

User manual IM2

Alternating voltage / Alternating current signal rms-value (TRMS) 0-300 VAC, 0-600 VAC, 0-1 AAC, 0-5 AAC



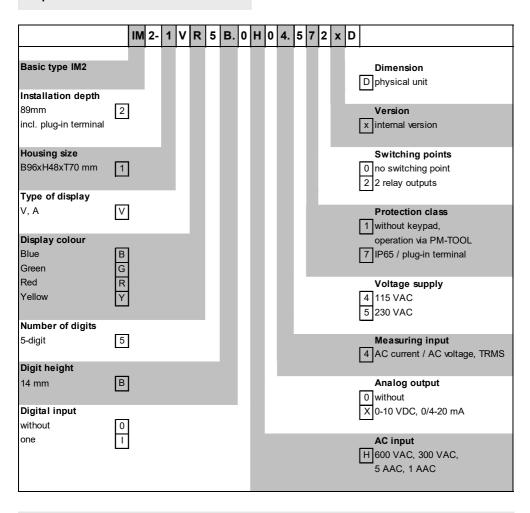
Technical features:

- red display of -19999...99999 digits (optional: green, orange, blue)
- installation depth: 70 mm without plug-in terminal
- min/max-memory
- · 30 adjustable supporting points
- display flashing at threshold value exceedance / undercut
- digital input for triggering of Hold, Tara
- permanent min/max value recording
- volume metering (totaliser)
- mathematical functions like reciprocal value, square roots, squaring or rounding
- · setpoint generator
- · sliding averaging
- brightness control
- programming interlock via access code
- · protection class IP65 at the front
- pluggable screw terminal
- optional galvanic isolated digital input or analog output
- · optional 2 relay outputs
- accessories: PC-based configuration kit PM-TOOL incl. CD and USB-adapter for devices without keypad and for a simple adjustment of standard devices

Identification

STANDARD-TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
AC current, AC voltage	
Housing size: 96x48 mm	IM2-1VR5B.0004.570xD

Options - breakdown of order code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g. A.

Contents

_		
1.	Brief description	2
2.	Assembly	3
3.	Electrical connection	4
4.	Description of function and operation	5
	4.1. Programming software PM-TOOL	6
5.	Setting up the device	7
	5.1. Switching on	7
	5.2. Standard parameterisation (flat operation level)	7
	Value assignment for the triggering of the signal input	
	5.3. Programming interlock RUN	10
	Activation/Deactivation of the programming interlock or change into professional or flat operation level	
	5.4. Extended parametersation (professional operation level)	11
	5.4.1. Signal input parameters INP	11
	Value assignment for the triggering of the signal input incl. linearisation	
	5.4.2. General device parameters FCT	14
	Superior device functions like Hold, Tara, min/max permanent, setpoint value function / nominal value function, averaging, brightness control, suppression of negative Offsets, as well as the control of the digital input and keyboard layout	
	5.4.3. Safety parameters COD	19
	Assignment of user and master code to lock or to receive access to defined parameter such as analog output and alarms, etc.	
	5.4.4. Analog parameters <code>OUT</code>	20
	Analog output functions	
	5.4.5. Relay functions REL	22
	Parameter for setpoint definition	
	5.4.6. Alarm parameters RL1RLY	24
	Actuator and dependencies of the alarms	
	5.4.7. Totaliser (Volume metering) TOT	26
	Parameter for calculation of the sum function	
6.	Reset to factory settings	27
	Reset parameters onto the delivery state	
7.	Alarms / Relays	28
	Functional principle of the switching outputs	
8.	Sensor aligment	29
	Diagram of functional sequences for sensors with existing adjustable resistor	
9.	Technical data	30
10). Safety advices	32
11	I. Error elimination	33

1. Brief description

The panel meter instrument **IM2-14H** is a 5-digit device for AC current / AC voltage signals (TRMS) and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via four keys at the front or by the optional PC software PM-TOOL. The integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of parameters and can be unlocked again with an individual code. Optional the following functions are available: a digital input for triggering of Hold (Tara), aswell as one analog output for further evaluating in the unit.

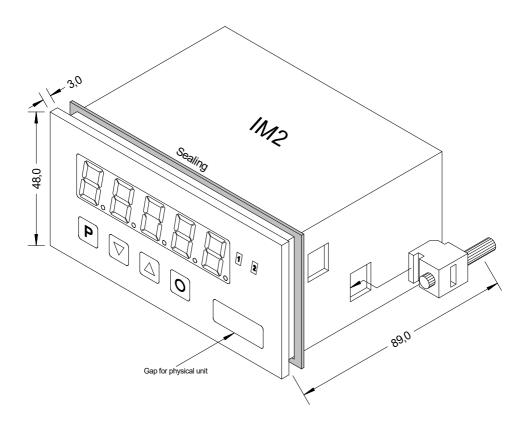
With help of the galvanic isolated setpoints (optional), free adjustable limit values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display.

The electrical connection is done via plug-in terminals on the back side.

