

User manual IM3

Alternating voltage / Alternating current signal true rms-value (TRMS) 0-50 VAC, 0-10 VAC, 0-1 AAC, 0-5 AAC



Technical features:

- red display of -19999...99999 digits (optional: green, orange, blue)
- installation depth: 120 mm without plug-in terminal
- min/max-memory
- 30 adjustable setpoints
- display flashing at threshold value exceedance / undercut
- digital input for triggering of Hold, Tara
- permanent min/max value recording
- volume metering (totaliser)
- mathematical functions like reciprocal value, square roots, squaring or rounding
- · setpoint generator
- sliding averaging
- · brightness control
- programming interlock via access code
- protection class IP65 at the front
- pluggable screw terminal
- optional galvanic isolated digital input
- optional 1 or 2 analog outputs or 8 PhotoMos-outputs
- optional 2 or 4 relay outputs
- optional interface RS232 or RS485
- accessories: PC-based configuration kit PM-TOOL incl. CD and USB-adapter for devices without keypad and for a simple adjustment of standard devices

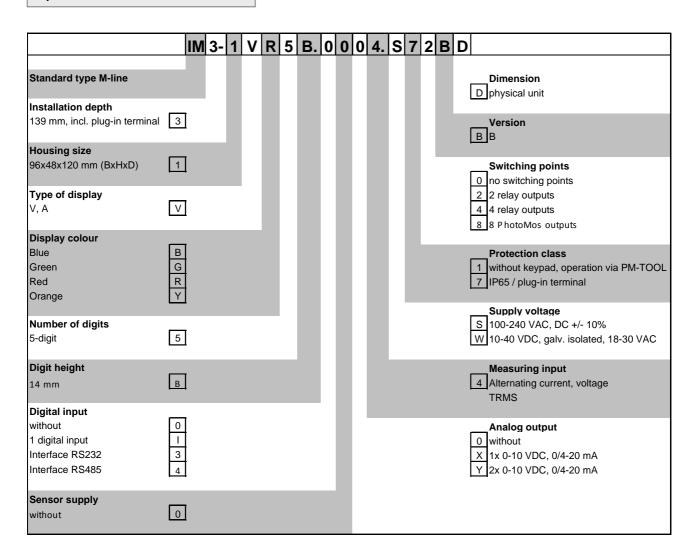
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Identification

STANDARD TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
Alternating current/voltage	IM3-1VR5B.0004.S70BD
Housing size: 96x48 mm	IM3-1VR5B.0004.W70BD

Options – breakdown of order code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g. A.

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1. Brief description

The panel meter instrument **IM3-14** is a 5-digit device for AC current / AC voltage signals (TRMS) and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via four keys at the front or by the optional PC software PM-TOOL. The integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of parameters and can be unlocked again with an individual code. Optional the following functions are available: a digital input for triggering of Hold (Tara), two analog outputs and interfaces for further evaluating in the unit.

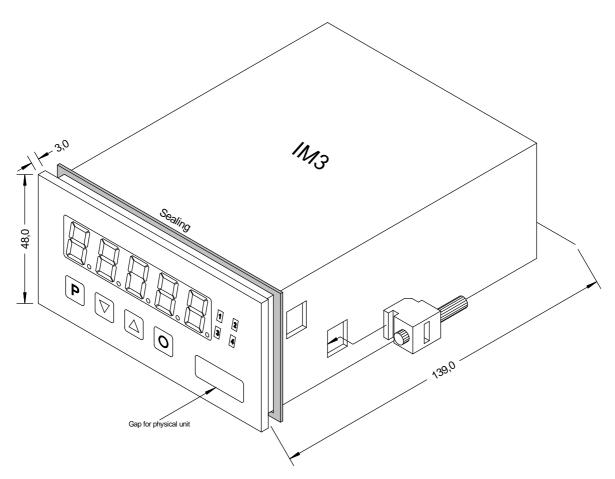
With help of the galvanic isolated setpoints (optional), free adjustable limit values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display.

The electrical connection is done via plug-in terminals on the back side.

Selcetable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, an averaging of the measuring signals, a nominal presetting or setpoint presetting, a direct threshold value regulation during operation mode and further measuring setpoints for linearisation, complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 33 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



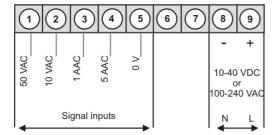
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

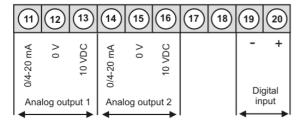
The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

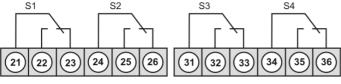
3. Electrical connection

Type IM3-1VR5B.0004.S70BD supply of 100-240 VAC, DC \pm 10% Type IM3-1VR5B.0004.W70BD supply of 10-40 VDC, galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC



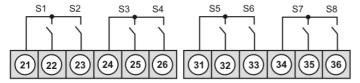
Options:





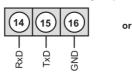
Relay 1 and 2

Relay 3 and 4



8 PhotoMos-outputs

alternative to analog output 2





Interface RS232 (Modbus protocol)

Interface RS485 (Modbus protocol)

M3 with digital input and external voltage source



4. Description of function and operation

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

This level was designed for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise **PROF** under menu item **RUN**.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

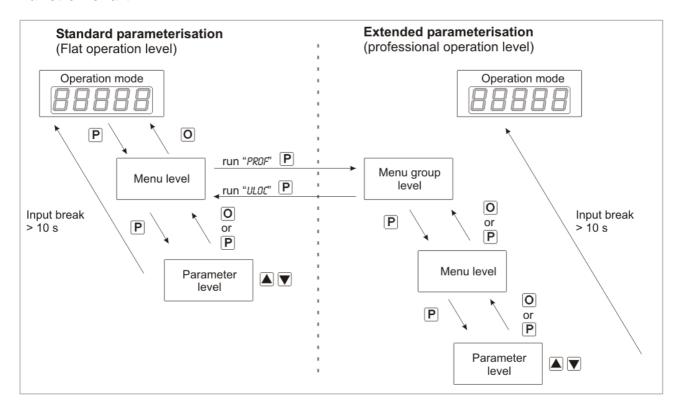
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise **ULDC** under menu item **RUN**.

Parameterisation level:

Parameters deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, which can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. Pressing the **[O]-key** ("zero-key") leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
Menu level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterisation level.
Parameterisation level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	Р	Change to menu level.
Menu group level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

Function chart:



Underline:

- P Takeover
- O Stop
- ▲ Value selection (+)
- ▼ Value selection (-)

4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching on

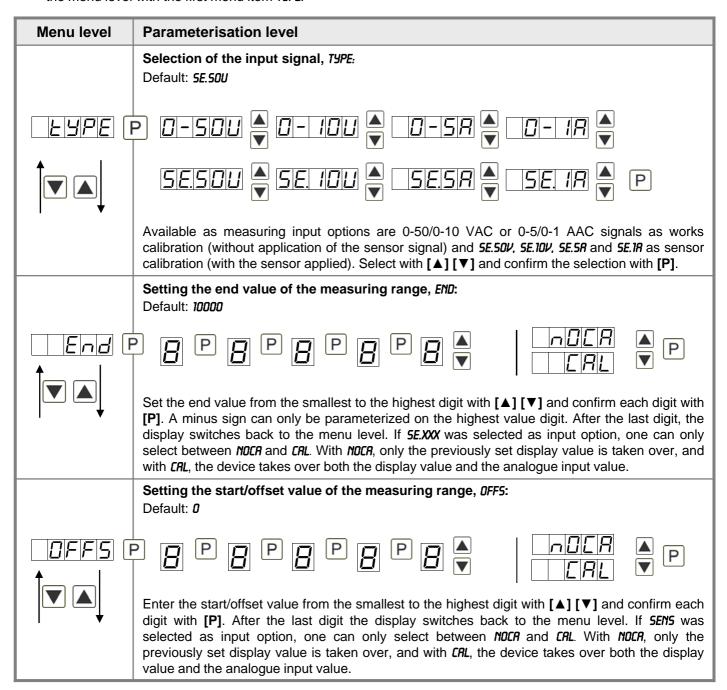
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

