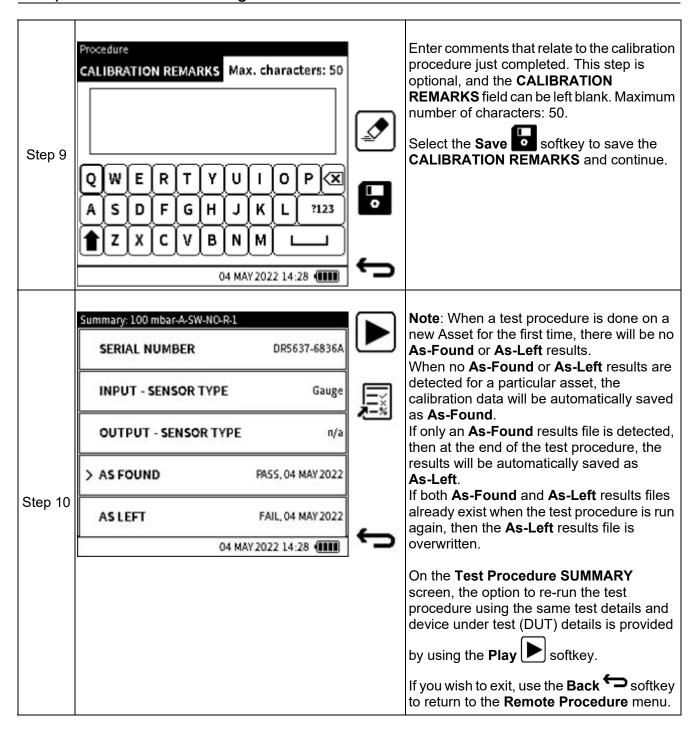
- 1. Linear or Proportional Test Procedure.
- 2. Switch Test Procedure.

### 11.13 Linear / Proportional Test Procedure

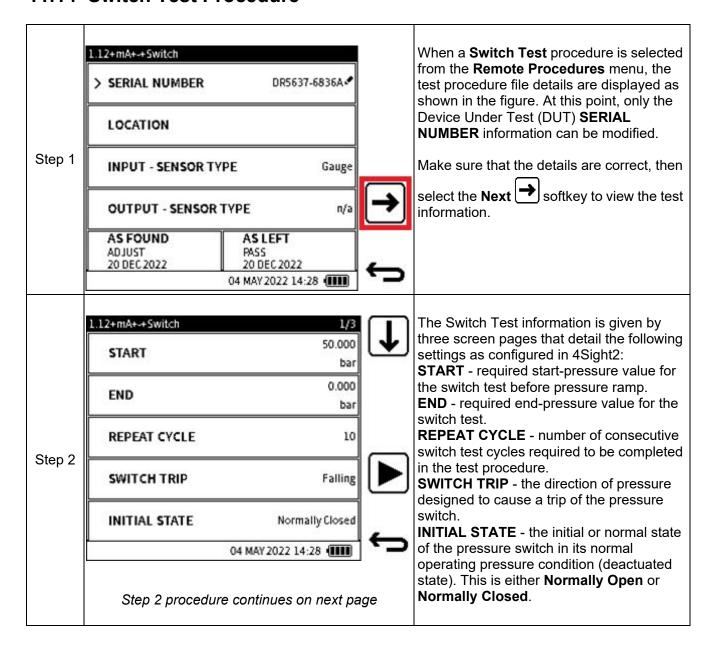


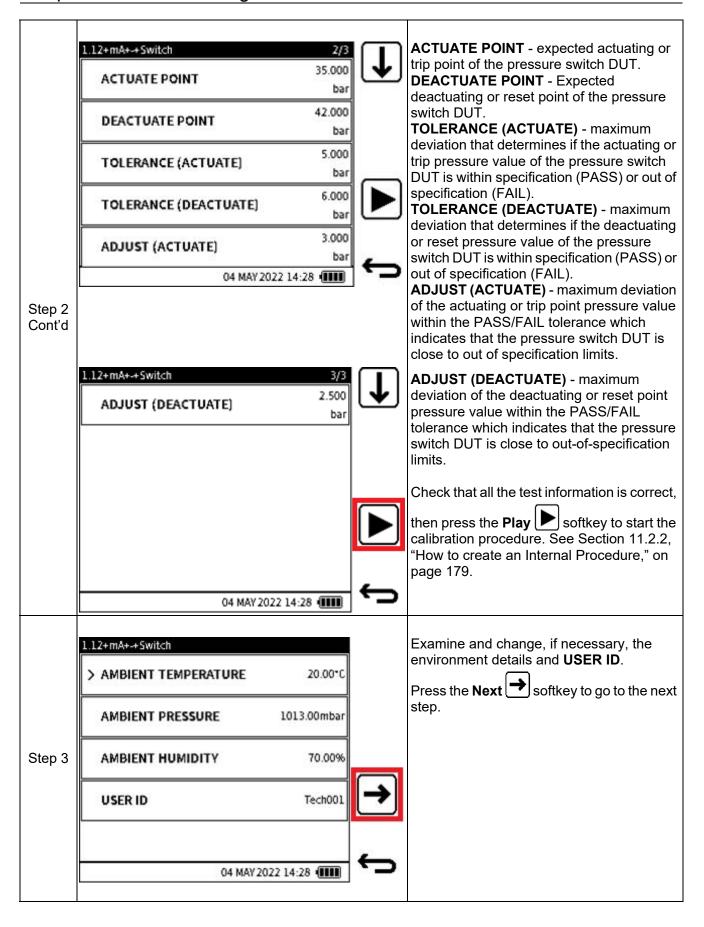


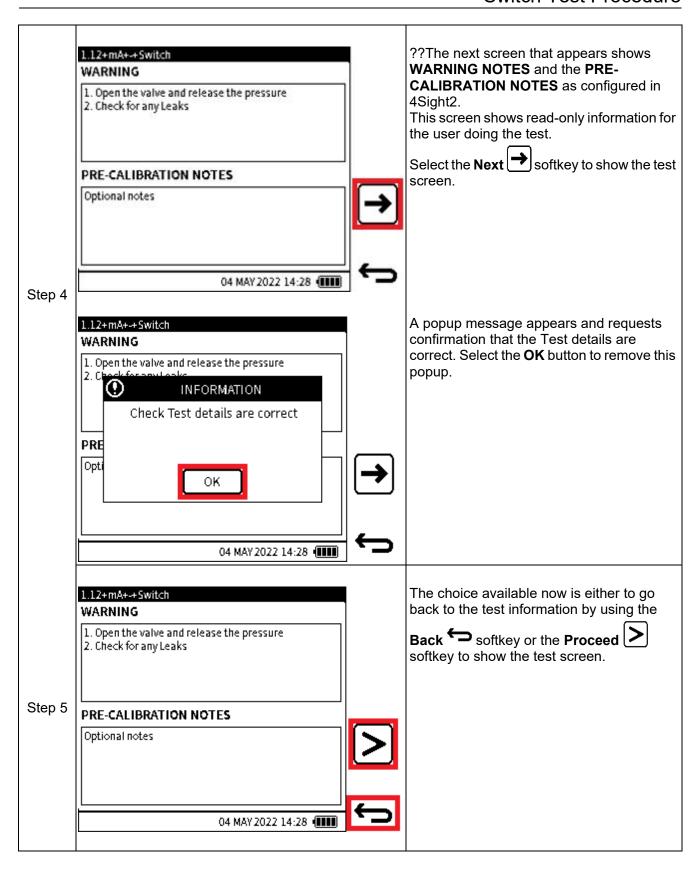


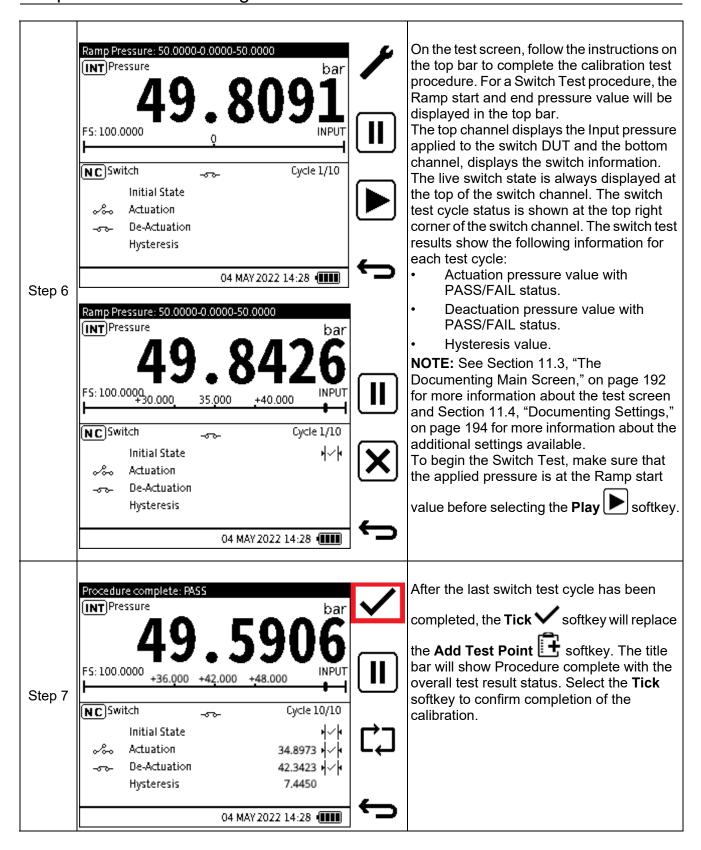


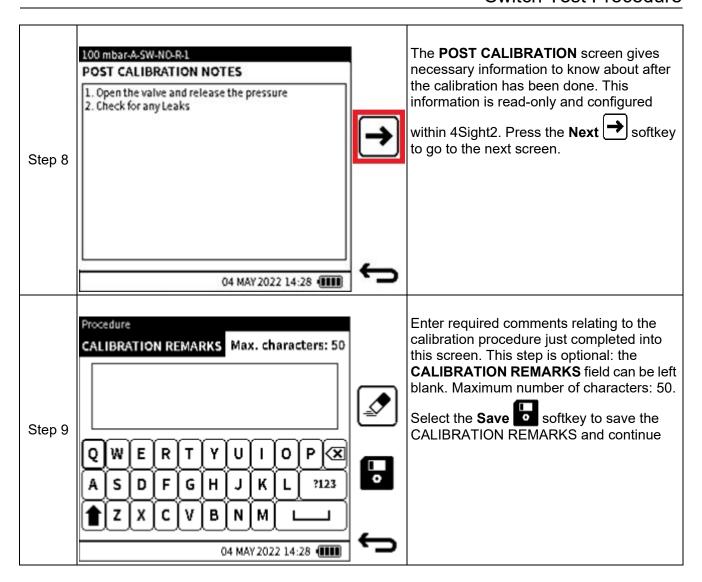
### 11.14 Switch Test Procedure

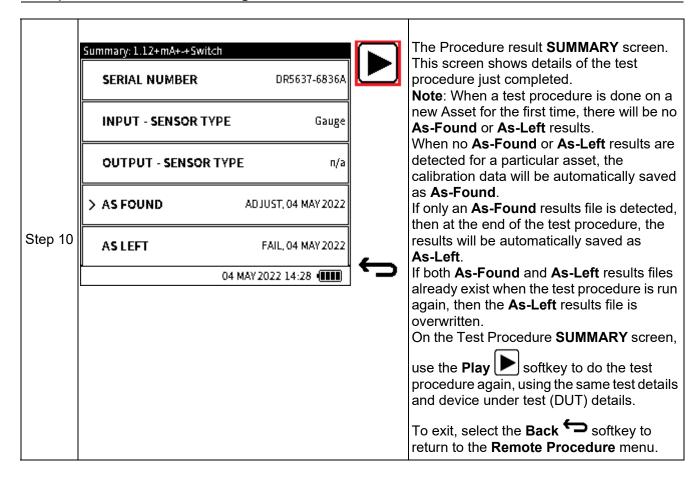




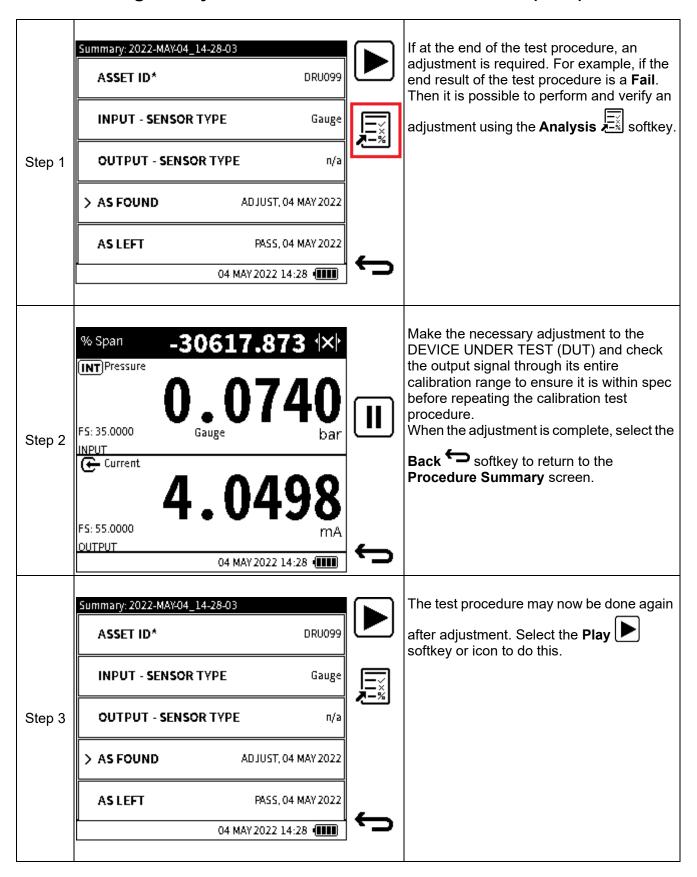






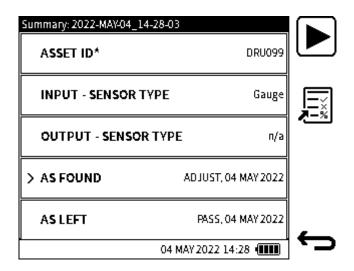


# 11.15 Making an adjustment on the Device Under Test (DUT)

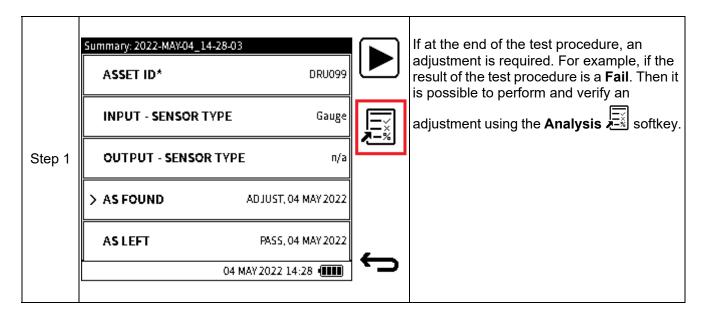


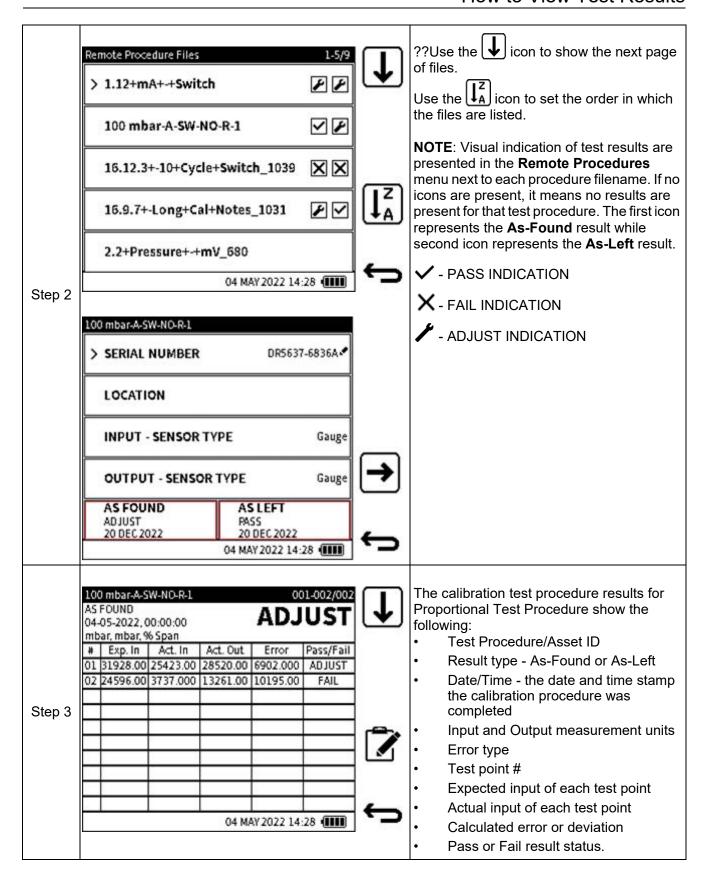
## 11.16 How to View Test Results

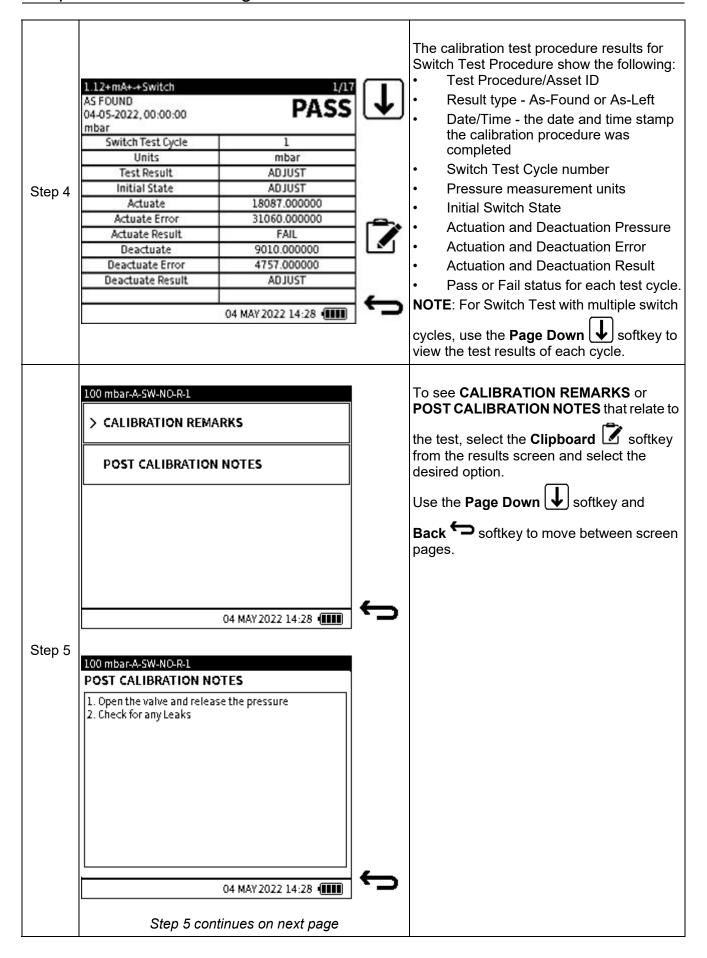
Tap on the required result row (e.g., **As-found** or **As-Left**) to see a screen of results immediately after the test procedure is finished.

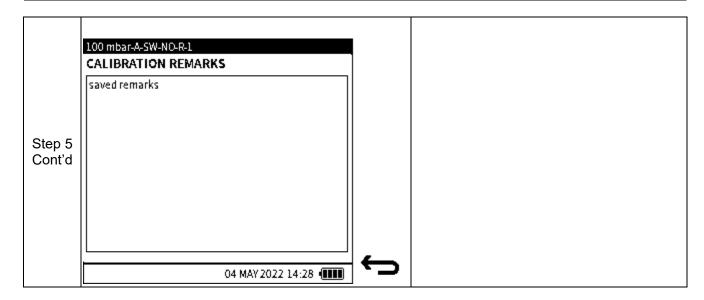


Results can also be viewed when the test procedure is selected and then the relevant test result i.e. As-Found or As-Left.

