

User manual IM2

Direct voltage signals: Shunt 0-60/150/300/1000 mV



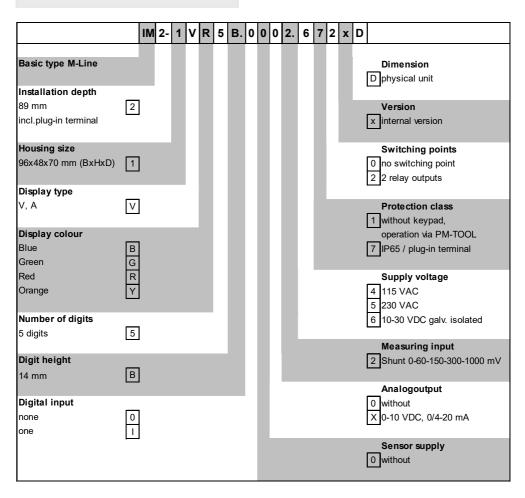
Technical features:

- red display of -19999...99999 Digits (optional: green, orange or blue display)
- minimal installation depth: 70 mm without plug-in screw terminal
- · min/max-memory
- · 30 additional adjustable supporting points
- · display flashing at threshold value exceedance / threshold value undercut
- · zero-key for triggering of Hold, Tara
- · permanent min/max-value recording
- volume metering (Totaliser)
- mathematic functions like reciprocal value, square root, squaring or rounding
- setpoint generator
- sliding average determination
- brightness control
- · programming interlock via access code
- · protection class IP65 at the front side
- · plug-in screw terminal
- · optional: 2 relay outputs
- · optional: analog output or galvanic isolated digital input
- accessories: PC-based configuration-kit PM-TOOL with CD & USB-adapter for devices
 without keypad and for a simple adjustment of standard devices

Identification

STANDARD-TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
Direct current shunt	IM2-1VR5B.0002.570xD
Housing size: 96x48 mm	IM2-1VR5B.0002.670xD

Options - breakdown order code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g. A.

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1. Brief description

The panel meter **IM2** is a 5-digit device for direct voltage signals and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via four front keys or via the optional PC software PM-TOOL. An integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of the parameters and can be unlocked again by an individual code. Optional the following functions are available: a supply for the sensor, a digital input for triggering of Hold (Tara) or an analog output for further processing in the equipment.

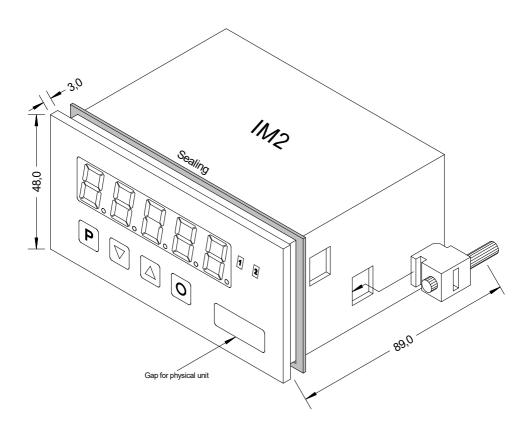
By use of the two optional galvanic isolated setpoints, free adjustable threshold values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display.

The electrical connection is carried out on the back side via plug-in terminals.

Selectable functions like e.g. the request of the min/max-value, an average determination of the measuring signals, a nominal preset respectively setpoint preset, a direct change of threshold value in operation mode and additional measuring supporting points for linearisation complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 34 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



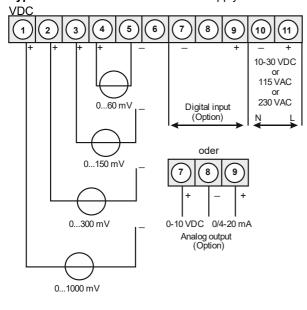
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

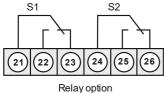
CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

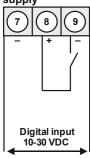
3. Electrical connection

Type IM2-1VR5B.0002.470xD with a supply of 115 VAC **Type IM2-1VR5B.0002.570xD** with a supply of 230 VAC **Type IM2-1VR5B.0002.670xD** with a supply of 10-30





IM2 with digital input in combination with 24 VDC sensor supply



IM2 with digital input and external voltage supply source



4. Function and operation description

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

This level is for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise *PRDF* under menu item *RUN*.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

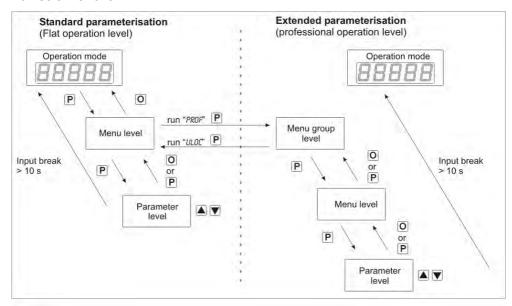
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise *ULDC* under menu item *RUN*.