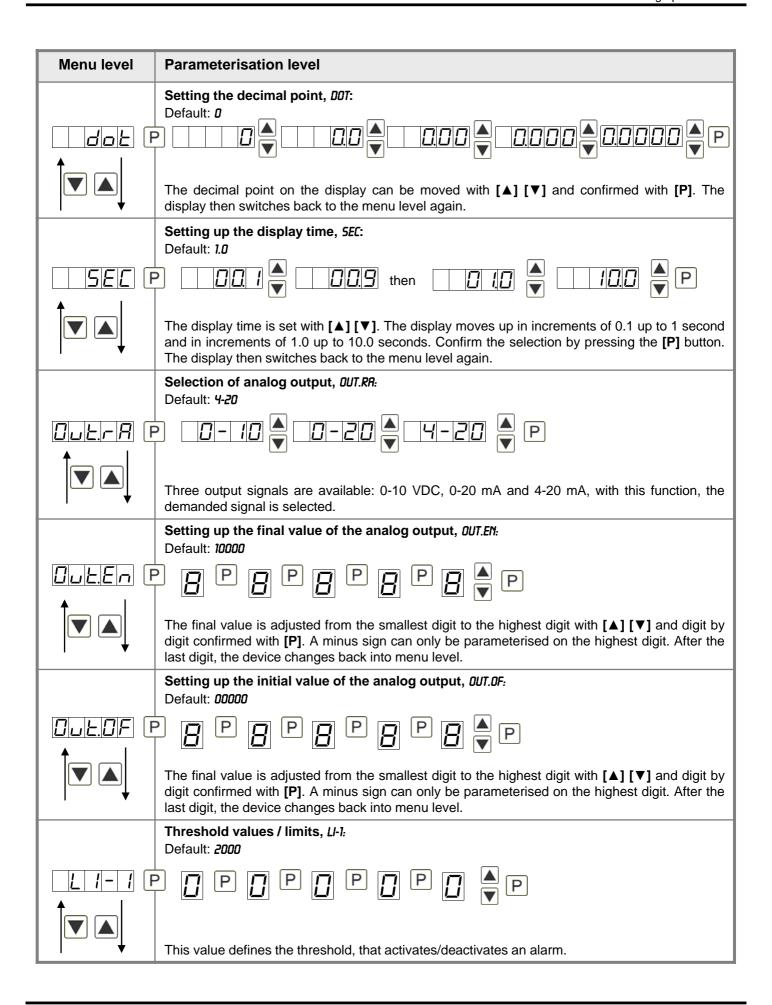
Starting sequence

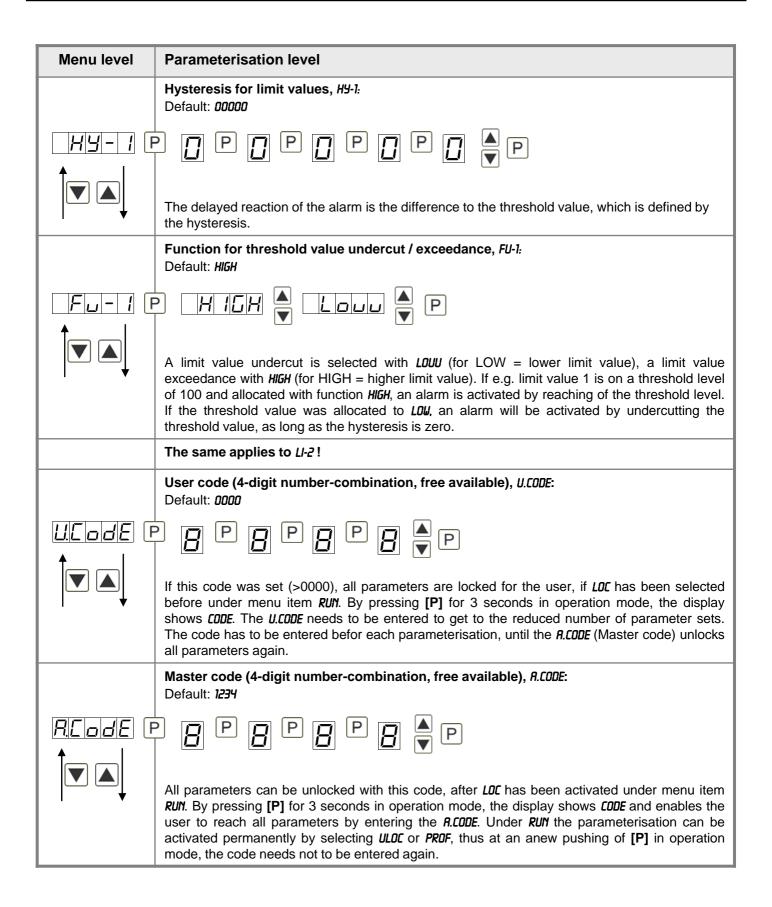
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]**-key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item **TYPE**.





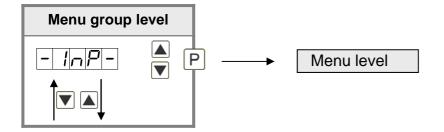


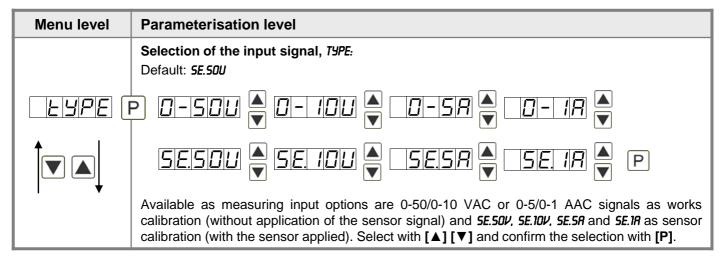
5.3. Programming interlock "RUN"

