

Surface thermocouple Model TC50

WIKA data sheet TE 65.50



for further approvals
see page 2

Applications

To measure surface temperatures on flat surfaces or pipes, in both laboratory and industrial applications

Special features

- Sensor ranges -40 ... +1,200 °C (-40 ... +2,192 °F)
- Easily exchanged, no thermowell necessary
- For screw-fitting, welding or using a tightening strap
- Cable from PVC, silicone, PTFE or glass fibre
- Explosion-protected versions



Fig. top: Model TC50 with metal contact block
Fig. bottom: Model TC50 with tightening strap

Description

Probe

In the variants for flat surfaces, the probe is fitted within a contact block. This can be screwed or welded onto the vessel surface. Variants for pipes are secured using a tightening strap.

Cable







There are various insulating materials available to suit any particular environmental conditions. The cable end is made up, ready for connection, but can also be fitted with a connector or connected to a field case, as options.









Explosion protection (option)

The permissible power, P_{max} , as well as the permissible ambient temperature, for the respective category can be seen on the EC-type examination certificate, the certificate for hazardous areas or in the operating instructions.

The internal inductance ($L_i = 1 \mu\text{H/m}$) and capacitance ($C_i = 200 \text{ pF/m}$) for cable probes are found on the product label and they should be taken into account when connecting to an intrinsically safe power supply.

Approvals (explosion protection, further approvals)

Logo	Description	Country
	EU declaration of conformity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ RoHS directive ■ ATEX directive (option) Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex i Zone 0 gas [II 1G Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [II 2G Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [II 1D Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da] Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust [II 1/2D Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da/Db] Zone 21 dust [II 2D Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Db] - Ex n Zone 2 gas [II 3G Ex nA IIC T1 ... T6 Gc X] Zone 22 dust [II 3D Ex tc IIIC T440 ... T80 °C Dc X] 	European Union
	IECEx (option) (in conjunction with ATEX) Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da] Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da/Db] Zone 21 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Db] 	International
	FM Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex NI Class I, Div 2 [NI / I / 2 / BCD / T6, Type 4/4x] 	USA
	CSA Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex NI Class I, Div 2 [NI / I / 2 / BCD / T6, Type 4/4x] 	USA and Canada
	EAC (option) Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex i Zone 0 gas [0 Ex ia IIC T3/T4/T5/T6] Zone 1 gas [1 Ex ib IIC T3/T4/T5/T6] Zone 20 dust [DIP A20 Ta 65 °C/Ta 95 °C/Ta 125 °C] Zone 21 dust [DIP A21 Ta 65 °C/Ta 95 °C/Ta 125 °C] - Ex n Zone 2 gas [Ex nA IIC T6 ... T1] Zone 22 dust [DIP A22 Ta 80 ... 440 °C] 	Eurasian Economic Community
	INMETRO (option) Hazardous areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T3 ... T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ib IIC T3 ... T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [Ex ib IIC T3 ... T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da] Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust [Ex ib IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Da/Db] Zone 21 dust [Ex ib IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Db] 	Brazil

Logo	Description	Country
	NEPSI (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T3 ~ T6] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ia/ib IIC T3 ~ T6] Zone 1 gas [Ex ib IIC T3 ~ T6]	China
	KCs - KOSHA (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T4 ... T6] Zone 1 gas [Ex ib IIC T4 ... T6]	South Korea
-	PESO (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 ... T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ib IIC T3 ... T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [Ex ib IIC T3 ... T6 Gb]	India
	DNOP - MakNII (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas [II 1G Ex ia IIC T3, T4, T5, T6 Ga] Zone 1 gas [II 2G Ex ia IIC T3, T4, T5, T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [II 1D Ex ia IIIC T65, T95, T125 °C Da] Zone 21 dust [II 2D Ex ib IIIC T125 ... T65 °C Db]	Ukraine
	GOST (option) Metrology, measurement technology	Russia
	KazInMetr (option) Metrology, measurement technology	Kazakhstan
-	MTSCHS (option) Permission for commissioning	Kazakhstan
	BelGIM (option) Metrology, measurement technology	Belarus
	UkrSEPRO (option) Metrology, measurement technology	Ukraine
	Uzstandard (option) Metrology, measurement technology	Uzbekistan

Instruments marked with "ia" may also be used in areas only requiring instruments marked with "ib" or "ic".
If an instrument with "ia" marking has been used in an area with requirements in accordance with "ib" or "ic", it can no longer be operated in areas with requirements in accordance with "ia" afterwards.