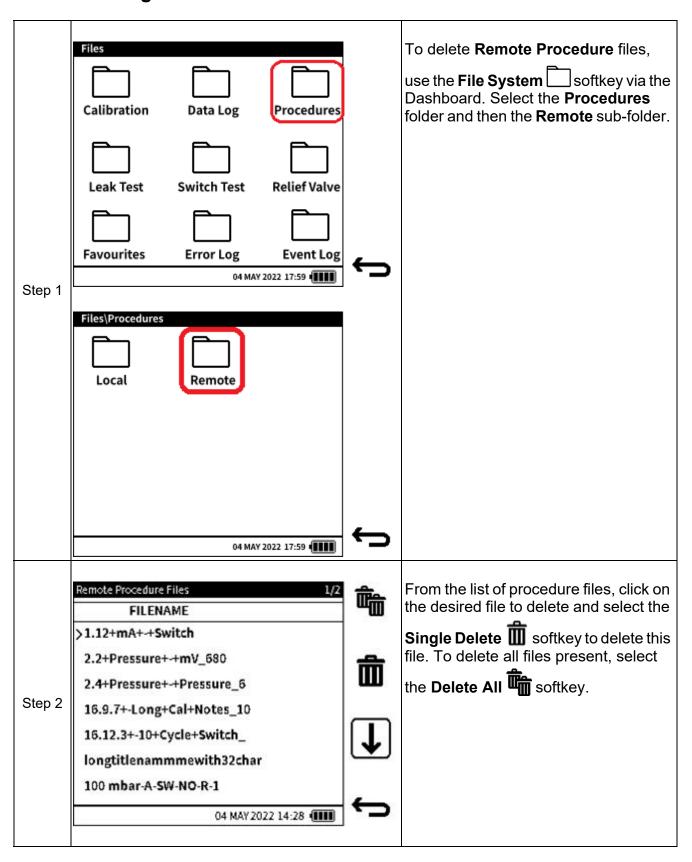








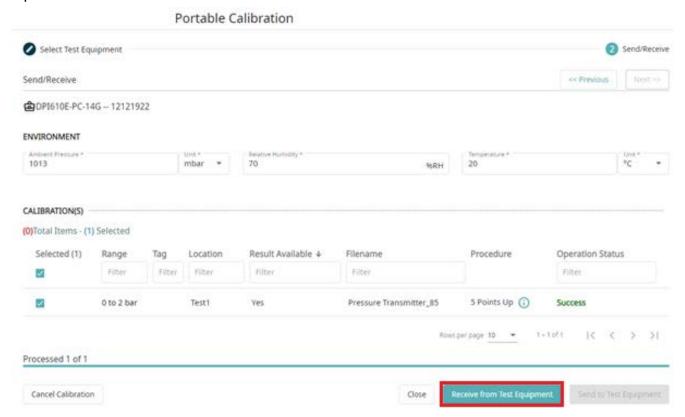
# 11.17 Deleting Remote Procedure Files



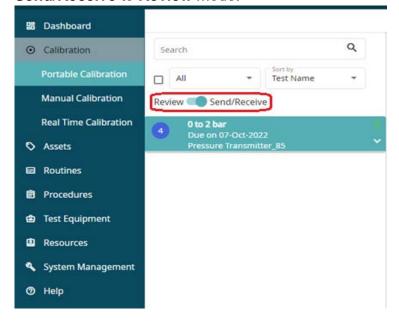
# 11.18 Uploading Test Results To 4Sight2

To upload test results back to 4Sight2:

From the relevant Calibration screen in 4Sight2, select the desired calibration and click **Receive from Test Equipment**. Successful upload of results will be indicated with the Success text in the Operation Status area.

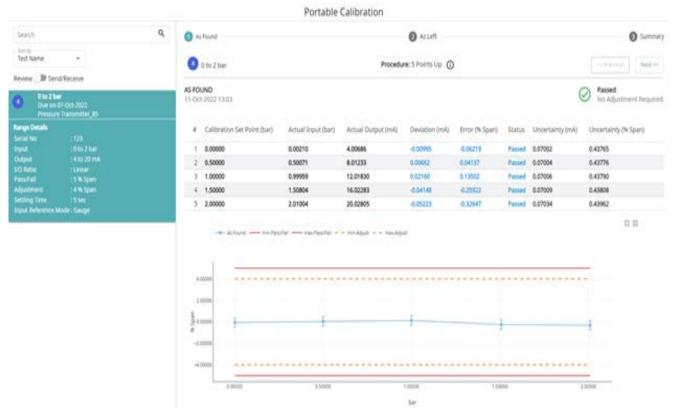


To review results, click on the toggle icon in the left-hand section of the screen to change from **Send/Receive** to **Review** mode.



# Chapter 11. Documenting

Select the calibration file to reveal details of the test and its results.



For additional information on how to analyse or process test data within 4Sight2, please refer to the 4Sight2 User Manual **123M3138**.

Uploading Test Results To 4Sight2
Spreading received to reigna

## **12. HART**

## 12.1 HART® Application

The DPI 610E supports the HART® (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) communication protocol and allows basic HART operation and configuration on HART supported devices. The HART bi-directional communications technology works as a master/slave protocol and when connecting the DPI 610E to the HART device, the DPI 610E acts as the master and the HART device, the slave. The DPI 610E supports commonly used functions from the Universal and Common Practice commands specified in HART revision 5, 6 and 7.

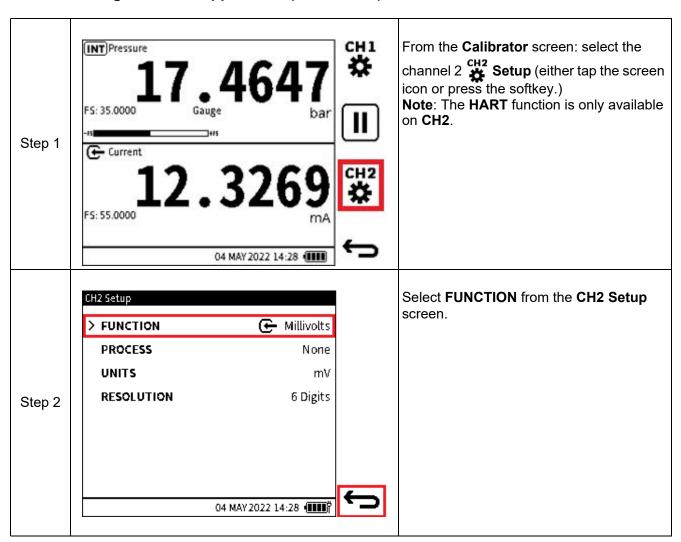
The HART function is only available on **CH2**. The function uses the current loop signal for its communication: the DPI 610E can provide a 24 V loop power supply to the HART Device if required. The DPI 610E also offers a 250-ohm HART resistor that provides the voltage drop required for the HART communication.

The DPI 610E can be used to communicate with HART devices as a:

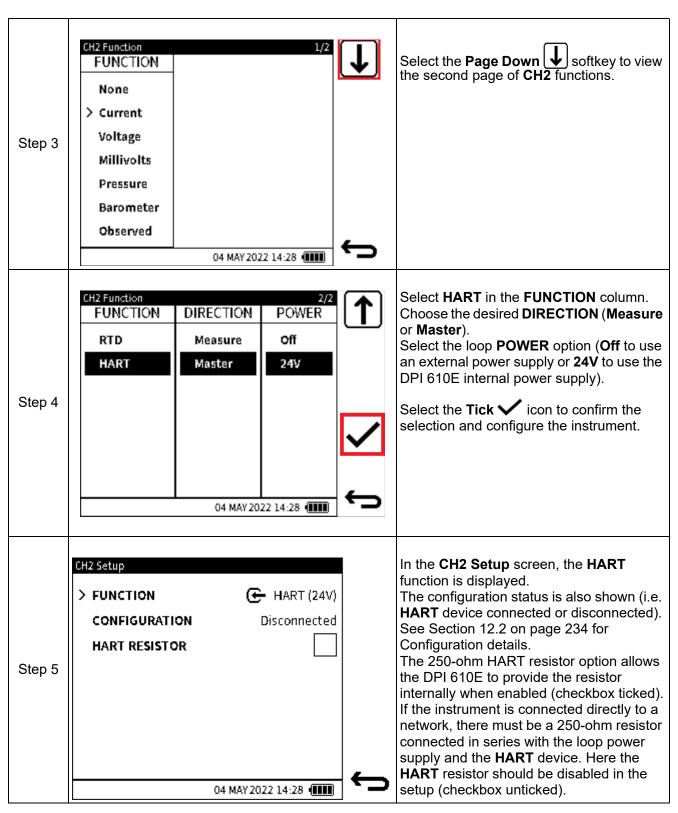
**Primary Master** - the DPI 610E starts and controls all communications. The field device (slave) uses each command from the master device to make a change and/or send data back.

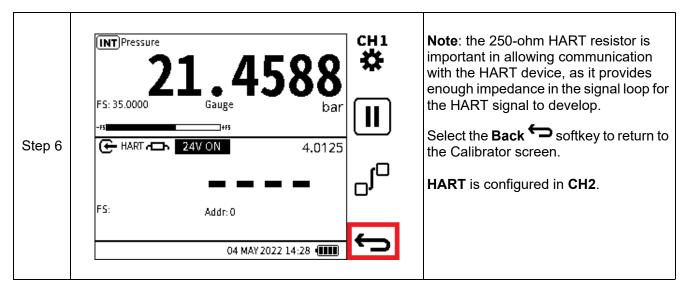
**Secondary Master** - the DPI 610E connects to an existing HART communications network. The Secondary Master communicates with the field device between Primary Master messages.

## 12.1.1 Starting the HART application (1st Method)

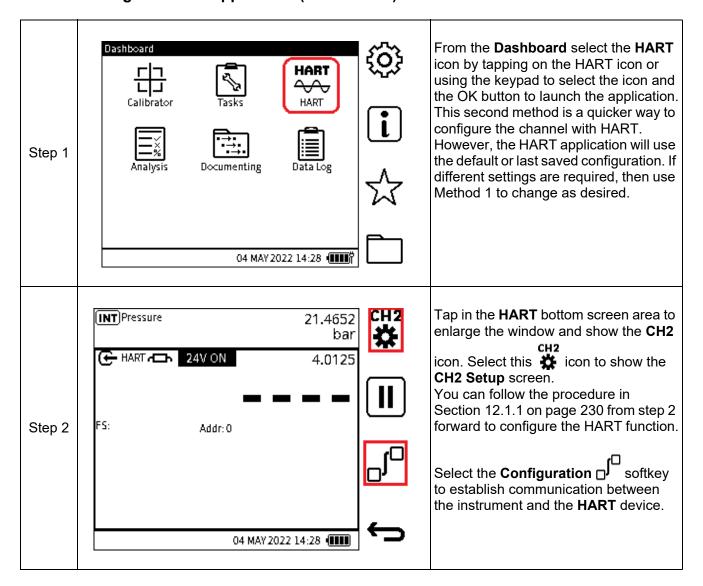


.



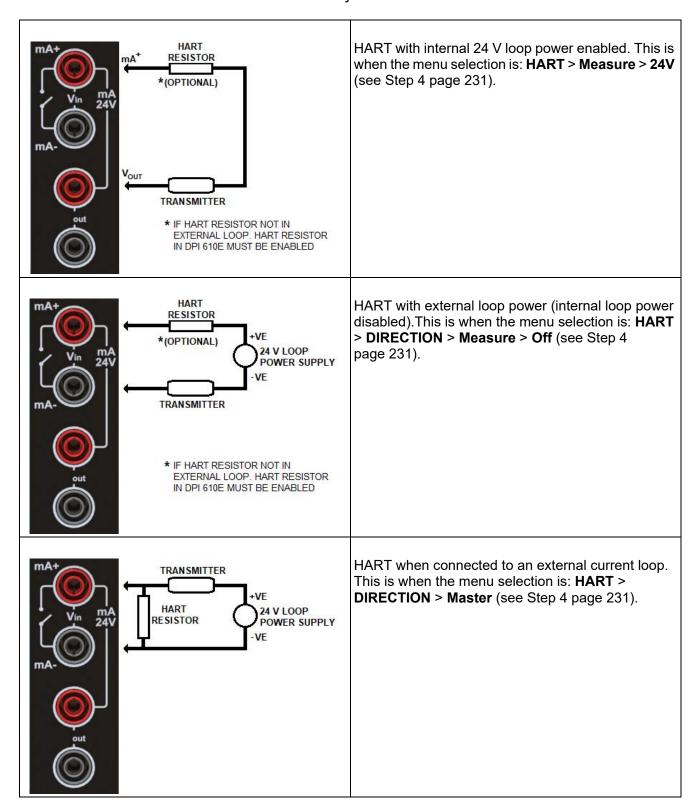


#### 12.1.2 Starting the HART application (2nd Method)

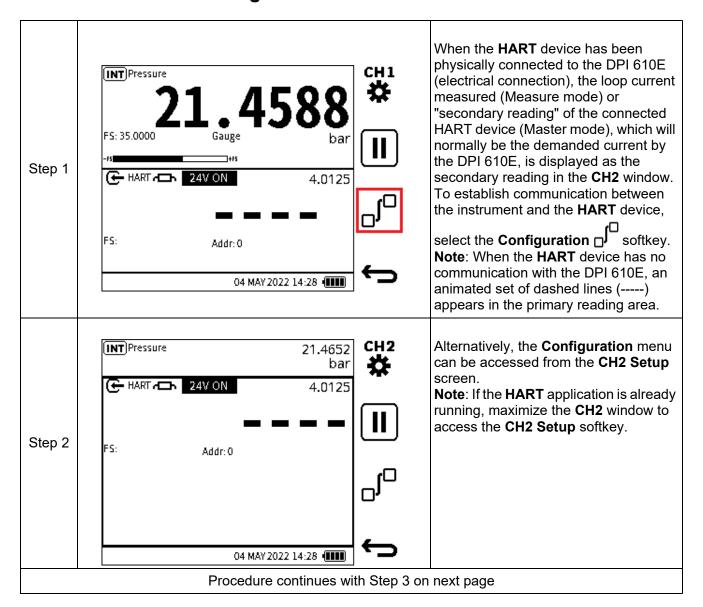


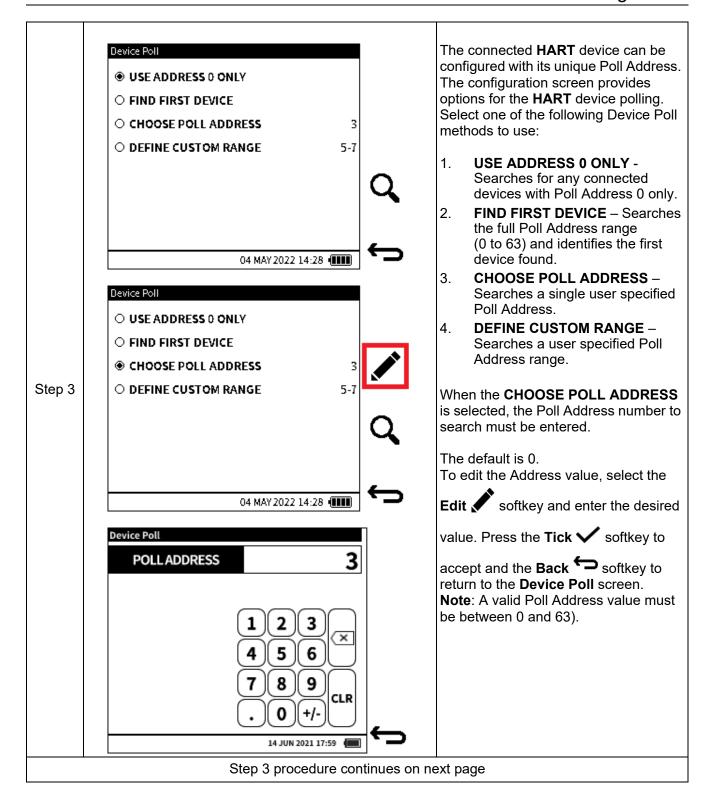
#### 12.1.3 HART device electrical connection

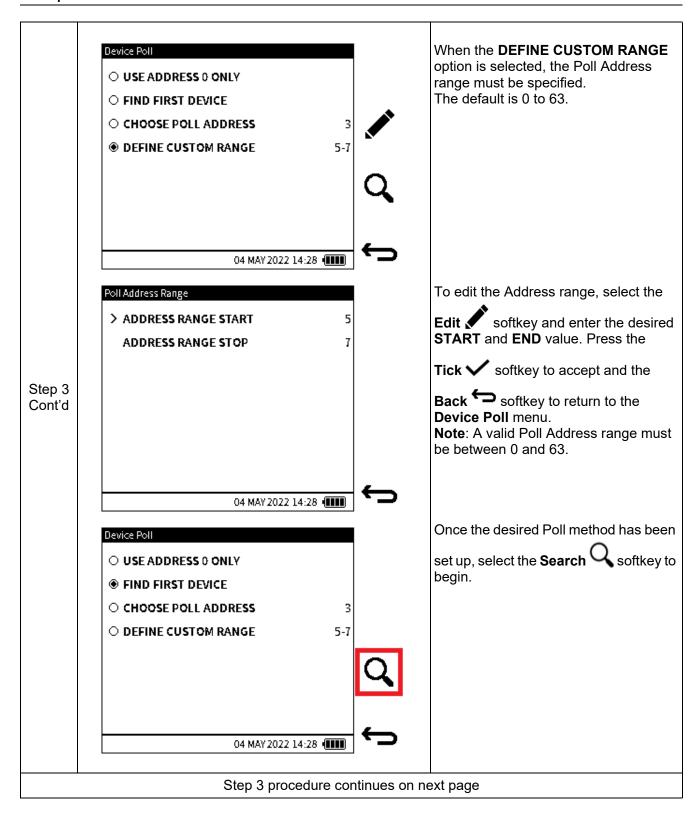
Use the **Help** button on the DPI 610E, to show information about the different electrical connections shown below. It could be necessary to use this button if this manual is not available.