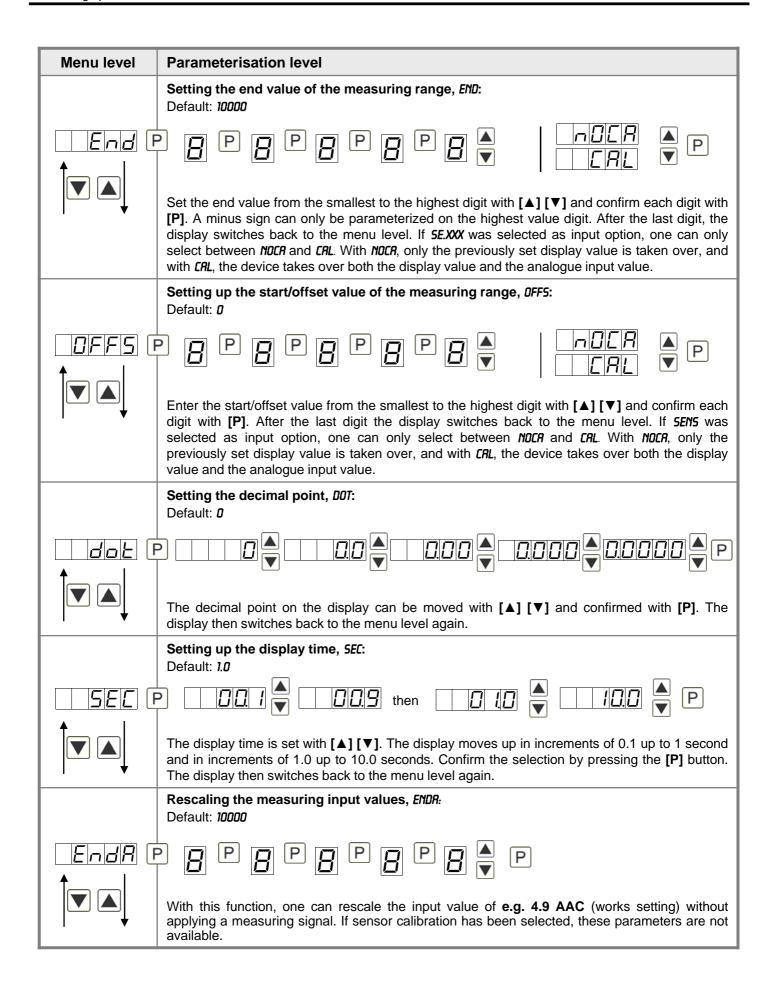
Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Activation / deactivation of the programming lock or completion of the standard parameterisation with change into menu group level (complete function range), RUN: Default: ULDC
	With the navigation keys [▲] [▼], choose between the deactivated key lock <i>ULDL</i> (works setting) and the activated key lock <i>LDL</i> , or the change into the menu group level <i>PROF</i> . Confirm the selection with [P]. After this, the display confirms the settings with showing "", and automatically switches to operating mode. If <i>LDL</i> was selected, the keyboard is locked. To get back into the menu level, press [P] for 3 seconds in operating mode. Now enter the <i>CODE</i> (works setting 1 ≥ 3 4) that appears using [▲] [▼] plus [P] to unlock the keyboard. <i>FRIL</i> appears if the input was wrong. To parameterise further functions <i>PROF</i> needs to be set. The device confirms this setting with showing ", and changes automatically in operation mode. By pressing [P] for approx. 3 seconds in operation mode, the first menu group <i>INP</i> is shown in the display and thus confirms the change into the extended parameterisation. It stays activated as long as <i>ULDL</i> or <i>LDL</i> is entered in menu group <i>RUN</i> .

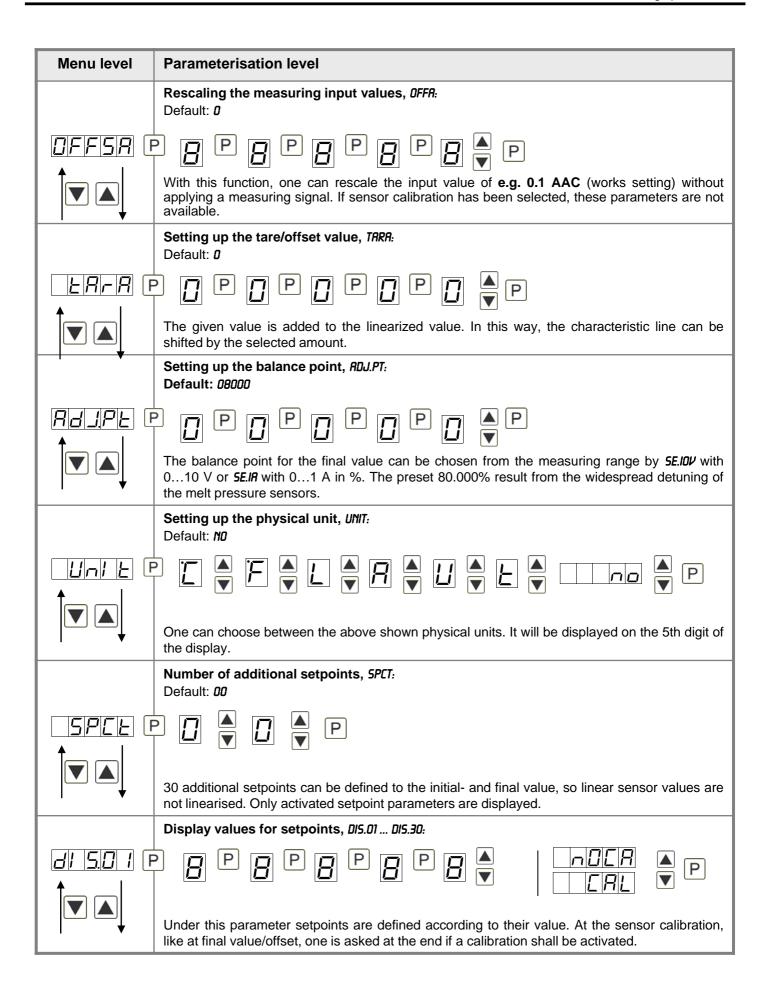
5.4. Extended parameterisation (Professional operation level)