Parameterisation level:

Parameter deposited in the menu item can be parameterised here. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. By pressing the **[O]**-key (zero-key) it leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and it changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
Menu level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
Parameterisation	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterization level.
level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	Р	Change to menu level.
Menu group level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

Function chart:



Underline:

P Takeover

O Stop

▲ Value selection (+)

▼ Value selection (-)

4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching-on

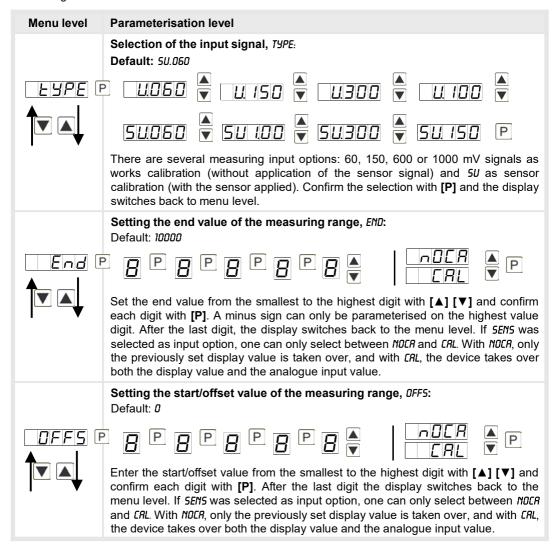
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. First, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

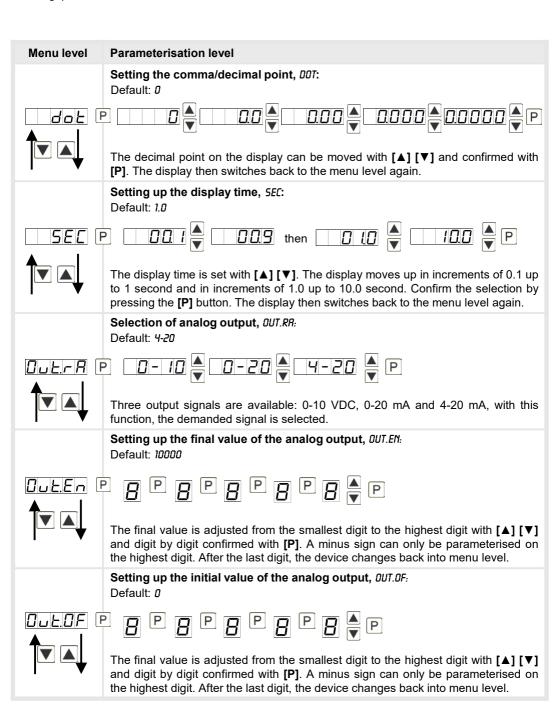
Starting sequence

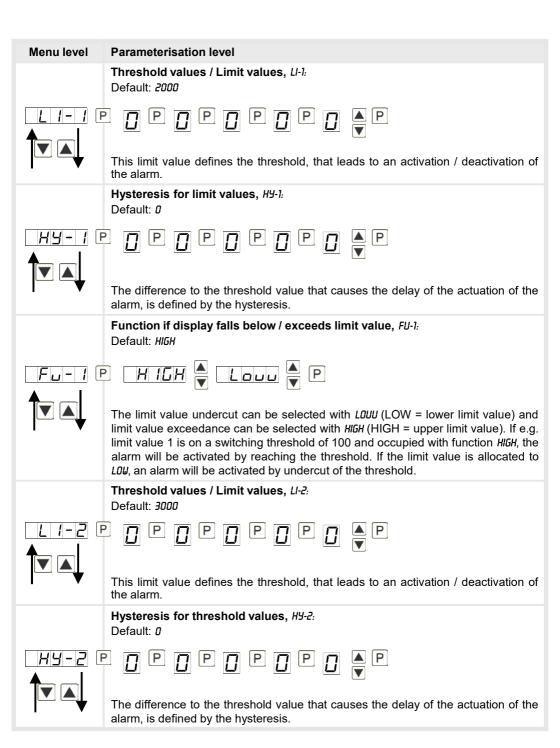
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

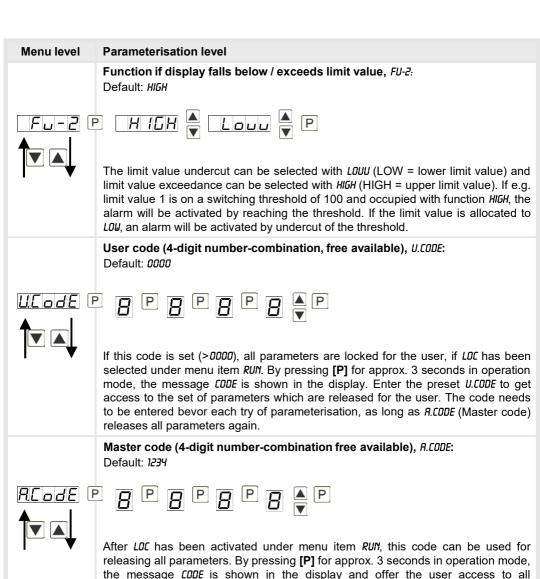
5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]** key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item *TYPE*.









parameters by entering *R.CODE*. While leaving this parameterisation it can be released permanently under *RUN* by selecting *ULDC* or *PROF*. So, at an anew pressing

of [P] in operating mode, an anew entereing of the code is not needed.