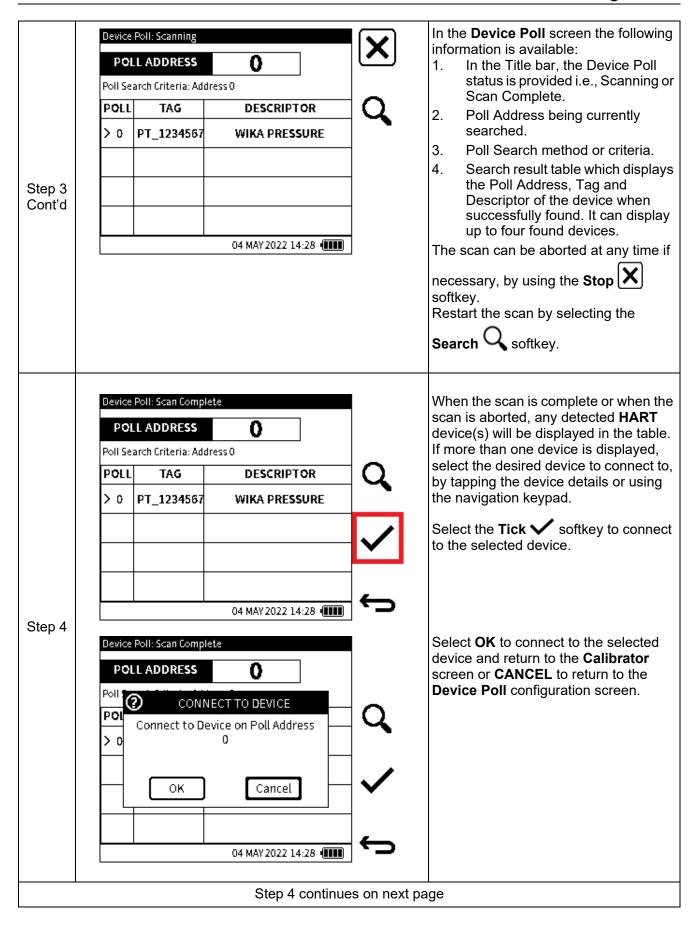


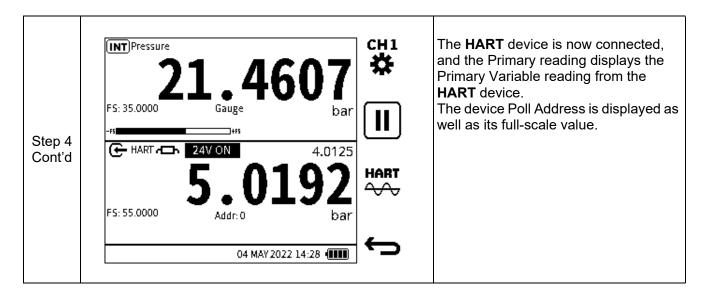
# 12.2 HART Device Configuration



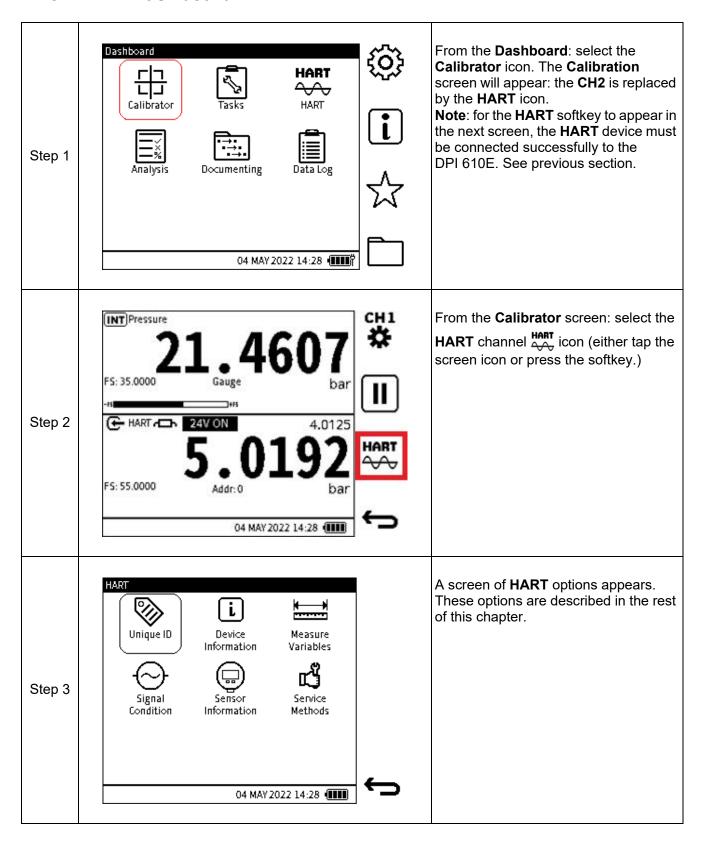








## 12.3 HART Dashboard



#### 12.3.1 Unique ID

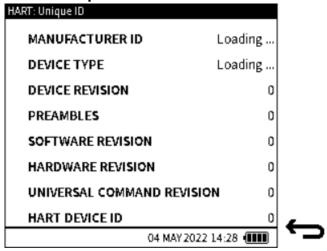


Figure 12-1: Unique ID screen

The **Unique ID** screen gives identity information about the connected **HART** device. This **HART** command gets the long address of the device plus other manufacturer information available and shows it in this screen.

The **PREAMBLES** data relates to the code that identifies the start and end of a data packet.

**Note:** this is a read-only screen.

#### 12.3.2 Device Information

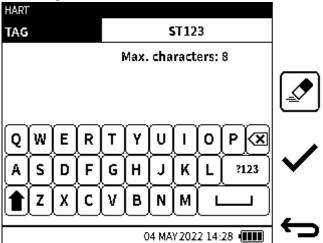


Figure 12-2: Device Information screen

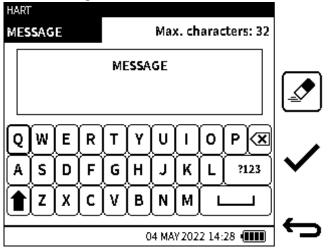
The **HART: Device Information** screen displays editable information about the device. The information options available are shown in the Figure 12-2 above.

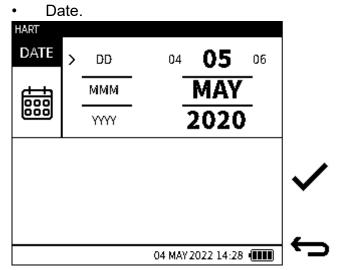
To edit any of the device information, select the option and enter the desired value or text. Select the **Tick** ✓ softkey to confirm and write this new change to the device

• Tag.



- Poll Address
- Description
- Message.

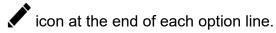




Preambles

The **PREAMBLES** data relates to the code that identifies the start and end of a data packet.

Note: The Device Information screen options are all user editable as indicated by the mini pencil



#### 12.3.3 Measure Variables

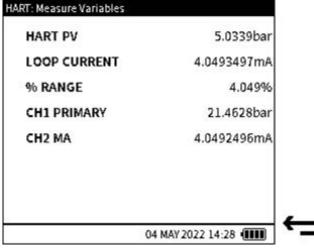


Figure 12-3: Measure Variables screen

This screen shows the following variables:

- HART PV (Primary variable)
- Loop Current (Output by HART device)
- % Range (Percentage the current PV reading of the PV range)
- CH1 Primary (Primary reading on CH1)
- CH2 MA (Loop current measured by the DPI 610E).

### 12.3.4 Signal Condition

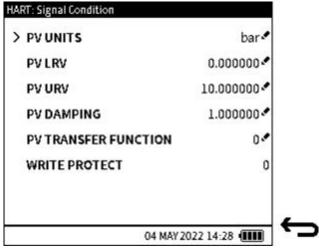


Figure 12-4: Signal Condition screen

This screen shows the following variables (variables with a pen icon can be edited):

- PV Units (Measurement units the primary variable is displayed)
- PV LRV (Primary variable Lower Range Value)

- PV URV (Primary variable Upper Range Value)
- PV Damping (Primary variable damping value in seconds)
- PV Transfer Function (Primary function transfer function selection code)
- Write Protect (Write protect code).

#### 12.3.5 Sensor Information

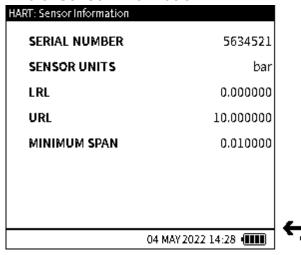


Figure 12-5: Sensor Information screen

This screen shows the following variables:

- Serial Number
- Sensor Units
- LRL (Lower Range Limit)
- URL (Upper Range Limit)
- Minimum Span.

Note: This is a read-only screen.

## 12.4 HART Service Methods

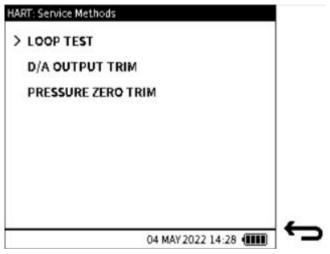


Figure 12-6: Service Methods screen

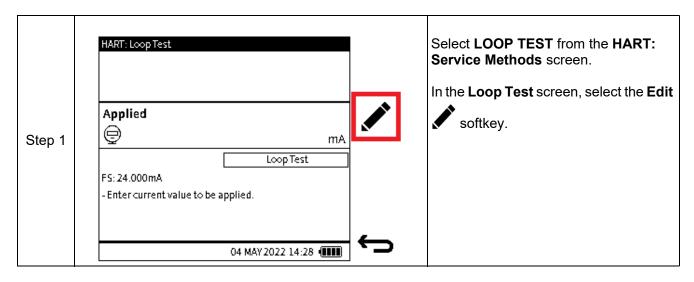
The Service Methods available on the DPI 610E are:

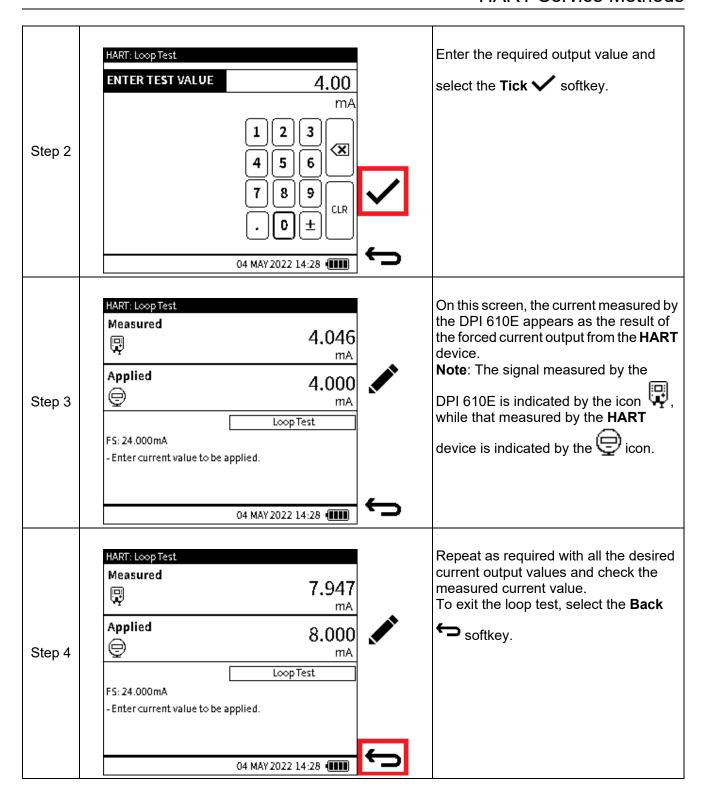
- 1. LOOP TEST
- 2. D/A OUTPUT TRIM (page 246)
- 3. PRESSURE ZERO TRIM (page 250).

#### **12.4.1 LOOP TEST**

This method sets the output of the **HART** device to a user specified analog (current) value. It is useful in testing the integrity of the current loop and makes sure the system is functioning correctly. With the DPI 610E Loop test method, the user can force an output current between 4 and 20 mA for normal transmitter operation or <3.6 mA and >21 mA to verify failure alarm indication in the device and verify the A to D Trim. The actual current output from the HART device is measured by the mA input of the DPI610E calibrator.

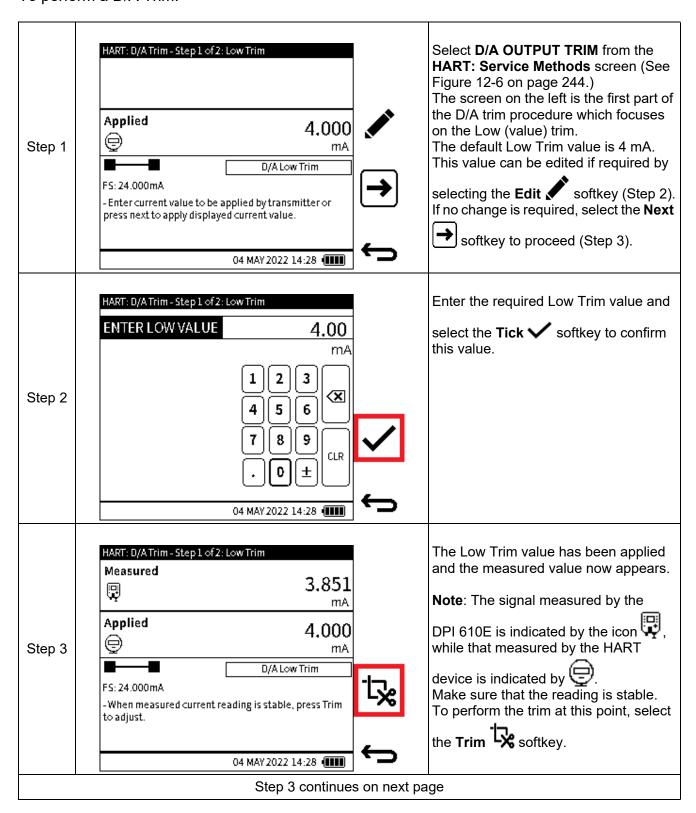
To output a current:

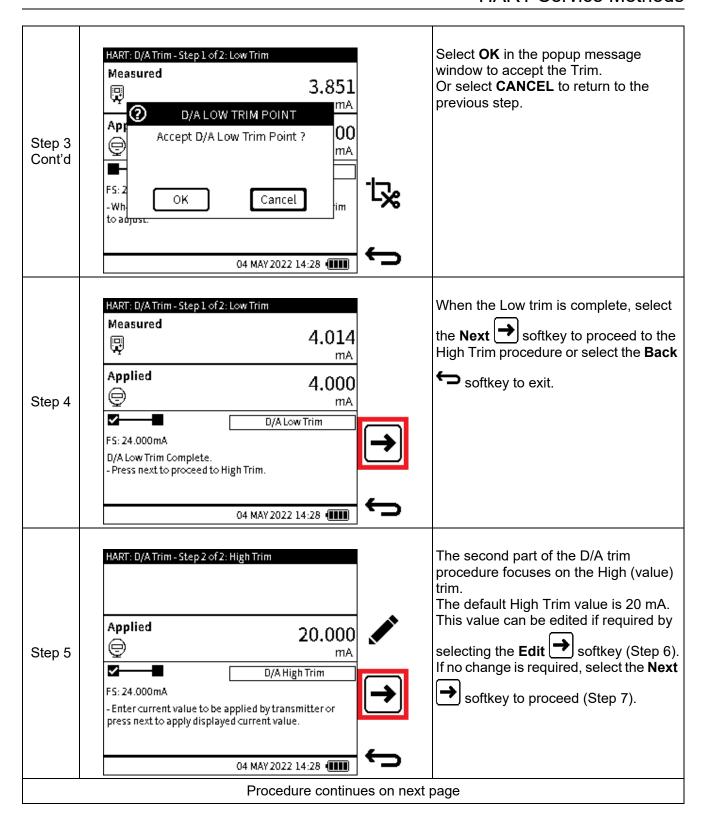


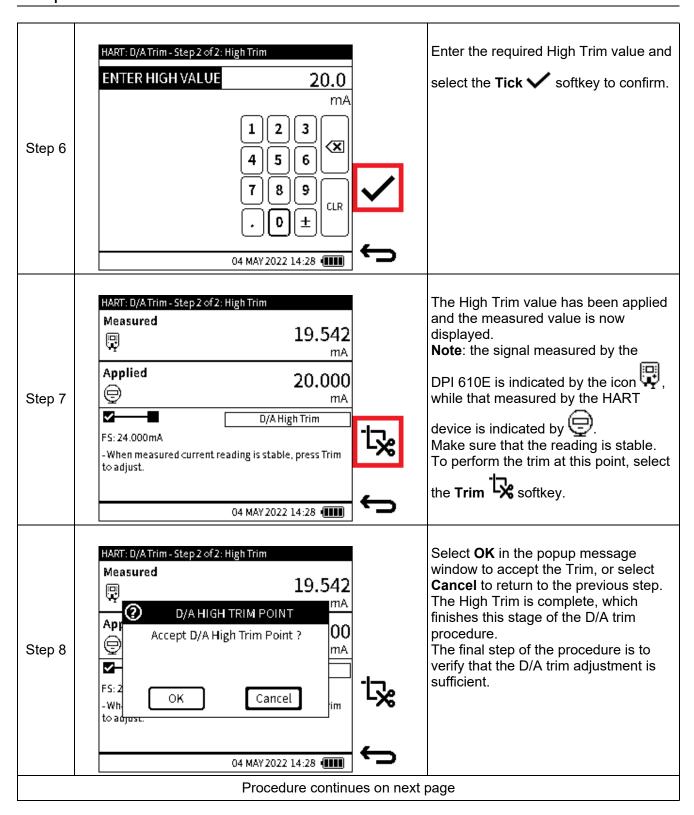


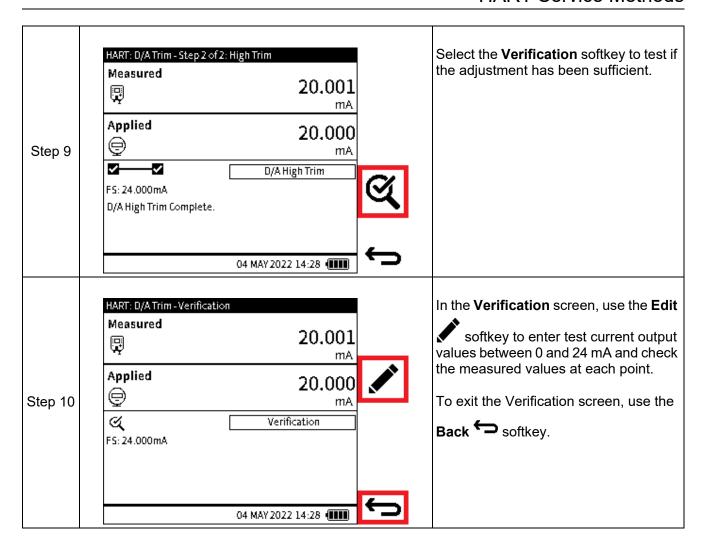
#### 12.4.2 D/A OUTPUT TRIM

The D/A trim will trim the analog current output for the HART device under test to be consistent with the mA measure input of the DPI610E calibrator. If required, a trim is performed at the low value point and/or the high value point which adjusts the transmitters digital to analog converter. To perform a D/A Trim:





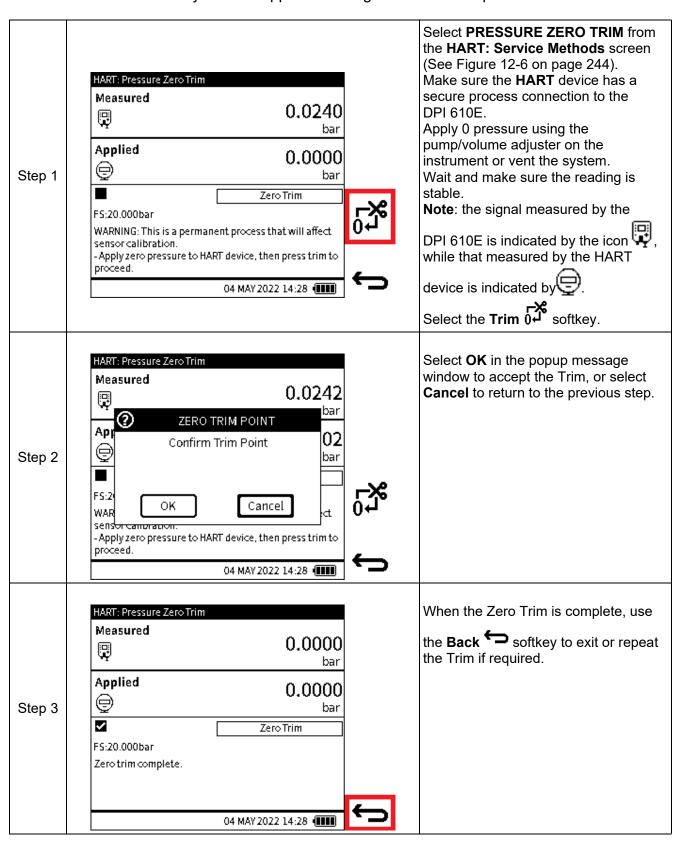




#### 12.4.3 PRESSURE ZERO TRIM

A Zero Trim is a method to cancel out zero-shift that could arise from sensor zero drift or change in installation orientation. It allows for the characterization data to be adjusted by correcting the zero (pressure) value when a "zero" input is applied.