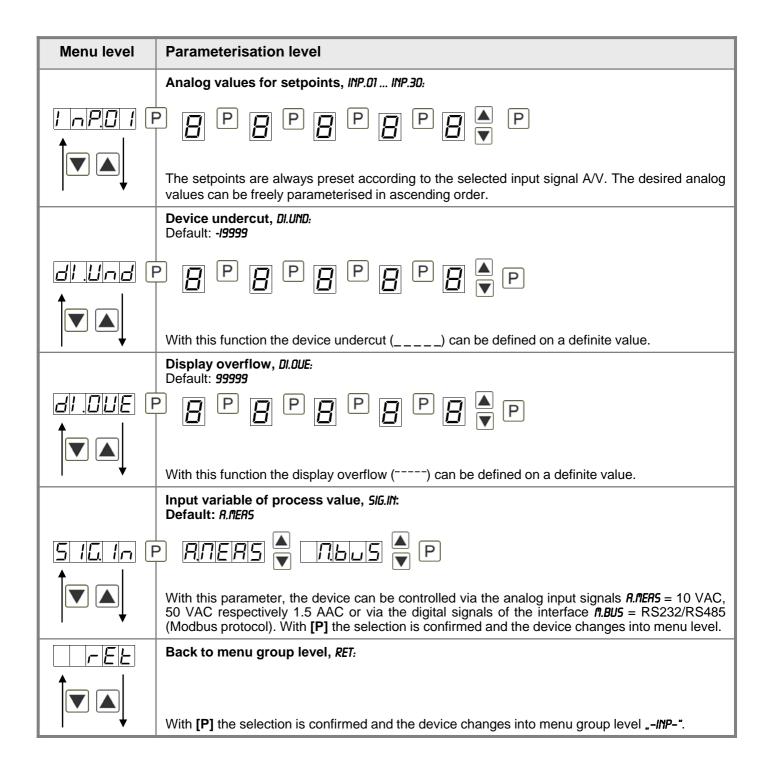
5.4.1. Signal input parameters



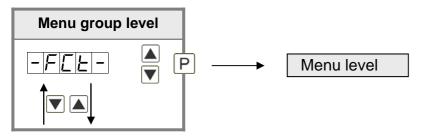


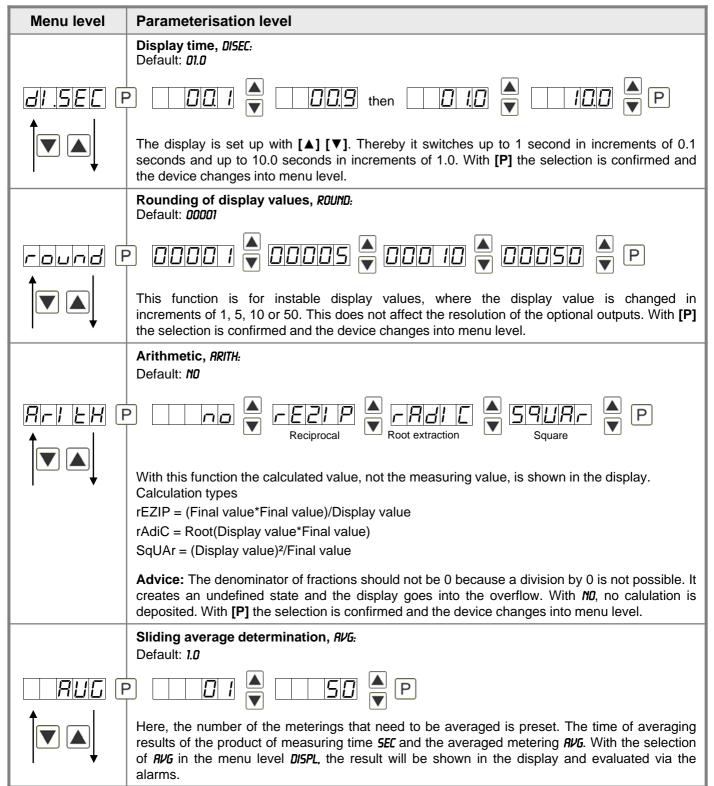


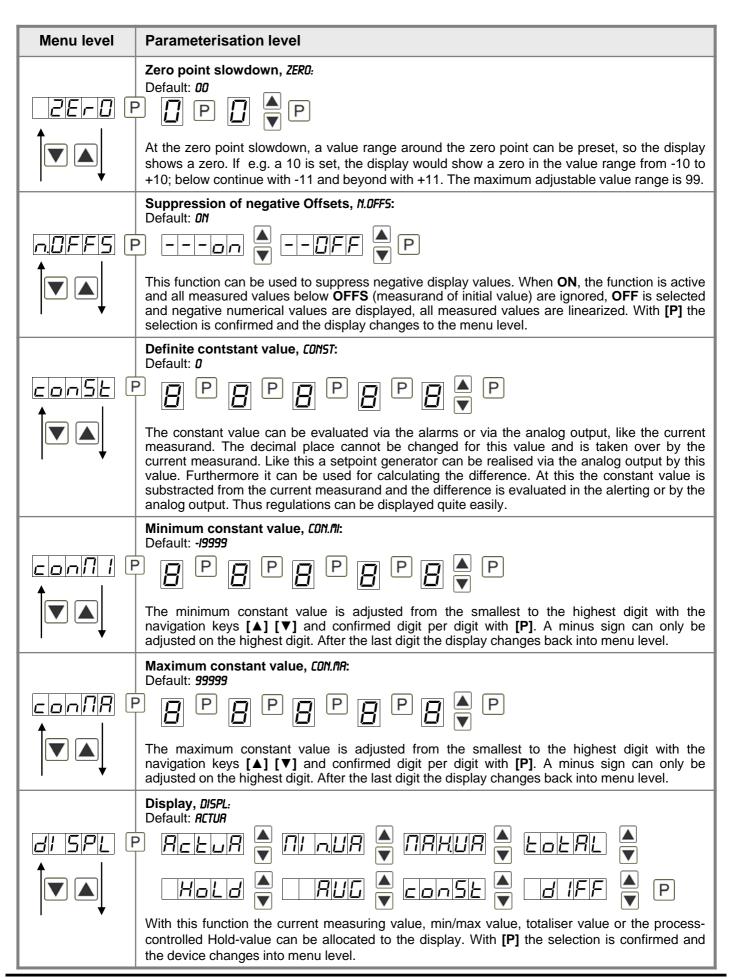


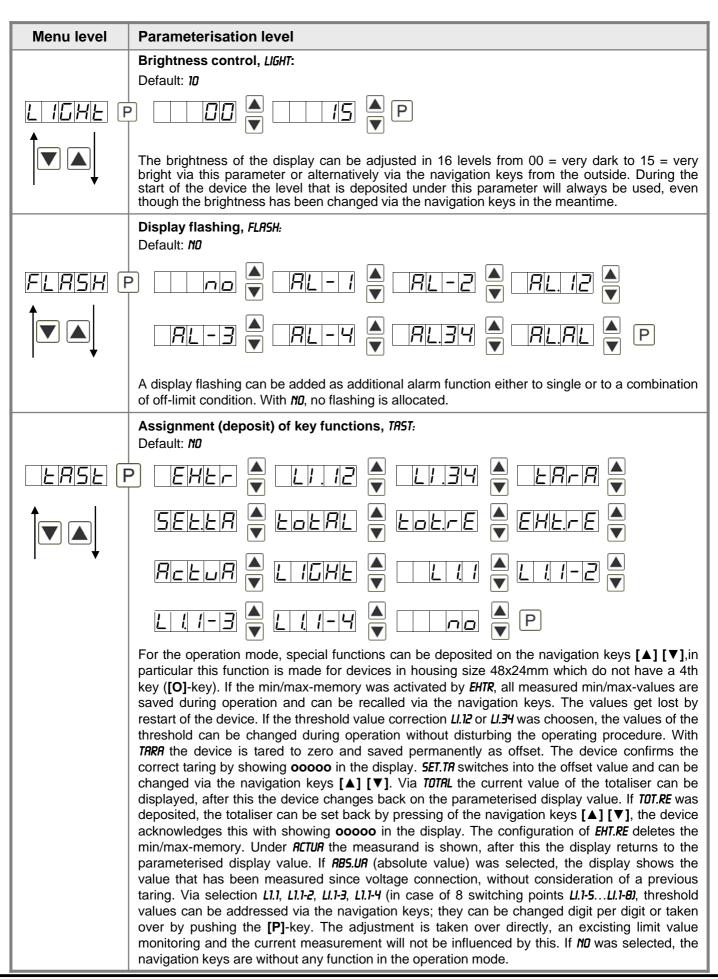


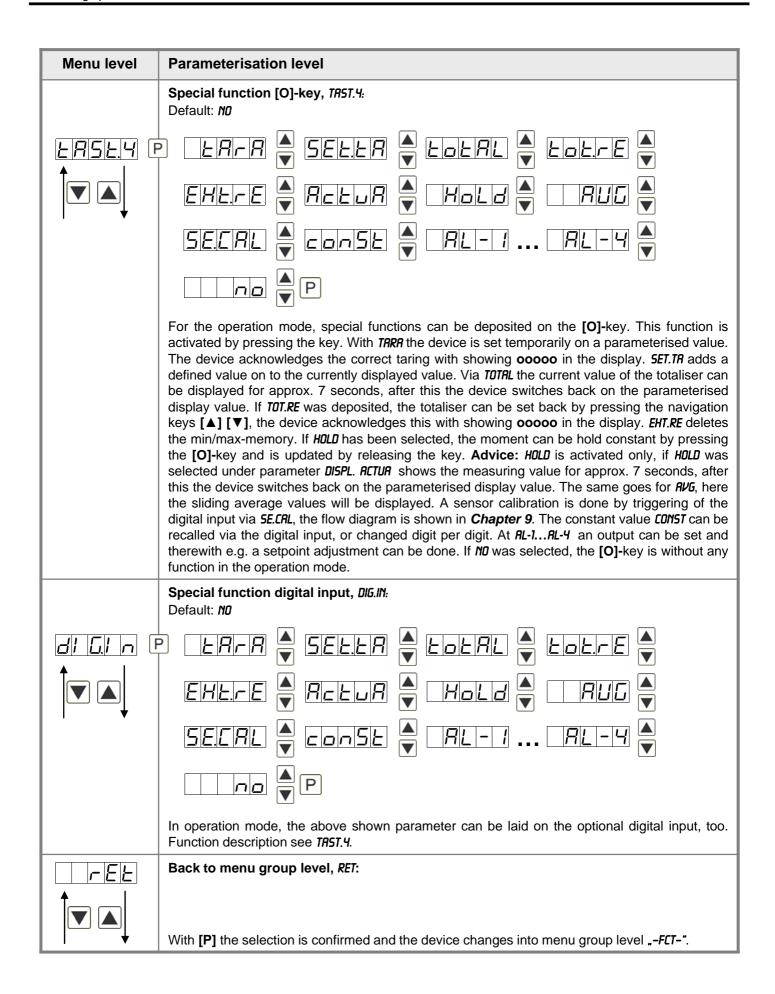
5.4.2. General device parameters



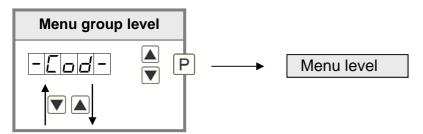


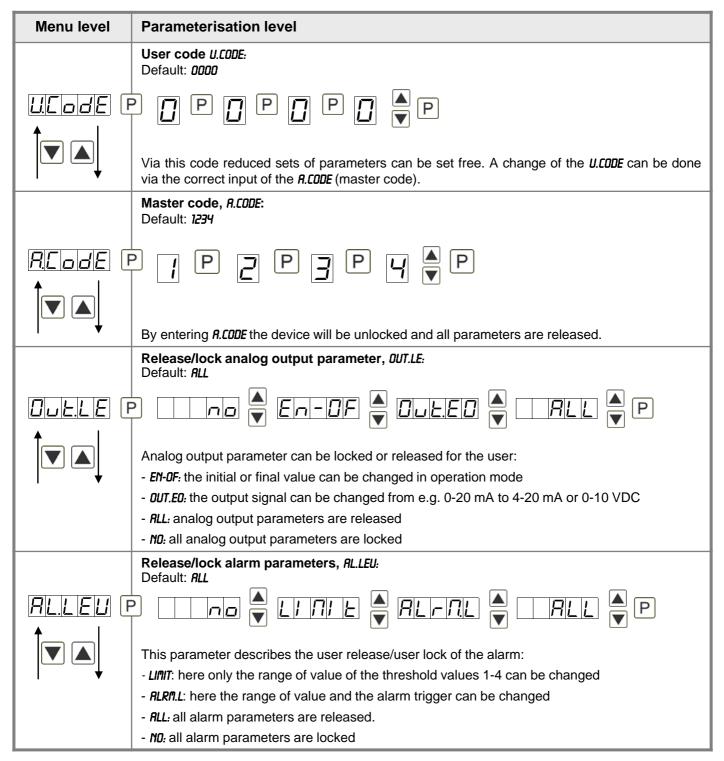