Approvals and certificates, see website

Sensor

Thermocouple per IEC 60584-1 or ASTM E230

Types K, J, E, N, T (single or dual thermocouple)

Sensor types

Type	Operating temperatures of the thermocouple			
	IEC 60584-1		ASTM E230	
	Class 2	Class 1	Standard	Special
K	-40 ... +1,200 °C	-40 ... +1,000 °C	0 ... 1,260 °C	
J	-40 ... +750 °C	-40 ... +750 °C	0 ... 760 °C	
E	-40 ... +900 °C	-40 ... +800 °C	0 ... 870 °C	
N	-40 ... +1,200 °C	-40 ... +1,000 °C	0 ... 1,260 °C	
T	-40 ... +350 °C		0 ... 370 °C	

The table shows the temperature ranges listed in the respective standards, in which the tolerance values (class accuracies) are valid.

The actual operating temperature of the thermometers is limited both by the maximum permissible working temperature and the diameter of the thermocouple and the MI cable, as well as by the maximum permissible working temperature of the thermowell material.

If the temperature to be measured is higher than the permissible temperature at the cable transition, the distance between the cable transition and the critical temperature must be adjusted accordingly by an increased probe length (MI cable). (see page 5)

Listed models are available both as single or dual thermocouples. The thermocouple will be delivered with an ungrounded measuring point, unless explicitly specified otherwise.

For detailed specifications for thermocouples, see IEC 60584-1, IEC 60584-3 or ASTM E230 and Technical information IN 00.23 at www.wika.com.

Tolerance value

For the tolerance value of thermocouples, a cold junction temperature of 0 °C has been taken as the basis.

Metallic probe

Material: Stainless steel

Diameter: 3 or 6 mm

Length: selectable

Surface thermocouples can be designed in two different ways:

■ Tubular design

The tubular design features a rigid construction to the metal probe tip; therefore, tubular designs must not be bent. Within the pipe, the connection cable extends almost to the probe tip. Therefore tubular cable thermocouples can only be used up to the temperature specified for the cables (see operating temperature).

■ Sheathed design

In sheathed thermocouples the flexible part of the probe is a mineral-insulated cable (MI-cable).

It consists of a stainless steel outer sheath, which contains the insulated internal leads, embedded within a high-density ceramic compound.

Sheath material

- Ni-alloy: alloy 600
- Stainless steel
- Others on request

Sheathed thermocouples, with the exception of the transition, may be bent to a radius of 3-times the sheath diameter. Due to this flexibility, the probe can be used in areas that are difficult to access.

Maximum working temperatures

The maximum working temperature for these thermometers is limited by different parameters.

If the temperature to be measured inside the sensor measuring range is higher than the permissible temperature at the connection cable, the connector or the transition point, the metallic part of the sensor (mineral-insulated cable) must be long enough to place the critical components outside of the hot zone. The lowest of the maximum working temperatures of process connection, connection line, cable transition or connector must be observed here.

■ Sensor (thermocouple)

The temperature ranges indicated on page 4 refer to the operating range of the thermocouple. These measuring ranges depend on the selected thermocouple and the selected accuracy class.

Operation outside the measuring range defined for the given thermocouple type and class can result in a damage to the thermocouple.

■ Connection cable and single wires

At any point on the connection cable, the maximum temperature that may be attained is that for which the connection cable is specified. The sensor itself (see page 4) can potentially withstand higher temperatures.

