

# **User manual IM3**

### Strain gauge amplifier - weighing technology



#### **Technical features:**

- red display of -19999...99999 digits (optional: green, orange or blue display)
- installation depth: 120 mm without plug-in terminal
- min/max memory
- 30 parameter driven setpoints
- optical threshold value indication at threshold value exceedance / undercut
- [O]-key for triggering of Hold, Tara or sensor alignment
- digital input for triggering of Hold, Tara or sensor alignment
- permanent min/max-value recording
- sensor alignment with integrated switching output
- mathematical functions like e.g. reciprocal value, square root, squaring or rounding
- · sliding averaging
- brightness control
- programming interlock via access code
- protection class IP65 at the front
- plug-in terminal
- option: 1 or 2 analog outputs
- option: 2 or 4 relay outputs or 8 PhotoMos outputs
- option: interface RS232 or RS485
- accessories: PC-based configuration kit PM-TOOL incl. CD and USB-adapter for devices without keypad an for a simple adjustment of standard devices

Tel.: 03303 / 504066

Fax: 03303 / 504068

### Identification

STANDARD-TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
Strain gauge – weighing technology	IM3-1WR5B.020X.S70BD
Housing size: 96x48 mm	IM3-1WR5B.020X.W70BD

### Options – break-down product key:

													_					
		IM	3-	1	W	R	5	В.	0	2	0	X.	. s	7	2	В	D	
Standard type M line																		Dimension D physical unit
Installation depth in mm 139 mm, incl. plug-in terminal	3																	Version B
Housing size 96x48x120 mm (BxHxD)	1																	Switching points 0 no switching points
<b>Display type</b> Strain gauge - Weighing technology	W																	2 2 relay outputs 4 4 relay outputs 8 PhotoMos outputs
Display colour Blue Green Red Orange	B G R Y																	Protection class  1 without keypad, operation on the back 7 IP65 / plug-in terminal
Number of digits 5-digits Digit height	5																	Voltage supply S 100-240 VAC, Dc +/- 10% W 10-40 VDC, 18-30 VAC
14 mm  Digital input	В																į	Measuring input  X Strain gauge amplifier  Weighing techn. 1.1 - 3.3 mV
without Interface RS232 galv.insulated Interface RS485 galv.insulated	0 3 4																	Analog output  0 without X 1x 0-10 VDC, 0/4-20 mA
Bridge feeding 10 VDC /20-40 mA incl. digital input	2																	Y 2x 0-10 VDC, 0/4-20 mA

Please state physical unit by order, e.g. kg.

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### 1. Brief description

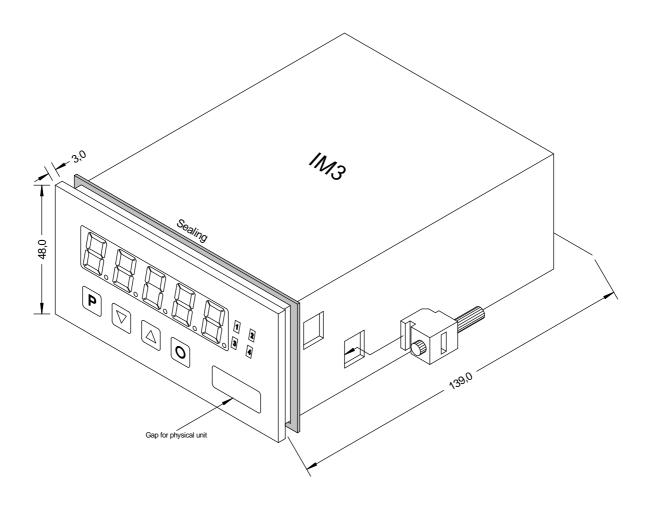
The panel meter **IM3-1W** is a 5-digit device for connection to a 4-wire-measuring bridge and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via 4 front keys or via the optional PC software PM-TOOL. An integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of the parameters and can be unlocked again by an individual code. The following functions are available: a 10 V bridge feeding, a digital input for the triggering of Hold (Tara), two analog outputs, one interface, as well as 2, 4 or 8 galvanic isolated setpoints, by which free adjustable threshold values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display.

The electrical connection is carried out on the back side via plug-in terminals.

Selectable functions like e.g. the request of the min/max-value, an average determination of the measuring signals, a direct change of threshold value in operation mode and additional measuring supporting points for linearisation complete the modern device concept.

# 2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 33 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



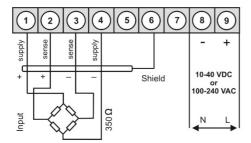
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

#### CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

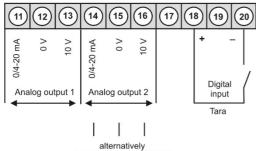
The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

### 3. Electrical connection

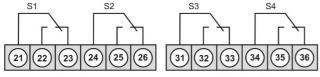
**Type IM3-1WR5B.020X.W70BD** supply 10-40 VDC, galv. Isolated, 18-30 VAC **Type IM3-1WR5B.020X.S70BD** supply 100-240 VAC, DC ±10%



#### Options:

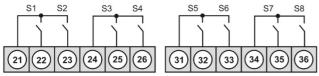


alternatively interface RS232 / RS485 see connection examples



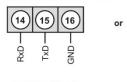
Relay 1 and 2

Relay 3 and 4



8 PhotoMos-outputs

Alternative for analog output 2

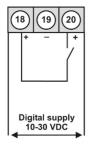




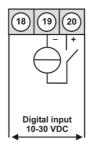
Interface RS232

Interface RS485

# M3 with digital input in combination with 24 VDC sensor supply



M3 with digital input and external voltage source



### 4. Function and operation description

#### Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

#### Menu level (delivery status)

This level was designed for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise **PROF** under menu item **RUN**.

#### Menu group level (complete function volume)

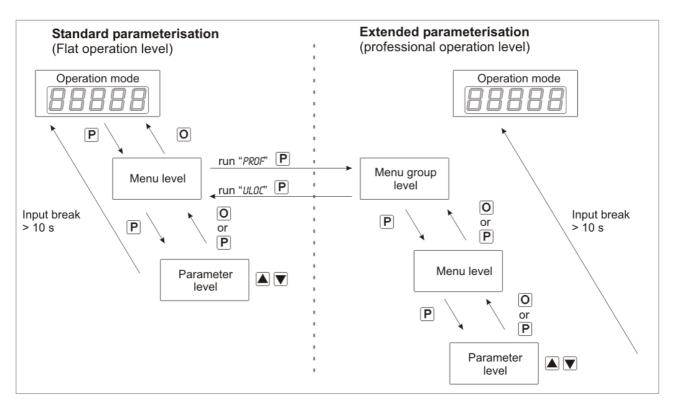
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise **ULDE** under menu item **RUN**.