Selectable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, an averaging of the measuring signals, a nominal presetting or setpoint presetting, a direct threshold value regulation during operation mode and further measuring setpoints for linearisation, complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 32 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



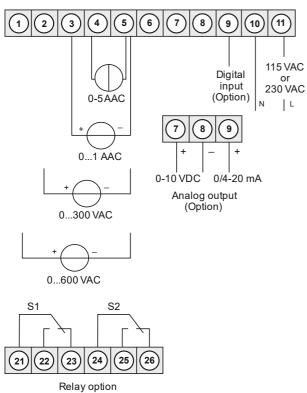
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

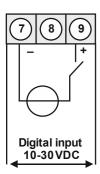
The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

3. Electrical connection

Type IM2-1VR5B.0H04.470xD with a supply of 115 VAC Type IM2-1VR5B.0H04.570xD with a supply of 230 VAC



IM2 with digital input and external voltage supply source



4. Description of function and operation

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

This level is for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise *PRDF* under menu item *RUN*.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

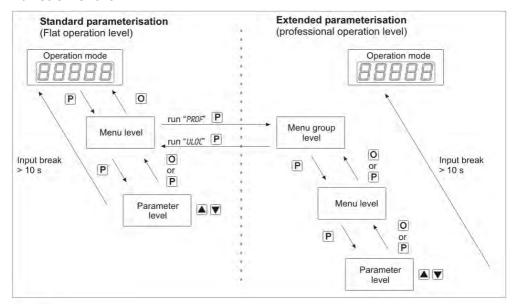
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise *ULDC* under menu item *RUN*.

Parameterisation level:

Parameters deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. By pressing the **[O]-key** ("zero-key") it leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
Menu level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
	Р	Confirm the changes made at the parameterisation level.
Parameterisation level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	Р	Change to menu level.
Menu group level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

Function chart:



Underline:

P Takeover

O Stop

▲ Value selection (+)

▼ Value selection (-)

4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching on

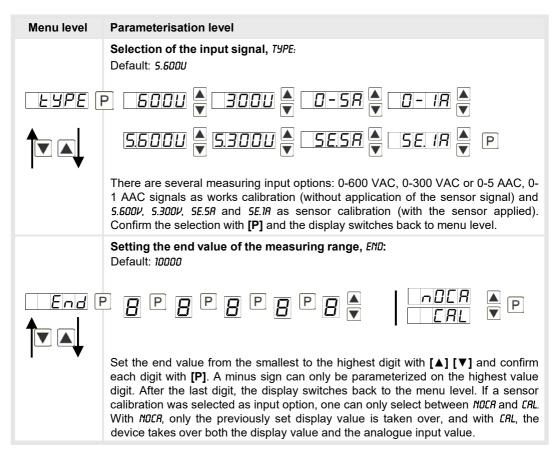
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

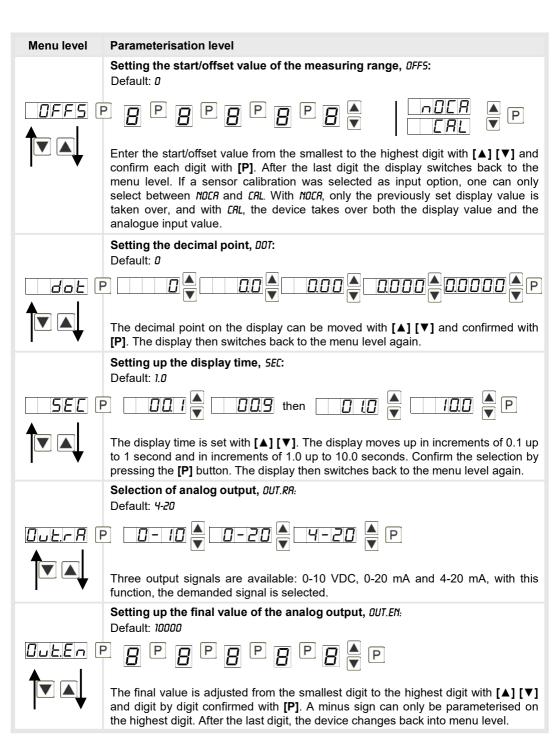
Starting sequence

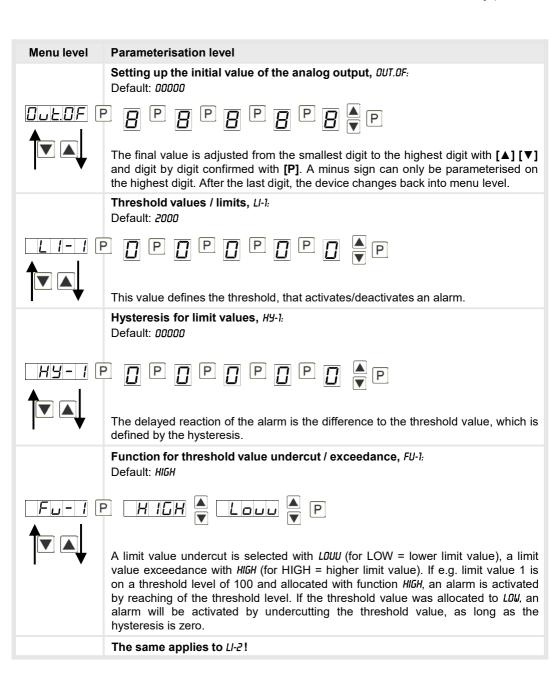
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