Menu level Parameterisation level

5.3. Programming interlock RUN

Activation / Deactivation of the programming interlock or completion of the standard parameterisation with change into menu group level (complete function volume), RUN:

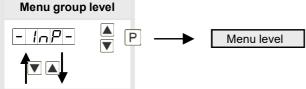
Default: ULOC



With the navigation keys [A] [V], choose between the deactivated key lock *ULDE* (works setting), the activated key lock *LDE*, or the menu group level *PRDF*. Confirm the selection with [P]. After this, the display confirms the settings with "-----", and automatically switches to operating mode. If *LDE* was selected, the keyboard is locked. To get back into menu level, press [P] for 3 seconds in operating mode. Now enter the *CDDE* (works setting *1234*) that appears using [A] [V] plus [P] to unlock the keyboard. *FRIL* appears if the input is wrong. To parameterise further functions, *PRDF* needs to be set. The device confirms this setting with "-----, and changes automatically into operation mode. By pressing [P] for approx. 3 seconds in operation mode, the first menu group *INP* is shown in the display and thus confirms the change into the extended parameterisation. It stays as long activated as *ULDE* is entered in menu group *RUN*, thus the display is set back in standard parameterisation again.

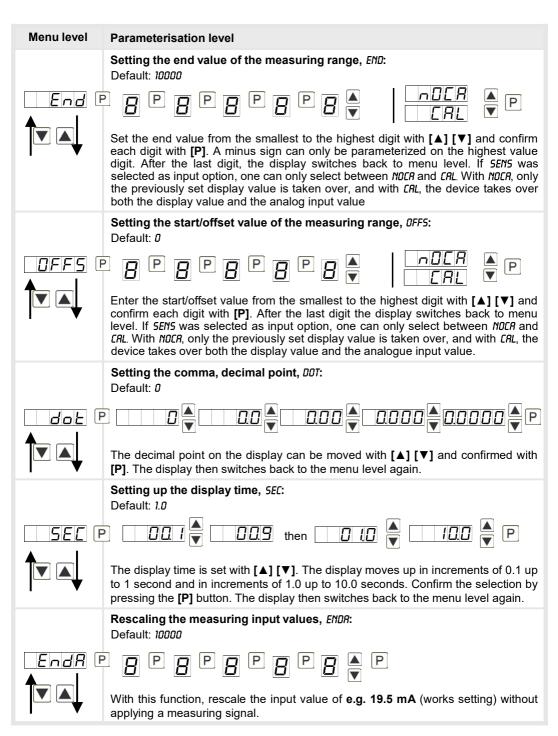
5.4. Extended parameterisation (Professional operation level)

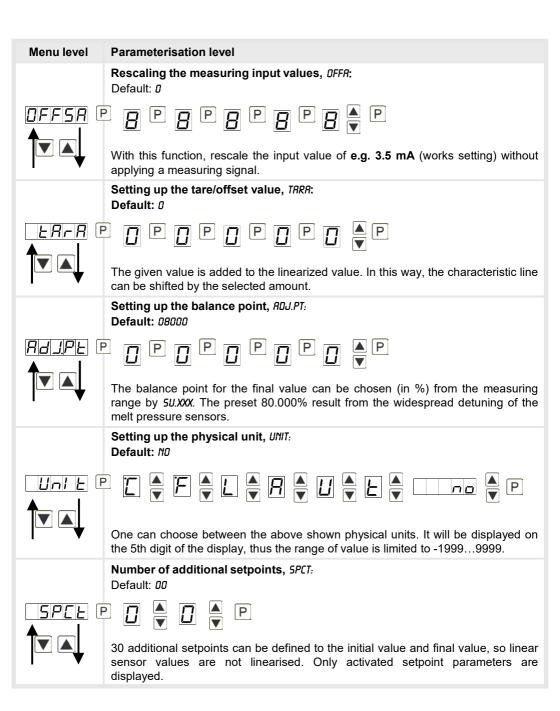
5.4.1. Signal input parameters

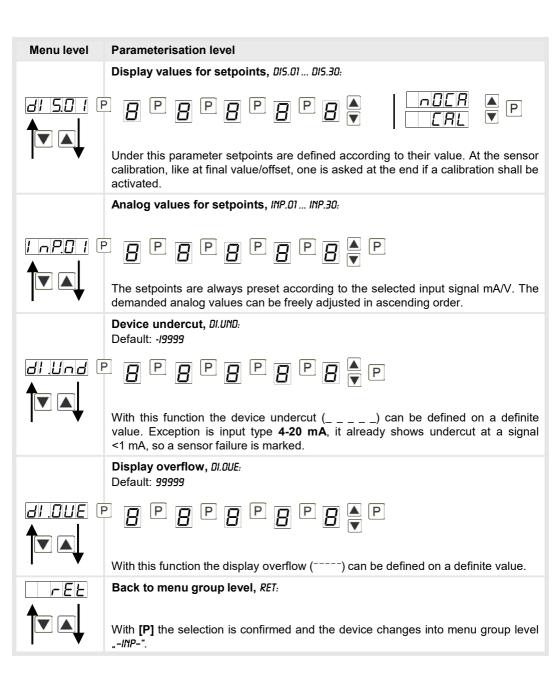


switches back to menu level.