For the common connection lines the following maximum operating temperatures apply:

PVC	-20 ... +100 °C
Silicone	-50 ... +200 °C
PTFE	-50 ... +250 °C
Fibreglass	-50 ... +400 °C

Since, in the tubular design variant, an isolated cable is also fitted within the metal probe, the operating limits of the connection cable apply.

■ Transition from the metal part of the thermometer to the connection cable

The temperature at the transition may be further limited by the use of a potted sealing compound.

Temperature range of the potting compound: -40 ... +150 °C

Option: 250 °C

(other variants on request)

Temperature range of the special low-temperature version: -60 ... +120 °C ¹⁾

1) only available with selected approvals

■ Connector (option)

With the option of a coupler connector fitted the maximum permissible temperature range is:

Lemos: -55 ... +250 °C

Binder: -40 ... +85 °C

Transition

The junction between the metal part of the probe and the connecting cable or wire is either rolled or potted, depending on the design. This area should not be immersed within the process and must not be bent. Compression fittings should not be attached to the transition. The type and dimensions of the transition depend largely on the combination between input leads and metal probe and the sealing requirements.

The dimension T describes the length of the transition.

Criterion	Dimensions T ²⁾ in mm	Ø transition in mm
Probe Ø = transition sleeve Ø	40	identical to probe
Ø 2 ... 4.5 mm with crimped transition sleeve	45	6
Ø 6 mm with crimped transition sleeve	45	7
Ø 8 mm with crimped transition sleeve	45	10

For operating temperatures < -40 °C the transition sleeve is designed as follows:

Criterion	Dimension T in mm	Ø transition sleeve in mm
Probe Ø = transition sleeve Ø	60	Identical to probe
Ø 2 ... 4.5 mm with crimped transition sleeve	60	8
Ø 6 mm with crimped transition sleeve	60	8
Ø 8 mm with crimped transition sleeve	60	10

2) The transition sleeve is generally 60 mm long for 2 x 4-wire sensor connection method.

Connection lead

There are various insulating materials available to suit any particular environmental conditions.

The cable end is made up, ready for connection, but can also be fitted with a connector or connected to a field case, as options.

Connection cable (standard)

- Wire material adapted to the sensor
- Wire cross-section: approx. 0.22 mm² (standard design)
- Number of wires: depending on the number of thermocouples
- Insulation material: PVC, silicone, PTFE or glass fibre
- Screen (option)

IP ingress protection

Surface thermocouples can be delivered with up to IP65 (dependent on cable sheath material and number of wires). With a special design, IP67 is also possible on request. Connection leads with a glass-fibre sheath cannot be combined with an explosion-proof version.

Process connection

Metal contact block

Design: Contact block for screwing or welding to a flat surface

Material: Stainless steel

Dimensions: see drawing
other versions on request

Washer

Design: Centrally-drilled washer

Material: Stainless steel

Dimensions: see drawing
other versions on request

Tightening strap

Design: Tightening strap

Material: Stainless steel

Dimensions: see drawing
other versions on request

Weld-on sheet

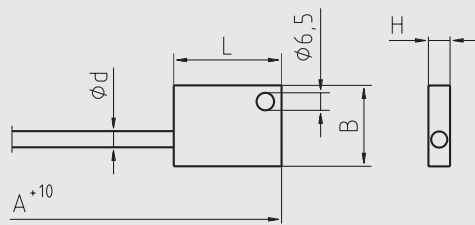
Design: Weld-on sheet

Material: Stainless steel

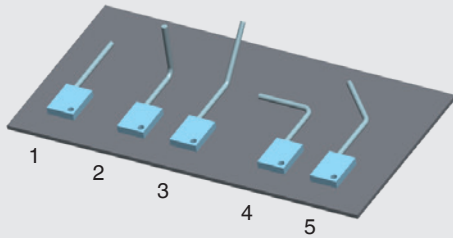
Dimensions: see drawing
other versions on request