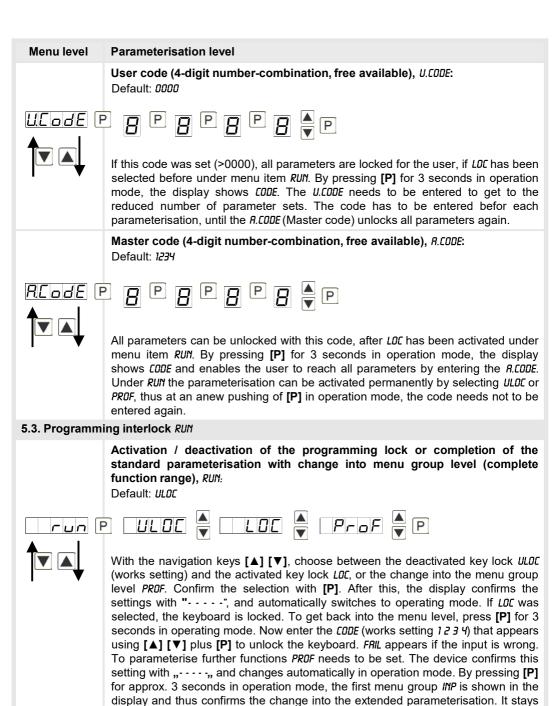
5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]** key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item *TYPE*.





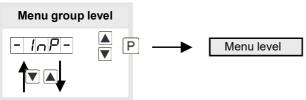


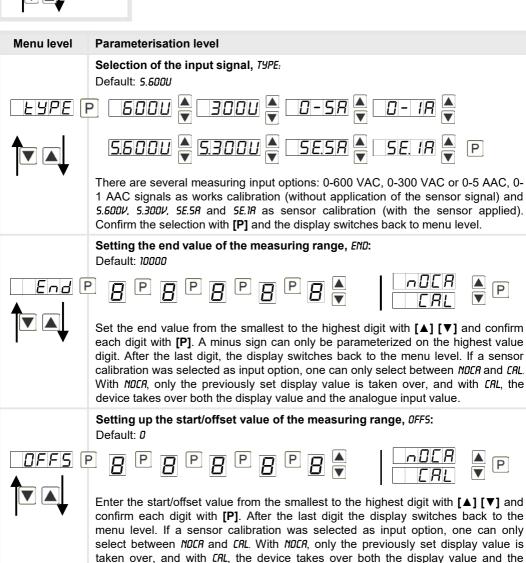


activated as long as ULOC or LOC is entered in menu group RUN.

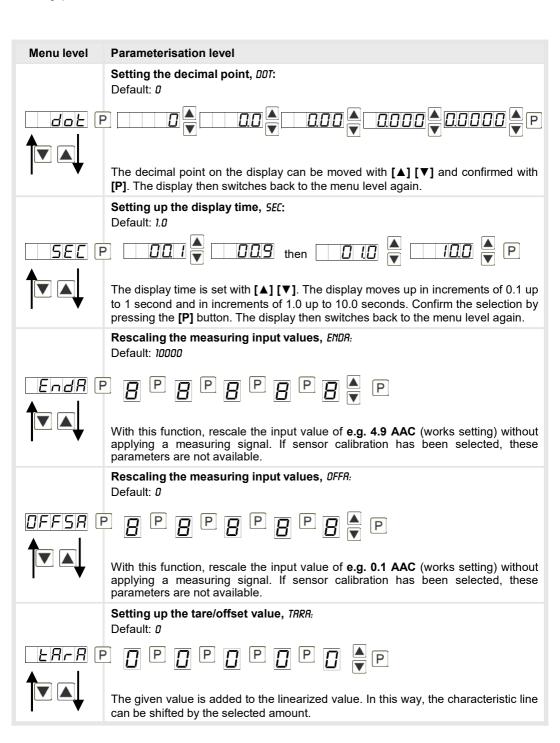
5.4. Extended parameterisation (Professional operation level)