**Note:** Zero trim should only ever be applied to Gauge or Differential pressure sensors.



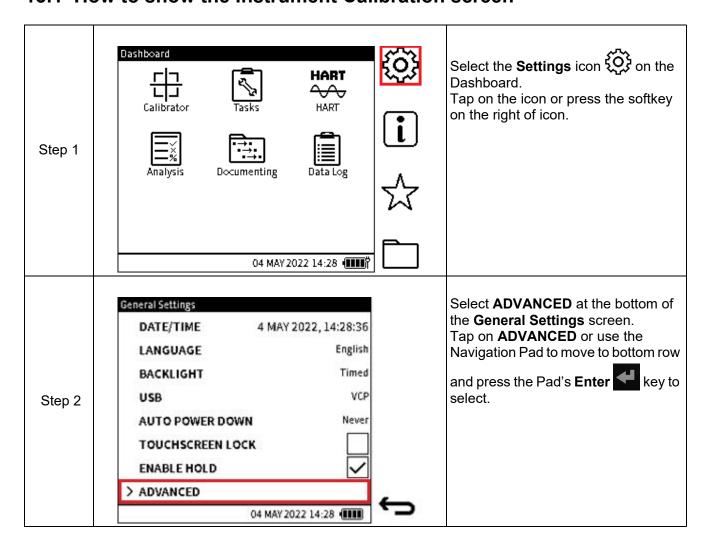
# 12.5 HART Error and Message Codes

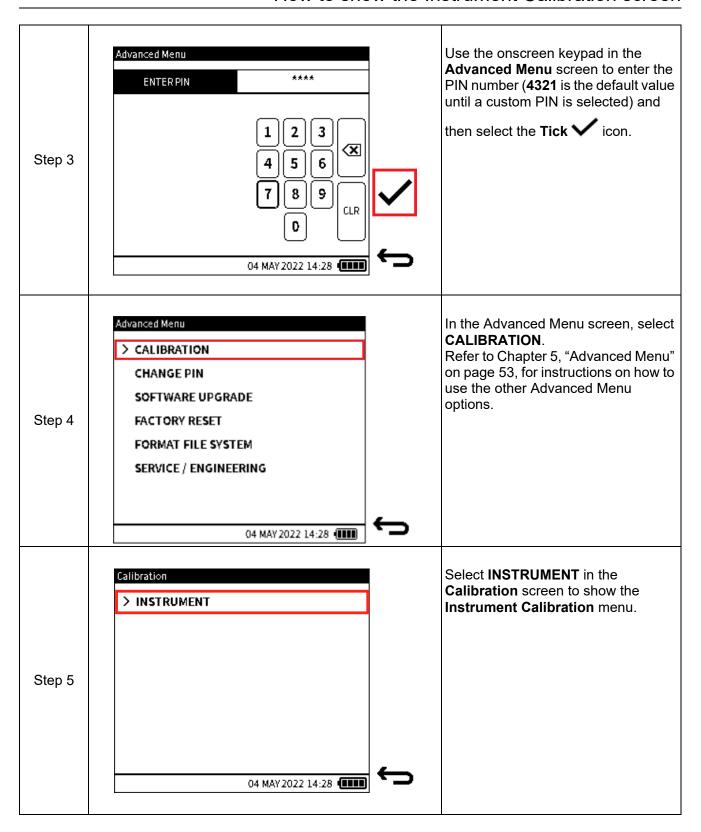
Error	Description
Code	Description
0	Success
1	Undefined Error
2	Invalid Selection
3	Passed Parameter Too Large
4	Passed Parameter Too Large
5	Too few data bytes received
6	Device-specific Command Error
7	In Write Protect Mode
8-14	Multiple Meaning Warning
16	Access Restricted
17	Invalid Device Variable Index
18	Invalid Unit Code
19	Device Variable Index Not Allowed
20	Invalid Extended Command Number
21	Invalid I/O Card Number
22	Invalid Channel Number
23	Sub-device Response Too Long
24-27	Reserved Warning
28	Multiple Meanings Error
32	Device is Busy
33	Delayed Response Initiated
34	Delayed Response Running
35	Delayed Response Dead
36	Delayed Response Conflict
37-59	Reserved Error
60	Payload too Long
61	No Buffer Available
62	No Alarm/Event Buffers Available
63	Priority too low
64	Command Not Implemented
65-72	Multiple Meanings Error
96-111	Reserved Warning

**Table 12-1: HART Error Codes** 

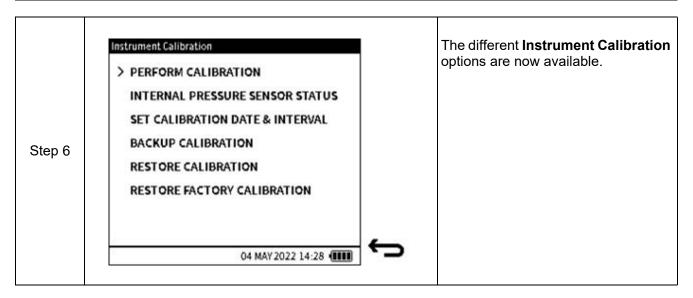
# 13. Instrument Calibration

## 13.1 How to show the Instrument Calibration screen





# Chapter 13. Instrument Calibration



# 13.1.1 The Instrument Calibration screen options

Option	Description
PERFORM CALIBRATION	Calibrate the instrument
INTERNAL PRESSURE SENSOR STATUS	View internal pressure sensor details
SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL	Set instrument date and interval
BACKUP CALIBRATION	Back up current calibration status
RESTORE CALIBRATION	Restore instrument to a previous calibration status
RESTORE FACTORY CALIBRATION	Return to the factory (default) calibration status

**Note:** The information in this chapter is for calibrating Internal and External sensors. The configuration of external sensors, to enable the DPI 610E to recognise and use external sensors, is explained in Chapter 8, "External Sensors" on page 141.

# 13.2 PERFORM CALIBRATION

The following functions are available in the **Perform Calibration** screen:

Function	Direction	Range
Current	Measure	20 mA 55 mA
	Source	24 mA
Voltage	Measure	20 V 30 V
	Source	10 V
Millivolts	Measure	200 mV 2000 mV
Pressure	Measure	Dependent on sensor fitted
Barometer	Measure	750 to 1150 mbar

**Note:** To access the **Perform Calibration** screen (Figure 13-1), select **PERFORM CALIBRATION** from the **Instrument Calibration** screen.

**Note:** The **Filter** process option must be **ON** for sensor calibration, see Section 6.3.3 on page 116 for the procedure.

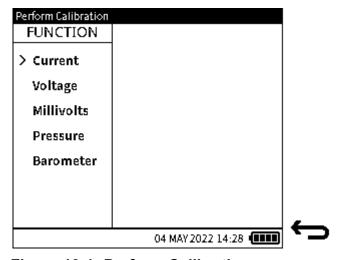


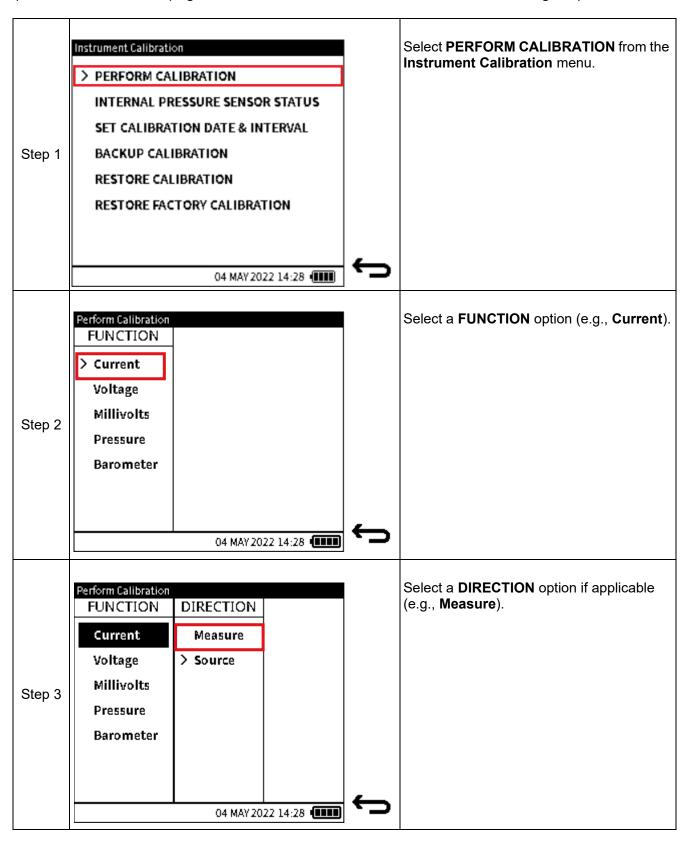
Figure 13-1: Perform Calibration screen

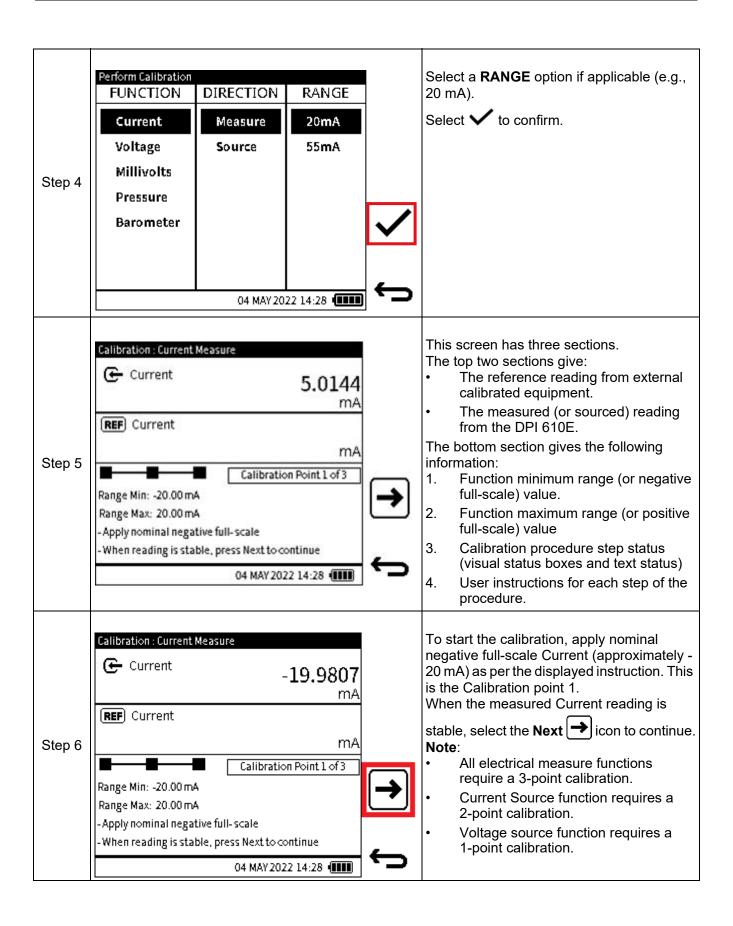
#### 13.2.1 Calibration - Electrical Functions

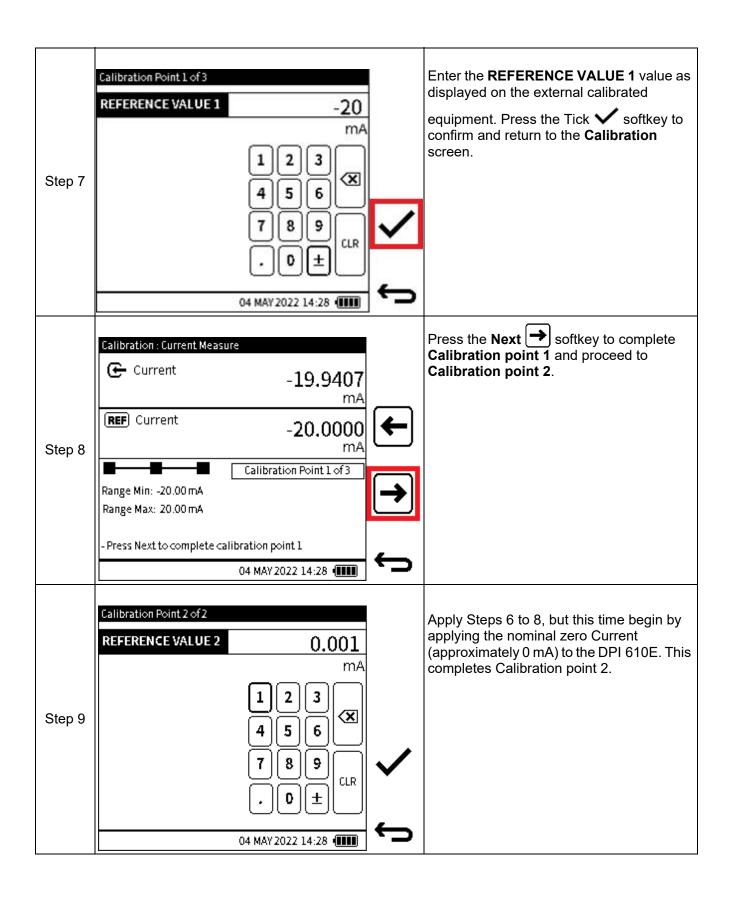
The editing of **Current**, **Voltage** and **Millivolts** options is similar in procedure. Therefore, on the following pages the procedure used for editing Current variables is the same as for Voltage and Millivolts. The **Pressure** and **Barometer** options are described separately.

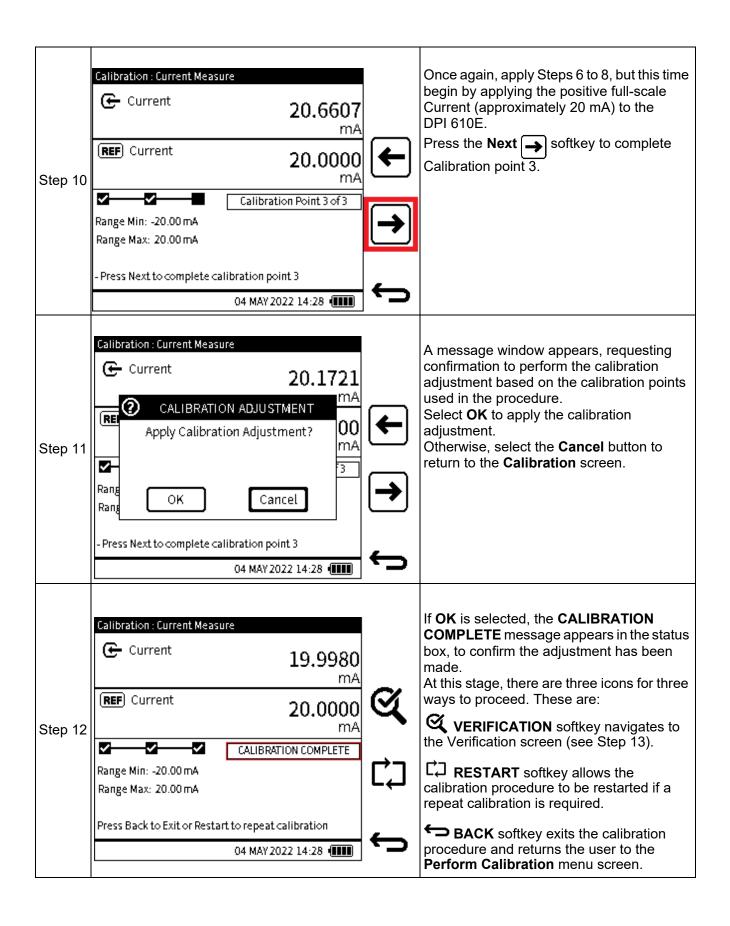
# Chapter 13. Instrument Calibration

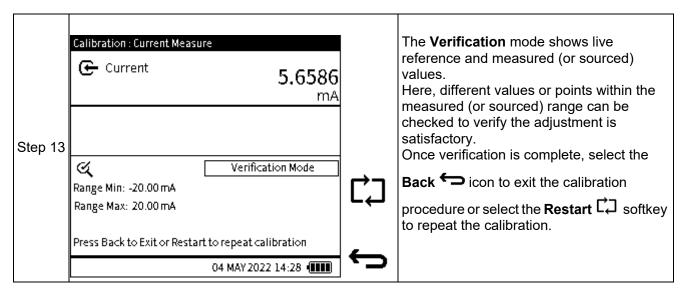
To calibrate an electrical function (Current Measure is used in this example), make sure the electrical connection between the DPI 610E and the external calibrated equipment is correct (See Section 6.2.9 on page 89 for Current Measure electrical connection diagram).