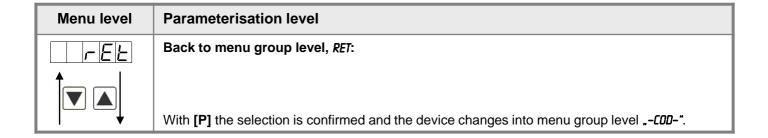




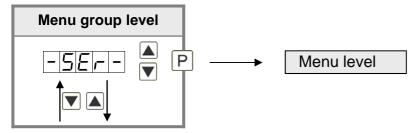
5.4.3. Safety parameters

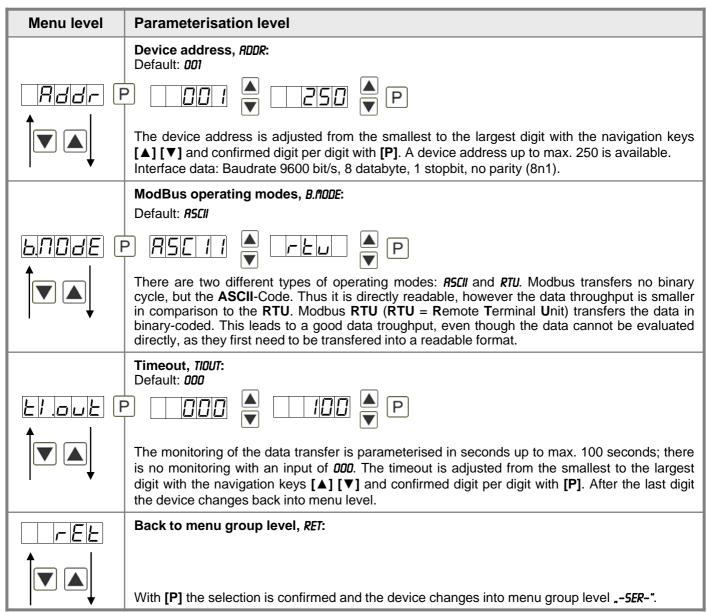




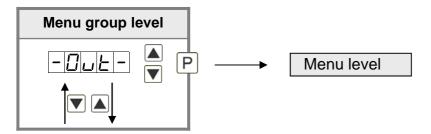


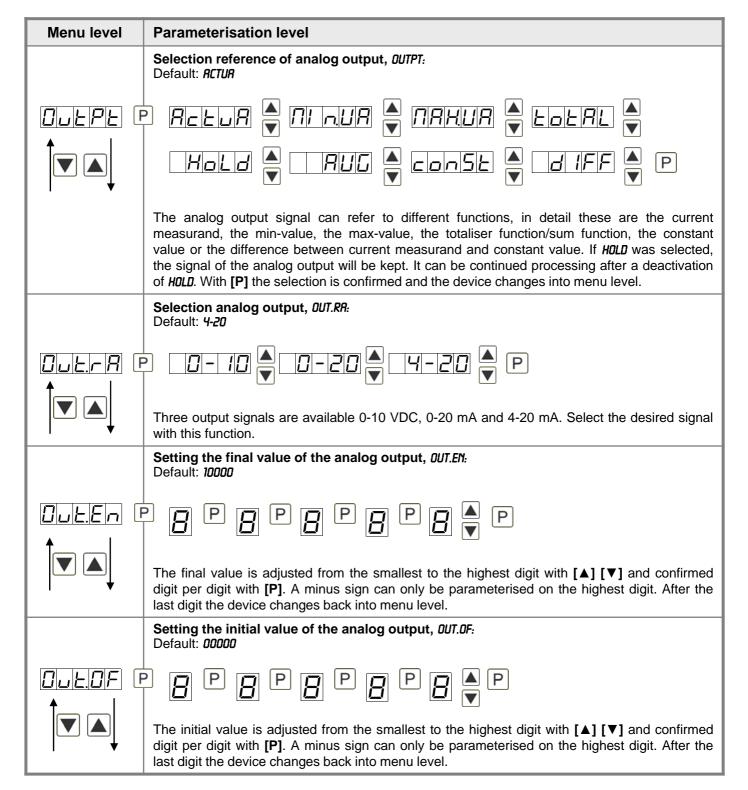
5.4.4. Serial parameters

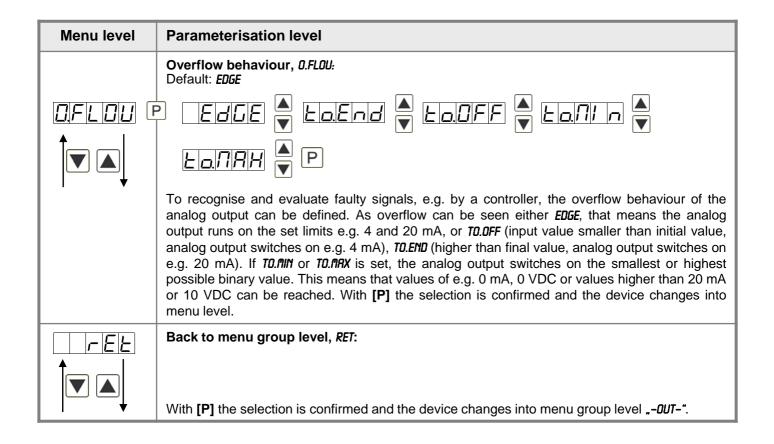




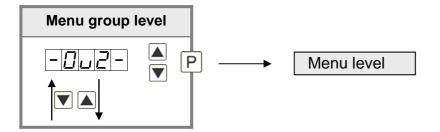
5.4.5. Analog output parameters for analog output 1