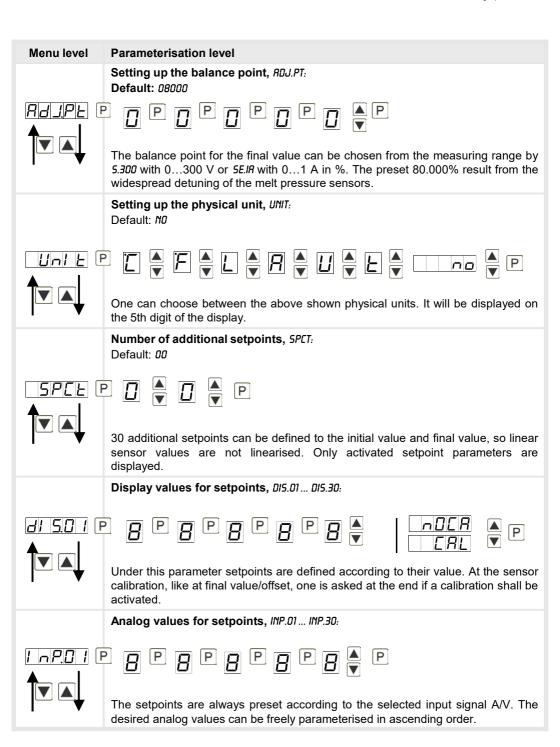
5.4.1. Signal input parameters

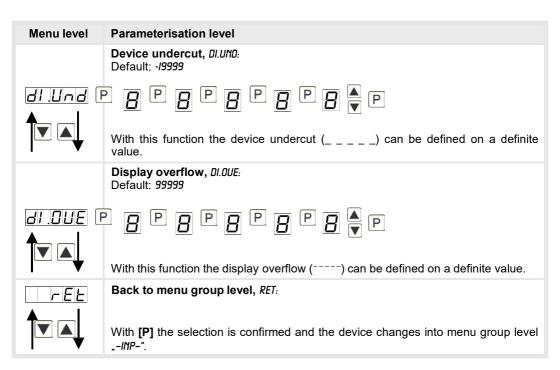




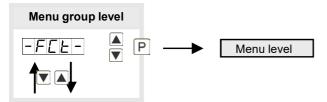
analogue input value.