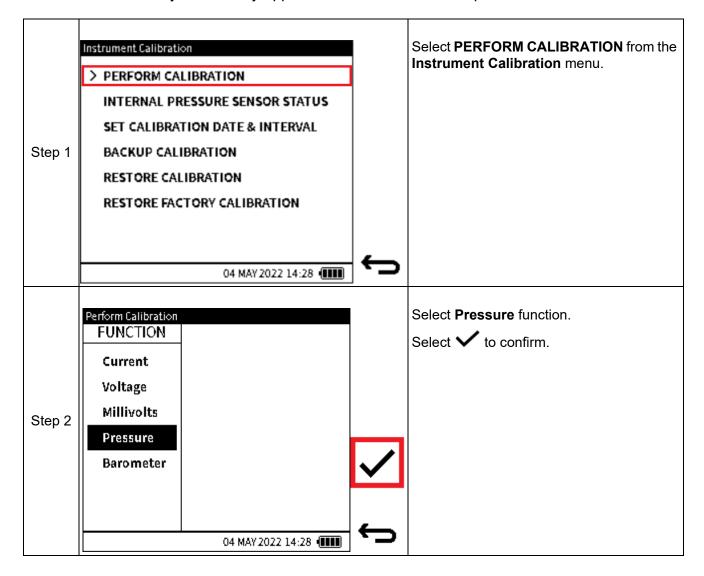


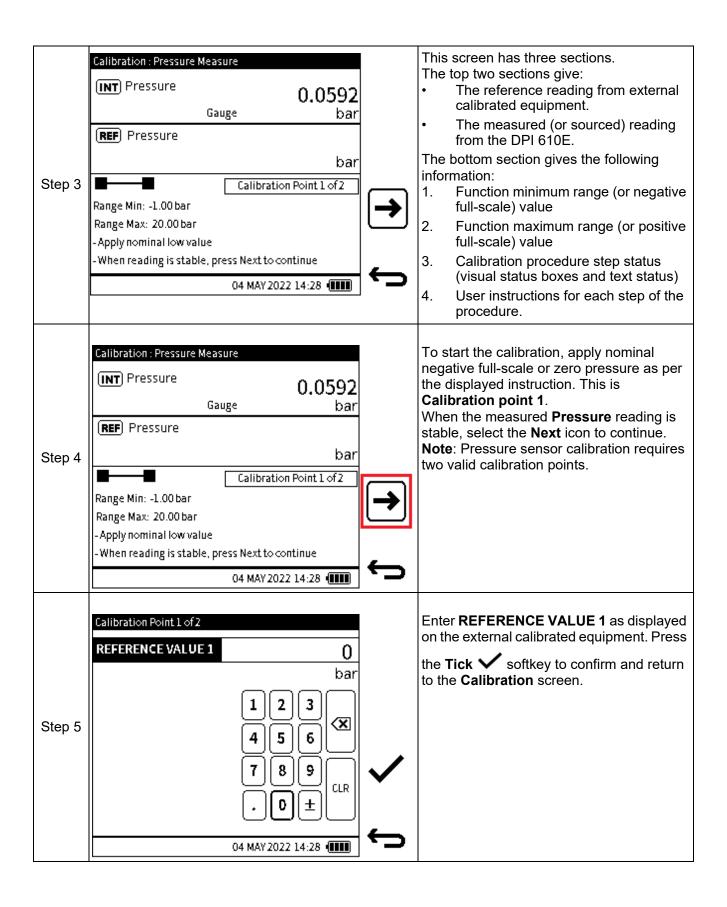


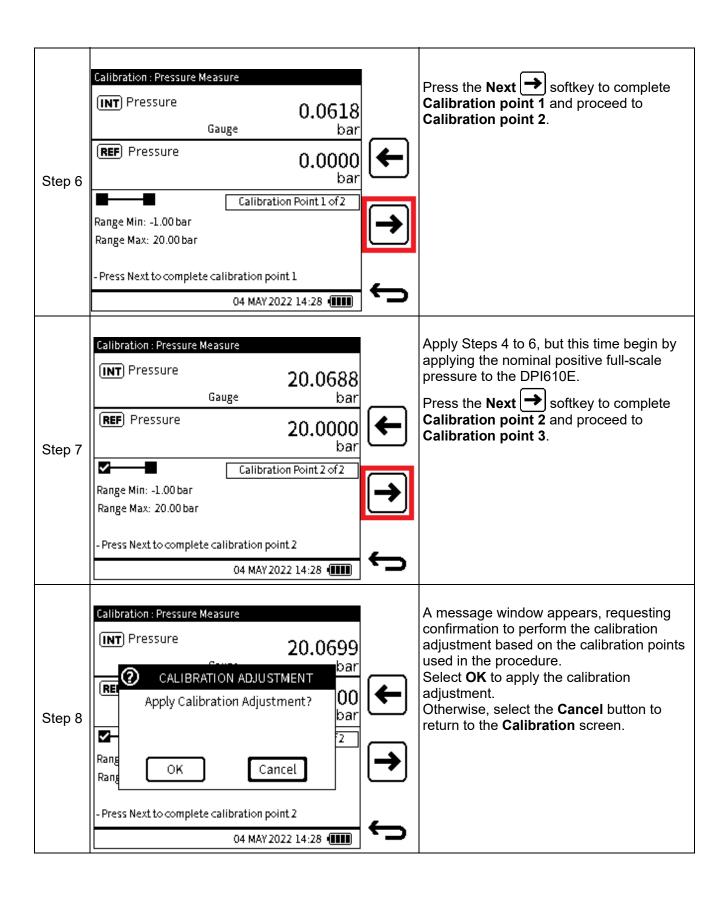


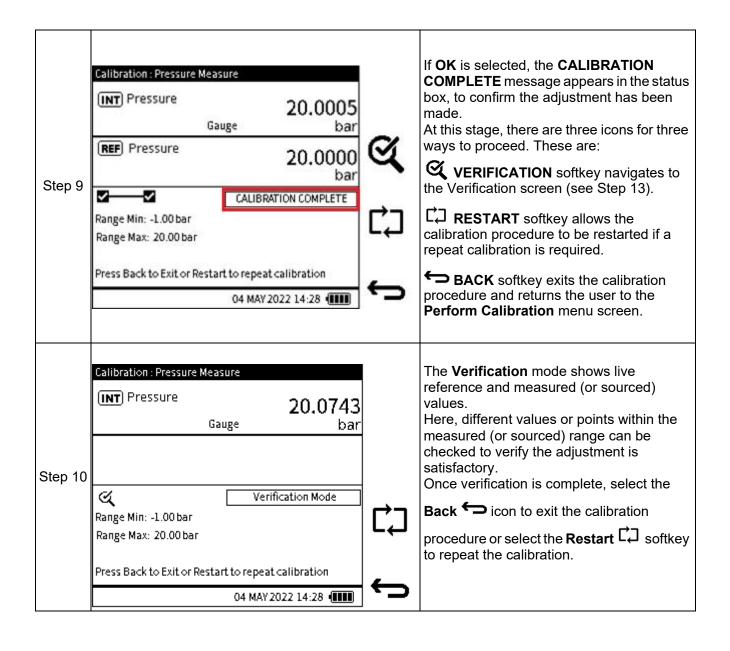
#### 13.2.2 Calibration - Internal Pressure Sensor

To calibrate the internal pressure sensor of the DPI 610E, make sure the correct pressure connection is made from the test port and the external calibrated pressure source. This sensor calibration should only be done by approved service centres and personnel.



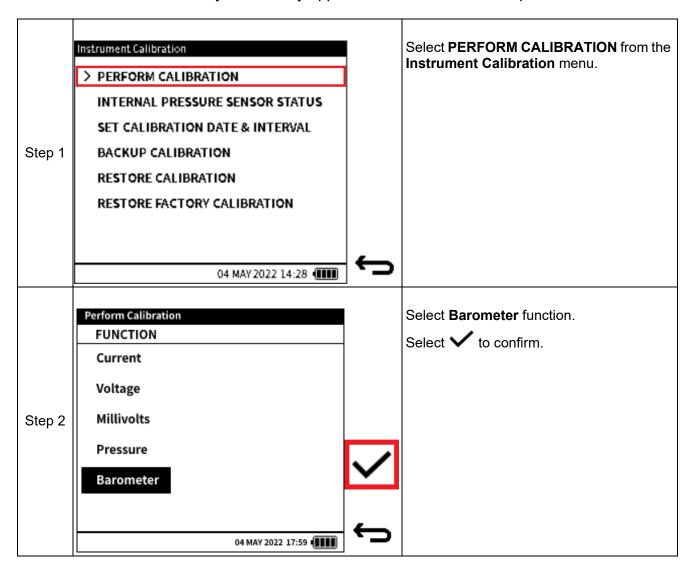


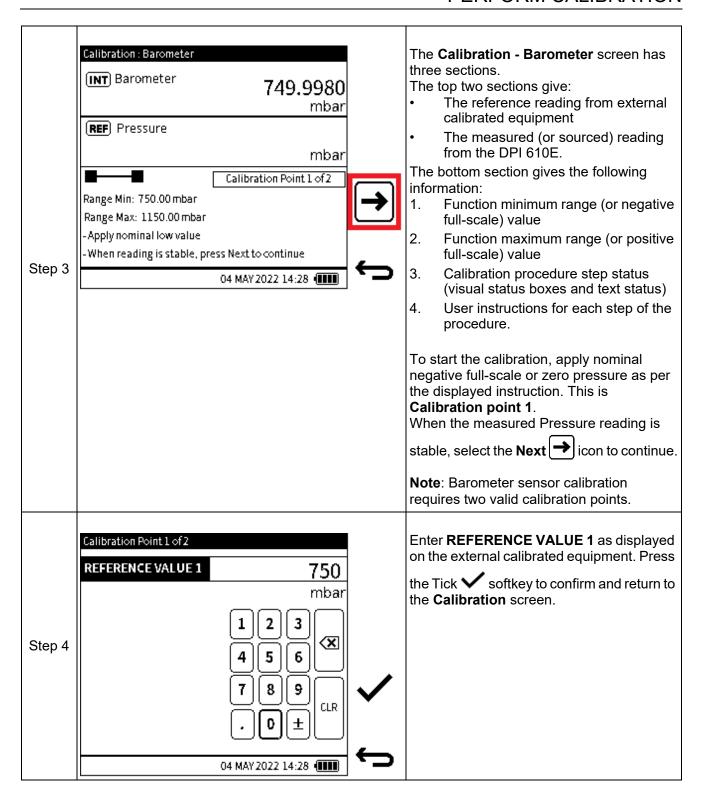


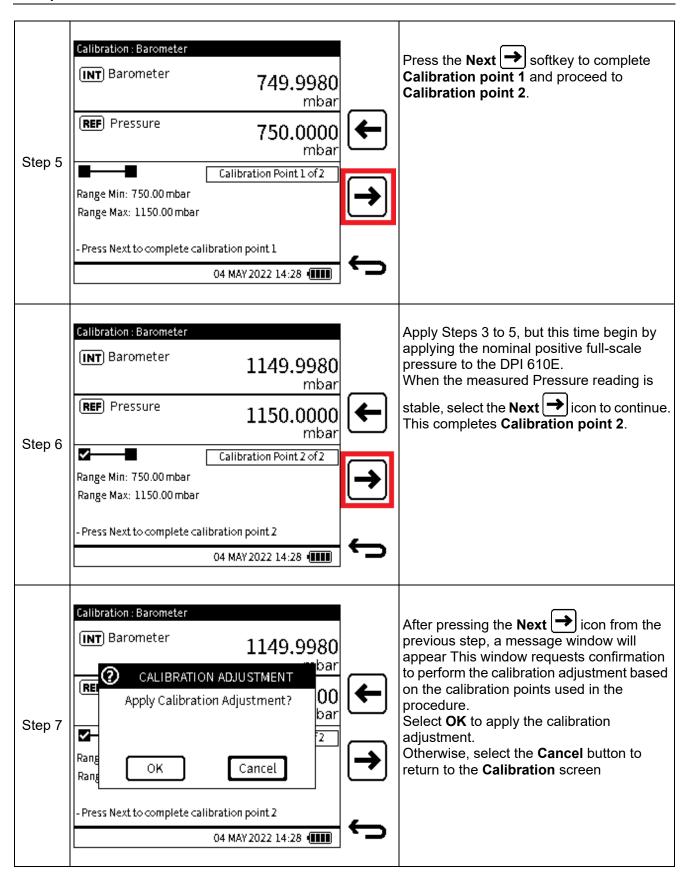


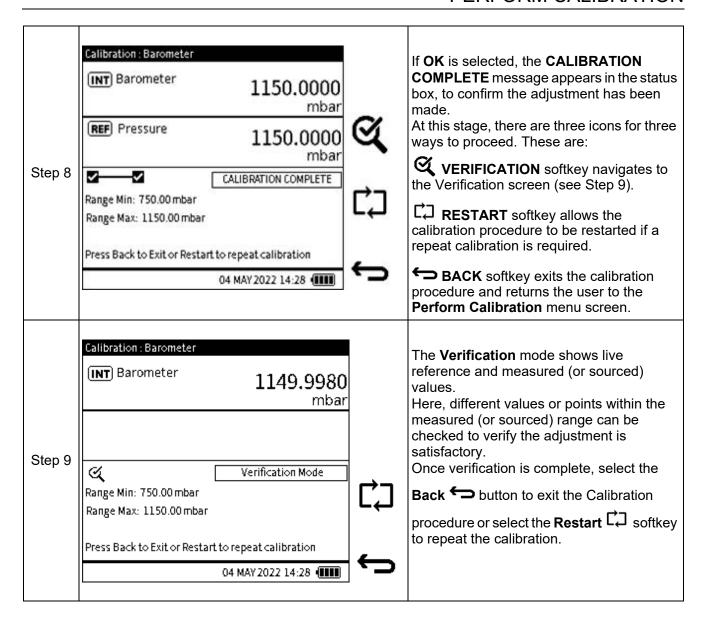
#### 13.2.3 Calibration – Internal Barometer

To calibrate the internal barometer sensor of the DPI 610E, make sure the correct pressure connection is made from the barometer port and the external calibrated pressure source. This sensor calibration should only be done by approved service centres and personnel.









### 13.3 INTERNAL PRESSURE SENSOR STATUS

The **Internal Pressure Sensor Status** screen (Figure 13-2) provides information about the instrument's internal pressure sensor:

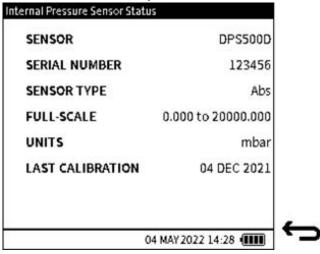
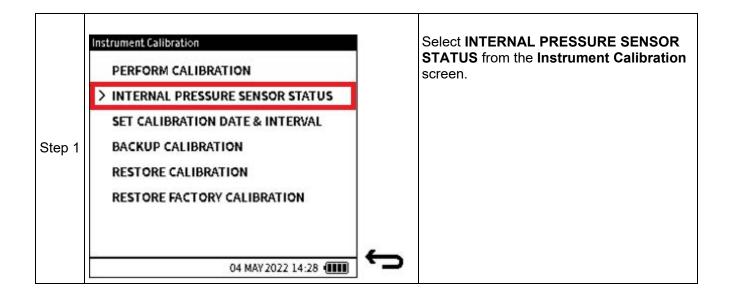


Figure 13-2: Instrument Status screen

To access the **Internal Pressure Sensor Status** screen (Figure 13-2), select **INTERNAL PRESSURE SENSOR STATUS** from the **Instrument Calibration** screen as shown below:



#### 13.4 SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL

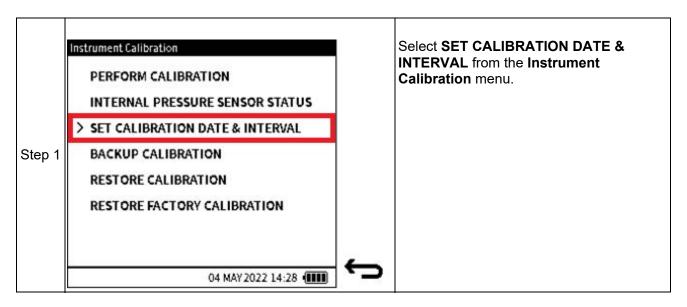
The following options are available in the **Instrument Calibration Date & Interval** screen:

Option	Description
LAST CALIBRATION	Set the date the instrument was last calibrated
CALIBRATION INTERVAL	Enable user notification by setting the number of days between the last calibration and the next scheduled calibration (default is 365 days)
CALIBRATION DUE	Enable user notification by setting a specific date to schedule next calibration (default is based on the date of the last calibration and the specified calibration interval)

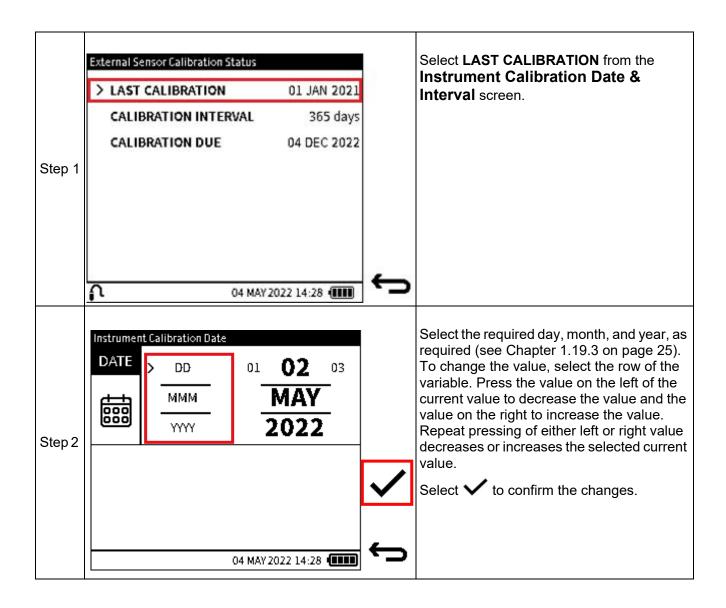


Figure 13-3: Instrument Calibration Date & Interval screen

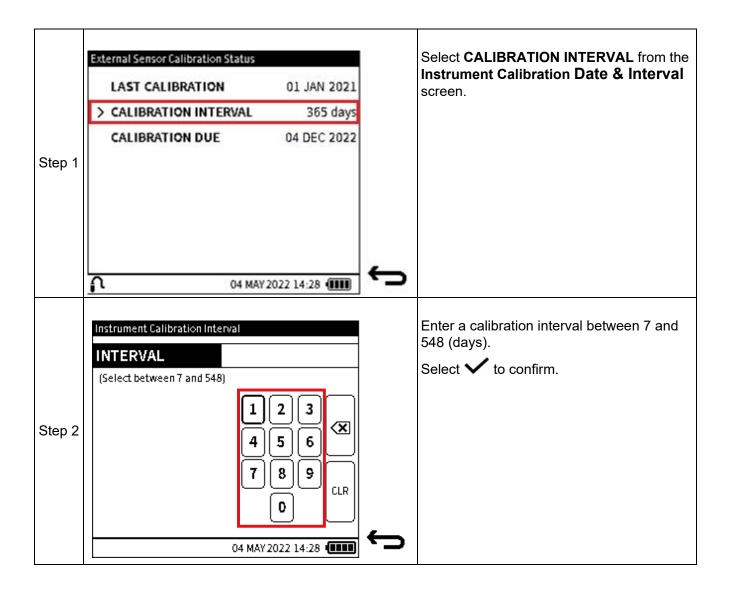
To access the **Instrument Calibration Date & Interval** screen (Figure 13-3), select **SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL** from the **Instrument Calibration** menu as shown below:



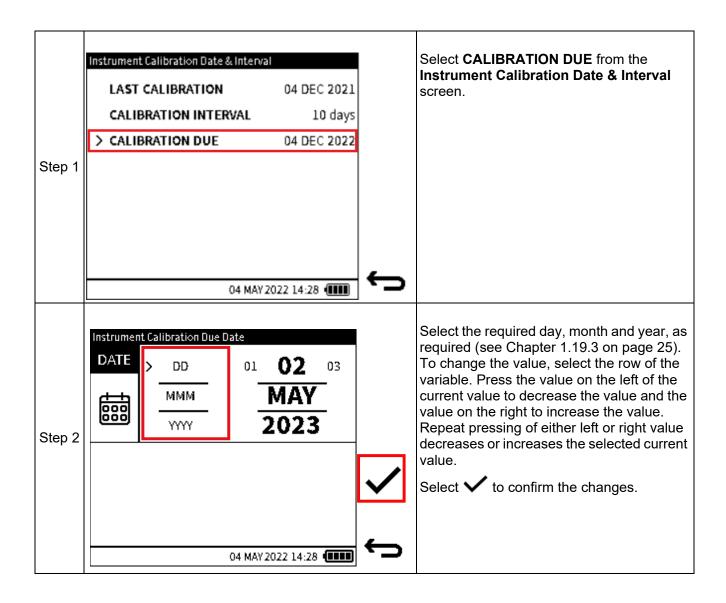
#### 13.4.1 Change Last Calibration Date



# 13.4.2 Change Calibration Interval

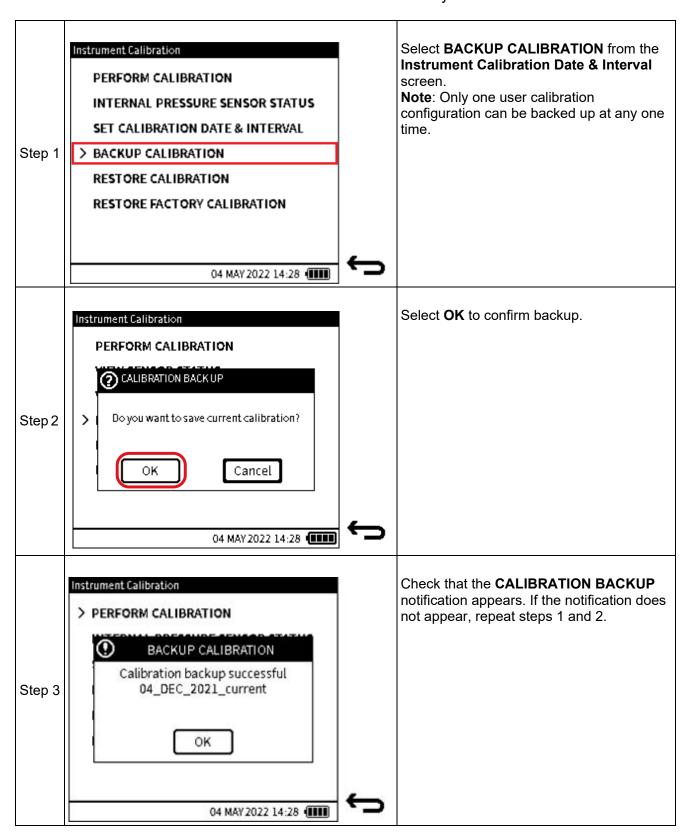


# 13.4.3 Change Calibration Due Date



### 13.5 BACKUP CALIBRATION

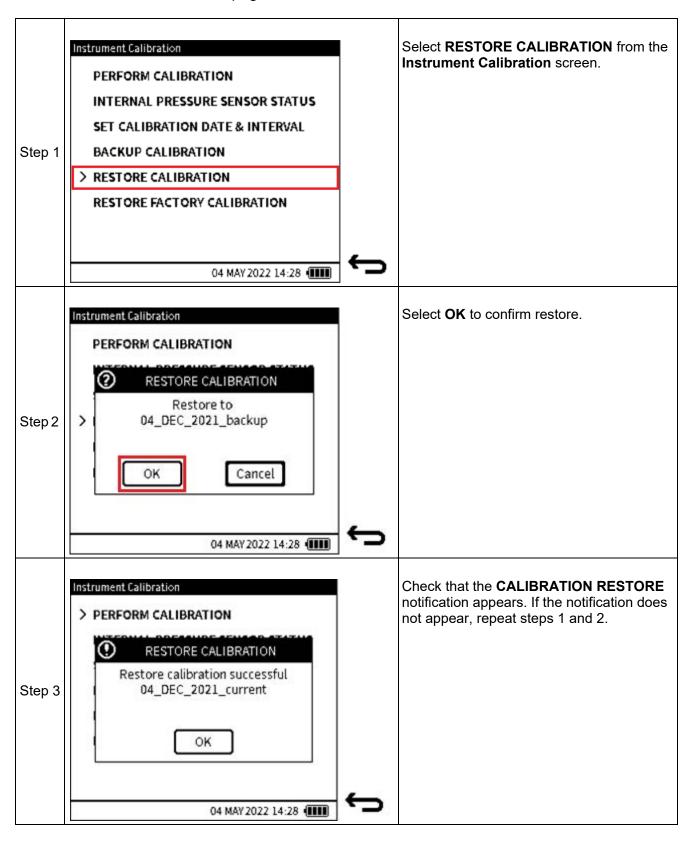
The current calibration configuration can be saved in the form as a Backup file. This Backup file can be used to restore the instrument's calibration if necessary.