Dimensions in mm

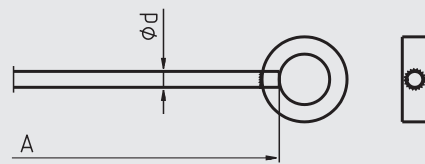
Metal contact block with bore



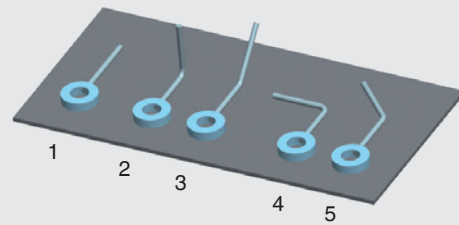
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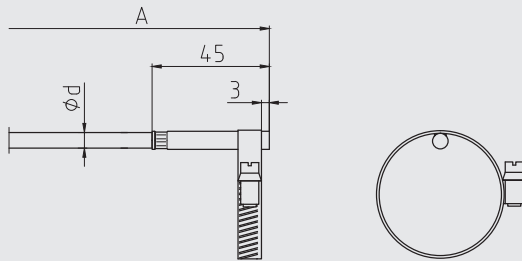
Washer



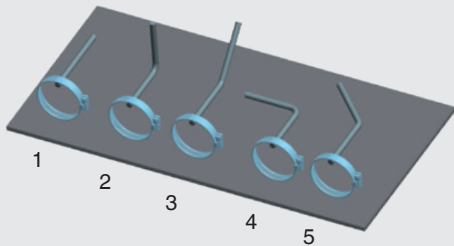
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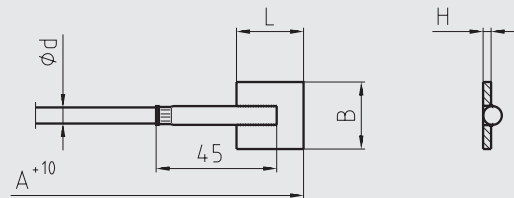
Tightening strap



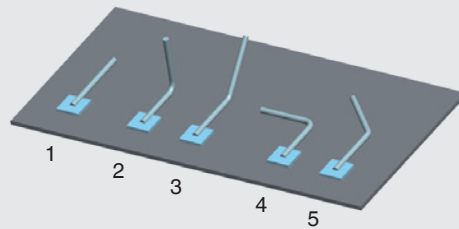
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Weld-on sheet



11362618.02



Bending direction (MI cable)

- 1 Standard version straight
- 2 Standard version 90° bent
- 3 Standard version 45° bent
- 4 Option (ask for delivery time)
- 5 Option (ask for delivery time)

Please note:

The complete length, A, must always be viewed in relation to the drawings on pages 8 and 9.

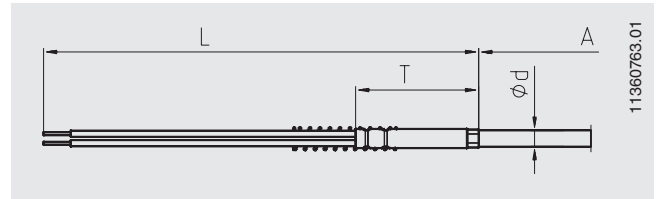
Process connection	Dimensions in mm	
	Width x length x height	Outer diameter x inner diameter x thickness
	(B x L x H)	(AD x ID x d)
Metal contact block with bore d = 6.5 mm	30 x 40 x 8	-
Washer	-	38.1 x 19.1 x 9.5
Weld-on sheet	25 x 25 x 3.0	-
Tightening strap	-	11 ... 15
	-	13 ... 25
	-	23 ... 62
	-	60 ... 93
	-	91 ... 125
-	123 ... 158	

Cable end design

The dimension A defines the probe length. The dimension W describes the length of the connecting wire. L is the length of the free cable ends. The dimension T describes the transition (if present). T is always a constituent of the length W or L (see table on page 5).