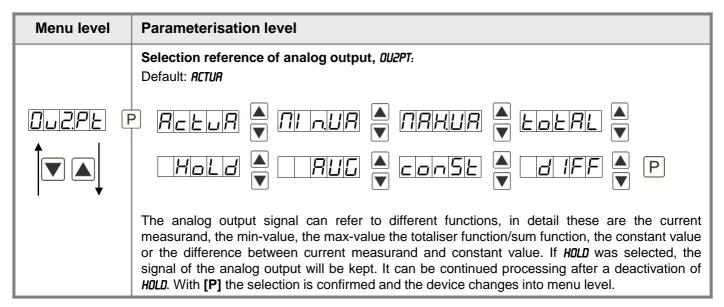


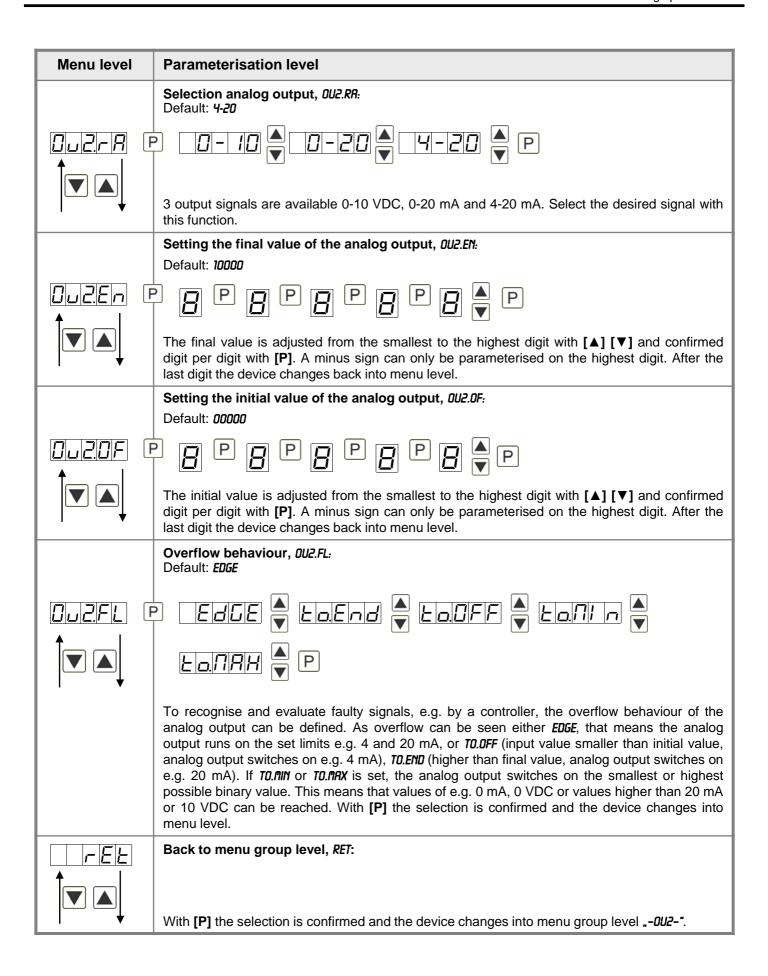




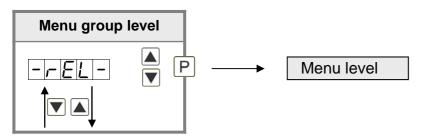
Analog output parameters for analog output 2