# 13.6 RESTORE CALIBRATION

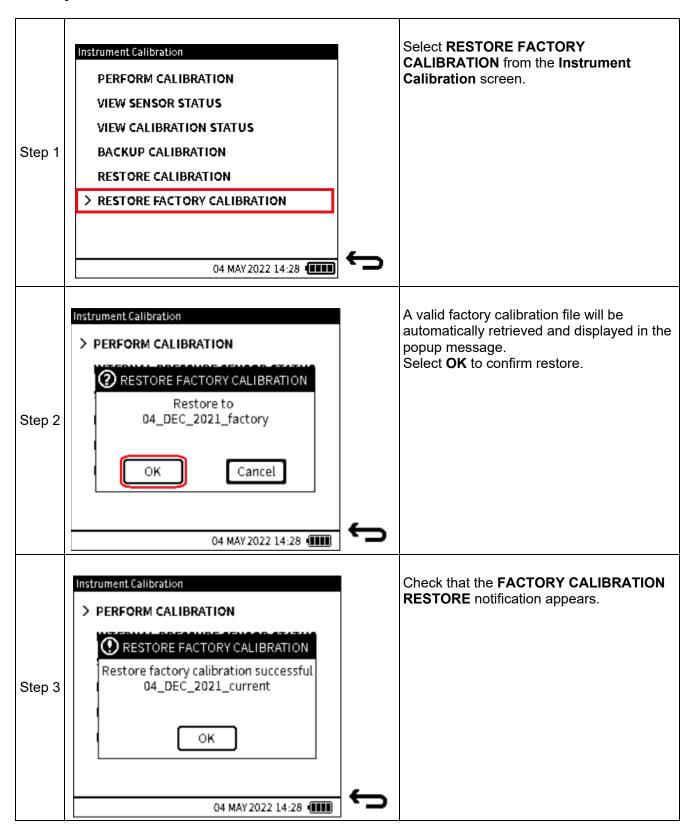
This function allows the user to restore a previous calibration configuration.

**Note:** A valid calibration backup file must exist, to enable this calibration restore feature to be available. See Section 13.5 on page 273 for how to create this file.



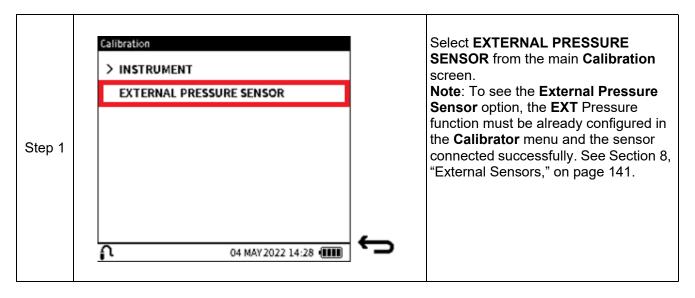
### 13.7 RESTORE FACTORY CALIBRATION

The instrument has its factory calibration saved internally before it is delivered from our factory. If for any reason (for example, if an incorrect calibration adjustment has been made), the instrument needs its calibration resetting to the point at which it was shipped, the **Restore Factory Calibration** feature can be used



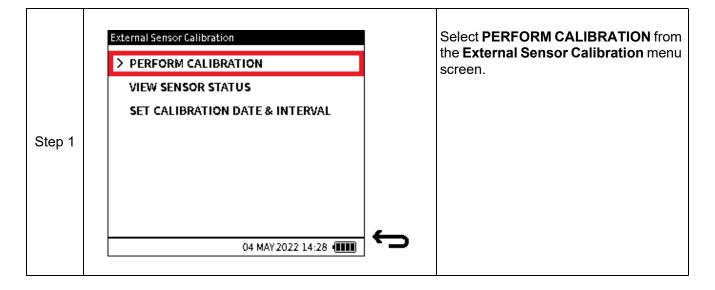
#### 13.8 EXTERNAL PRESSURE SENSOR CALIBRATION MENU

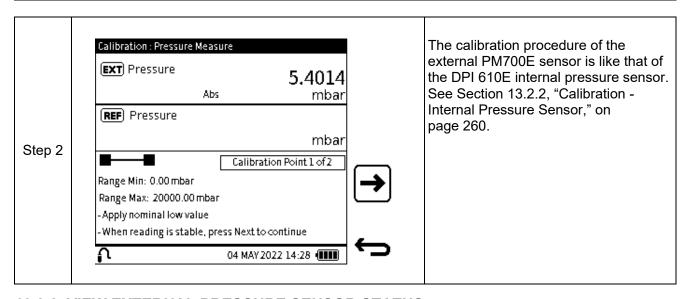
See Section 13.1 on page 252 for how to access the **Calibration** menu from the Dashboard.



#### 13.8.1 PERFORM CALIBRATION

To calibrate the external pressure sensor PM700E using the DPI 610E, make sure the correct pressure connection is made from the sensor and the external calibrated pressure source. Also, ensure the sensor is connected to the **EXT SENSOR** port on the DPI 610E using the sensor cable supplied. This sensor calibration should only be done by approved service centres and personnel.





#### 13.8.2 VIEW EXTERNAL PRESSURE SENSOR STATUS

The **External Pressure Sensor Status** screen (Figure 13-4) provides information about the instrument's external pressure sensor.

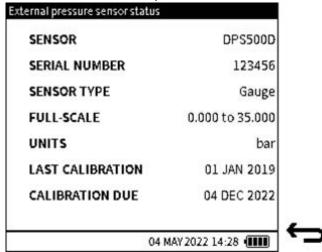
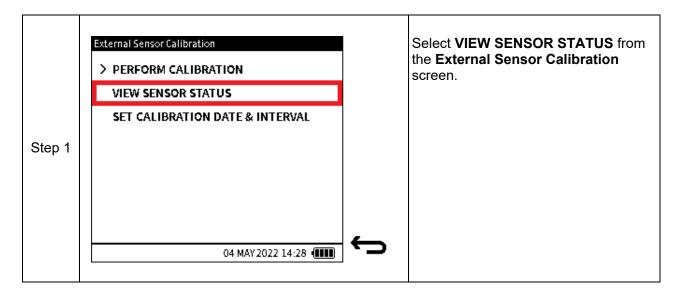


Figure 13-4: External Pressure Sensor Status

To access the External Pressure Sensor Status screen:



#### 13.8.3 SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL

The External (Pressure) Sensor Calibration Status (Date & Interval) screen provides the following options:

Option	Description
LAST CALIBRATION	Set the date the instrument was last calibrated
CALIBRATION INTERVAL	Enable user notification by setting the number of days between the last calibration and the next scheduled calibration (default is 365 days)
CALIBRATION DUE	Enable user notification by setting a specific date to schedule next calibration (default is based on the date of the last calibration and the specified calibration interval)

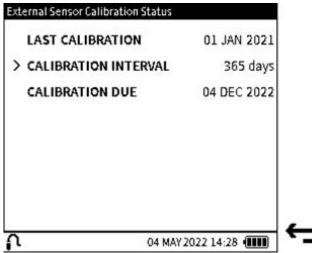
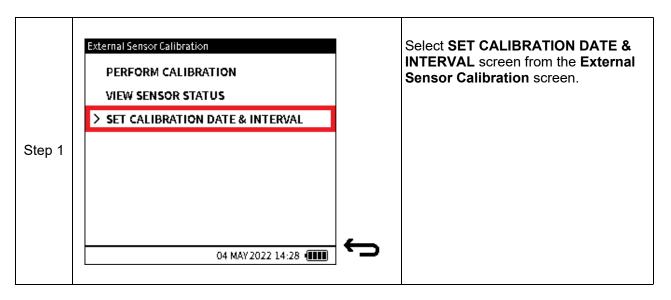
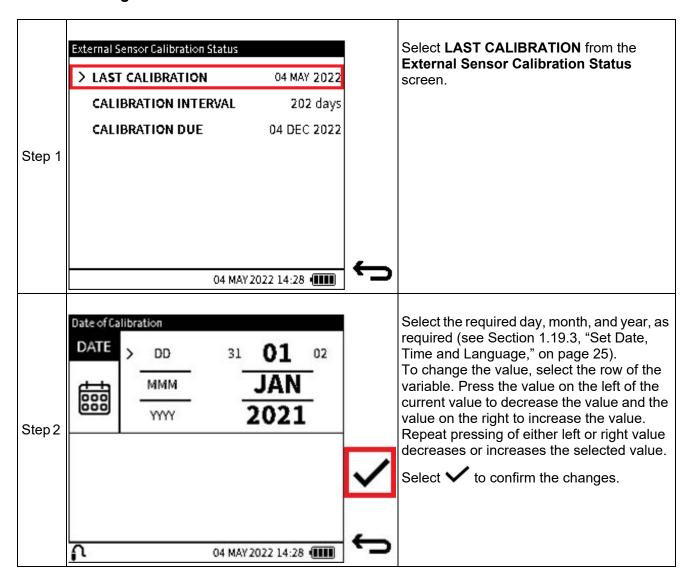


Figure 13-5: External Sensor Calibration Date & Interval Screen

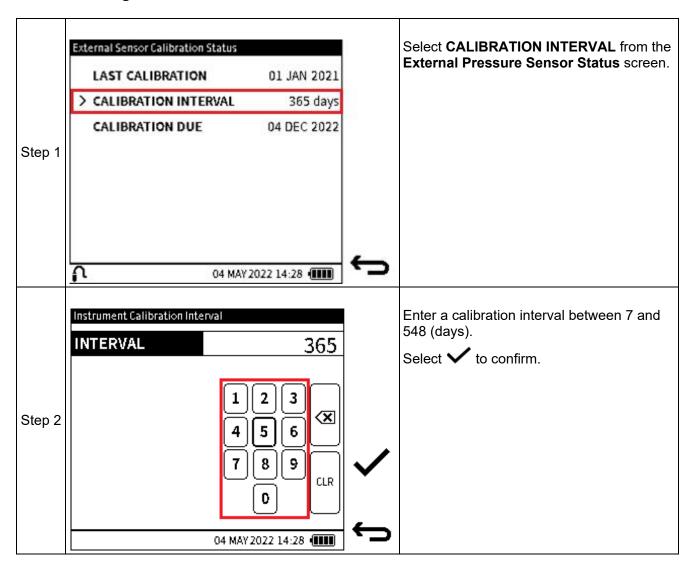
To access the **SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL** screen:



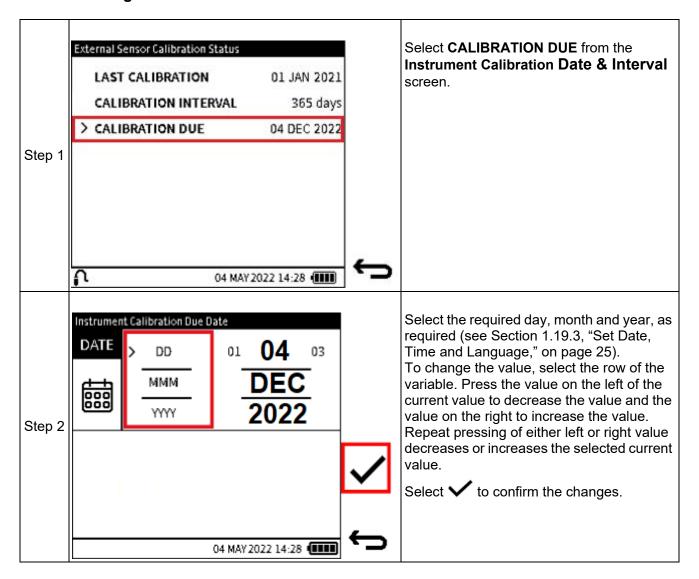
# 13.8.3.1 Change LAST CALIBRATION Date



# 13.8.3.2 Change CALIBRATION INTERVAL

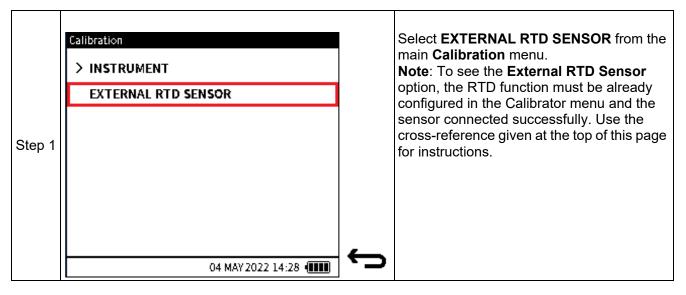


# 13.8.3.3 Change CALIBRATION DUE Date



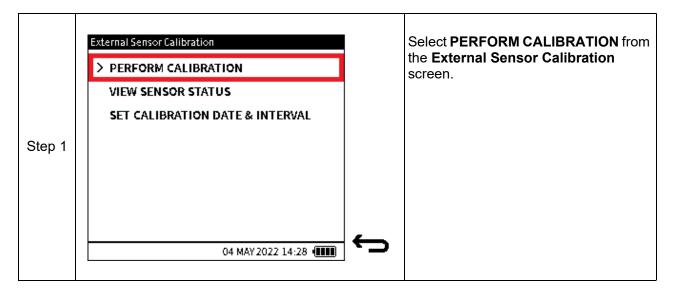
#### 13.9 EXTERNAL RTD SENSOR CALIBRATION MENU

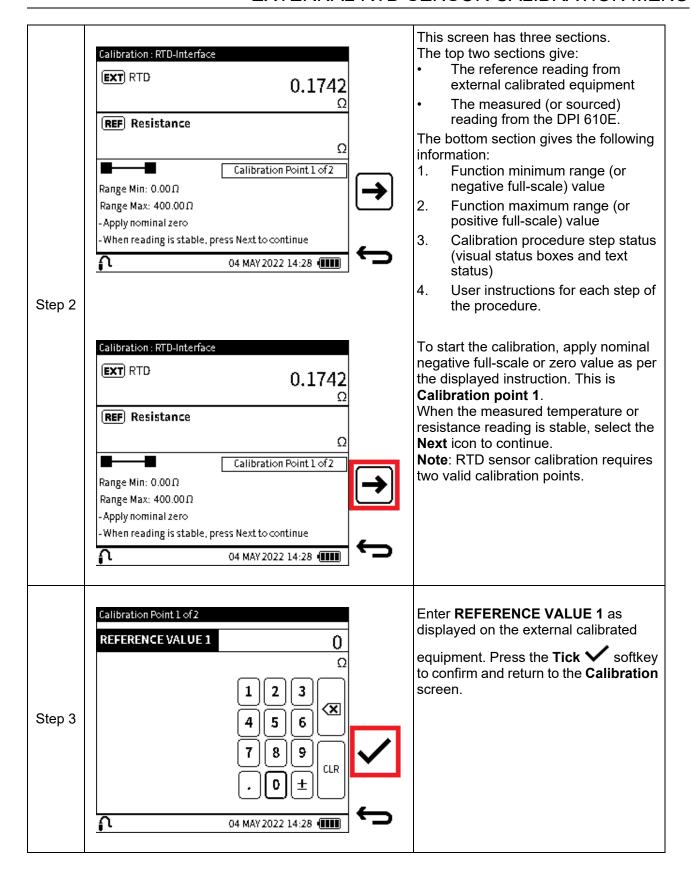
Refer to Section 8 on page 141 for how to configure the DPI 610E to recognize and use an external RTD sensor. This is necessary to enable the DPI 610E user interface to show the RTD sensor calibration options.

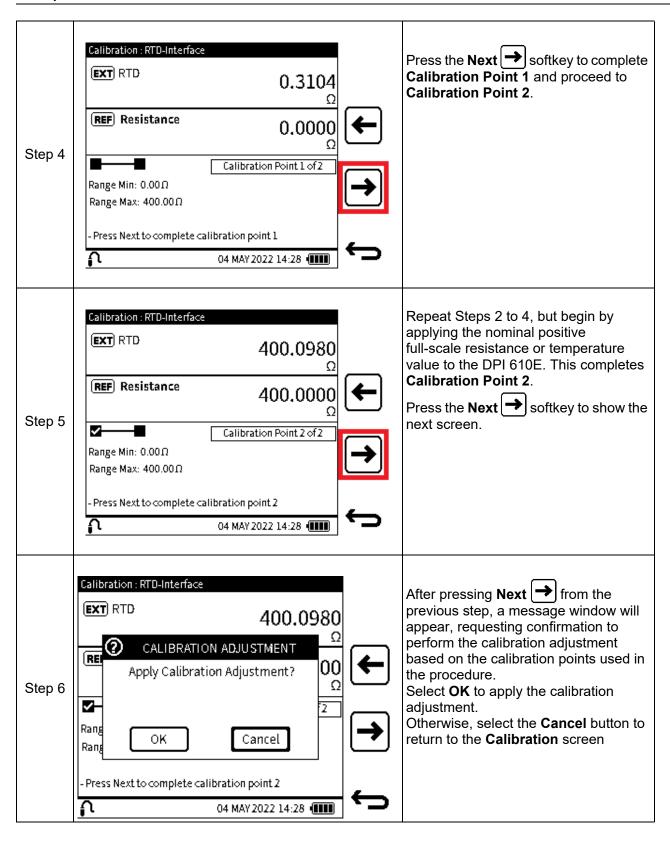


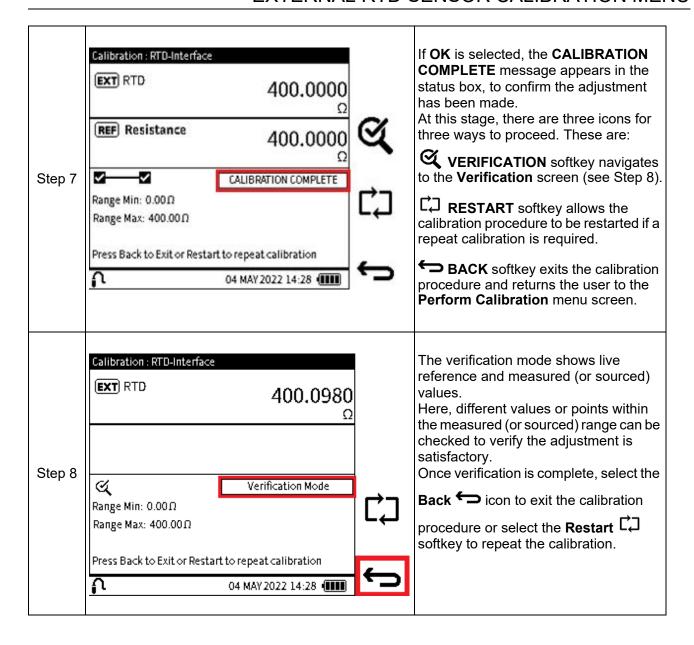
#### 13.9.1 PERFORM CALIBRATION

To calibrate the external RTD sensor using the DPI 610E, make sure the correct connection is made between the RTD & RTD-Interface and the external calibrated resistance/temperature source. Also, make sure the RTD-Interface is connected to the **EXT SENSOR** port on the DPI 610E using the sensor cable supplied. This sensor calibration should only be done by approved service centres and personnel in accordance with the instructions in Section 8 on page 141. To access the **External Sensor Calibration** (RTD) screen. Follow the steps below:









#### 13.9.2 SET CALIBRATION DATE & INTERVAL

The External (RTD) Sensor Calibration Status screen has the following options:

Option	Description
LAST CALIBRATION	Set the date the instrument was last calibrated
CALIBRATION INTERVAL	Enable user notification by setting the number of days between the last calibration and the next scheduled calibration (default is 365 days)
CALIBRATION DUE	Enable user notification by setting a specific date to schedule next calibration (default is based on the date of the last calibration and the specified calibration interval). This is View Only - this variable cannot be changed on this screen.