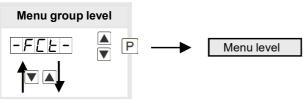
Menu level Parameterisation level Selection of the input signal, TYPE: Default: 5U.050 ► YPE P U.050 ▼ U.150 ▼ U.300 ▼ U.100 ▼ SU.050 ▼ SU.100 ▼ SU.300 ▼ SU.150 P There are several measuring input options: 60, 150, 600 or 1000 mV signals as works calibration (without application of the sensor signal) and 5U as sensor calibration (with the sensor applied). Confirm the selection with [P] and the display

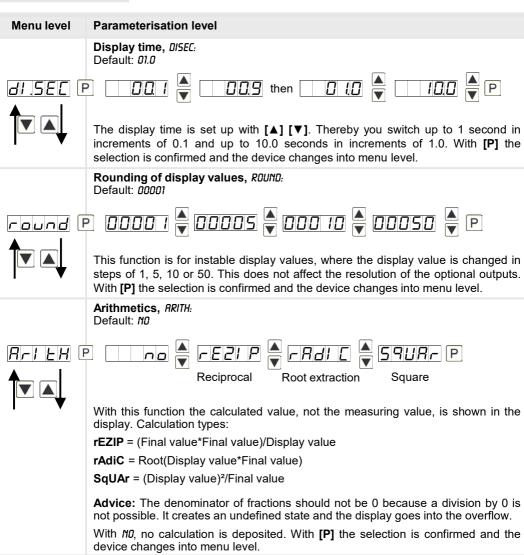


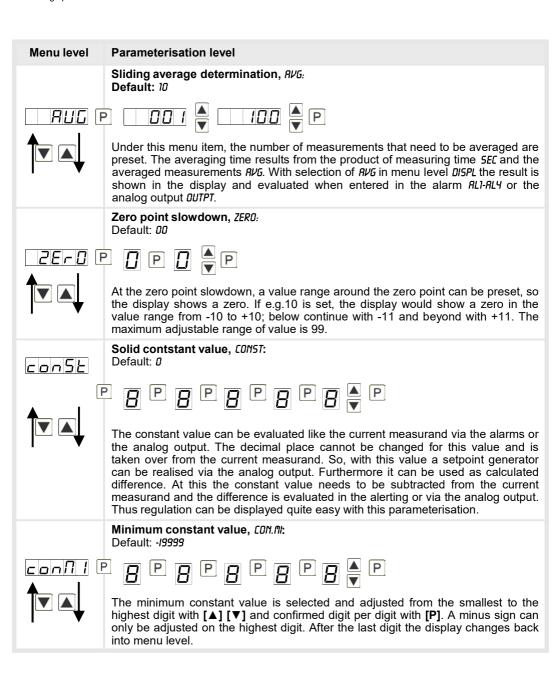


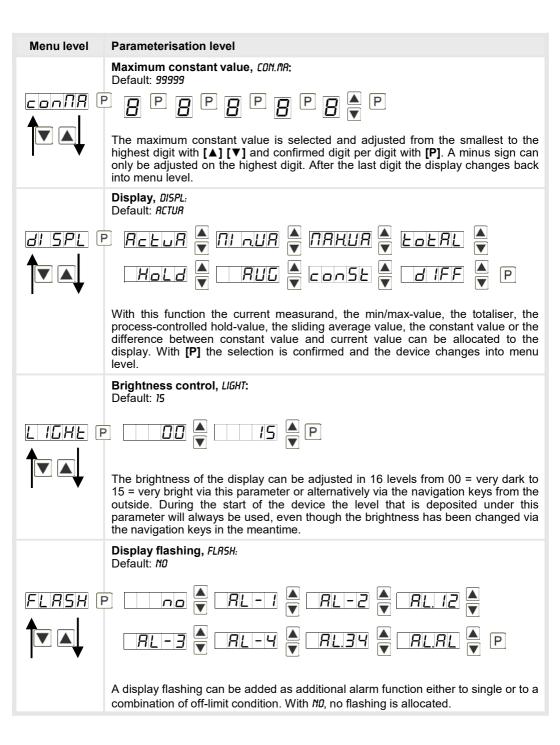


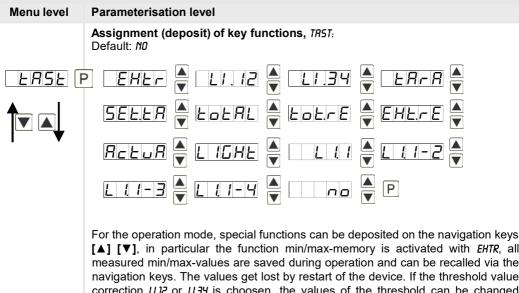
5.4.2. General device parameters











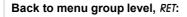
[▲] [▼], in particular the function min/max-memory is activated with EHTR, all measured min/max-values are saved during operation and can be recalled via the navigation keys. The values get lost by restart of the device. If the threshold value correction LI.12 or LI.34 is choosen, the values of the threshold can be changed during operation without disturbing the operating procedure. With TARA the device is set temporarily on a parameterised value. The device acknowledges the correct taring with showing 00000 in the display. SET.TR switches into the offset value and can be adjusted via the navigation keys. Via TOTAL the current value of the totaliser can be displayed for approx. 7 seconds, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. If TOT.RE is deposited, the totaliser can be set back by pressing of the navigation keys [▲] [▼], the device acknowledges this with showing 00000 in the display. By allocation on EHT.RE the min/max-memory is deleted. At RETUR the measuring value is shown for approx. 7 seconds, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. With LIGHT the brightness of the display is adjusted. This setting is not saved and gets lost at a restart fo the device. Via selection L1.1, L1.1-2, L1.1-3, L1.1-1 threshold values can be addressed via the navigation keys; they can be changed digit per digit or taken over by pushing the [P]-key. The adjustment is taken over directly, an excisting limit value monitoring and the current measurement will not be influenced by this. If NO is selected, the navigation keys are without any function in the operation mode.