#### Parameterisation level:

Parameter deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. Pressing the **[O]-key** it leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
Menu-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterization level.
Parameterisation- level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	Р	Change to menu level.
Menu-group-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

#### **Function chart:**



#### Underline:

- P Takeover
- O Stop
- ▲ Value selection (+)
- ▼ Value selection (-)

#### 4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

### 5. Setting up the device

#### 5.1. Switching on

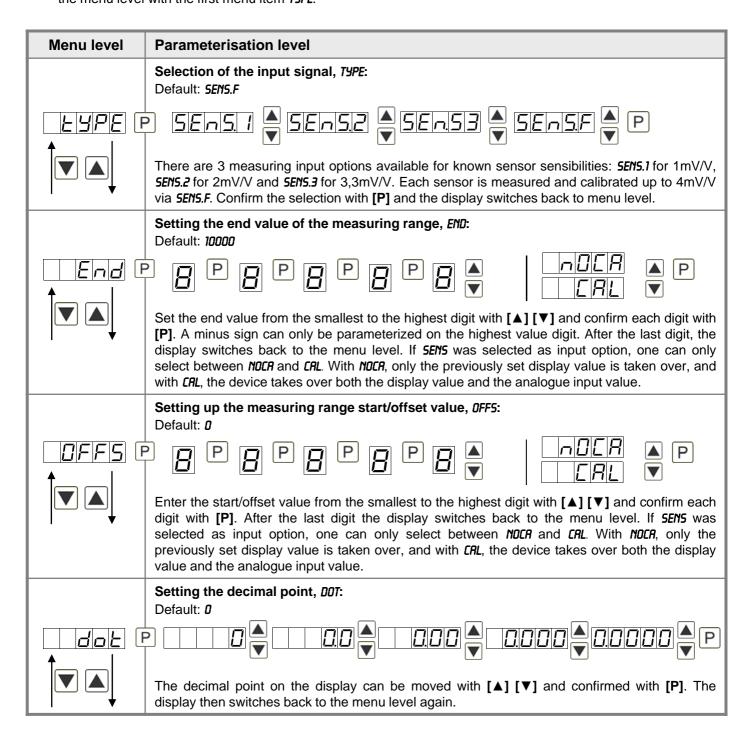
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

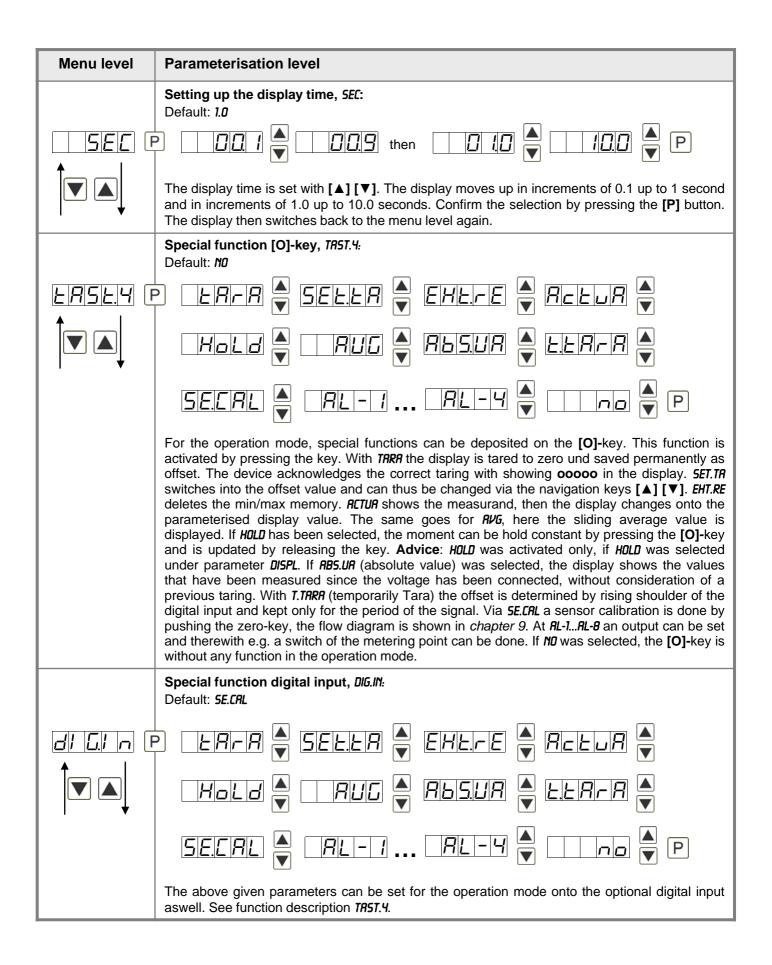
#### Starting sequence

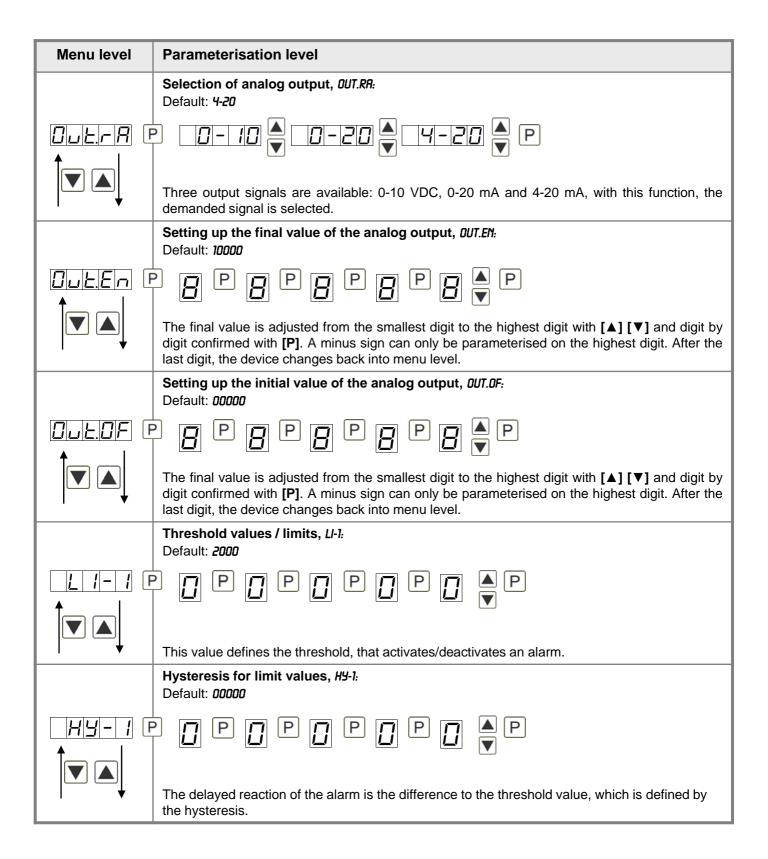
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