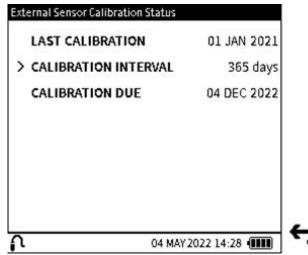
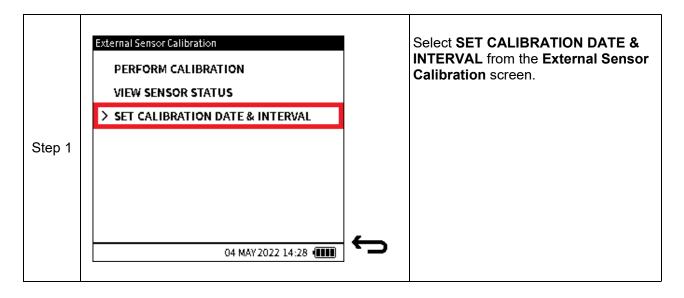
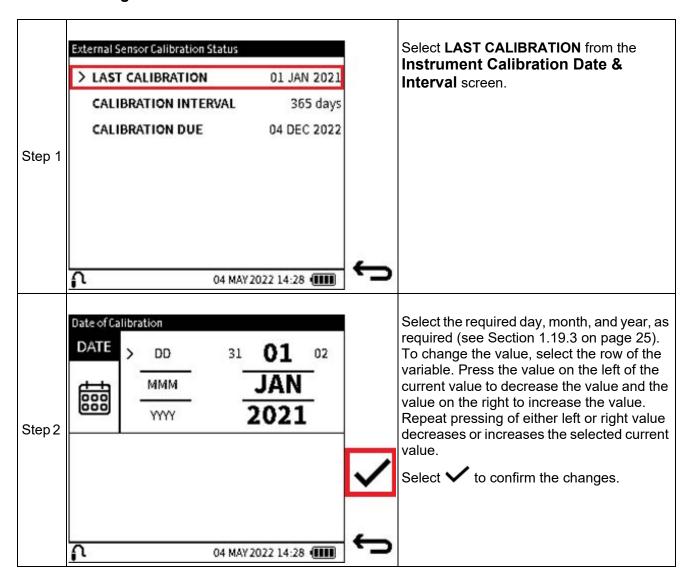


Figure 13-6: External Sensor Calibration (Date & Interval) Status Screen

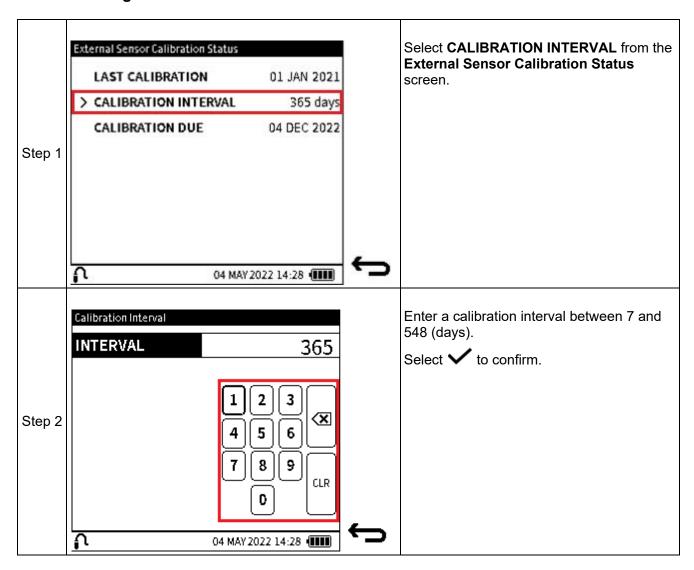
To access the External RTD Calibration Date & Interval screen:



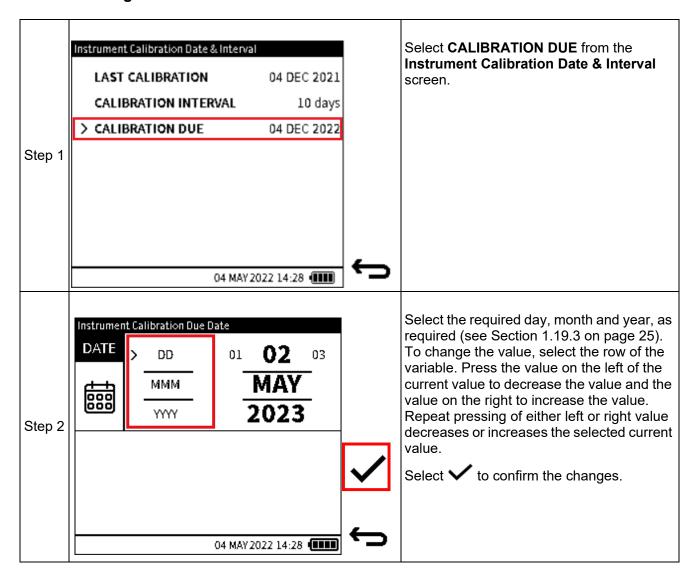
# 13.9.2.1 Change Last Calibration Date



# 13.9.2.2 Change Calibration Interval



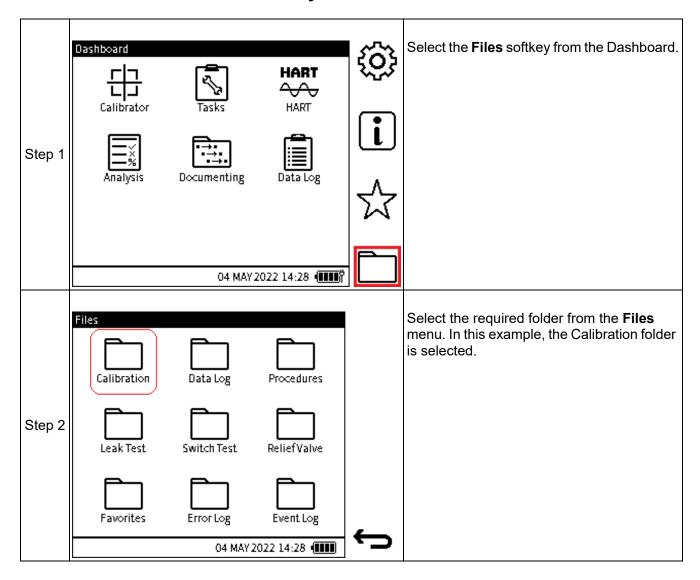
# 13.9.2.3 Change Calibration Due Date



# 14. Files System

The **Files** system menu provides access to all user files stored in the internal memory of the DPI 610E. It is accessible from the Dashboard screen and displays a structure of directories used to organize the files for easy and reliable viewing.

# 14.1 How to access the Files system menu



### 14.1.1 The Files system screen options

Option	Description
Calibration	Export / View instrument calibration files
Data Log	View / Open / Delete data log files
Procedures	View / Delete test procedures, assets, and results files
Leak Test	View saved leak test result files
Switch Test	View saved switch test result files
Relief Valve	View saved relief valve test result files
Favorites	View a task or channel configuration saved as a Favorite
Error Log	Export / View error log files
Event Log	Export / View event log files

## 14.2 Calibration

When the Calibration folder is selected, any previously exported calibration files will be listed.

If no export has been done before, select the **Export** softkey to generate the calibration files stored on the unit. There are three types of calibration files:

**Factory Calibration** – this is the default calibration done on the instrument in the factory prior to shipping. It is saved in permanent storage and cannot be accessed directly or deleted by the user.

**Current Calibration** – this is the calibration data used by the instrument at any moment in time. If the instrument is new and has not been used, the Current calibration will be the Factory calibration. After calibration adjustment has been done on the instrument, this new data will replace the factory calibration data as the new Current calibration. Subsequent calibrations will overwrite this user calibration data.

**Backup Calibration** – if the **Backup** calibration feature is used (See Section 13.5 on page 273), a copy of the Current Calibration data is saved as a Backup data file.

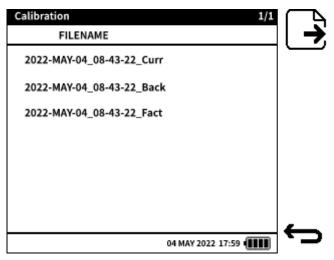


Figure 14-1: Calibration Files screen

# 14.3 Data Log

Select the **Data Log** folder, to show a list of log files saved on the instrument. The log files are accessed, and their contents displayed from this menu.

Delete unwanted log files by the use of either the **Single Delete** softkey for single files, or the **Delete All** softkey for all log files.

Data Log File		1/2	<b>#</b>
FILENAME	CH1	CH2	
>File 1	Pint	mA(M)	
File 2	Pint	mA(M)	冊
File 3	Pint	mA(M)	
File 4	Pint	mA(M)	_
File 5	Pint	mA(M)	$[ \mathbf{L} ]$
File 6	Pint	mA(M)	v
File 7	Pint	mA(M)	
04 MA	Y 2022 14:	28 🞹	J

Figure 14-2: Data Log files screen

# 14.4 Procedures

The **Procedures** option provides a list of all test procedures created or uploaded and saved on the instrument by the **Documenting** function (see Chapter 11 on page 178). To view the list of available internal procedures, select the **Local (Procedures)** sub-folder and to view the list of stored 4Sight2 procedures, select the **Remote** sub-folder.

**Note:** Only the list of files can be viewed in the **Files** application. There is the option to delete unwanted procedure files within each sub-folder by using either the **Single Delete** softkey to delete individual files or the **Delete All** softkey to delete all files in the sub-folder:

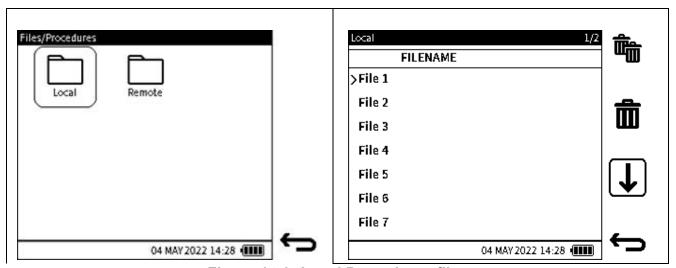


Figure 14-3: Local Procedures files

### 14.5 Leak Test

The **Leak Test Results** folder displays a list of saved results files from completed leak tests. This is view only: details of the test results can be viewed by opening the file on a PC.

Unwanted results files within the folder can be deleted the use of either the **Single Delete** softkey (to delete individual files) or the **Delete All** softkey (to delete all files in the sub-folder).

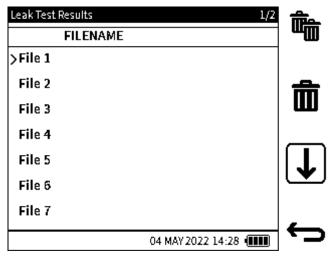


Figure 14-4: Leak Test Results screen

### 14.6 Switch Test

The **Switch Test Results** folder displays a list of saved results files from completed switch tests. This is view only: details of the test results can be viewed by opening the file on a PC.

Unwanted results files within the folder can be deleted the use of either the **Single Delete** softkey (to delete individual files) or the **Delete All** softkey (to delete all files in the sub-folder).

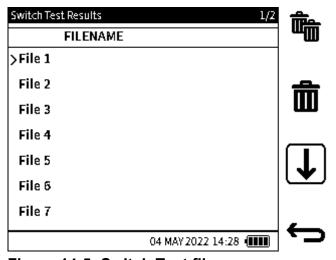


Figure 14-5: Switch Test files screen

# 14.7 Relief Valve

The **Relief Valve Results** folder displays a list of saved results files from completed Relief Valve tests. This is view only: details of the test results can be viewed by opening the file on a PC.

Unwanted results files within the folder can be deleted the use of either the **Single Delete** softkey (to delete individual files) or the **Delete All** softkey (to delete all files in the sub-folder).

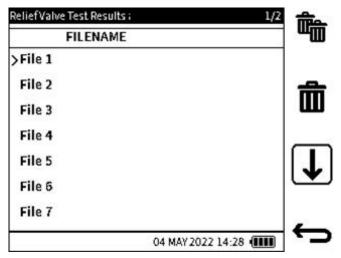
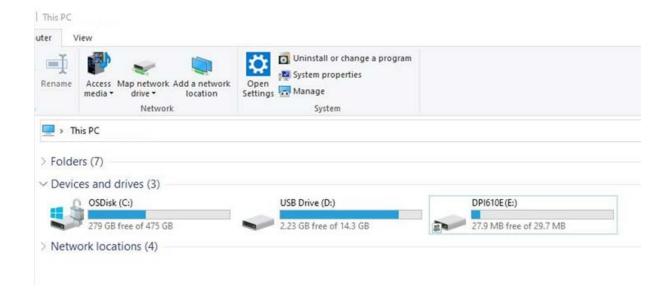


Figure 14-6: Switch Test files screen

# 14.8 How to view the File System on a PC

To access the contents of the internal storage of the DPI 610E: first connect the DPI 610E, using the micro-USB cable supplied (or any compatible mini-USB cable) to the USB port of the PC.

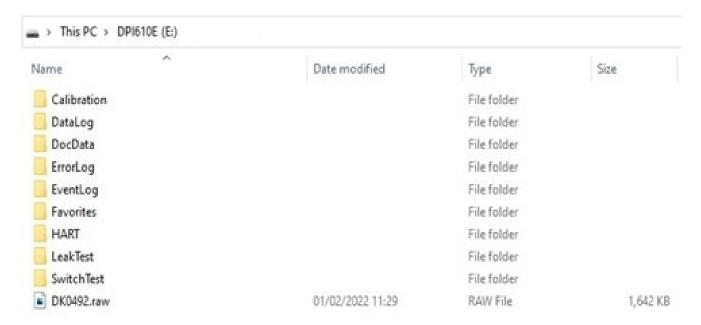
From the device Dashboard, select the **Settings** softkey, then select USB: change the USB setting to "Storage" if not already set. This allows the DPI 610E device to appear as a mass storage drive labeled "DPI610E" or "DPI610E-IS" in the Windows File Explorer on the PC.



The contents of the DPI 610E storage are similarly structured to what can be viewed on the device in terms of the folder structure. The **HART** folder is the exception, because its folder and contents can only be accessed from a PC.

It is possible to copy files in the device storage to a different file location on the PC or files can be deleted to free up space on the device.

Double-click on the DPI 610E drive and select the required **File System** folder from the root directory.



# 14.9 Favorites, Error Log and Event Log

Refer to Chapter 16, "Favorites Menu," on page 304 for information about how to use the **Favorites** function.

Refer to Section 15.8 on page 302 for information about how to use the **Error Log** function.

Refer to Section 15.9 on page 303 for information about how to use the **Event Log** function.

# 15. Status Menu

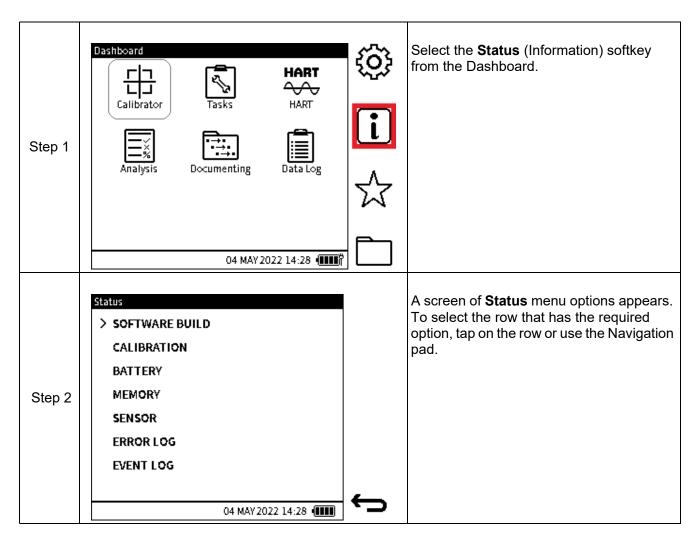
# 15.1 Status Menu Options

The **Status** menu is a read-only menu that provides important information about the DPI 610E instrument. It is accessible from the Dashboard and has the following view options:

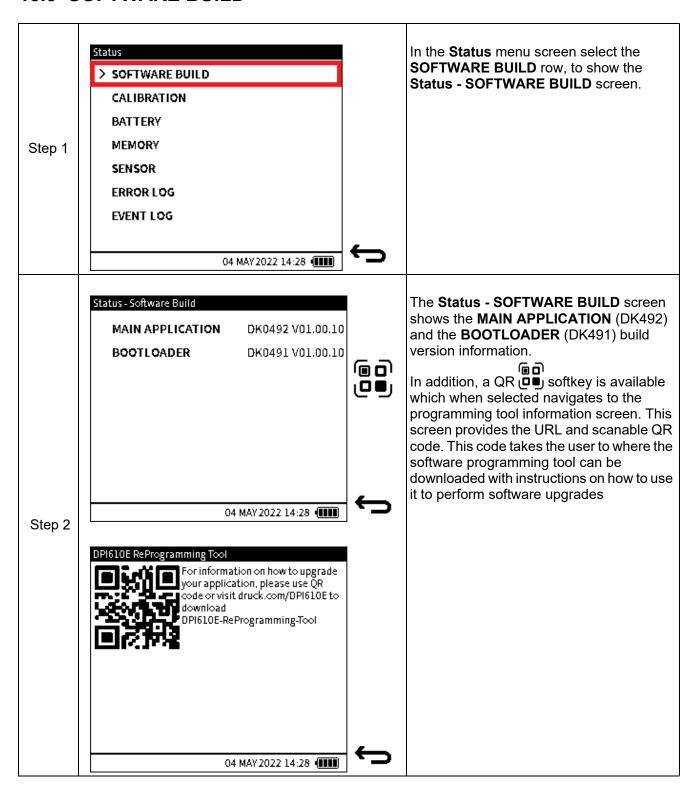
**Table 15-1: Status Menu Options** 

Option	Description
SOFTWARE BUILD	View software build installed on the instrument
CALIBRATION	View Calibration information (instrument and external sensors)
BATTERY	View battery status
MEMORY	View internal memory status
SENSOR	View Sensor information (instrument and external sensors)
ERROR LOG	Export (and view) error log files
EVENT LOG	Export (and view) event log files