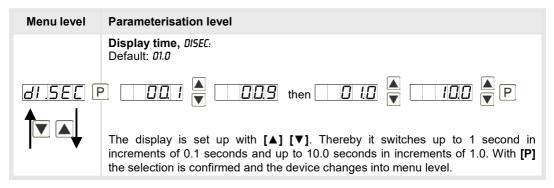


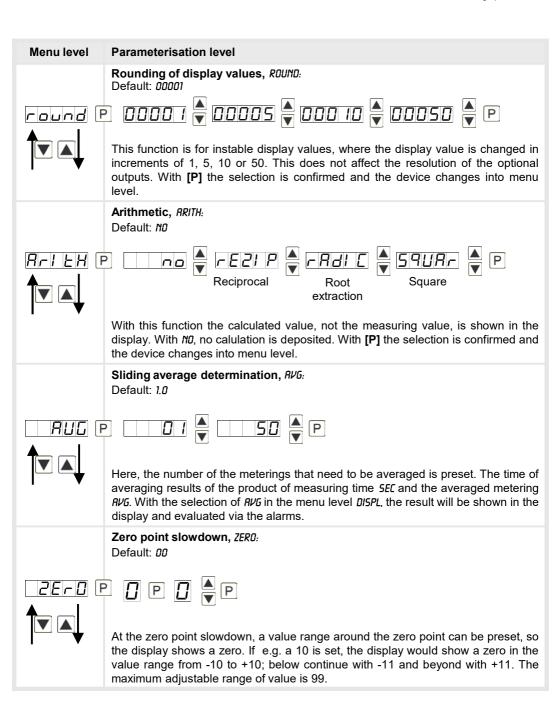


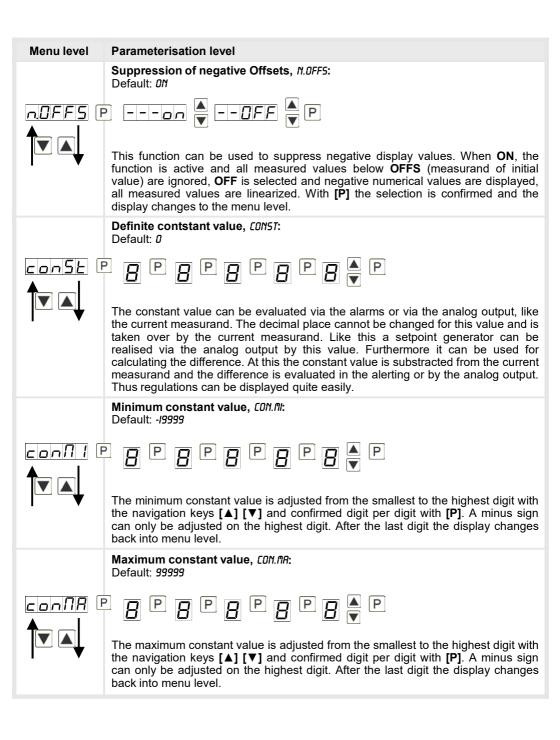


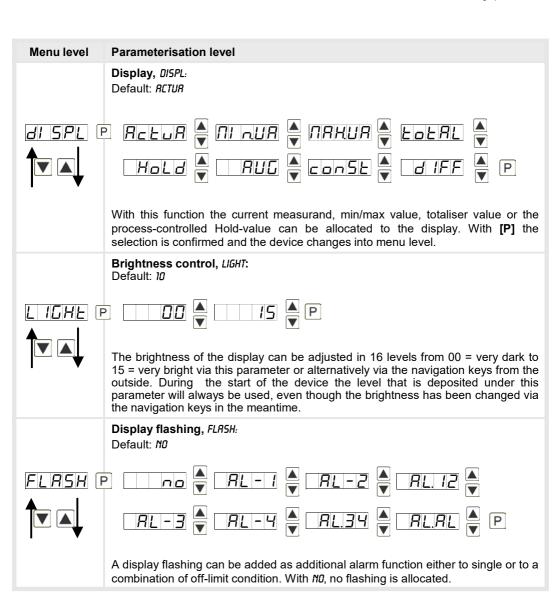
5.4.2. General device parameters

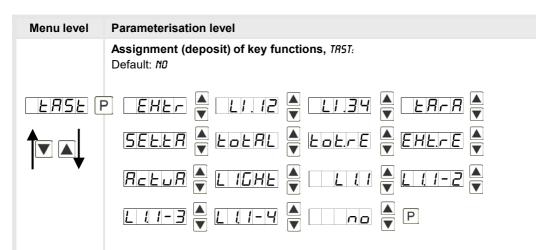












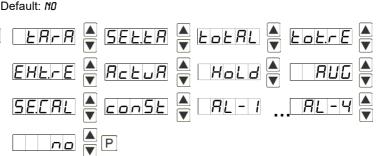
For the operation mode, special functions can be deposited on the navigation keys [▲] [▼], in particular this function is made for devices in housing size 48x24mm which do not have a 4th key ([O]-key). If the min/max-memory is activated with EHTR, all measured min/max-values are saved during operation and can be recalled via the navigation keys. The values get lost by restart of the device. If the threshold value correction L1.12 or L1.34 is choosen, the values of the threshold can be changed during operation without disturbing the operating procedure. With TARA the device is tared to zero and saved permanently as offset. The device confirms the correct taring by showing **ooooo** in the display. SET.TR switches into the offset value and can be changed via the navigation keys [▲] [▼]. Via TOTRL the current value of the totaliser can be displayed, after this the device changes back on the parameterised display value. If TOT.RE is deposited, the totaliser can be set back by pressing of the navigation keys [▲] [▼], the device acknowledges this with ooooo in the display. The configuration of EHT.RE deletes the min/max-memory. Under RETUR the measurand is shown, after this the display returns to the parameterised display value. If RBS.UR (absolute value) was selected, the display shows the value that has been measured since voltage connection, without consideration of a previous taring. Via selection L1.1, L1.1-2, L1.1-3, L1.1-4 threshold values can be addressed via the navigation keys; they can be changed digit per digit or taken over by pushing the [P]-key. The adjustment is taken over directly, an excisting limit value monitoring and the current measurement will not be influenced by this. If NO is selected, the navigation keys are without any function in the operation mode.

Menu level Parameterisation level Special function [O]-key, TR5T.4: Default: NO ERFR 🖨 SELLR 🖨 LOLRL 🖨 LOLFE 🖨 EHEFE 🛊 RCEUR 🛊 Hold 🛊 SECAL 🖨 conse 🖨 🖪 🖛 🗆 🖪 🖽 no 🏲 P For the operation mode, special functions can be deposited on the [O]-key. Activate this function by pressing the key. With TARA the device is set temporarily on a parameterised value. The device acknowledges the correct taring with **ooooo** in the display. SET.TR adds a defined value on to the currently displayed value. Via TOTAL the current value of the totaliser can be displayed, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. If TOT.RE was deposited, the totaliser can be set back by pressing the navigation keys [▲] [▼], the device acknowledges this with showing ooooo in the display. EHT.RE deletes the min/maxmemory. If HOLD has been selected, the moment can be hold constant by pressing the [O]-key, and is updated by releasing the key. Advice: HDLD is activated only, if HOLD was selected under parameter DISPL. RCTUR shows the measuring value, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. The same goes for RV5, here the sliding average values will be displayed. A sensor calibration is done by triggering of the digital input via SE.EAL, the flow diagram is shown in Chapter 8. The constant value EDNST can be recalled via the digital input, or changed digit per digit. At RL-1...RL-Y an output can be set and therewith e.g. a

Special function digital input, DIG.IN:

function in the operation mode.