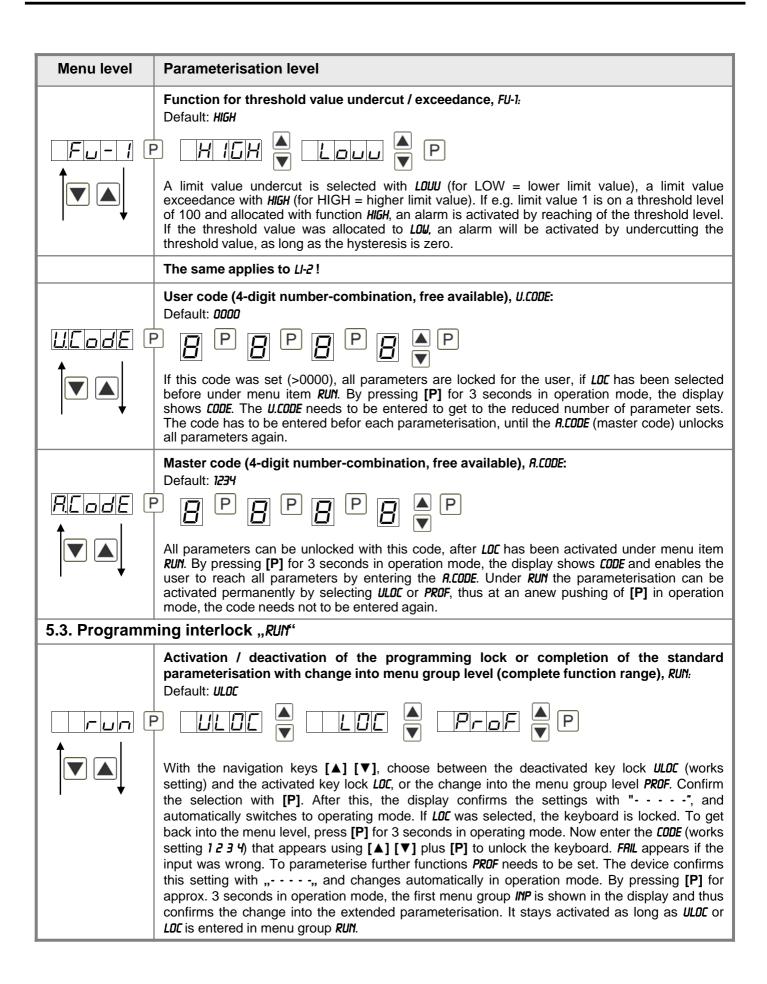
#### 5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]**-key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item **TYPE**.