Menu level Parameterisation level Special function [O]-key, TRST.4: Default: NO ERFR 🖨 SELLA 🖨 LOLAL 🖣 LOLFE 🖨 LASLY P RCEUR 🚔 Hold 🚔 const RL-1 ... RL-4 no 🚔 P For operation mode, special functions can be deposited on the [O]-key. Activate this function by pressing the key. With TARR the device is set temporarily on zero and saved permanently as offset. The device acknowledges the correct taring by showing 00000. SET.TR switches into the offset value and can be adjusted via the navigation keys. Via TOTAL the current value of the totaliser can be displayed for approx. 7 seconds, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. If TOT.RE is deposited, the totaliser can be set back by pressing of the navigation keys [▲] [▼], the device acknowledges this with showing DDDDD. EHT.RE deletes the min/max-memory. If HOLD has been selected, the moment can be hold constant by pressing the [O]-key, and is updated by releasing the key. Advice: HOLD is activated only, if HOLD was selected under parameter DISPL. ACTUA shows the measuring value for approx. 7 seconds, after this the device switches back on the parameterised display value. The same goes for RV5, here the sliding average value will be displayed. Via SE.ERL a sensor calibration is done by pressing the zero key, the operating diagram is shown in chapter 8. The constant value EONST can be called up via the key or adjusted digit per digit. At RL-1...RL-4 an output can be set and therewith can e.g. a setpoint adjustment be done. If NO is selected, the [O]-key is without any function in the operation mode. Special function digital input, DIG.IN: Default: NO SELLA & LOLAL & LOLAE Р RCLUR 🚖 KoLd ♦ const ♦ RL-1

For the operation mode, the above shown parameters can be laid on the optional digital input, too. Functions description see *TRST.Y.*

Menu level

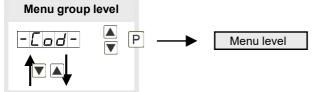
Parameterisation level





With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level ..-FCT-".

5.4.3. Safety parameters





Menu level

Parameterisation level

Adjustment of user code, U.CODE:

Default: 0000



Via this code reduced sets of parameters DUT.LE and AL.LEV can be released during locked programming. Further parameters are not available via this code. The U.COBE can only be changed via the correct input of the R.COBE (Master code).

Master code, A.CODE:

Default: 1234

















Release/ lock analog output parameters, DUT.LE: Default: ALL











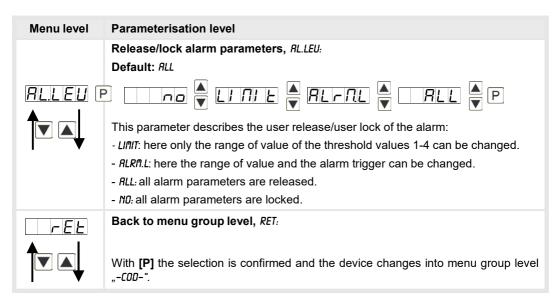






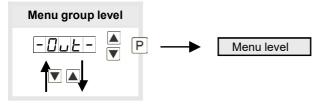
Analog output parameters can be locked or released for the user:

- EN-OF: the initial or final value can be changed in operation mode.
- DUT.EO: output signal can be changed from e.g. 0-20mA to 4-20mA or 0-10VDC.
- RLL: analog output parameters are released.
- NO: all analog output parameters are locked