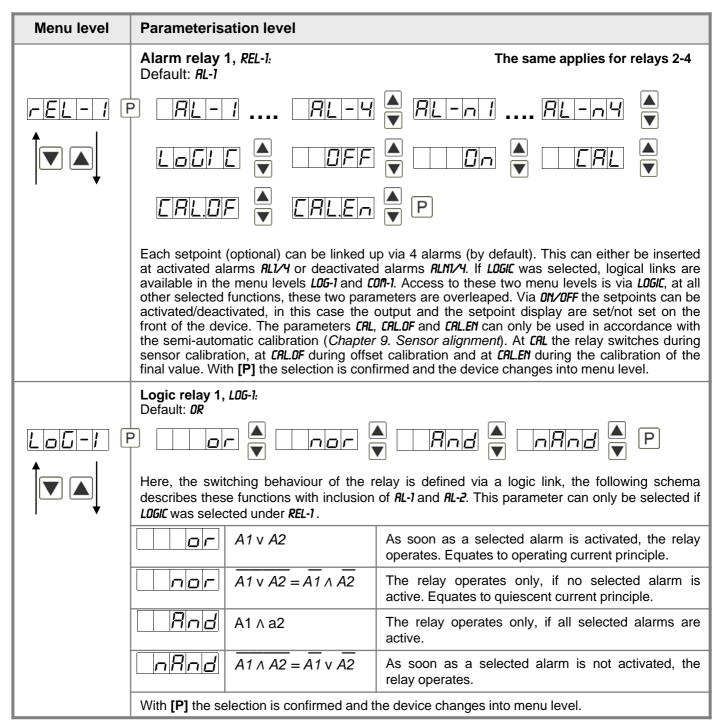


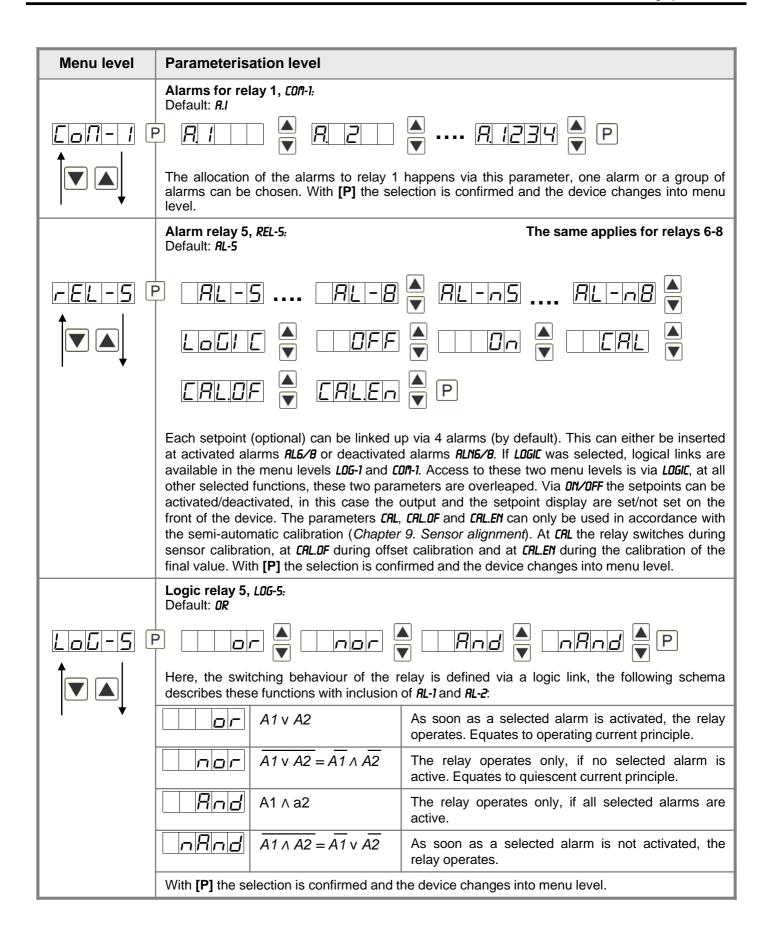


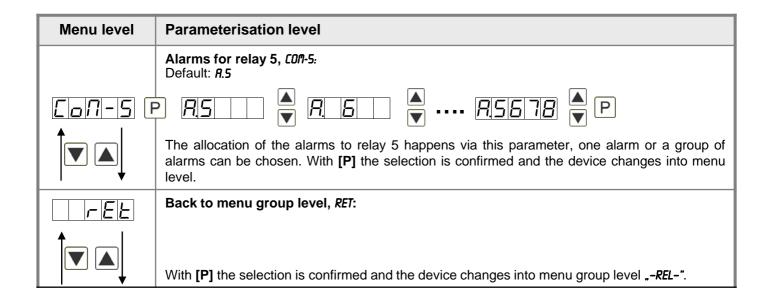


5.4.6. Relay functions

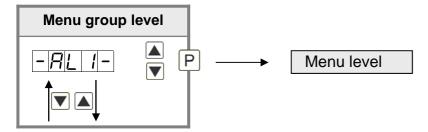


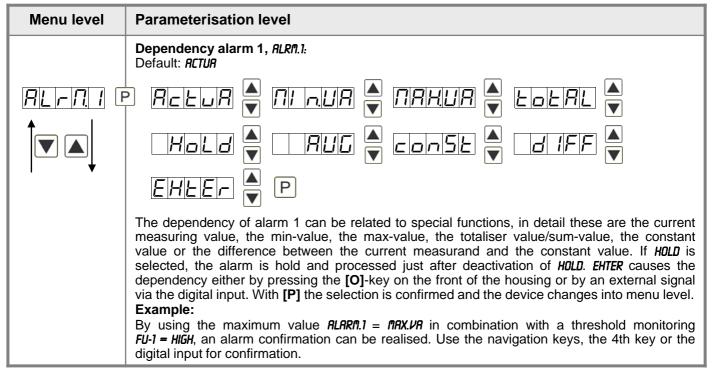


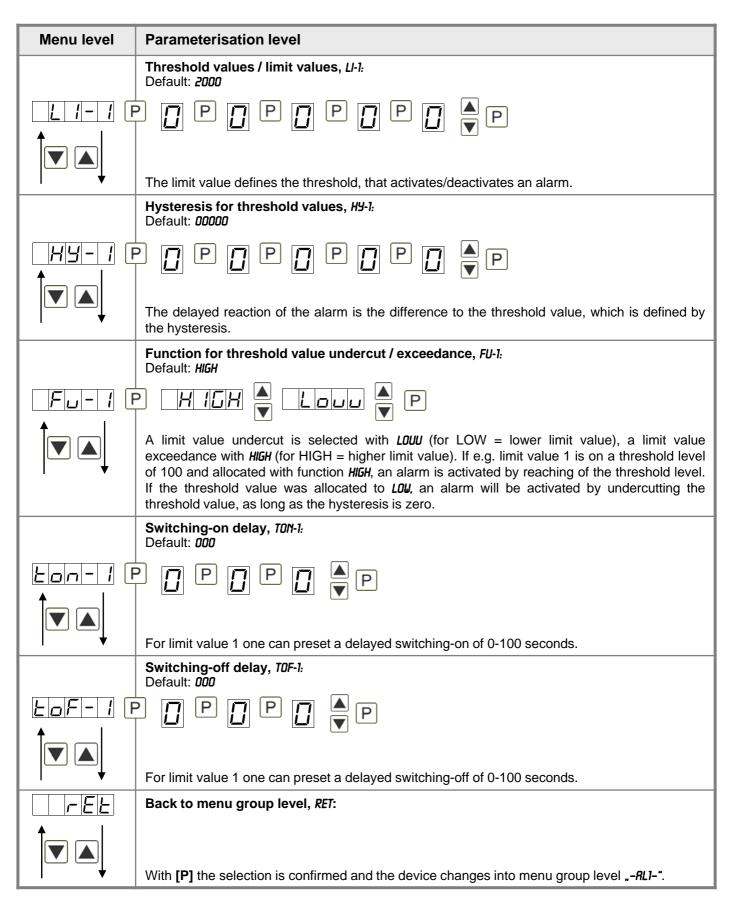




5.4.7. Alarm parameters

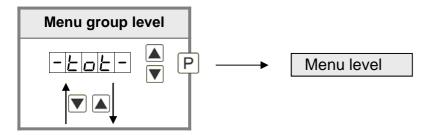


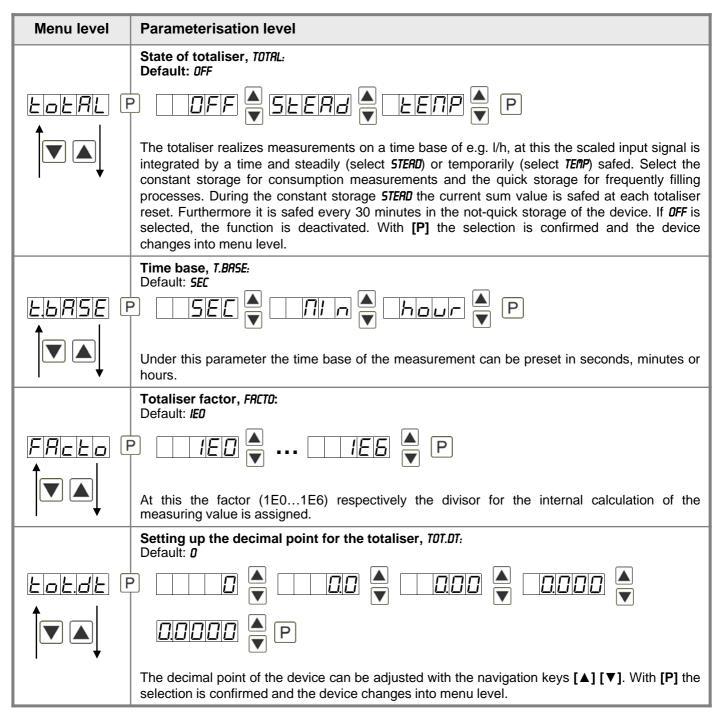


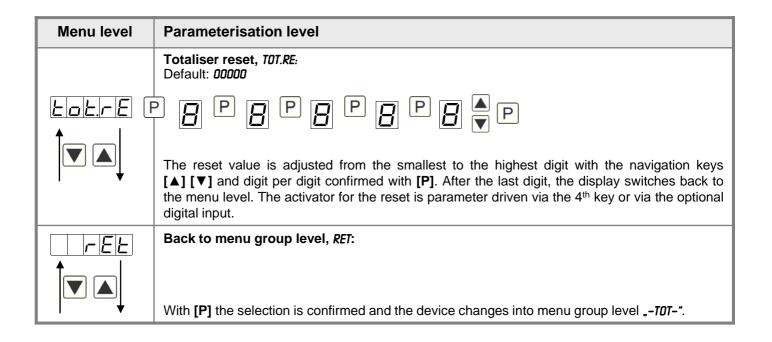


The same applies for AL2 to AL8.