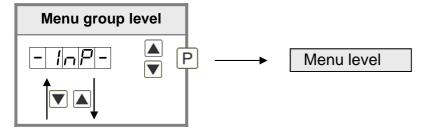


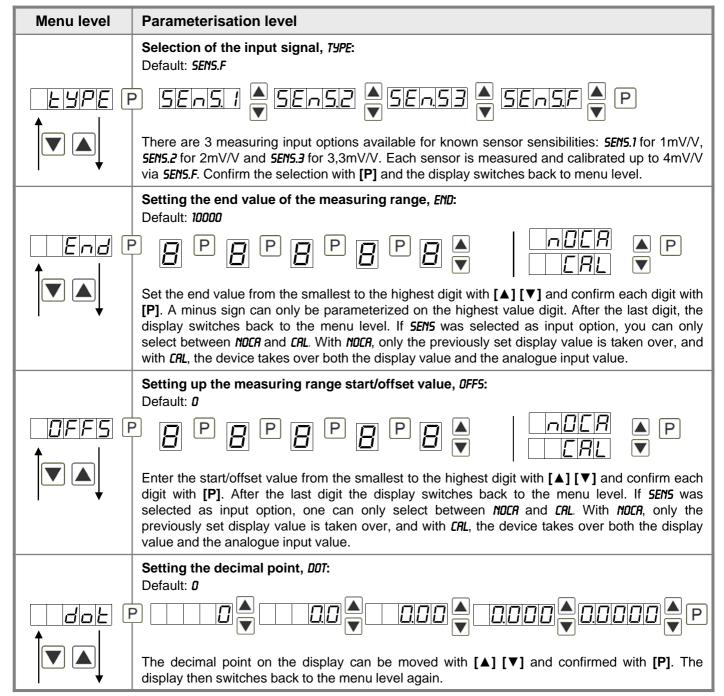


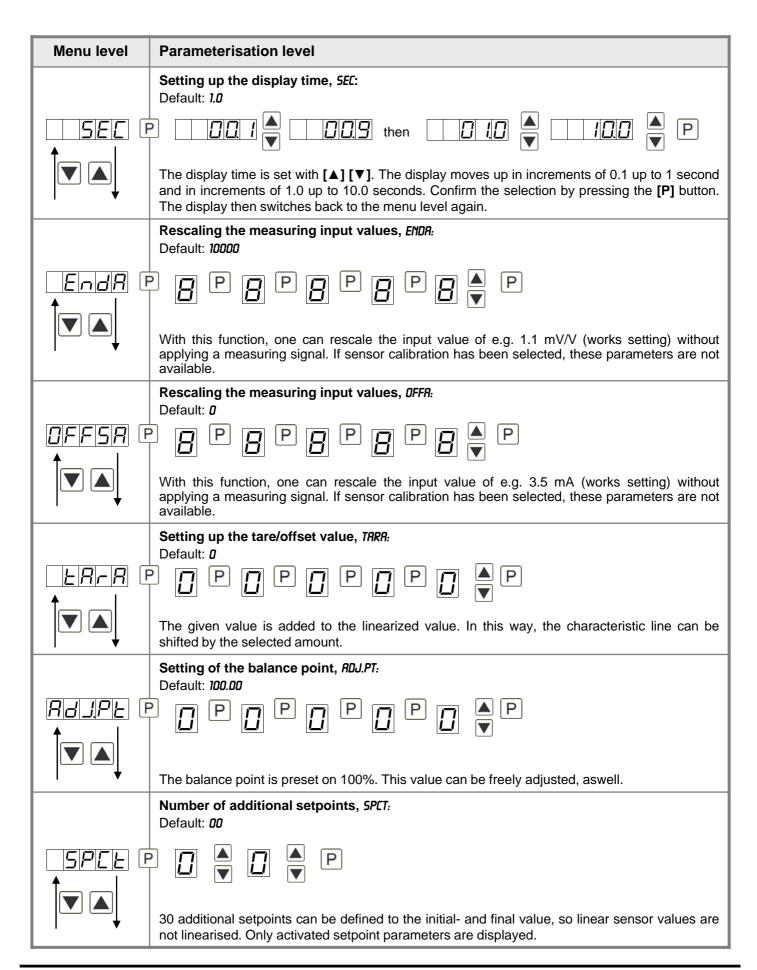


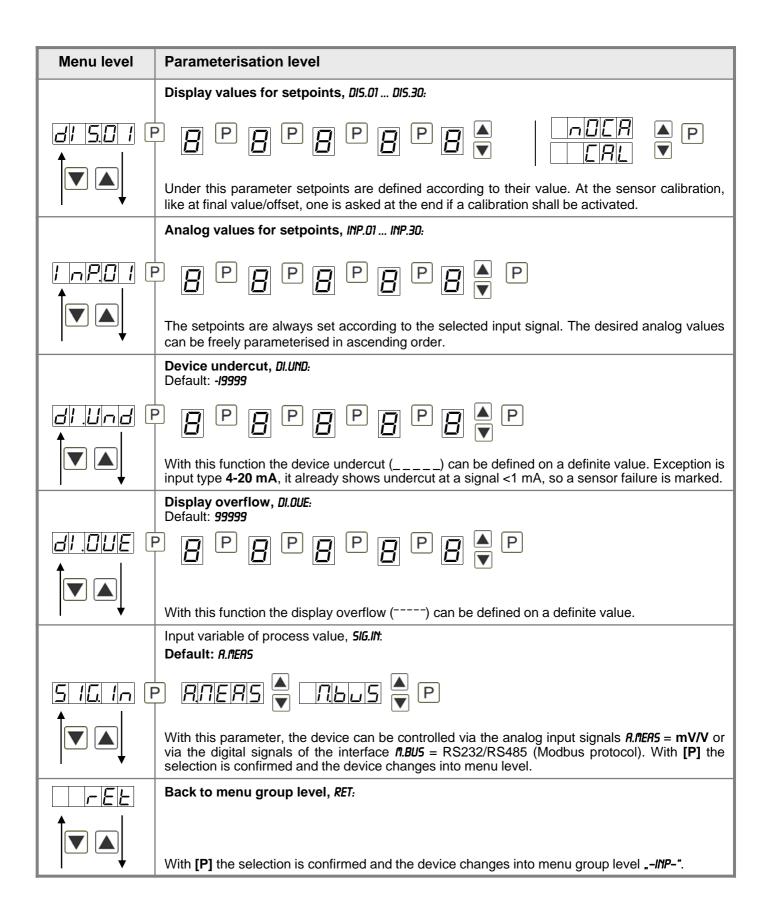
#### **5.4. Extended parametrisation** (Professional operation level)