In operation mode, the above shown parameter can be laid on the optional digital input, too. Function description see *TRST.Y.*

setpoint adjustment can be done. If NO is selected, the [O]-key is without any

Menu level

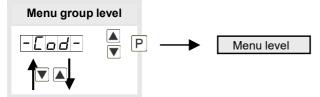
Parameterisation level

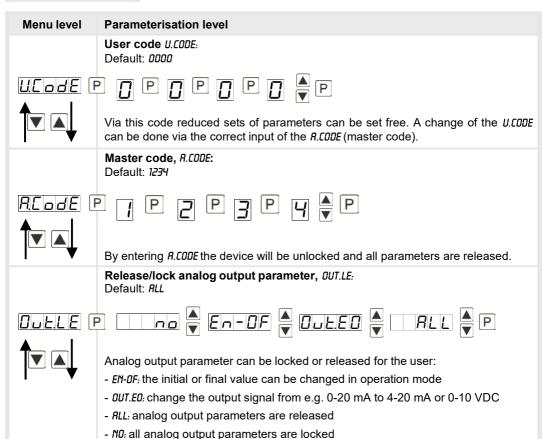
Back to menu group level, RET:

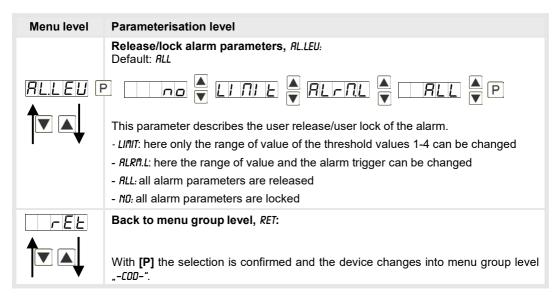


With **[P]** the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level "-FCT-".