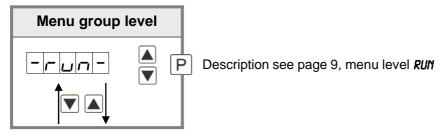
5.4.8. Totaliser (Volume metering)







Programming interlock, RUM:



6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- Press [P] button
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "----" is shown in the display.

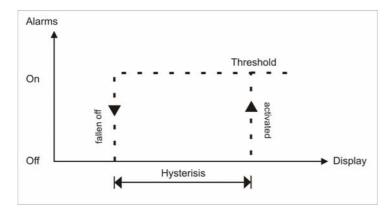
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

7. Alarms / Relays

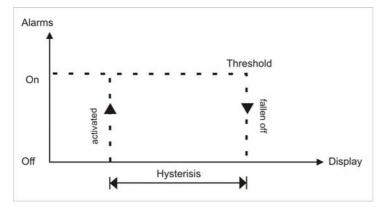
This device has 8 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S4; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. Hold or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays		
Alarm / Relay x Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold-value, to value, sliding average value, constant value, difference betweer instantaneous value and constant value or an activation via the input		
Switching threshold	ching threshold Threshold / limit value of the change-over	
Hysteresis	Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds	
Working principle	Operating current / quiescent current	



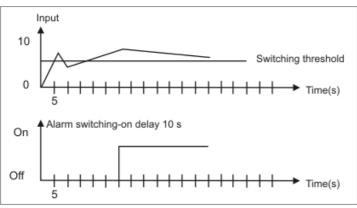
Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



Quiescent current

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.



Switching-on delay

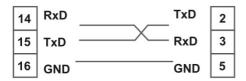
The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.

8. Interfaces

Connection RS232

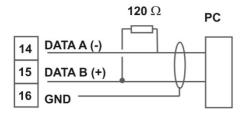
Digital device M3

PC - 9-pole Sub-D-plug



Connection RS485

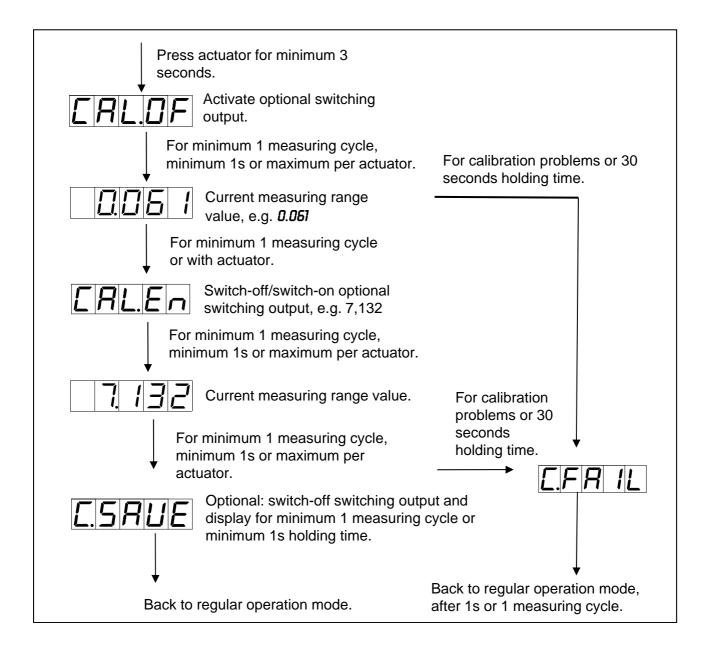
Digital device M3



The interface **RS485** is connected via a screened data line with twisted wires (Twisted-Pair). On each end of the bus segment a termination of the bus lines needs to be connected. This is neccessary to ensure a secure data transfer to the bus. For this a resistance (120 Ohm) is interposed between the lines Data B (+) and Data A (-).

9. Sensor alignment offset / final value

The device is equipped with a semi-automatic sensor calibration (*SE.10V*, *SE.50V*, *SE.1R*, *SE.5R*). A switching output operates the trimming resistor, which exists in some sensors. An adjustment of offset and final value takes place, after which the sensor can be used directly. Depending on parameterisation, the calibration can be realized via the 4th key or via the digital input. It is possible to key during the calibration steps. So, reference signals can be connected manually. However the calibration will be interrupted after 30 seconds.



10. Technical data

Housing				
Dimensions 96x48x120 mm (BxHxD)				
	96x48x139 mm (Bxl	96x48x139 mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal		
Panel cut-out	92.0 ^{+0.8} x 45.0 ^{+0.6} m	m		
Wall thickness	up to 10 mm			
Fixing	screw elements			
Material	PC polycarbonate, b	olack, UL94V-0		
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, bl	ack		
Protection class	standard IP65 (front), IP00 (back side)		
Weight	approx. 300 g			
Connection	plug-in terminal; wir	e cross-section up to 2.5 mm ²		
Display				
Digit height	14 mm			
Segment colour	red (optional green,	red (optional green, orange or blue)		
Range of display	-19999 to 99999	-19999 to 99999		
Setpoint	one LED per setpoir	one LED per setpoint		
Overflow	horizontal bars at th	horizontal bars at the top		
Underflow	horizontal bars at th	horizontal bars at the bottom		
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds	0.1 to 10.0 seconds		
Input	Ri	Measuring error	Digit	
01 AAC TRMS	~ 0.2 Ω	0.5 % of final value	±1	
05 AAC TRMS	~ 0.05 Ω	0.5 % of final value	±1	
050 VAC TRMS	~ 200 kΩ	0.5 % of final value	±1	
010 VAC TRMS	~ 40 kΩ	$\sim 40 \text{ k}\Omega$ 0.5 % of final value ±1		
Digital input	<2.4 V OFF, >10 V $R_1 \sim 5$ kΩ	<2.4 V OFF, >10 V ON, max. 30 VDC $R_1 \sim 5 \text{ k}\Omega$		
Accuracy				
Drift of temperature	100 ppm / K	100 ppm / K		
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds	0.110.0 seconds		
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion	U/F-conversion		
Resolution	approx. 18 bit at 1 s	econd measuring time		

Output			
Analog output	0/4-20 mA / burden ≤500 Ω, 0-10 VDC / burden ≥10 kΩ, 16 bit		
Switching outputs			
Relay with change-over contact Switching cycles	250 VAC / 5 AAC; 30 VDC / 5 ADC 0.5 x 10 ⁵ at contact load 0.5 x 10 ⁶ mechanically Division according to DIN EN 50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN 60255		
PhotoMos-outputs	Closer contacts: 30 VDC/AC, 0.4 A		
Interface			
Protocol	Modbus with ASCII or RTU-protocol		
RS232	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 Databit, 1 Stopbit, cable length max. 3 m		
RS485	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 Databit, 1 Stopbit, cable length max. 1000 m		
Power supply	100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz, DC ±10% (max. 15 VA) 10-40 VDC galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz (max. 15 VA)		
Memory	EEPROM		
Data life			
Ambient conditions			
Working temperature	050°C		
Storing temperature	-2080°C		
Weathering resistance	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew		
EMV	EN 61326, EN 55011		
CE-sign	Conformity according to directive 2014/30/EU		
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1		

11. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The **IM3-14-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Attention! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The **IM3-14-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install inductive consumers (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and suppress any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive the best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the **screening on one side** on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

12. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	 The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	 The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
3.	The word <i>HELP</i> lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated Enter correct code
5.	ERR1 lights up in the 7-segment display	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	• If you are not sure that the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status.

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