#### 5.4.1. Signal input parameters

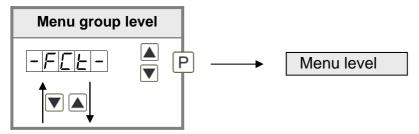


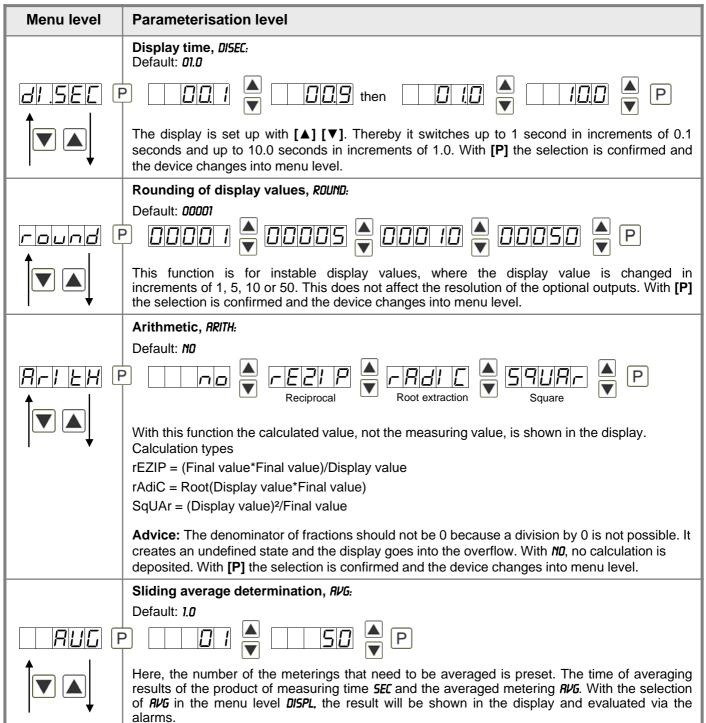


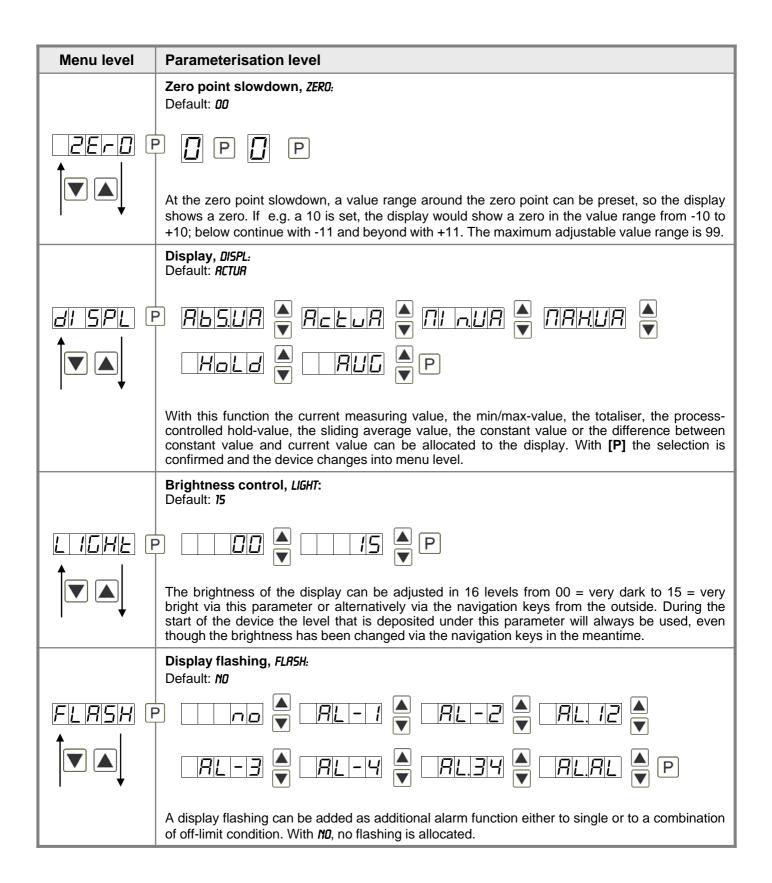


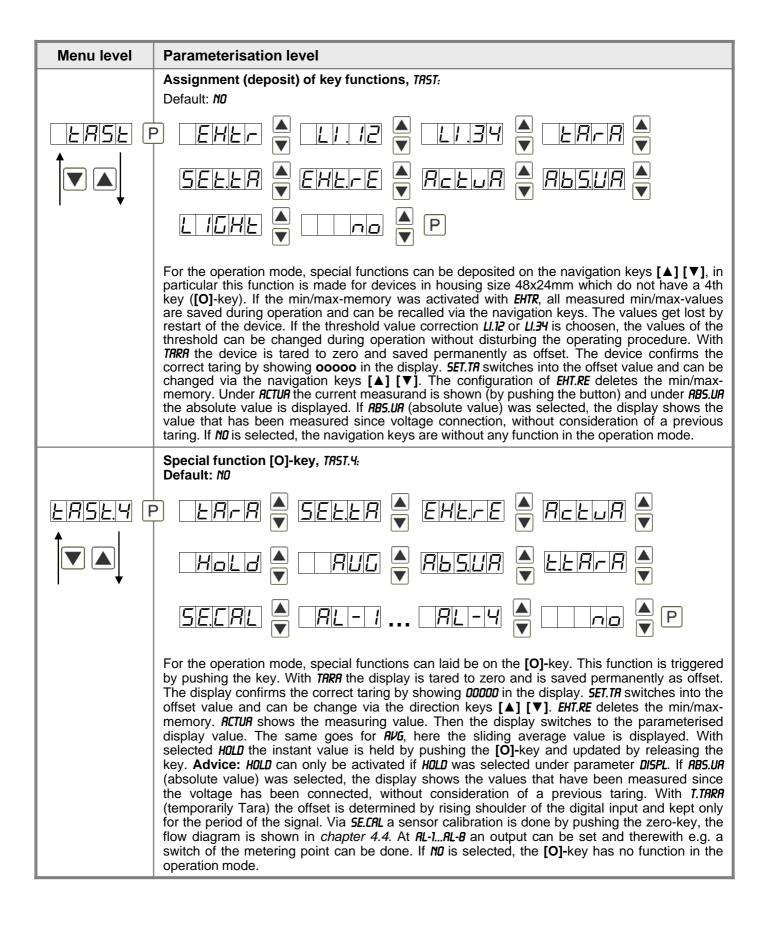


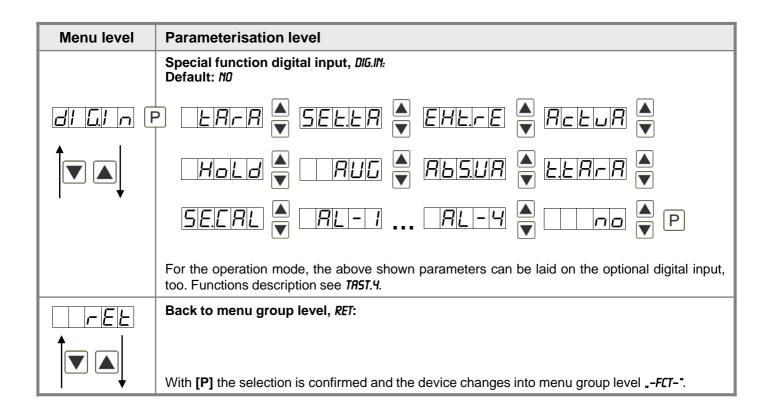
#### 5.4.2. General device parameters



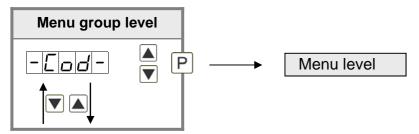


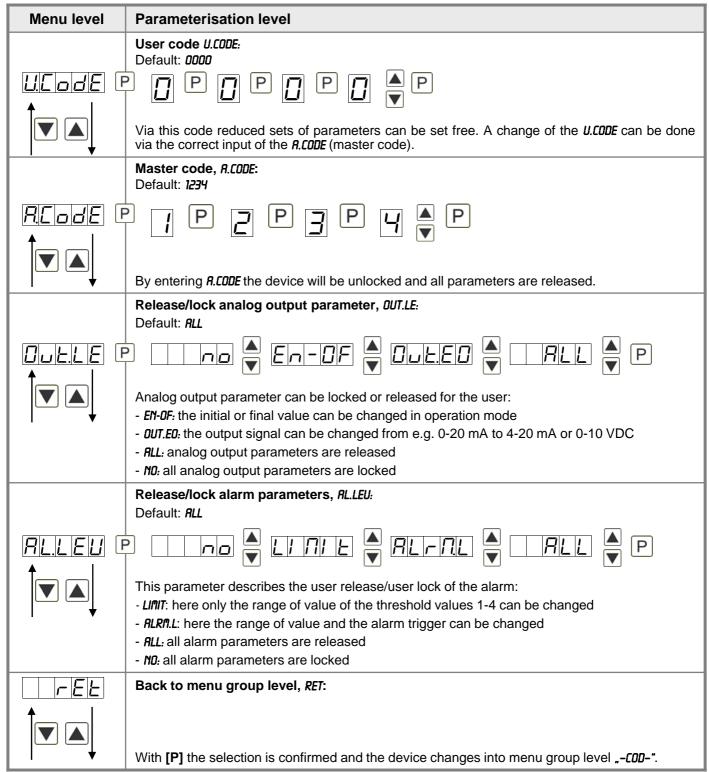




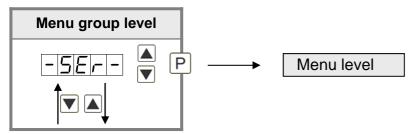


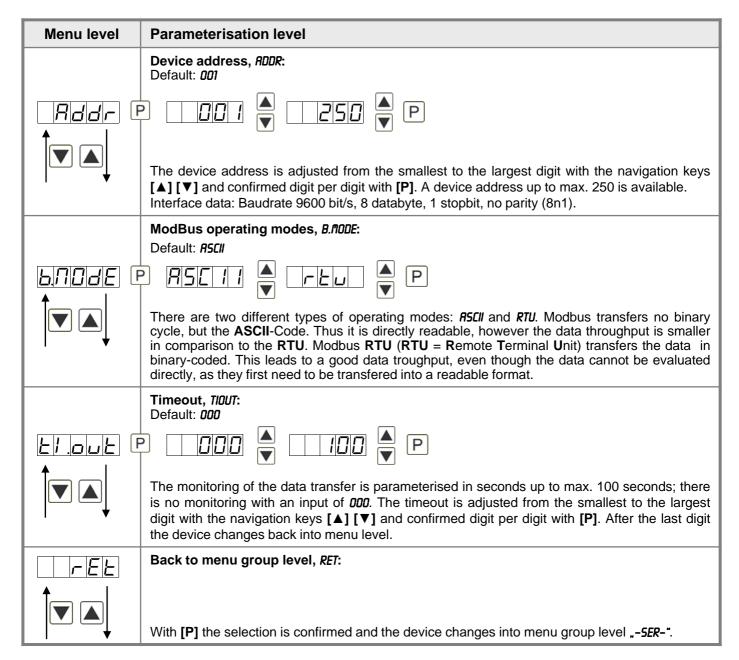