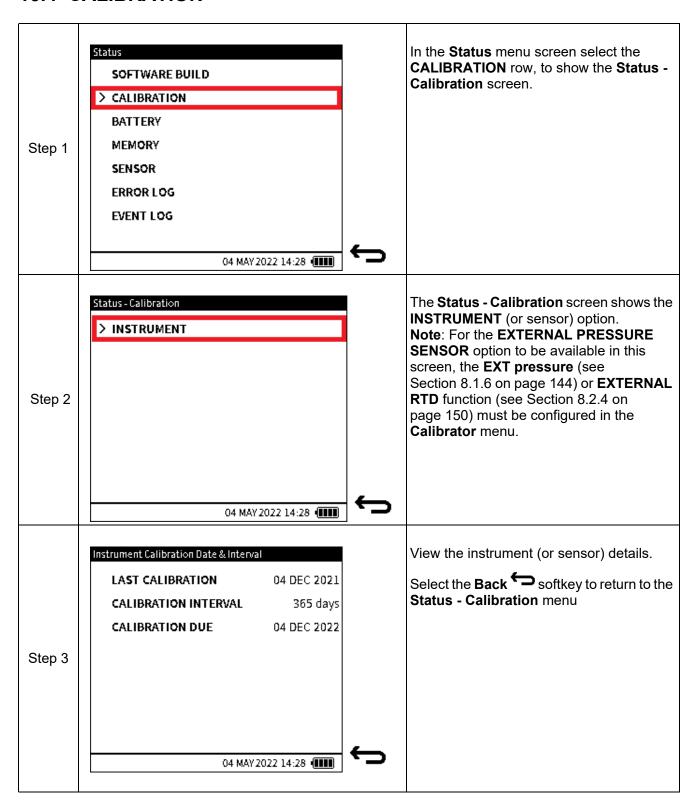
# 15.2 How to show the Status menu screen



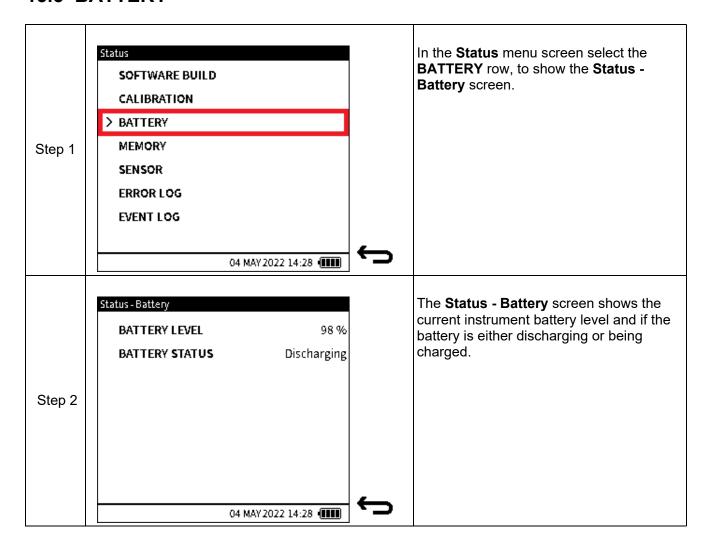
# 15.3 SOFTWARE BUILD



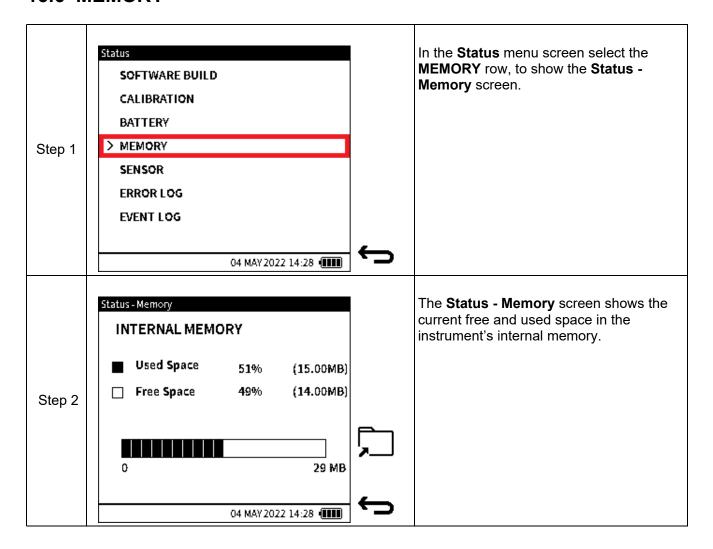
# 15.4 CALIBRATION



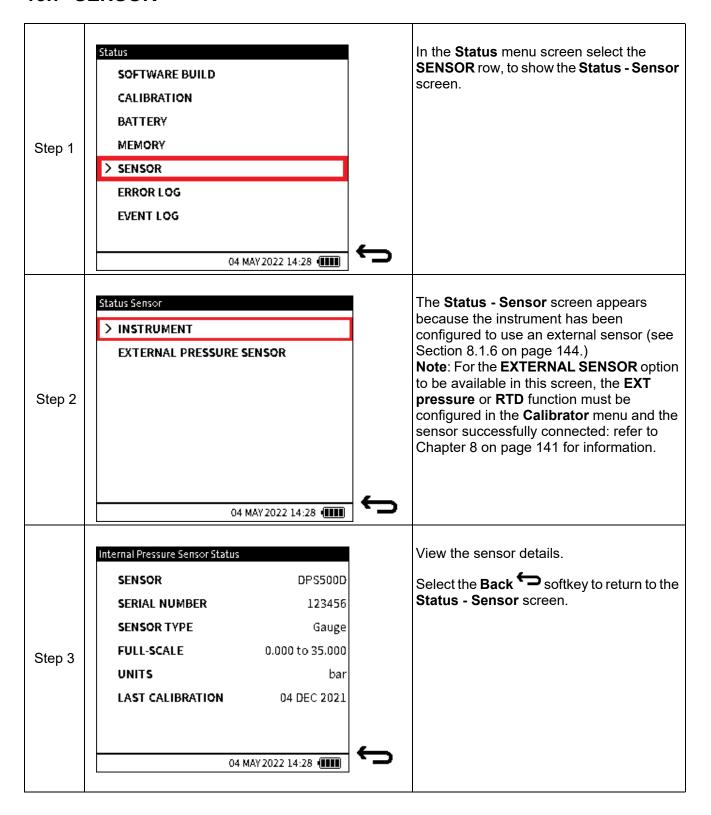
# **15.5 BATTERY**



# **15.6 MEMORY**



## 15.7 SENSOR

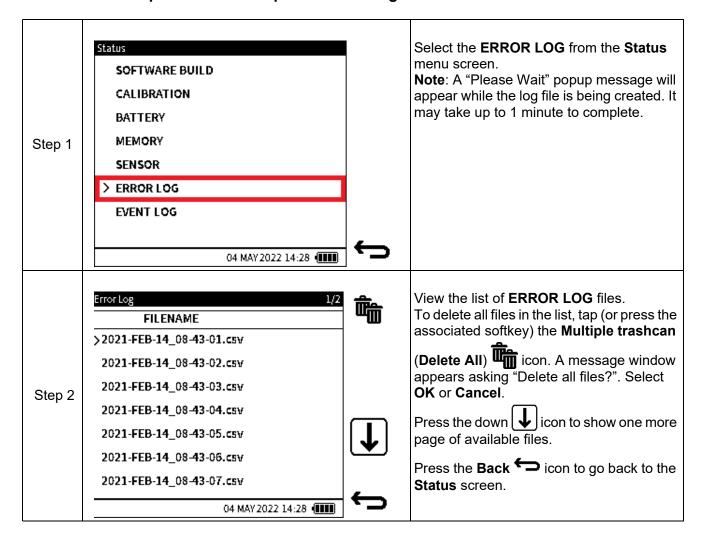


# 15.8 ERROR LOG

The DPI 610E records detailed information whenever it encounters any operational software or firmware issues.

**Note:** Each time the **ERROR LOG** is selected, an export of the currently logged errors is automatically created as a CSV file. This export file(s) is displayed in the **Error Log** screen but can only be opened if transferred and accessed from a PC: (refer to Section 9.6.1 on page 167 for how to find and read these files).

### 15.8.1 How to export and view Exported Error Log files

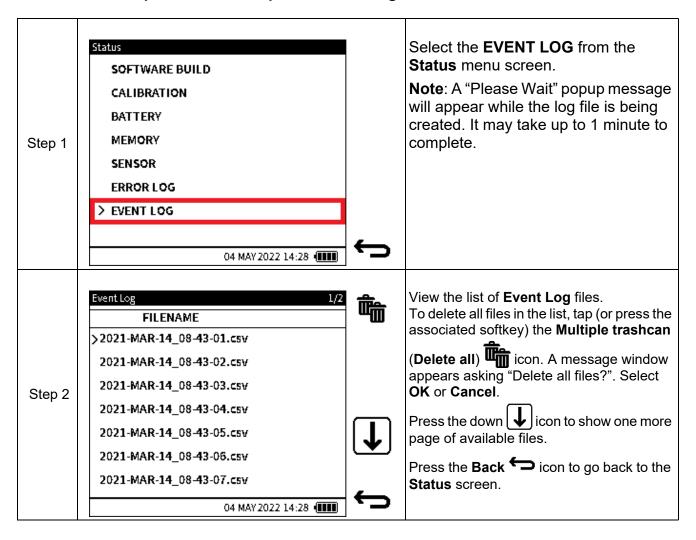


### 15.9 EVENT LOG

The DPI 610E records detailed information about significant events that occur on the instrument during operation. These events can include errors, warnings, etc.

**Note:** Each time the **EVENT LOG** is selected, an export of the currently logged system events is automatically created as a CSV file. This export file(s) is displayed in the **Event Log** screen but can only be opened if transferred and accessed from a PC: (refer to Section 9.6.1 on page 167 for how to find and read these files).

## 15.9.1 How to export and view Exported Event Log files

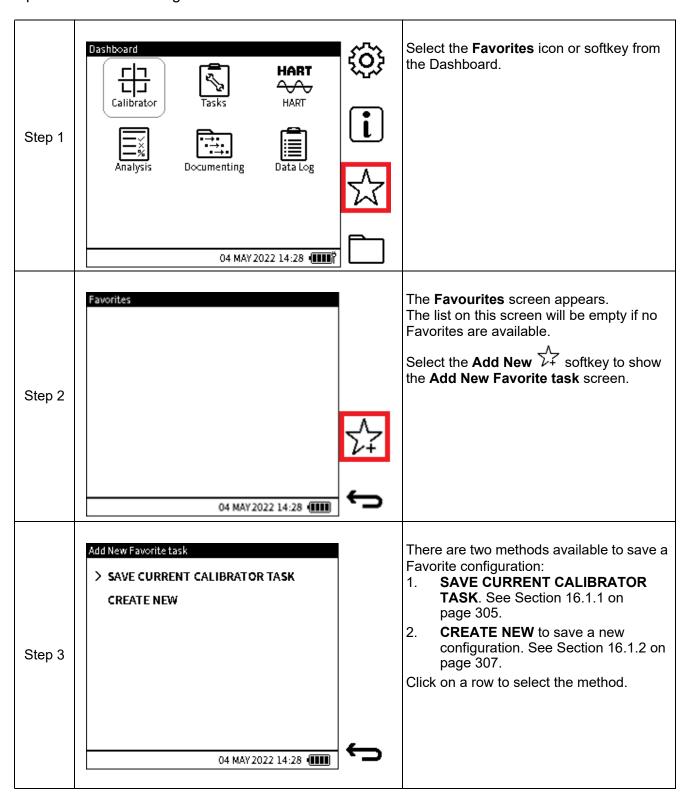


# 16. Favorites Menu

# 16.1 Favorites Menu Options

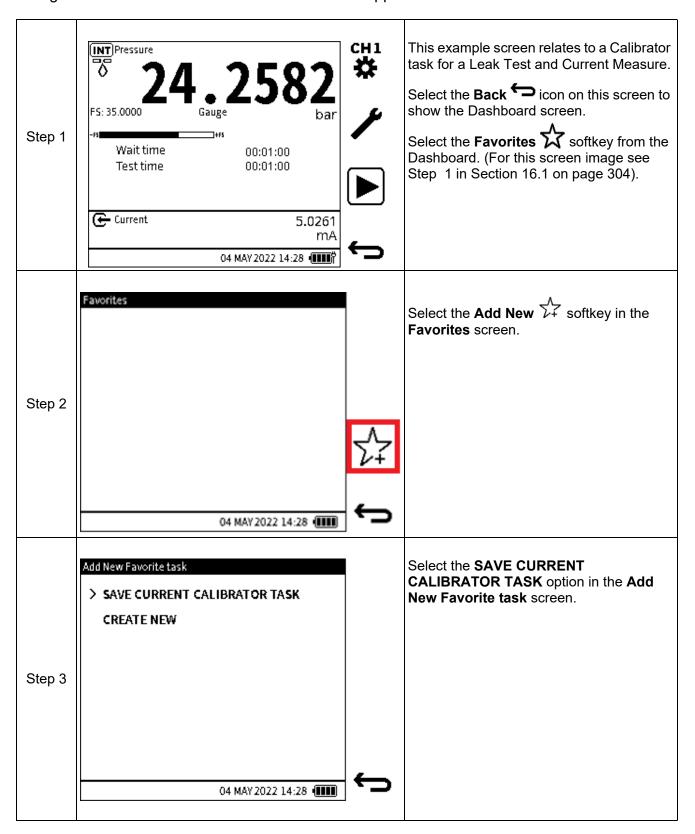
A currently active task or channel configuration can be saved as a Favorite. This includes all channel setup parameters i.e., units, Process options, digit resolution and any other associated configurations.

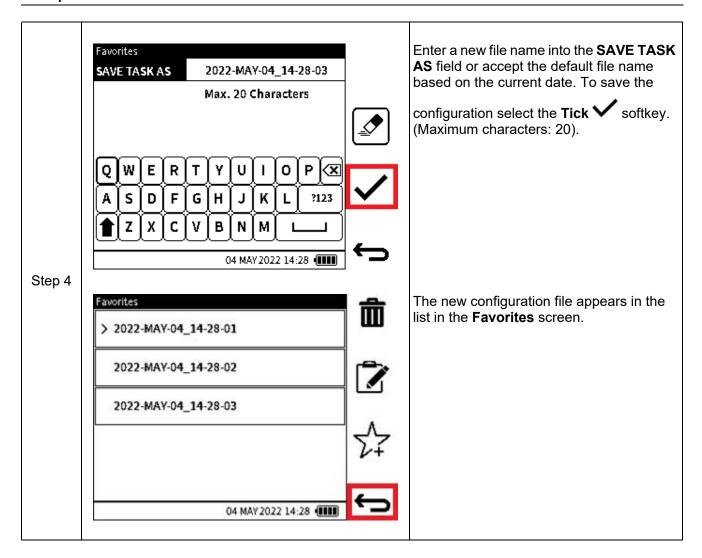
This saved configuration can be selected to automatically load and configure the Calibrator task. Up to 10 Favorite configurations can be saved.



#### **16.1.1 Save Current Calibrator Task**

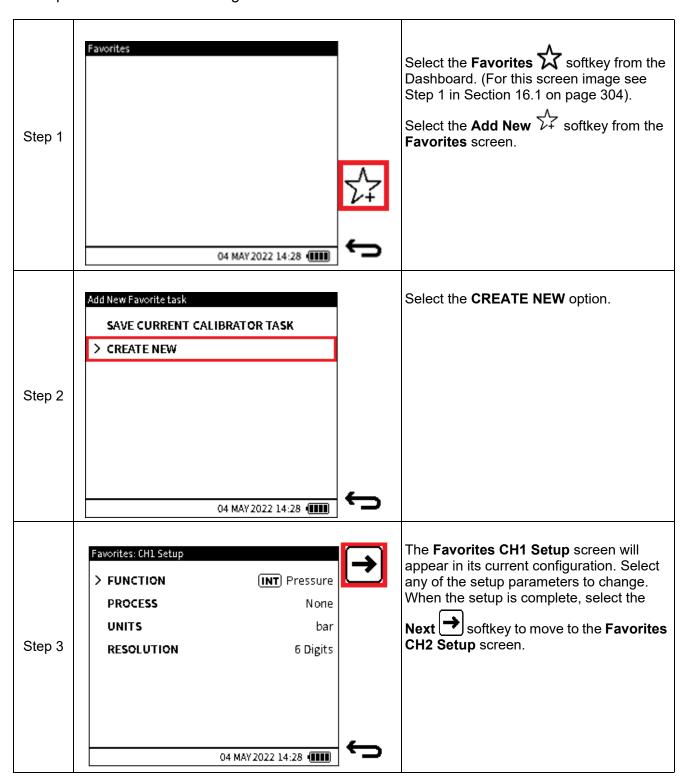
To save the current Calibrator task and all its settings as a Favorite, first make sure the desired configuration has been made within the Calibrator application.

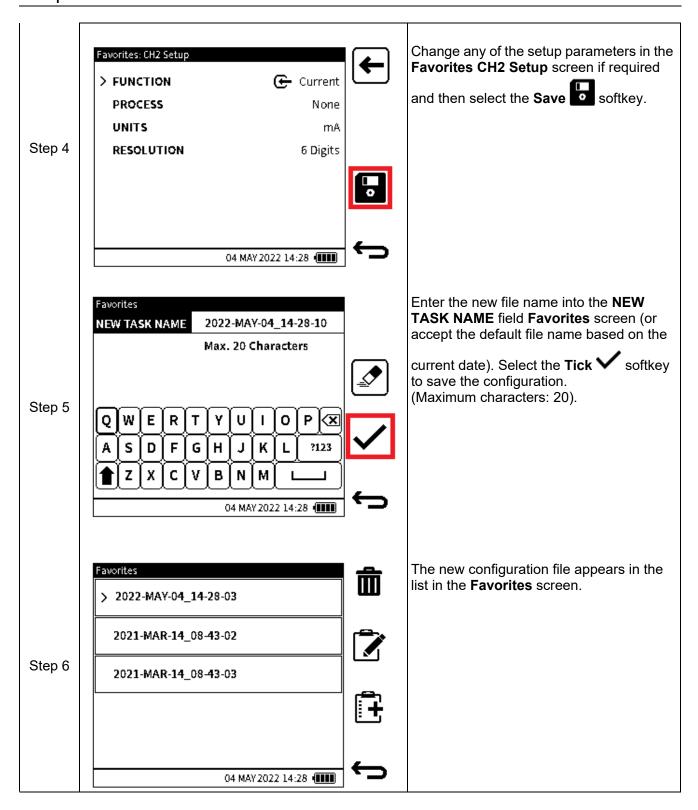




## 16.1.2 Save New Configuration as Favorite

This option allows manual configuration of the individual channels within the **Favorites** menu.





# 16.2 To Load a Favorites Configuration

From the **Favorites** menu, navigate to the desired saved **Favorites** file by tapping the filename or using the Up/Down button on the navigation keypad. Tap again to load the configuration or press the **Enter** button if using the navigation keypad.

# 16.3 Edit an Existing Favorite File

From the **Favorites** menu, navigate to the desired saved **Favorites** file by tapping the file name or using the Up/Down button on the navigation keypad.

Select the **Edit** softkey to make changes to the Favorites file configuration. Once the edit is complete, select the **Save** softkey to save the changes made.

### 16.4 Delete Favorite Files

From the **Favorites** menu, navigate to the desired saved **Favorites** file by tapping the file name or using the Up/Down button on the navigation keypad. Select the **Delete** softkey to delete the file.

# 16.5 Transferring Favorite Files

**Favorite** configuration files can be accessed from a PC via the USB cable connection and appear in the **Favorites** folder in the root directory of the DPI 610E. Use the Windows **Copy** command to copy a file to another folder. These configuration files can then be moved into another DPI 610E instrument and used within that instrument.

**Note:** Care must be taken when transferring these files to make sure the DPI 610E share the same supported functionality. For example, transferring a configuration file involving the Barometer function from a pneumatic DPI 610E variant to a hydraulic variant which does not support the Barometer function.

# 16.6 Accessing Favorite Files via the File System

Saved Favorites configuration files can be viewed in the File System menu by selecting the File
System softkey from the Dashboard and choosing the <b>Favorites</b> folder. Refer to Section 14.8
on page 294 for more information.

Chapter 16. I	Favorites Menu
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# 17. General Specification

Refer to <a href="https://www.druck.com/dpi610e">www.druck.com/dpi610e</a> for the Datasheet that gives the technical specifications for the DPI 610E.

# 17.1 Open Source Software Licenses

Two files are available with the software installation:

1568-notices-report-08\_08\_2022\_17\_04.txt covers DK0491 DPI610E Bootloader.

1563-notices-report-08\_08\_2022\_16\_01.txt covers DK0492 DPI610E Main Application.

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