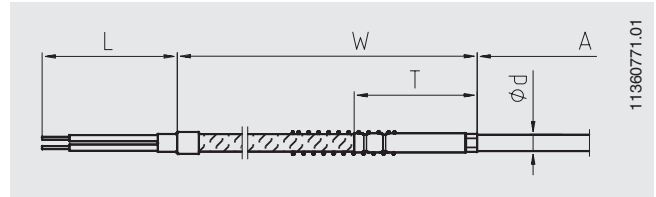
Connection with single wires

Cable length 150 mm, other lengths on request
PTFE or glass-fibre insulated, number of leads dependent on the number of sensors and the sensor connection method, bare wire ends, other designs on request



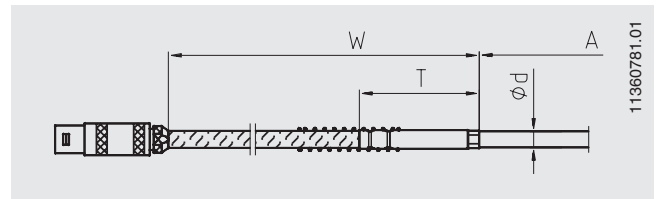
With connection cable

Cable and probe are permanently connected to each other.
Cable length and insulation materials to customer specification.
Number of leads dependent on the number of sensors and the sensor connection method, bare wire ends



With connector fitted to connection cable

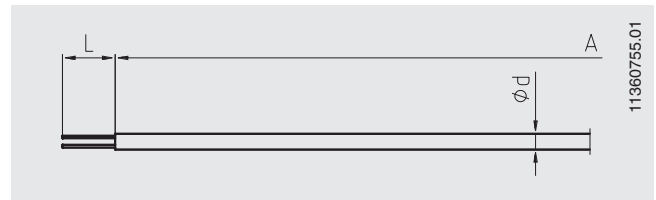
The optional connector is fitted to a flexible connection cable.



Designs with bare connecting wires

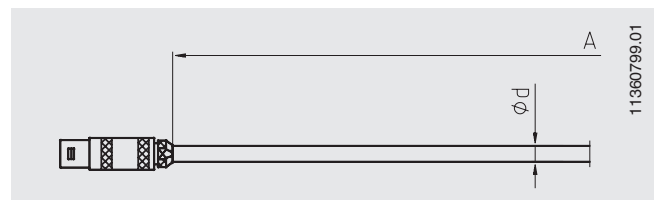
The internal leads of the mineral-insulated wire protrude.
L = 20 mm (standard)

The length of the bare connection wires can be matched to customer requirements. These bare internal leads are made from solid wire, and so are not suitable to be run over long distances.



Design with connector fitted directly to the probe

These designs are based on the design with bare connection wires. The connector is fitted directly to the metallic probe.



Version with connected field case

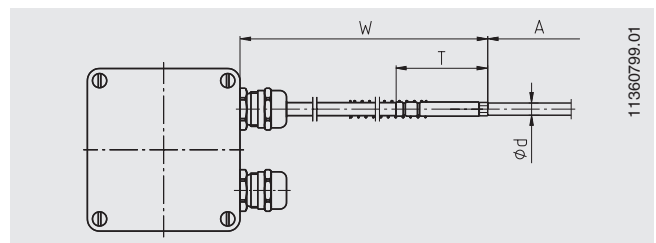
The connection cable is connected to the field case (plastic, ABS) via a cable gland. A second cable gland is mounted for the cable outlet. An aluminium case is available as an option.