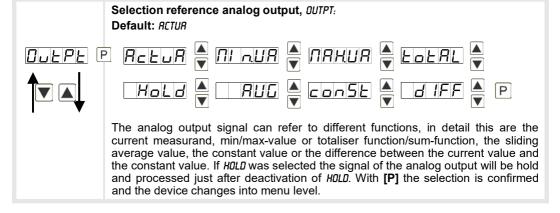


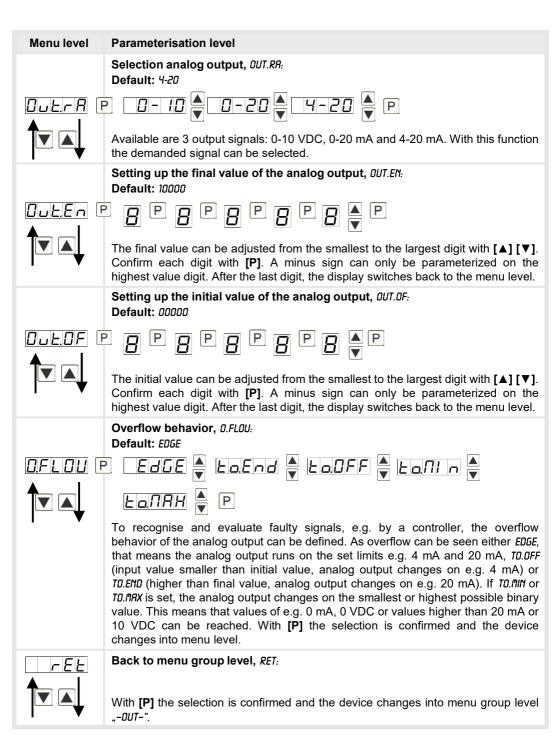
5.4.4. Analog output parameters

Menu level

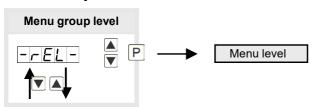


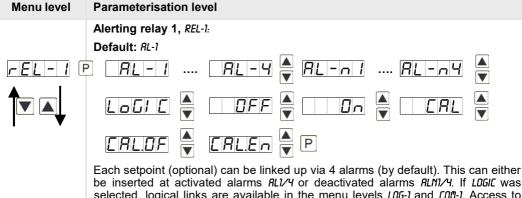
Parameterisation level



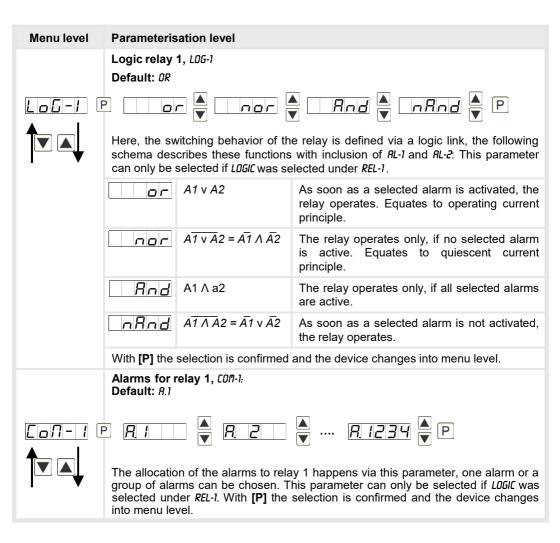


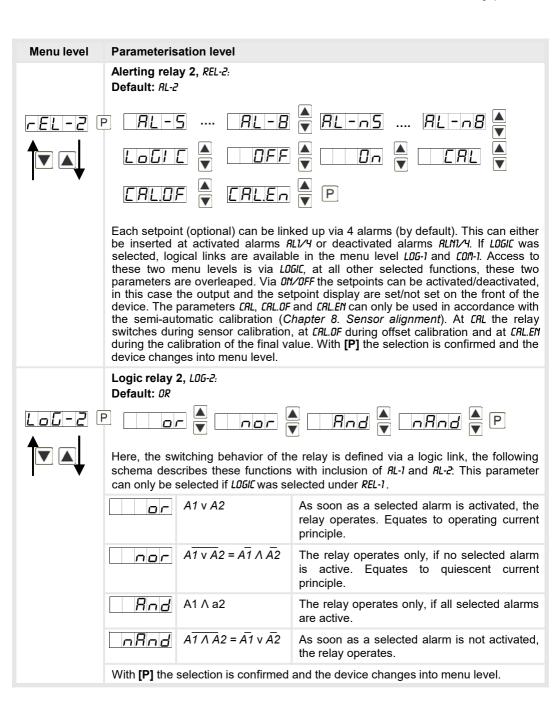
5.4.5. Relay functions

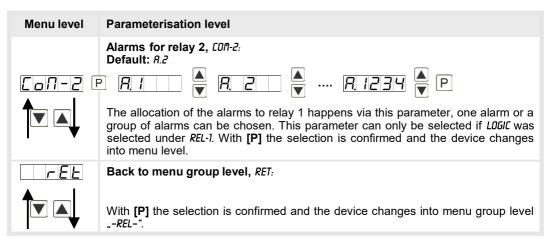




be inserted at activated alarms RL1/Y or deactivated alarms RL1N/Y. If LOGIC was selected, logical links are available in the menu levels LOG-1 and COM-1. Access to these two menu levels is via LOGIC, at all other selected functions, these two parameters are overleaped. Via DN/OFF the setpoints can be activated/deactivated, in this case the output and the setpoint display are set/not set on the front of the device. The parameters CRL, CRL.OF and CRL.EN can only be used in accordance with the semi-automatic calibration (Chapter 8. Sensor alignment). At CRL the relay switches during sensor calibration, at CRL.OF during offset calibration and at CRL.EN during the calibration of the final value. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.