5.4.3. Safety parameters

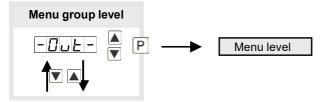




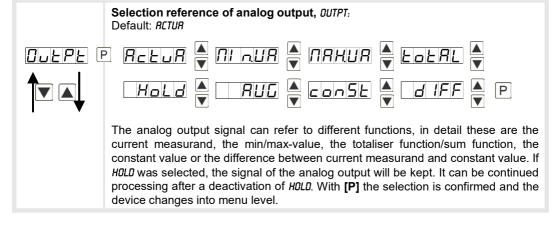


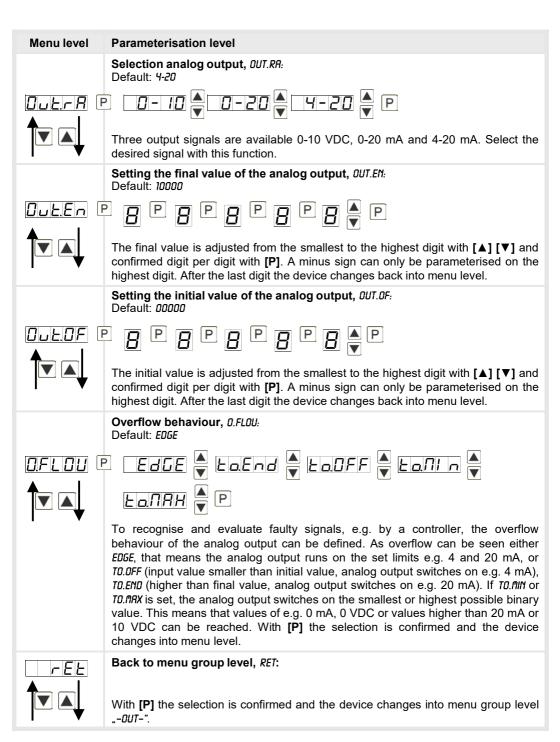
5.4.4. Analog output parameters

Menu level

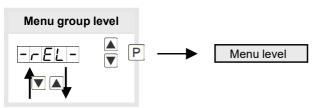


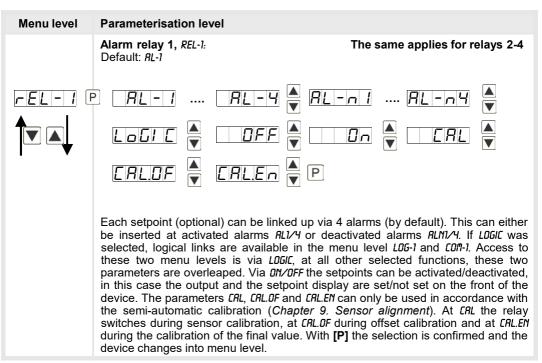
Parameterisation level

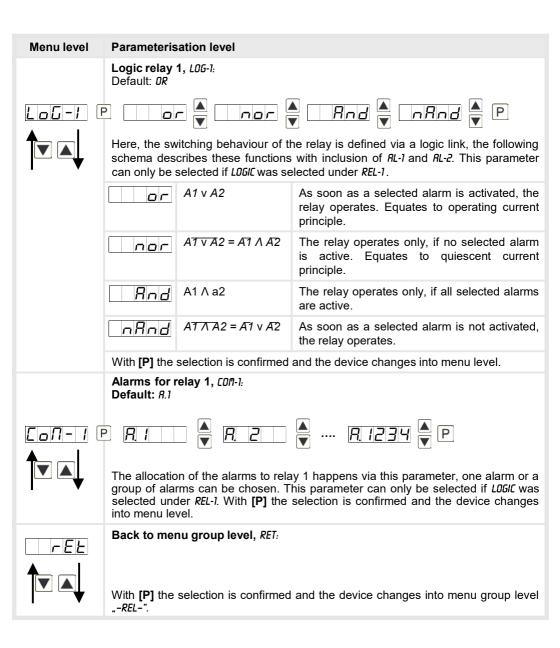




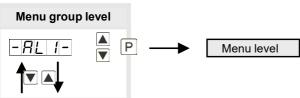
5.4.5. Relay functions

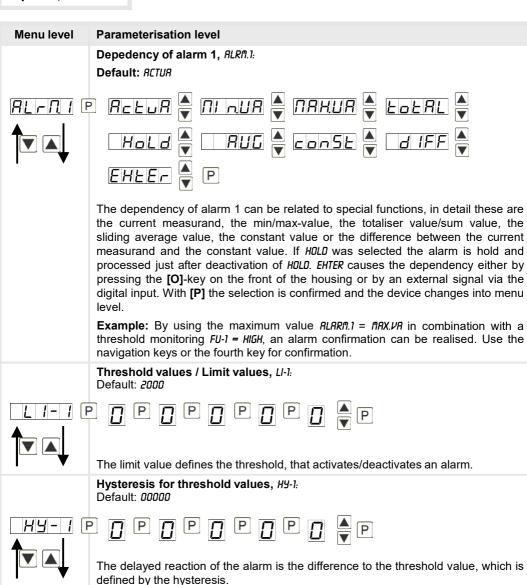


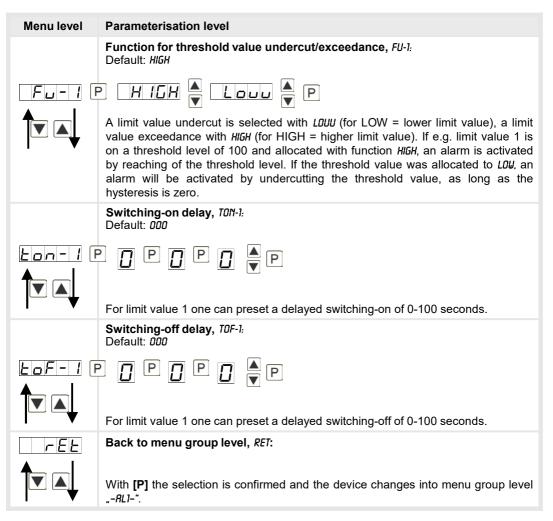




5.4.6. Alarm parameters

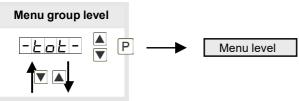


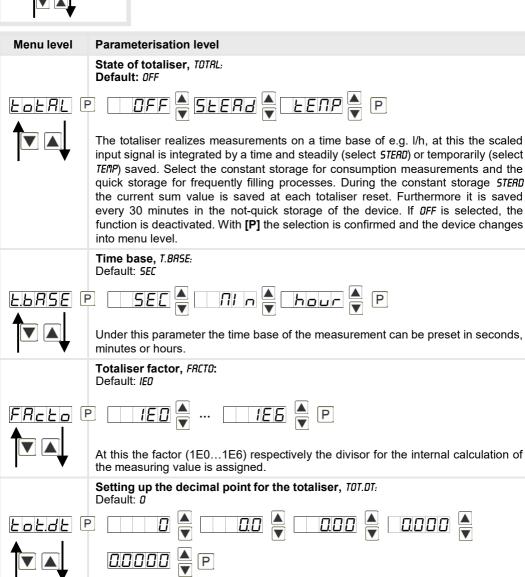




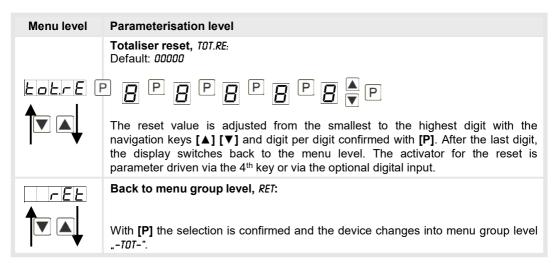
The same applies for RL2 to RL4.

5.4.7. Totaliser (Volume metering)





The decimal point of the device can be adjusted with the navigation keys [▲] [▼]. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.



Programming interlock, RUN:



6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- · Press [P] button
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P] button until "----" is shown in the display.

With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

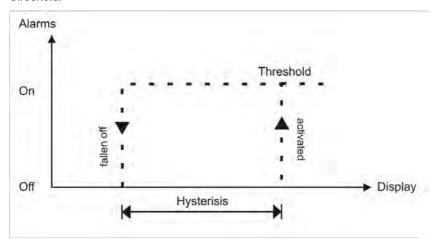
7. Alarms / Relays

This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. Hold or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays		
Alarm / Relay x	deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold-value, totaliser value, sliding average value, constant value, difference between instantaneous value and constant value or an activation via the digital input	
Switching threshold	Threshold / limit value of the change-over	
Hysteresis	teresis Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds	
Working principle	Operating current / quiescent current	

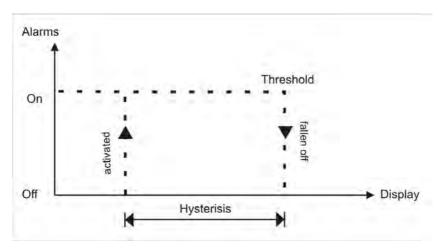
Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is off below the threshold and on on reaching the threshold.