#### 5.4.3. Safety parameters



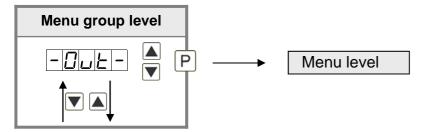


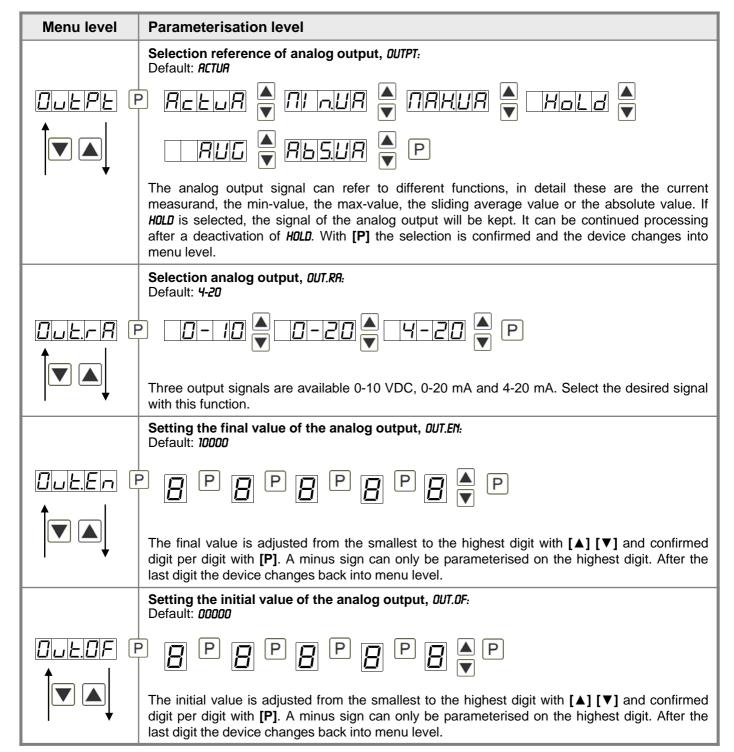
#### 5.4.4. Serial parameters

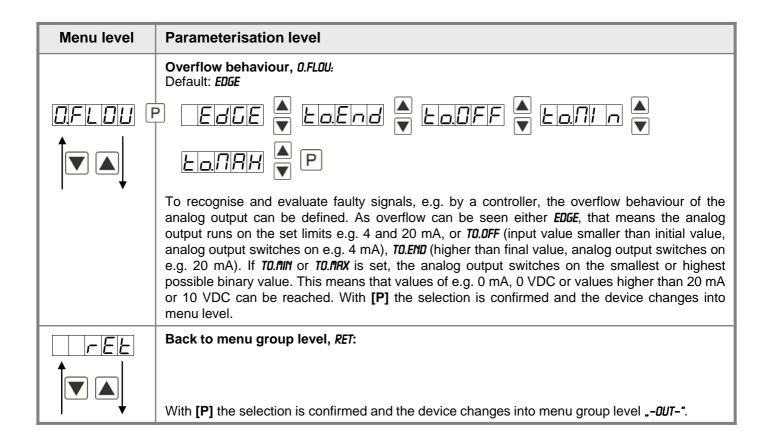




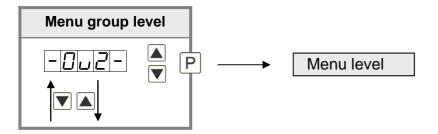
#### 5.4.5. Analog output parameters for analog output 1

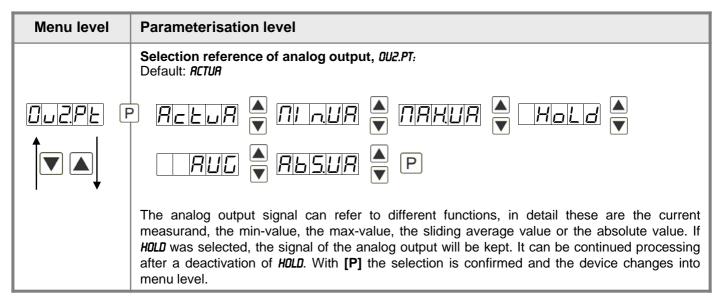


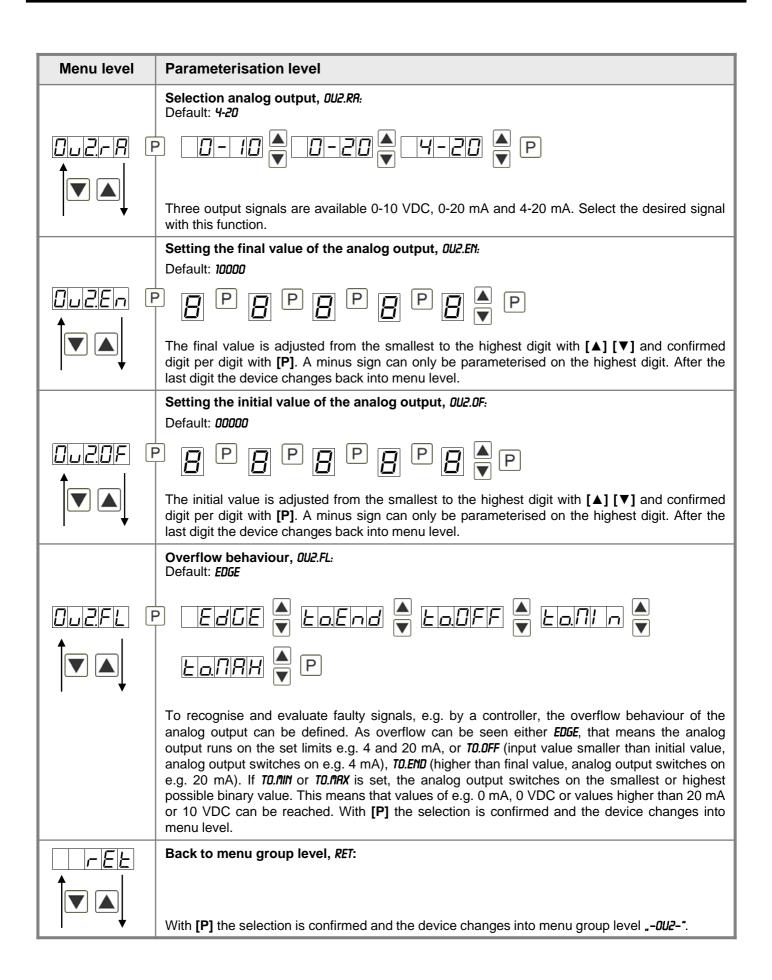




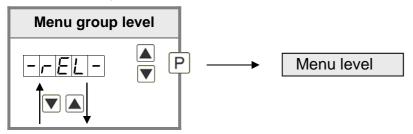
### Analog output parameters for analog output 2

