

Strain transducer up to 1,000 με Model F9302



WIKA data sheet FO 54.10

Applications

- Injection molding machines
- Presses, stamping and embossing machines
- Structural steelwork, vessel supports
- Special vehicles
- Construction machines

Special features

- Measuring ranges strains from 0 ... 200 με up to max.
 0 ... 1,000 με
- Good long-term stability, high shock and vibration resistance, good reproducibility
- As retrofitting, easy to install
- For use in extreme outdoor applications (IP67)
- Relative linearity error < 2 % F_{nom}

Description

The strain transducer has been designed for applications in which there is a need to measure the deformation due to external forces acting on an existing component. The device is simply screwed onto the component. After calibration the unit obtains the characteristics of a force transducer.

The strain transducer is suitable for use on structures where elongation is in the range max. 1.0 ‰. Two screws are used to attach it to a region of the structure at which the relevant elongation occurs. An amplifier is integrated. The combined deformation body/strain transducer is easy to adjust via control signals.

At the heart of the strain transducer is a 7 mm thin film sensor with a temperature compensated Wheatstone bridge circuit fitted into the tightest of spaces. The digital programmable amplifier permits factory presetting to specific application requirements. The transducer may be used both for static and for dynamic measurement.



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Technical data in accordance with VDI/VDE/DKD 2638

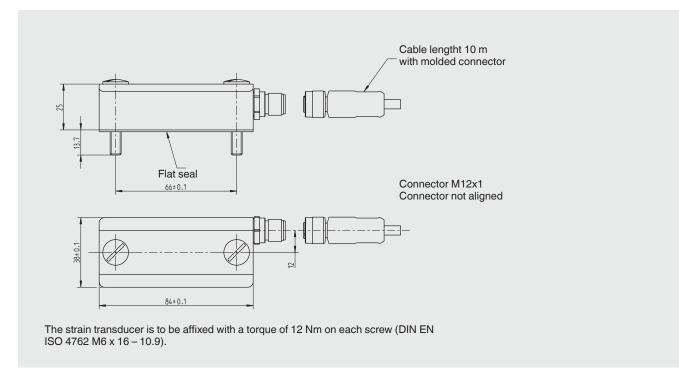
Model F9302		
Strain	$0 \dots \pm 200 \ \mu\epsilon, 0 \dots \pm 500 \ \mu\epsilon, 0 \dots \pm 1,000 \ \mu\epsilon$	
Relative linearity error d _{lin}	$\leq \pm 2 \% F_{nom}$	
 Relative repeatability error in unchanged mounting position b_{rg} different mounting positions b_{rv} 	0.5 % F _{nom} 0.5 % F _{nom}	
Temperature effect on zero signal TK_0	0.1 %/10 K	
Temperature effect on characteristic value TK_{C}	0.3 %/10 K	
Rated temperature range B _{T, nom}	-20 +80 °C	
Operating temperature range $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{T,\;G}}$	-40 … +80 °C, permanently laid cable -25 … +80 °C, moving cable	
Storage temperature range B _{T, S}	-40 +85 °C	
Output signal (rated output) C _{nom}	4 20 mA, 3-wire	
Supply voltage	DC 10 36 V	
Current consumption	Max. 25 mA	
Burden	> 10 kΩ	
Limit frequency	< 2 kHz (-3 dB)	
Electrical connection	Circular connection, M12 x 1, 4-pin	
Protection (acc. to IEC/EN 60529)	IP67	
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, overvoltage and short-circuit protection	
Emission	DIN EN 55011	
Immunity	DIN EN 61326-1/DIN EN 61326-2-3	
Surface finish	Minimum requirement: evenness 0.05 mm/surface roughness Ra=16	
M6 srew tightening torque	12 Nm	
Weight	200 g	

Mode of operation

When a load is applied to a mechanical structure, the latter's shape alters to some degree. If a strain tranducer is attached to a suitable place on a component, it will suffer the same deformations as the component. The tension and compression stresses are detected and amplified.

Once the transducer has been attached to the component using the two captive M6 screws, the unit so formed then has to be calibrated. In the unloaded state, the zero point is set with the "zero" control line by submitting a bit sequence via a plc. Matching of the temperature coefficient (TC) of the output signal to the applied component, as well as adjustment of the limit frequency, is possible through factory pre-programming.

Dimensions in mm



Pin assignment

Electrical connection	4 20 mA (3-wire)	Pin
Output		
Supply (UB+)	Brown	1
Supply (UB-)	Blue	3
Signal (+)	White	2
Signal (-)	-	-
Inputs		
Control line "Tara" (Com 1)	Black	4



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WIKA data sheet FO 54.10 · 11/2019

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Page 3 of 3