Ambient temperature at case:

-40 ... +80 °C

Cable gland material:

- Plastic (standard)
- Metal (option)



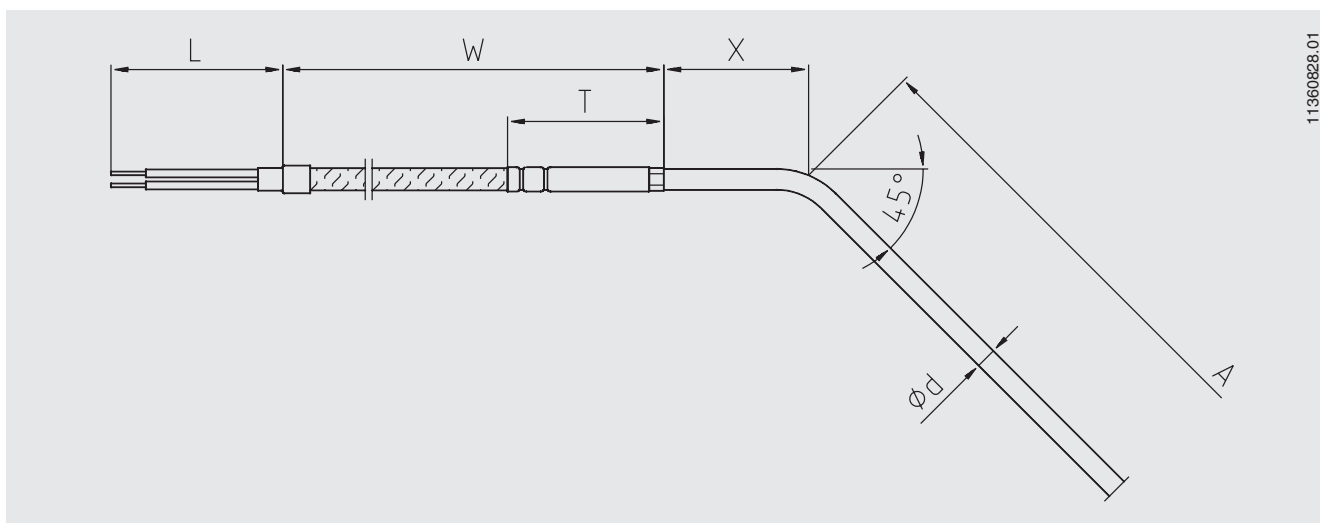
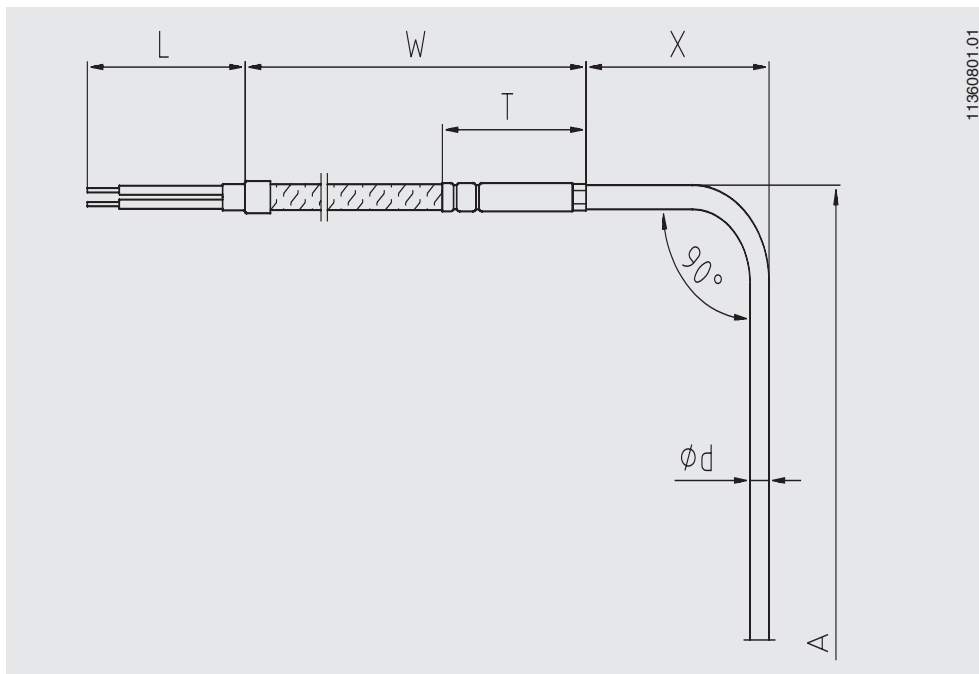
Angled probes

Surface thermocouples made from sheathed cable can be delivered in a pre-formed shape. In this case, the position of the bend is defined by a further dimension.