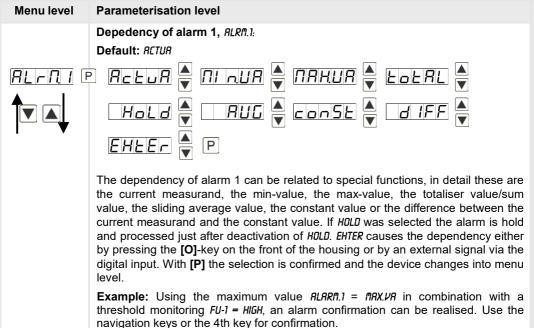


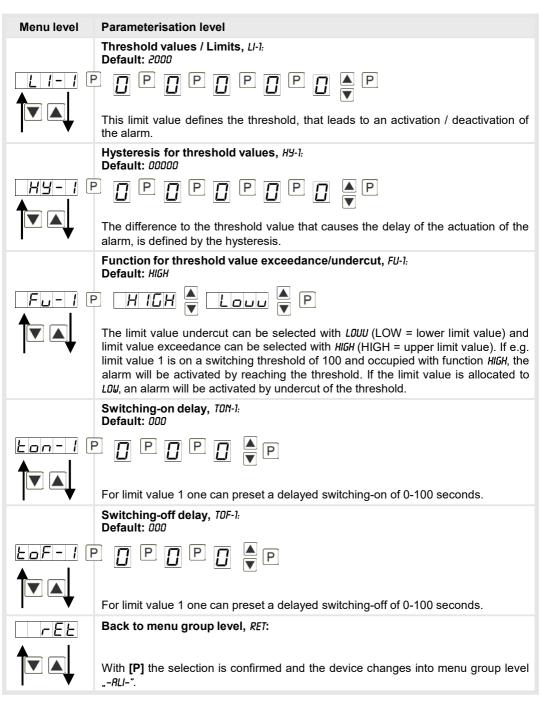




5.4.6. Alarm parameters

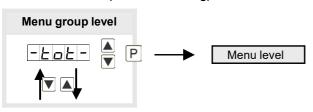


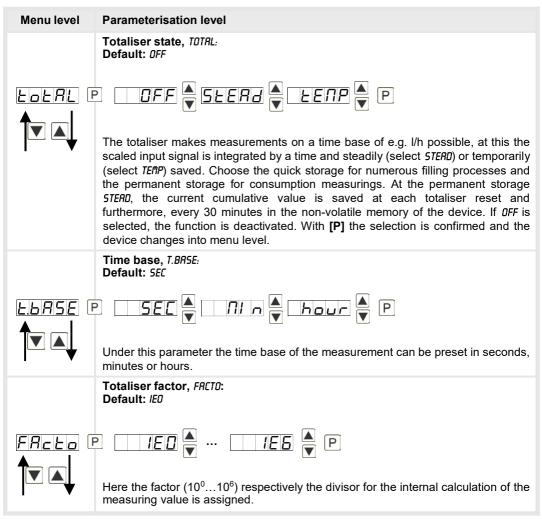


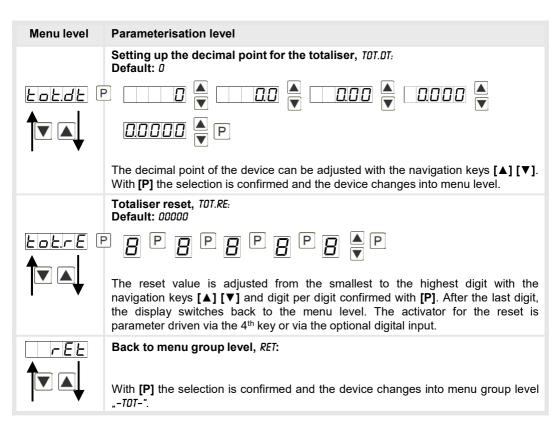


The same applies to -RL2- to -RL4-.

5.4.7. Totaliser (Volume metering)

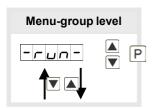






Programming interlock:

Description see page 10, menu-level RUN



6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- · Switch off the power supply
- Press [P] button
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "-----" is shown in the display.