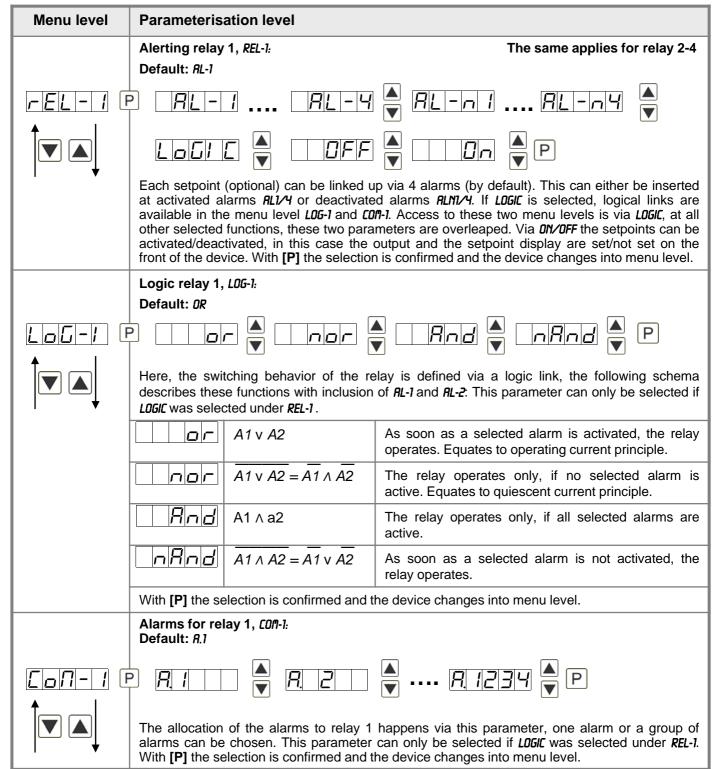


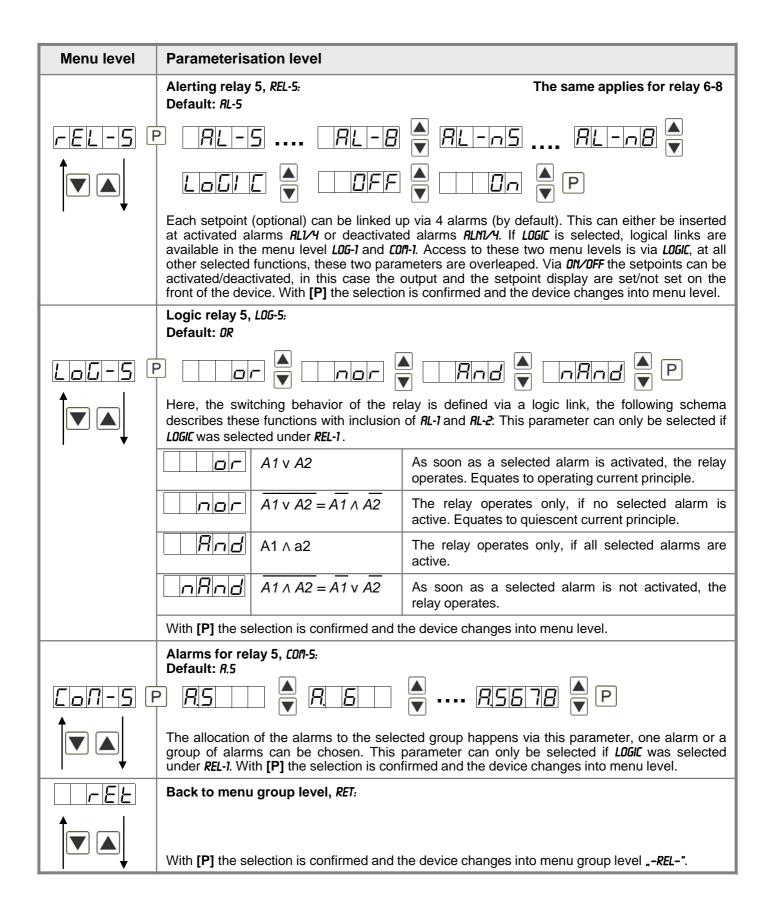


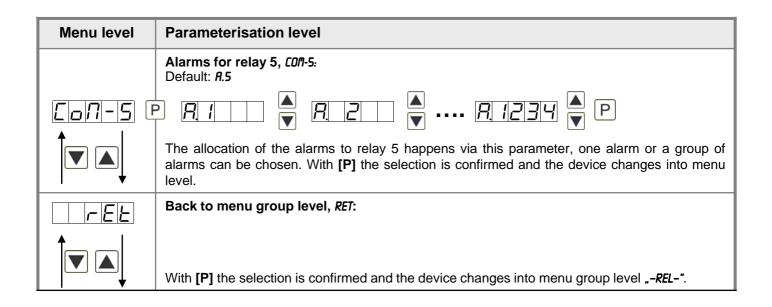


#### 5.4.6. Relay functions

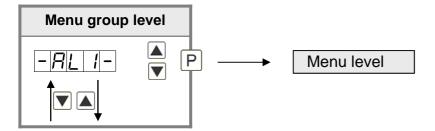


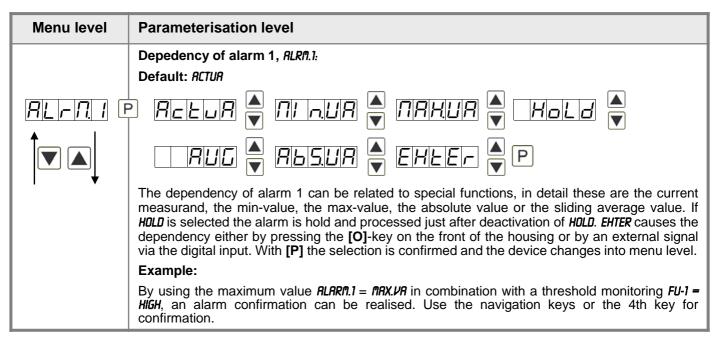


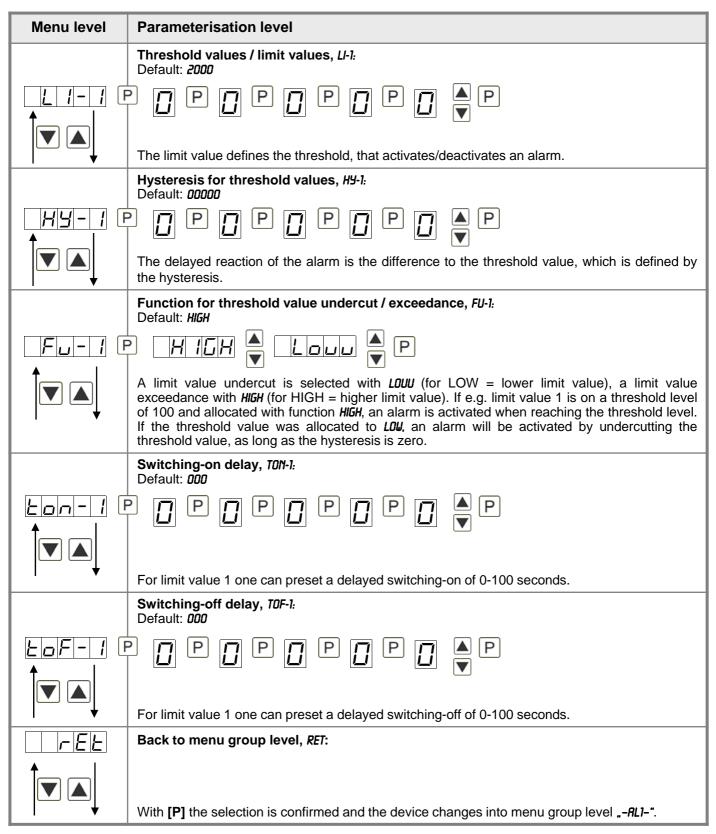




#### 5.4.7. Alarm parameters

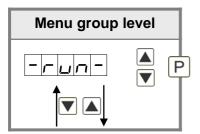






The same applies for Al2 to al8.

#### Programming interlock, RUN:



Description see page 10, menu level RUN

# 6. Reset to factory settings

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values. The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- Press [P]-button
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "----" is shown in the display.