The dimension X describes the distance of the bend from the lower edge of the transition.

Other bend angles on request.

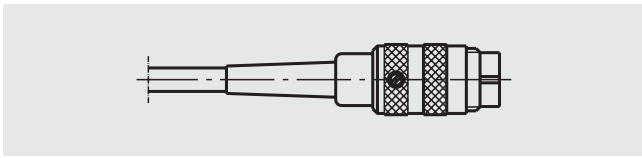
Strain relief loops are also possible on request.



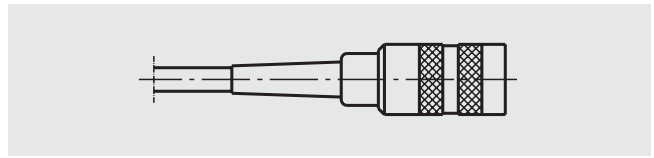
Connector (option)

Surface thermocouples can be supplied with connectors fitted.
The following options are available:

■ Screw-in-connector, Binder (male)

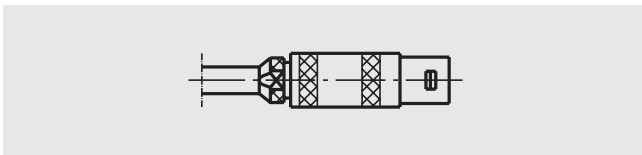


■ Screw-in-connector, Binder (female)



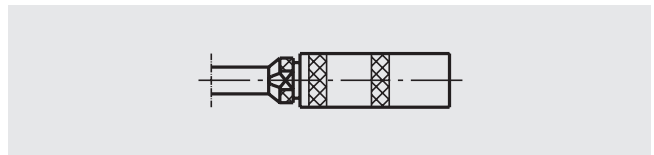
■ Lemosa connector size 1 S (male)

■ Lemosa connector size 2 S (male)



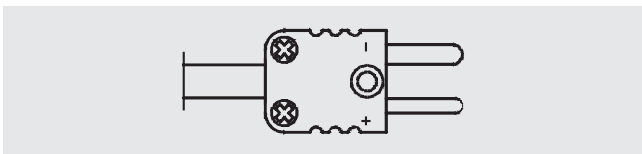
■ Lemosa coupling size 1 S (female)

■ Lemosa coupling size 2 S (female)



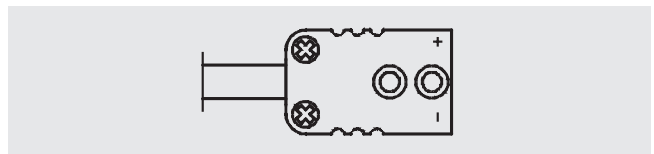
■ Standard thermo connector 2-pin (male)

■ Miniature thermo connector 2-pin (male)



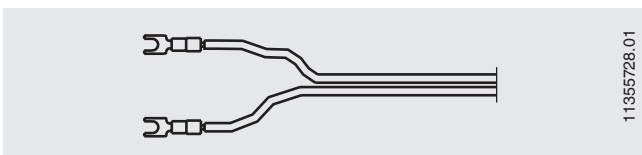
■ Standard thermo connector 2-pin (female)

■ Miniature thermo connector 2-pin (female)



■ Spade lugs

(not suitable for versions with bare connecting wires)



Other connector variants (sizes) on request.