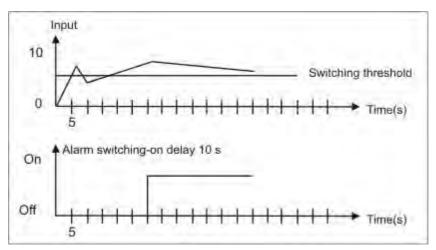
Quiescent current

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is on below the threshold and switched off on reaching the threshold.



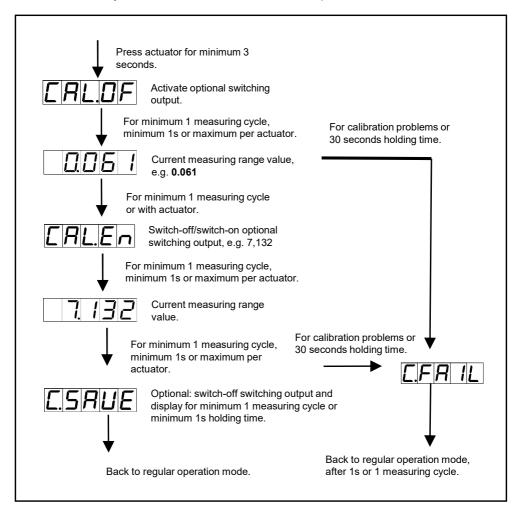
Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.



8. Sensor alignment offset / final value

The device is equipped with a semi-automatic sensor calibration (5600V, 5300V, 5E.IR, 5E.SR). A switching output operates the trimming resistor, which exists in some sensors. An adjustment of offset and final value takes place, after which the sensor can be used directly. Depending on parameterisation, the calibration can be realized via the 4th key or via the digital input. It is possible to key during the calibration steps. So, reference signals can be connected manually. However the calibration will be interrupted after 30 seconds.



9. Technical data

Housing				
Dimensions	96x48x70 mm (BxHxD)			
	96x48x89 mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal			
Panel cut-out	92.0 ^{+0.8} x 45.0 ^{+0.6} m	m		
Wall thickness	up to 10 mm	up to 10 mm		
Fixing	screw elements	screw elements		
Material	PC polycarbonate, b	olack, UL94V-0		
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, bl	ack		
Protection class	standard IP65 (front), IP00 (back side)		
Weight	approx. 200 g	approx. 200 g		
Connection	plug-in terminal; wire	plug-in terminal; wire cross-section up to 2.5 mm ²		
Display				
Digit height	14 mm	14 mm		
Segment colour	red (optional green,	red (optional green, orange or blue)		
Range of display	-19999 to 99999	-19999 to 99999		
Setpoint	one LED per setpoir	one LED per setpoint		
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top			
Underflow	horizontal bars at th	horizontal bars at the bottom		
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds	0.1 to 10.0 seconds		
Input	Ri	Measuring error	Digit	
01 AAC TRMS	~ 0.2 Ω	0.5 % of final value	±1	
05 AAC TRMS	~ 0.05 Ω	0.5 % of final value	±1	
0300 VAC TRMS	~ 1 MΩ	0.5 % of final value	±1	
0600 VAC TRMS	~ 2 MΩ	0.5 % of final value	±1	
Digital input	< 2.4 V OFF, 10 V C R _I ~ 5 kΩ	< 2.4 V OFF, 10 V ON, max. 30 VDC $R_1 \sim 5 \text{ k}\Omega$		
Accuracy				
Drift of temperature	100 ppm / K	100 ppm / K		
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds	0.110.0 seconds		
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion			
Resolution	approx. 18 bit at 1 s	approx. 18 bit at 1 second measuring time		

Output		
Analog output	0/4-20 mA / burden 350 Ohm, 0-10 VDC / burden 10 kOhm, 16 bit	
Switching outputs		
Relay with change-over contact Switching cycles	250 VAC / 2 AAC; 30 VDC / 2 ADC 0.5 x 10 ⁵ at contact load 0.5 x 10 ⁶ mechanically Division according to DIN EN 50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN 60255	
Power supply	230 VAC ± 10 % 50/60 Hz (max. 10 VA)	
Memory	EEPROM	
Data life	≥ 100 years / 25°C	
Ambient conditions		
Working temperature	050°C	
Storing temperature	-2080°C	
Weathering resistance	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew	
EMV	EN 61326	
CE-sign	Conformity according to directive 2014/30/EU	
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1	

10. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The IM2-14H-device is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The **IM2-14H-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install inductive consumers (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and suppress any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or freewheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel
 with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use
 twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the screening on one side on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

11. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	 The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	 The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
3.	The word HELP lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated Enter correct code
5.	Err1 lights up in the 7-segment display.	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure that the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status.