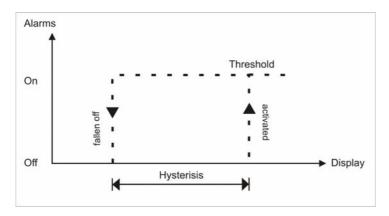
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This puts the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

### 7. Alarms / Relays

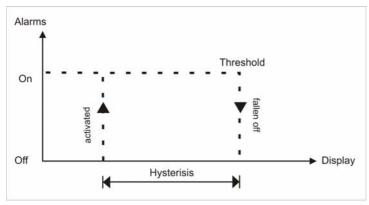
This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S4; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. Hold or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays							
Alarm / Relay x  Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold-value, sliding average value or an activation via the digital input							
Switching threshold Threshold / limit value of the change-over							
Hysteresis Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds							
Working principle	Operating current / Quiescent current						



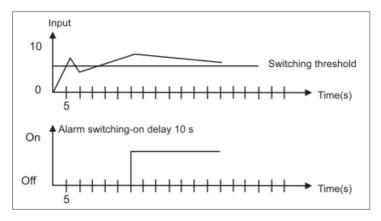
### **Operating current**

By operating current the alarm S1-S4 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



#### **Quiescent current**

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S4 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.



#### Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.

### 8. Interfaces RS232 and RS485

#### **Connection RS232**

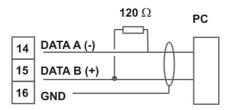
### Digital device M3

PC - 9-pole Sub-D-plug



#### **Connection RS485**

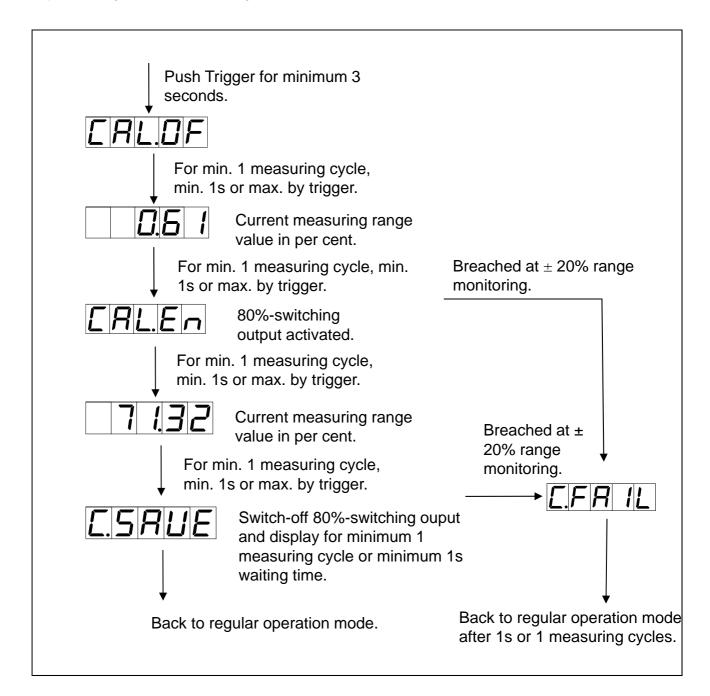
### Digital device M3



The interface **RS485** is connected via a screened data line with twisted wires (Twisted-Pair). On each end of the bus segment a termination of the bus lines needs to be connected. This is neccessary to ensure a secure data transfer to the bus. For this a resistance (120 Ohm) is interposed between the lines Data B (+) and Data A (-).

### 9. Sensor alignment offset / final value

The device has an automatic calibration at mass pressure sensors, where an integrated switching output operates an often available 80% calibration. Like this offset and final value are adjusted, and the sensor can be applied directly after this. The calibration can be done via the 4th key or the digital input, depending on the parameterisation.



If a special input range **SENS.1**, **SENS.2**, **SENS.3** was selected under **TYPE**, a checking of the range is done for offset and final value. At an undercut/exceedance of  $\pm$  20% of adjustment range, an **E.FRIL** is given out.

# 10. Technical data

Housing									
Dimensions	96x48x120 mm (BxHxD)								
	96x48x139 mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal								
Panel cut-out	92.0 <sup>+0,8</sup> x 45.0 <sup>+0,6</sup> mm								
Wall thickness	to 15 mm								
Fixing	screw elements								
Material	PC Polycarbonate, black, UL94V-0								
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, black								
Protection class	standard IP65 (front), IP00 (back side)								
Weight	approx. 300 g								
Connection	plug-in terminal; wire cross section up to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>								
Display									
Digit height	14 mm								
Segment colour	red (optional blue/green/orange)								
Range of display	-19999 to 99999								
Setpoints	one LED per setpoint								
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top								
Underflow	horizontal bars at the bottom								
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds								
Input									
Sensor sensitivity	1mV/V, 2mV/V, 3.3mV/V, free up to 4 mV/V								
Measuring error	0.2% of measuring range in electromagnetic dominated environment, 1% of measuring range in industrial invironment with strong disturbing source								
Digital input	<24 V OFF, >10 V ON, max. 30 VDC $R_1 \sim 5 \text{ k}\Omega$								
Sensor calibration	always required								
Accuracy									
Temperature drift	100 ppm / K								
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds								
Measuring principle	U/F-converter								
Resolution	Resolution approx. 18 bit at 1s measuring time, 3.3 mV/V measuring range								
Output									
Analog output	$0/4$ -20 mA / burden ≤ 500 $\Omega$ or 0-10 VDC / ≥ 10 k $\Omega$ , 16 bit								
Bridge supply	10 VDC / 20-40 mA / 250-500 Ω								

Switching outputs	
Relay with change-over contacts Switching cycles	250 VAC / 5 AAC; 30 VDC / 5 ADC 30 x 10 <sup>3</sup> at 5 AAC, 5 ADC ohm resistive load 10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> mechanically Diversity according to DIN EN50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN60255
PhotoMos outputs	8 normally open (NO) contacts 30 VDC/AC, 0.4 A
Interface	
Protocol	Modbus with ASCII or RTU-protocol
RS232	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 databit, 1 stopbit, wire length max. 3 m
RS485	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 databit, 1 stopbit, wire length max 1000 m
Power supply	100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz, DC ±10 % (max. 15 VA) 10-40 VDC, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz (max. 15 VA)
Memory	EEPROM
Data life	≥ 100 years at 25°C
Ambient conditions	
Working temperature	050°C
Storing temperature	-2080°C
Climatic density	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew
EMV	EN 61326
CE-sign	Conformity to directive 2014/30/EU
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1

### 11. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

#### Proper use

The **IM3-1W-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

#### Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

#### Installation

The **IM3-1W-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

#### Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install **inductive consumers** (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and **suppress** any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the screening on one side on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

# 12. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	<ul> <li>The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit.</li> <li>With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open.</li> <li>Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.</li> <li>An absolutely incorrect alignment has been done bevor, e.g. without connected sensor. In this case a reset to the factory setting should be carried out.</li> </ul>
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	<ul> <li>The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit.</li> <li>With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open.</li> <li>Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.</li> <li>An absolutely incorrect alignment has been done bevor, e.g. without connected sensor. In this case a reset to the factory setting should be carried out.</li> </ul>
3.	The word <i>HELP</i> lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated     Enter correct code
5.	ERR1 lights up in the 7-segment display	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure if the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> . and set it back to its delivery status.

Tel.: 03303 / 504066

Fax: 03303 / 504068