Further options

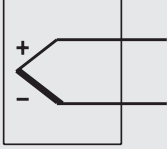
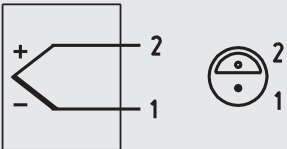
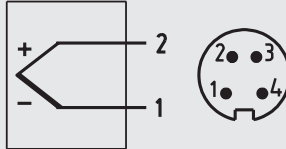
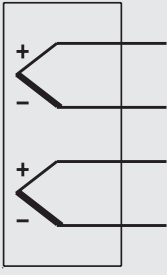
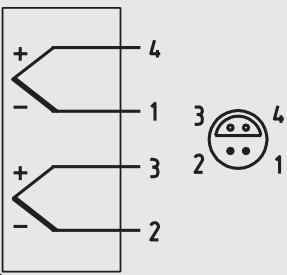
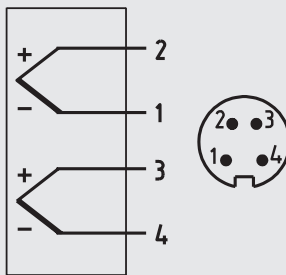
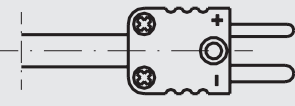
Bend protector

A cable protector (spring or shrink hose) is used to protect the transition point from rigid probe to flexible connecting cable. This should always be used when a relative movement between the cable and the thermometer mounting is expected.

For designs to Ex n the use of bend protection is obligatory.

The standard length of the bend protection spring is 60 mm.

Electrical connection

	Cable Marking of wire ends see table	Lemosa connector, male at the cable max. permissible temperature range: -55 ... +250 °C	Binder connector Series 680, Series 423 (shielded), male at the cable (screw-in-connector) max. permissible temperature range: -40 ... +85 °C
Single thermocouple			
Dual thermocouple			
Thermo connector			

3171966.01

3374896.01

3374900.02

Positive and negative terminal are marked. Two thermo connectors are used with dual thermocouples.

Other coupler connectors and pin assignments on request.

Colour code of cable

Sensor type	Standard	Positive	Negative
K	IEC 60584	Green	White
J	IEC 60584	Black	White
E	IEC 60584	Violet	White
T	IEC 60584	Brown	White
N	IEC 60584	Pink	White

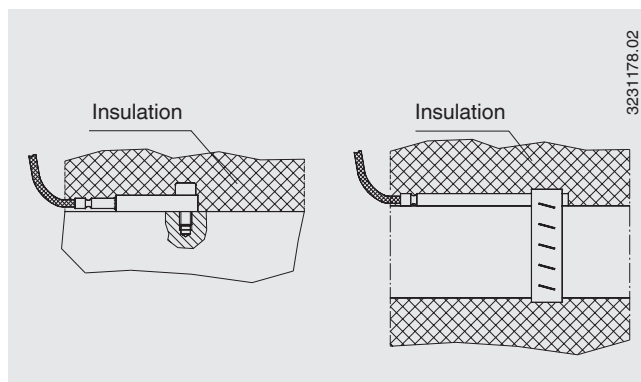
For further information on colour codes see Technical information IN 00.23 at www.wika.com.

Mounting instructions

The basic requirements to ensure a perfect measurement result is to retain good thermal contact between the probe and the outside wall of the vessel or pipe. Minimal heat loss to the environment from both the probe and the measuring point is imperative.

The probe should have direct, metallic contact with the measuring point and sit firmly on the surface of the measuring point.

Insulation must be applied at the installation site to avoid error due to heat loss. This insulation must have sufficient temperature resistance and is not included in the scope of delivery.



Certificates (option)

Certification type	Measuring accuracy	Material certificate
2.2 Test report	x	x

Other certificates on request.

Ordering information

Model / Process connection / Probe version / Explosion protection / Material of the process mounting / Probe diameter / Connection cable, sheath / Cable end version / Cable connection accessories / Measuring element / Number of measuring points / Sensor tolerance value / Temperature range / Certificates / Options

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