With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

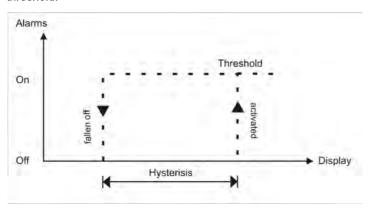
7. Alarms / Relays

This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. Hold or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays		
Alarm / Relay x	Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, Hold-value, totaliser value, sliding average value, constant value, difference between instantaneous value and constant value or an activation via the digital input or the [O]- key.	
Switching threshold	Threshold / limit value of the change-over	
Hysteresis	is Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds	
Working principle	Operating current / Quiescent current	

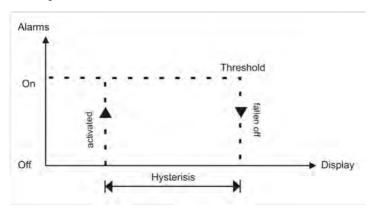
Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



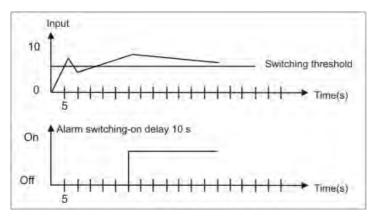
Quiescent current

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.



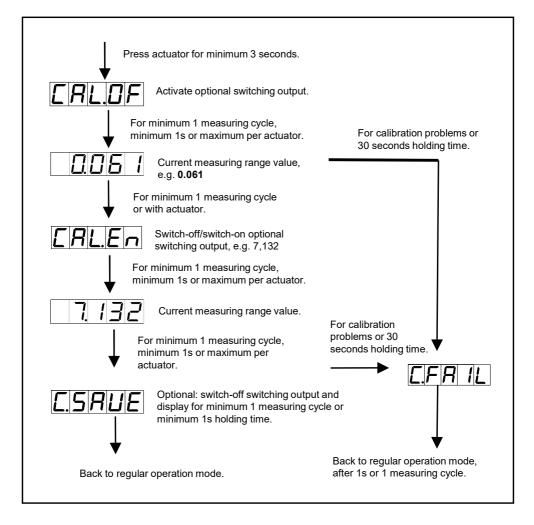
Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.



8. Sensor calibration offset / final value

The device is equipped with a semi-automatic sensor calibration (50.X). A switching output operates the trimming resistor, which exists in some sensors. An adjustment of offset and final value takes place, after which the sensor can be used directly. Depending on parameterisation, the calibration can be realized via the 4th key or via the digital input. It is possible to key during the calibration steps. So, reference signals can be connected manually. However the calibration will be interrupted after 30 seconds.



9. Technical data

Housing				
Dimensions	96x48x70 mm (BxHxD)			
	96x48x89 mm (BxHxD) including plug-in terminal			
Panel cut-out	92.0 ^{+0.8} x 45.0 ^{+0.6}	mm		
Wall thickness	up to 15 mm			
Fixing	screw elements			
Material	PC Polycarbonate, black, UL94V-0			
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore,	black		
Protection class	standard IP65 (Fro	ont), IP00 (B	ack side)	
Weight	approx. 200 g			
Connection	plug-in terminal; w	ire cross-se	ction up to 2.5 mm ²	
Display				
Digit height 14 mm				
Segment colour	red (optional gree	n, orange or	blue)	
Display range	-19999 up to 99999			
Setpoints	one LED per setpoint			
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top			
Underflow	horizontal bars at the top			
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds			
Input	Measuring range	Ri	Measuring error	Digit
-575 mV	060 mV	~12 kΩ	0.5 % of measur. range	±1
-15180 mV	0150 mV	~60 kΩ	0.5 % of measur. range	±1
-30360 mV	0300 mV	~30 kΩ	0.5 % of measur. range	±1
-1001200 mV	01000 mV	~200 kΩ	0.5 % of measur. range	±1
Digital input	< 2.4 V OFF, 10 V ON, max. 30 VDC $R_1 \sim 5 \text{ k}\Omega$			
Accuracy				
Temperature drift	100 ppm / K			
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds			
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion			
Resolution	approx. 18 bit at 1 sec measuring time			

Output		
Analog output	output 0/4-20 mA / burden 350 Ω ; 0-10 VDC / burden 10 k Ω , 16 bit	
Switching outputs		
Relay with change-over contacts Switching cycles	250 VAC / 5 AAC; 30 VDC / 5 ADC 30 x 10 ³ at 5 AAC, 5 ADC ohm resistive burden 10 x 10 ⁶ mechanically Diversification according to DIN EN50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN60255	
Power supply	230 VAC ±10 % max. 10 VA 10-30 VDC galv. isolated, max. 4 VA	
Memory	EEPROM	
Data life	≥ 100 years at 25°C	
Ambient conditions		
Working temperature	050°C	
Storing temperature	-2080°C	
Weathering resistance	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew	
EMV	EN 61326	
CE-sign	Conformity according to directive 2014/30/EU	
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1	

10. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advice and the assembly chapter 1 before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The **IM2-12-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The IM2-12-device must be installed by a suitably qualified specialist (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- · Do not install inductive consumers (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and suppress any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or freewheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the screening on one side on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- · Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

11. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	 The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	 The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
3.	The word HELP lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated.Enter correct code.
5.	Err1 lights up in the 7-segment display	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure that the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status.